



DIGEST OF SB 257 (Updated January 30, 2003 2:17 PM - DI 84)

Citations Affected: Numerous provisions throughout the Indiana code.

Synopsis: Title 10 recodification. Recodifies Title 10 concerning state police, civil defense, emergency management, military affairs, veterans affairs, and war memorials to reorganize and restate the law without substantive change. Makes amendments to Indiana Code provisions outside Title 10 to conform to the Title 10 recodification. Repeals current Title 10 provisions.

Effective: July 1, 2003.

Kenley, Bowser, Landske

January 9, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary. January 23, 2003, reported favorably — Do Pass. January 30, 2003, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.





First Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2003)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2002 Regular or Special Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 257

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state police, civil defense and military affairs.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 10-10 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
2	A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
3	2003]:

ARTICLE 10. EFFECT OF RECODIFICATION OF TITLE 10 Chapter 1. Effect of Recodification by the Act of the 2003 Regular Session of the General Assembly

Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "prior law" refers to the statutes concerning state police, civil defense, emergency management, military affairs, veterans affairs, and war memorials that are repealed or amended in the recodification act of the 2003 regular session of the general assembly as the statutes existed before the effective date of the applicable or corresponding provision of the recodification act of the 2003 regular session of the general assembly.

Sec. 2. The purpose of the recodification act of the 2003 regular session of the general assembly is to recodify prior law in a style that is clear, concise, and easy to interpret and apply. Except to the

SB 257—LS 7005/DI 69+



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1	extent that:
2	(1) the recodification act of the 2003 regular session of the
3	general assembly is amended to reflect the changes made in a
4	provision of another bill that adds to, amends, or repeals a
5	provision in the recodification act of the 2003 regular session
6	of the general assembly; or
7	(2) the minutes of meetings of the code revision commission
8	during 2002 expressly indicate a different purpose;
9	the substantive operation and effect of the prior law continue
10	uninterrupted as if the recodification act of the 2003 regular
11	session of the general assembly had not been enacted.
12	Sec. 3. Subject to section 2 of this chapter, sections 4 through 9
13	of this chapter shall be applied to the statutory construction of the
14	recodification act of the 2003 regular session of the general
15	assembly.
16	Sec. 4. (a) The recodification act of the 2003 regular session of
17	the general assembly does not affect:
18	(1) any rights or liabilities accrued;
19	(2) any penalties incurred;
20	(3) any violations committed;
21	(4) any proceedings begun;
22	(5) any bonds, notes, loans, or other forms of indebtedness
23	issued, incurred, or made;
24	(6) any tax levies made or authorized;
25	(7) any funds established;
26	(8) any patents issued;
27	(9) the validity, continuation, or termination of any contracts,
28	easements, or leases executed;
29	(10) the validity, continuation, scope, termination, suspension,
30	or revocation of:
31	(A) permits;
32	(B) licenses;
33	(C) certificates of registration;
34	(D) grants of authority; or
35	(E) limitations of authority; or
36	(11) the validity of court decisions entered regarding the
37	constitutionality of any provision of the prior law;
38	before the effective date of the recodification act of the 2003
39	regular session of the general assembly (July 1, 2003). Those rights,
40	liabilities, penalties, violations, proceedings, bonds, notes, loans,
41	other forms of indebtedness, tax levies, funds, patents, contracts,
42	easements, leases, permits, licenses, certificates of registration,



1	grants of authority, and limitations of authority continue and shall
2	be imposed and enforced under prior law as if the recodification
3	act of the 2003 regular session of the general assembly had not
4	been enacted.
5	(b) The recodification act of the 2003 regular session of the
6	general assembly does not:
7	(1) extend or cause to expire a permit, license, certificate of
8	registration, or other grant or limitation of authority; or
9	(2) in any way affect the validity, scope, or status of a license,
10	permit, certificate of registration, or other grant or limitation
11	of authority;
12	issued under the prior law.
13	(c) The recodification act of the 2003 regular session of the
14	general assembly does not affect the revocation, limitation, or
15	suspension of a permit, license, certificate of registration, or other
16	grant or limitation of authority based in whole or in part on
17	violations of the prior law or the rules adopted under the prior law.
18	Sec. 5. The recodification act of the 2003 regular session of the
19	general assembly shall be construed as a recodification of prior
20	law. Except as provided in section 2(1) and 2(2) of this chapter, if
21	the literal meaning of the recodification act of the 2003 regular
22	session of the general assembly (including a literal application of
23	an erroneous change to an internal reference) would result in a
24	substantive change in the prior law, the difference shall be
25	construed as a typographical, spelling, or other clerical error that
26	must be corrected by:
27	(1) inserting, deleting, or substituting words, punctuation, or
28	other matters of style in the recodification act of the 2003
29	regular session of the general assembly; or
30	(2) using any other rule of statutory construction;
31	as necessary or appropriate to apply the recodification act of the
32	2003 regular session of the general assembly in a manner that does
33	not result in a substantive change in the law. The principle of
34	statutory construction that a court must apply the literal meaning
35	of an act if the literal meaning of the act is unambiguous does not
36	apply to the recodification act of the 2003 regular session of the
37	general assembly to the extent that the recodification act of the
38	2003 regular session of the general assembly is not substantively
39	identical to the prior law.

Sec. 6. Subject to section 9 of this chapter, a reference in a

statute or rule to a statute that is repealed and replaced in the same or a different form in the recodification act of the 2003 regular



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1	session of the general assembly shall be treated after the effective
2	date of the new provision as a reference to the new provision.
3	Sec. 7. A citation reference in the recodification act of the 2003
4	regular session of the general assembly to another provision of the
5	recodification act of the 2003 regular session of the general
6	assembly shall be treated as including a reference to the provision
7	of prior law that is substantively equivalent to the provision of the
8	recodification act of the 2003 regular session of the general
9	assembly that is referred to by the citation reference.
0	Sec. 8. (a) As used in the recodification act of the 2003 regular
1	session of the general assembly, a reference to rules adopted under
2	any provision of this title or under any other provision of the
3	recodification act of the 2003 regular session of the general
4	assembly refers to either:
5	(1) rules adopted under the recodification act of the 2003
6	regular session of the general assembly; or
7	(2) rules adopted under the prior law until those rules have
8	been amended, repealed, or superseded.
9	(b) Rules adopted under the prior law continue in effect after
20	June 30, 2003, until the rules are amended, repealed, or suspended.
21	Sec. 9. (a) A reference in the recodification act of the 2003
22	regular session of the general assembly to a citation in the prior
23	law before its repeal is added in certain sections of the
24	recodification act of the 2003 regular session of the general
25	assembly only as an aid to the reader.
26	(b) The inclusion or omission in the recodification act of the
27	2003 regular session of the general assembly of a reference to a
28	citation in the prior law before its repeal does not affect:
29	(1) any rights or liabilities accrued;
30	(2) any penalties incurred;
31	(3) any violations committed;
32	(4) any proceedings begun;
33	(5) any bonds, notes, loans, or other forms of indebtedness
34	issued, incurred, or made;
35	(6) any tax levies made;
86	(7) any funds established;
37	(8) any patents issued;
88	(9) the validity, continuation, or termination of contracts,
9	easements, or leases executed;
10	(10) the validity, continuation, scope, termination, suspension,
1	or revocation of:
12	(A) permits;



1	(B) licenses;
2	(C) certificates of registration;
3	(D) grants of authority; or
4	(E) limitations of authority; or
5	(11) the validity of court decisions entered regarding the
6	constitutionality of any provision of the prior law;
7	before the effective date of the recodification act of the 2003
8	regular session of the general assembly (July 1, 2003). Those rights,
9	liabilities, penalties, violations, proceedings, bonds, notes, loans,
10	other forms of indebtedness, tax levies, funds, patents, contracts,
11	easements, leases, permits, licenses, certificates of registration,
12	grants of authority, and limitations of authority continue and shall
13	be imposed and enforced under prior law as if the recodification
14	act of the 2003 regular session of the general assembly had not
15	been enacted.
16	(c) The inclusion or omission in the recodification act of the
17	2003 regular session of the general assembly of a citation to a
18	provision in the prior law does not affect the use of a prior
19	conviction, violation, or noncompliance under the prior law as the
20	basis for revocation of a license, permit, certificate of registration,
21	or other grant of authority under the recodification act of the 2003
22	regular session of the general assembly, as necessary or
23	appropriate to apply the recodification act of the 2003 regular
24	session of the general assembly in a manner that does not result in
25	a substantive change in the law.
26	SECTION 2. IC 10-11 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
27	A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
28	2003]:
29	ARTICLE 11. STATE POLICE
30	Chapter 1. Definitions
31	Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this
32	article.
33	Sec. 2. "Board" refers to the state police board established by
34	IC 10-11-2-5.
35	Sec. 3. "Department" refers to the state police department
36	established by IC 10-11-2-4.
37	Sec. 4. "Superintendent" refers to the superintendent of the
38	department appointed under IC 10-11-2-6.
39	Chapter 2. State Police Department
40	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "civilian employee" means an
41	employee assigned to a position other than a position having police



rank as a peace officer.

1	Sec. 2. (a) As used in this chapter, "employee" means an
2	employee of the department.
3	(b) The term includes police employees.
4	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "police employee" means an
5	employee who is assigned police work as a peace officer under
6	section 21 of this chapter.
7	Sec. 4. The state police department is established.
8	Sec. 5. (a) The state police board is established. The board shall
9	administer, manage, and control the department.
10	(b) The board consists of six (6) members appointed by the
11	governor, not more than three (3) of whom may belong to the same
12	political party. A member of the board appointed by the governor
13	shall serve for a term of four (4) years except when appointed to fill
14	a vacancy for an unexpired term. In making appointments to the
15	board, the governor shall select one (1) member from each of six
16	(6) geographical regions in Indiana as described in subsection (d).
17	Each member must be a permanent resident of the region from
18	which the member is appointed.
19	(c) As vacancies occur, the governor shall select new members
20	by region, beginning with the lowest numbered region that is not
21	represented and continuing in that manner until each region is
22	represented.
23	(d) For purposes of appointments to the state police board, the
24	geographical regions described in subsections (b) and (c) are as
25	follows:
26	(1) Region I is comprised of Lake, Porter, LaPorte, Newton,
27	Jasper, Starke, Pulaski, Benton, White, Warren, and Fountain
28	counties.
29	(2) Region II is comprised of St. Joseph, Elkhart, LaGrange,
30	Steuben, Marshall, Kosciusko, Noble, DeKalb, Whitley, and
31	Allen counties.
32	(3) Region III is comprised of Fulton, Cass, Miami, Wabash,
33	Huntington, Wells, Adams, Carroll, Howard, Grant,
34	Blackford, Tippecanoe, Clinton, Tipton, Madison,
35	Montgomery, Boone, Hamilton, and Jay counties.
36	(4) Region IV is comprised of Hendricks, Marion, and
37	Hancock counties.
38	(5) Region V is comprised of Vermillion, Parke, Putnam,
39	Morgan, Vigo, Clay, Owen, Monroe, Brown, Sullivan, Greene,
40	Knox, Daviess, Martin, Lawrence, Gibson, Pike, Dubois,
41	Orange, Crawford, Posey, Vanderburgh, Warrick, Spencer,
42	and Perry counties.



1	(6) Region VI is comprised of Delaware, Randolph, Henry,
2	Wayne, Johnson, Shelby, Rush, Fayette, Union, Bartholomew,
3	Decatur, Franklin, Jackson, Jennings, Ripley, Dearborn,
4	Ohio, Washington, Scott, Jefferson, Switzerland, Clark,
5	Harrison, and Floyd counties.
6	(e) Members appointed to the board shall serve during their
7	respective terms and until their respective successors have been
8	appointed and qualified. A member of the board may be removed
9	by the governor for inefficiency, incompetency, or neglect of duty
10	after the member has been accorded a hearing by the governor
11	upon reasonable notice of the charge being made against the
12	member.
13	(f) As compensation for service on the board, each member of
14	the board is entitled to receive the following:
15	(1) Twenty-five dollars (\$25) per day for each day or part of
16	a day during which the member is engaged in transacting the
17	business of the board.
18	(2) The member's actual traveling and other expenses
19	necessarily incurred in discharging the duties of the member's
20	office.
21	(g) The members of the board shall organize by the election of
22	a president and a secretary from among their own membership,
23	each of whom shall serve a term of one (1) year.
24	(h) Four (4) members of the board constitute a quorum for the
25	transaction of business. The board shall hold regular monthly
26	meetings and special meetings throughout the year as necessary to
27	transact the business of the department.
28	Sec. 6. (a) The governor shall appoint a superintendent of the
29	department.
30	(b) The superintendent:
31	(1) shall be selected on the basis of training and experience;
32	and
33	(2) must:
34	(A) have:
35	(i) served at least five (5) years as a police executive; or
36	(ii) had five (5) years experience in the management of
37	military, semi-military, or police bodies;
38	to equip the superintendent for the position; and
39	(B) have been trained in police affairs or public
40	administration.
41	(c) The superintendent:
42	(1) is the executive officer; and



1	(2) has general charge of the work of the department.
2	(d) The superintendent shall serve at the pleasure of the
3	governor.
4	(e) The governor shall fix the salary of the superintendent.
5	(f) The superintendent may be removed by the governor with or
6	without cause.
7	Sec. 7. The department shall be organized in conformity with
8	the rules adopted by the board.
9	Sec. 8. (a) The state purchasing agent shall purchase all personal
10	property, supplies, and equipment the department needs.
11	(b) All capital expenditures shall be made with the approval of
12	the budget committee.
13	(c) The salaries and compensation of police employees and other
14	employees shall be fixed by the board with the approval of the
15	governor.
16	Sec. 9. The superintendent, with the approval of the board, may
17	adopt rules for the government of the department.
18	Sec. 10. (a) The superintendent, with the approval of the board,
19	shall establish a classification of ranks, grades, and positions in the
20	department.
21	(b) For each rank, grade, and position established, the
22	superintendent shall designate the authority and responsibility
23	within the limits of this chapter.
24	(c) For each rank, grade, and position established, the
25	superintendent shall set standards of qualifications in conformity
26	with the plans and standards most widely adopted in other states,
27	dominions, and provinces. The superintendent shall fix the
28	prerequisites of training, education, and experience for each rank,
29	grade, and position.
30	(d) The board, with the approval of the budget agency and the
31	governor, shall prescribe the salaries to be paid for each rank,
32	grade, and position.
33	(e) The superintendent, with the approval of the board and in
34	accordance with the rules adopted by the superintendent, shall
35	designate the rank, grade, and position held by each employee of
36	the department until the superintendent designates an employee to
37	hold another rank, grade, or position. The superintendent may
38	assign and reassign each employee of the department to serve at
39	stations and to perform within the limits of this chapter the duties
40	the superintendent designates to the employee. The superintendent
41	may determine the conditions and amounts of bonds required in
42	appropriate cases.



1	Sec. 11. (a) The superintendent, with the approval of the board
2	and the budget agency, may accept for use by the department a
3	motor vehicle forfeited under IC 16-42-20-5.
4	(b) If the department accepts a vehicle described in subsection
5	(a), the department shall pay all proper expenses of the
6	proceedings for forfeiture and sale, including expenses of seizure,
7	maintenance of custody, and advertising and court costs.
8	Sec. 12. (a) The superintendent:
9	(1) with the approval of the board;
10	(2) within the limits of any appropriation made available for
11	the purpose; and
12	(3) subject to section 14 of this chapter;
13	shall appoint personnel to the ranks, grades, and positions of the
14	department that the superintendent considers necessary for the
15	efficient administration of the department.
16	(b) The superintendent, consistent with prescribed standards
17	and prerequisites, shall make appointments to the ranks, grades,
18	and positions of the department in a manner that creates and
19	maintains in the ranks, grades, and positions personnel not more
20	than fifty percent (50%) of whom belong to any one (1) political
21	party. If any of the ranks, grades, or positions contains personnel
22	more than fifty percent (50%) of whom belong to any one (1)
23	political party, a person who belongs to the party containing more
24	than fifty percent (50%) of the personnel may not be appointed or
25	promoted to the rank, grade, or position if the condition exists.
26	(c) The superintendent shall:
27	(1) devise and administer examinations designed to test
28	applicants in the qualifications required for each rank, grade,
29	or position; and
30	(2) appoint only those applicants who best meet the prescribed
31	standards and prerequisites.
32	(d) An employee appointed to the department is on probation
33	for one (1) year from the date of appointment. The board may
34	extend the employee's probationary status for cause for a period of
35	not more than one (1) additional year.
36	(e) An employee may:
37	(1) be a candidate for elected office or a political party office
38	if permitted under 5 U.S.C. 1502 and serve in that office if
39	elected;
40	(2) be appointed to or selected for a pro tempore appointment
41	to any office and serve in that office if appointed or selected;
42	and



1	(3) if the employee is not on duty, solicit votes and campaign
2	funds and challenge voters for the office for which the person
3	is a candidate.
4	An employee may serve in a part-time local elected office.
5	However, service in a part-time local elected office must be in
6	accordance with IC 4-2-6 and the rules and employee policies of the
7	department. If elected to other than a part-time local elected office,
8	the employee or appointee shall resign as an employee or appointee
9	before assuming elected office.
10	Sec. 13. (a) The board shall categorize salaries of police
11	employees within each rank based upon the rank held and the
12	number of years of service in the department through the tenth
13	year. The salary ranges the board assigns to each rank shall be
14	divided into a base salary and ten (10) increments above the base
15	salary, with:
16	(1) the base salary in the rank paid to a person with less than
17	one (1) year of service in the department; and
18	(2) the highest salary in the rank paid to a person with at least
19	ten (10) years of service in the department.
20	(b) For purposes of creating the salary matrix prescribed by this
21	section, the board may not approve salary ranges for any rank that
22	are less than the salary ranges effective for that rank on January
23	1, 1995.
24	(c) The salary matrix prescribed by this section shall be
25	reviewed and approved by the budget agency before
26	implementation.
27	Sec. 14. (a) The superintendent, with the approval of the board,
28	shall organize and maintain a training school for police employees
29	of the department.
30	(b) A police employee may not be assigned to regular active duty
31	until the police employee receives the training and successfully
32	passes the course for probationers prescribed by the
33	superintendent.
34	(c) Training courses, other than for probationers, shall be
35	prescribed and conducted by the superintendent for all police
36	employees of the department.
37	Sec. 15. (a) The superintendent may discharge, demote, or
38	temporarily suspend an employee of the department for cause,
39	after setting forth charges in writing.
40	(b) The charges may be based on any violation of the laws of

Indiana or any violation of the rules of the department approved by the board. A copy of the charges shall be personally delivered



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1	to the employee by the employee's immediate commanding officer.
2	(c) An employee who is charged under this section has a right to
3	answer the charges in a personal appearance before the
4	superintendent. The superintendent shall set the appearance not
5	less than five (5) days after the delivery of the copy of the written
6	charges to the employee.
7	(d) Under the charges and after the personal appearance under
8	this section, disciplinary action taken by the superintendent is
9	subject to review at a public hearing before the board if the
10	hearing is demanded by the disciplined employee not later than
11	fifteen (15) days after receiving notice of the disciplinary action.
12	The notice shall be by certified mail, return receipt requested, and
13	shall be addressed to the employee at the employee's last known
14	place of residence. If the employee fails to request a hearing before
15	the board not later than fifteen (15) days after receiving notice of
16	disciplinary action, as provided in this section, the decision and
17	action of the superintendent are final and not subject to review.
18	(e) An employee who requests a hearing before the board under
19	this section may be represented by counsel. The attorney general
20	shall appear in the case to represent the interests of the people of
21	the state.
22	(f) The state has the burden of proving the charges giving rise
23	to the hearing. The procedure in a hearing before the board is
24	informal and without recourse to the technical common law rules
25	of evidence required in proceedings in courts.
26	(g) The board shall:
27	(1) designate a reporter for the hearing; and
28	(2) after all evidence has been introduced, make an informal
29	finding of facts and a determination based upon the facts.
30	(h) The board shall notify the employee of its findings and
31	determination by certified mail, return receipt requested,
32	addressed to the employee at the employee's last known place of
33	residence. If aggrieved by the determination, an employee may
34	seek judicial review under IC 4-21.5-5.
35	(i) Probationers may be discharged, demoted, or temporarily
36	suspended without right to a hearing before the board.
37	(j) An employee may not be discharged, demoted, temporarily
38	suspended, or disciplined:



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(1) because of political affiliation; or

provided in this chapter.

(2) after the employee's probationary period, except as

(k) This chapter may not be construed to prevent the exercise of

1	disciplinary measures by commanding officers within the
2	department under the rules approved by the board.
3	Sec. 16. (a) This section applies to the issuance of a citation for
4	a traffic violation under:
5	(1) IC 9; or
6	(2) a local ordinance that corresponds to a provision under
7	IC 9.
8	(b) The department may not give greater consideration to the
9	number of citations (as defined in IC 9-28-2-1), including:
10	(1) a summons;
11	(2) a ticket; or
12	(3) any other official document;
13	arising from a parking or standing violation that a law
14	enforcement officer issues than to any other factor in the
15	evaluation of the law enforcement officer's performance.
16	Sec. 17. (a) The board shall provide, within amounts
17	appropriated for the purpose, the uniforms and equipment
18	necessary for the employees of the department to perform their
19	respective duties.
20	(b) The uniforms and equipment provided to employees under
21	this section remain the property of the state.
22	(c) The board may sell uniforms and equipment, with the
23	consent of the governor, if the uniforms and equipment become
24	unfit for use. Money received from a sale under this section must
25	be paid into the state treasury and credited to the state general
26	fund.
27	(d) The board shall charge against an employee of the
28	department the value of any property of the department lost or
29	destroyed through carelessness or neglect of the employee. If the
30	board determines that the loss or destruction of the department's
31	property was due to carelessness or neglect of an employee, the
32	value of the equipment shall be deducted from the pay of the
33	employee.
34	Sec. 18. (a) The superintendent shall file with the secretary of
35	state a drawing or photograph and a worded description, including
36	the color, of the official uniform hat and insignia to be worn by
37	state police officers while on duty.
38	(b) A person who wears or uses in public the hat or insignia or
39	any imitation, reproduction, or facsimile of the hat or insignia,
40	except an appointed member of the department authorized by the

superintendent to wear the hat or insignia, commits a Class C



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infraction.

1	(c) After the drawing or photograph and worded description of
2	the hat and insignia are filed with the secretary of state, the hat
3	and insignia may not be changed by the department.
4	Sec. 19. (a) The superintendent may approve vouchers to pay
5	expenses incurred by employees of the department in the discharge
6	of their duties.
7	(b) The vouchers shall be audited and paid out of the
8	appropriations for the department in the manner provided by law.
9	(c) Allowances for lodging and subsistence while away from
10	official station may be paid to the employees of the department
11	under the terms and conditions that the superintendent may
12	prescribe. The superintendent may provide lodging and subsistence
13	for employees of the department at their official stations.
14	Sec. 20. (a) The superintendent shall establish headquarters and
15	stations in localities the superintendent considers advisable for the
16	enforcement of the laws of the state.
17	(b) Within the limits of appropriations, the superintendent may
18	do the following:
19	(1) Purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire suitable places,
20	lands, buildings, or rooms as local headquarters.
21	(2) Erect and equip buildings and headquarters as necessary.
22	(3) Purchase or otherwise acquire motor equipment, horses,
23	and other services, commodities, and equipment the
24	superintendent considers essential for the needs of the
25	employees of the department in carrying out their duties.
26	(4) Discontinue any headquarters or stations if the
27	superintendent considers it desirable for the proper
28	enforcement of the laws of the state.
29	(5) Purchase and install any approved standard mechanical
30	devices or equipment for the instantaneous or rapid
31	transmission or broadcasting of any information concerning
32	crime or the apprehension of criminals.
33	(c) The superintendent, with the approval of the board, may sell,
34	dispose of, or destroy property that becomes unnecessary or unfit
35	for further use by the department. Any money received from a sale
36	under this subsection shall be deposited in the state treasury as a
37	special fund to be used for the purchase of new equipment. The
38	fund does not revert to the state general fund.
39	(d) Authority vested in the superintendent under this section
40	shall be exercised with the approval of the board.
41	Sec. 21. (a) The officers and police employees of the department
42	have all necessary police powers:



1	(1) to enforce the laws of the state for the regulation and use
2	of vehicles;
3	(2) for the protection of the surface or other physical part of
4	the highways in Indiana; and
5	(3) without writ or warrant, to make an arrest for violation of
6	the laws of the state for the regulation and use of vehicles
7	when the violation is committed in their presence.
8	(b) The police employees of the department shall:
9	(1) prevent and detect offenses;
10	(2) apprehend offenders;
11	(3) enforce the laws; and
12	(4) perform other duties imposed upon them by law.
13	(c) Police employees of the department have:
14	(1) in any part of Indiana, the same powers concerning
15	criminal matters and the enforcement of related laws as
16	sheriffs, constables, and police officers have in their respective
17	jurisdictions; and
18	(2) power to act as agents for the state on return of parolees,
19	fugitives from justice, and persons extradited to Indiana for
20	offenses.
21	(d) A warrant of arrest or search warrant may be executed by
22	any police employee of the department in any part of the state,
23	according to the terms of the warrant without endorsement.
24	(e) Police employees are subject to the call of the governor. The
25	governor may assign to the department other police duties that the
26	executive department considers advisable, including the duties
27	performed by deputy fire marshals.
28	(f) Police employees have power to arrest, without warrant, a
29	person who is committing or attempting to commit in their
30	presence or view a violation of the laws of the state.
31	(g) Under order of the superintendent, police employees may
32	cooperate with any other department of the state or with local
33	authorities.
34	(h) Police employees may not:
35	(1) exercise their powers within the limits of a city in labor
36	disputes; or
37	(2) suppress rioting and disorder;
38	except by direction of the governor or upon the request of the
39	mayor of the city with the approval of the governor or, if the
40	governor is not available, with the approval of the lieutenant

governor. Outside the limits of a city, police employees may not

exercise their power in labor disputes except by direction of the



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1	governor or upon the request of the judge of the circuit court of the
2	county, with the approval of the governor or, if the governor is not
3	available, with the approval of the lieutenant governor.
4	(i) The control or direction of the officers or members of the
5	department may not be transferred or delegated to any other
6	agency or officer of the state or any subdivision of the state.
7	Sec. 22. (a) The members of the department:
8	(1) shall take fingerprints and any other identification data
9	prescribed by the superintendent of persons taken into
10	custody for felonies; and
11	(2) may, if they consider it advisable, take the fingerprints and
12	other data of persons taken into custody for offenses other
13	than felonies.
14	(b) Members of the department shall promptly transmit and file
15	fingerprints and other data collected under this section.
16	Sec. 23. The employees of the department shall cooperate and
17	exchange information with:
18	(1) any other department or authority of the state or with
19	other police forces, both within and outside Indiana; and
20	(2) federal police forces;
21	to achieve greater success in preventing and detecting crimes and
22	apprehending criminals.
23	Sec. 24. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a person who
24	has charge of a jail, prison, correctional facility, or other place of
25	detention shall:
26	(1) receive a prisoner arrested by a police employee of the
27	department within the jurisdiction served by the jail; and
28	(2) detain the prisoner in custody until otherwise ordered by
29	a court or by the superintendent.
30	A person who refuses to receive a prisoner or who releases a
31	prisoner except as directed may be removed from office by the
32	governor.
33	(b) A person who has charge of a jail, prison, correctional
34	facility, or other place of detention may not receive or detain a
35	prisoner in custody under subsection (a) until the arresting police
36	employee has had the prisoner examined by a physician or
37	competent medical personnel if the prisoner appears to be:
38	(1) unconscious;
39	(2) suffering from a serious illness;
40	(3) suffering from a serious injury; or
41	(4) seriously impaired by alcohol, a controlled substance (as
42	defined in IC 35-48-1-9), a drug other than a controlled



1	substance, or a combination of alcohol, a controlled substance,
2	or drugs.
3	(c) Except as provided in subsection (d), the cost of the
4	examination and resulting treatment under subsection (b) is the
5	financial responsibility of the prisoner receiving the examination
6	or treatment.
7	(d) If a prisoner is unable to bear the financial responsibility for
8	the cost of the examination and treatment under subsection (b), the
9	prisoner may apply for indigent medical assistance.
10	Sec. 25. All rights, duties, and liabilities of the state police
11	department and its employees provided by IC 10-1-2 (before its
12	repeal) and IC 10-12-2 are continued and preserved in the state
13	police department established by this chapter and in those eligible
14	to receive its benefits as though this chapter had not been enacted.
15	Sec. 26. (a) The superintendent may assign qualified persons
16	who are not state police officers to supervise or operate permanent
17	or portable weigh stations. A person assigned under this section
18	may stop, inspect, and issue citations to operators of trucks and
19	trailers having a declared gross weight of at least eleven thousand
20	(11,000) pounds and buses at a permanent or portable weigh
21	station or while operating a clearly marked Indiana state police
22	vehicle for violations of the following:
23	(1) IC 6-1.1-7-10.
24	(2) IC 6-6-1.1-1202.
25	(3) IC 6-6-2.5.
26	(4) IC 6-6-4.1-12.
27	(5) IC 8-2.1.
28	(6) IC 9-18.
29	(7) IC 9-19.
30	(8) IC 9-20.
31	(9) IC 9-21-7-2 through IC 9-21-7-11.
32	(10) IC 9-21-8-41 pertaining to the duty to obey an official
33	traffic control device for a weigh station.
34	(11) IC 9-21-8-45 through IC 9-21-8-48.
35	(12) IC 9-21-9.
36	(13) IC 9-21-15.
37	(14) IC 9-24-1-1 through IC 9-24-1-3.
38	(15) IC 9-24-1-7.
39	(16) Except as provided in subsection (c), IC 9-24-1-6,
40	IC 9-24-6-16, IC 9-24-6-17, and IC 9-24-6-18, commercial
41	driver's license.
1 2.	(17) IC 9-24-4.



1	(18) IC 9-24-5.
2	(19) IC 9-24-11-4.
3	(20) IC 9-24-13-3.
4	(21) IC 9-24-18-1 through IC 9-24-18-2.
5	(22) IC 9-25-4-3.
6	(23) IC 9-28-4.
7	(24) IC 9-28-5.
8	(25) IC 9-28-6.
9	(26) IC 9-29-5-11 through IC 9-29-5-13.
10	(27) IC 9-29-5-42.
11	(28) IC 9-29-6-1.
12	(29) IC 13-17-5-1, IC 13-17-5-2, IC 13-17-5-3, or IC 13-17-5-4.
13	(30) IC 13-30-2-1.
14	(b) For the purpose of enforcing this section, a person assigned
15	under this section may detain a person in the same manner as a law
16	enforcement officer under IC 34-28-5-3.
17	(c) A person assigned under this section may not enforce
18	IC 9-24-6-14 or IC 9-24-6-15.
19	Sec. 27. (a) The board shall categorize salaries of motor carrier
20	inspectors within each rank based upon the rank held and the
21	number of years of service in the department through the tenth
22	year. The salary ranges the board assigns to each rank shall be
23	divided into a base salary and ten (10) increments above the base
24	salary, with:
25	(1) the base salary in the rank paid to a person with less than
26	one (1) year of service in the department; and
27	(2) the highest salary in the rank paid to a person with at least
28	ten (10) years of service in the department.
29	(b) For purposes of creating the salary matrix prescribed by this
30	section, the board may not approve salary ranges for any rank that
31	are less than the salary ranges effective for that rank on January
32	1, 1995.
33	(c) The salary matrix prescribed by this section shall be
34	reviewed and approved by the budget agency before
35	implementation.
36	(d) The money needed to fund the salaries resulting from the
37	matrix prescribed by this section must come from the
38	appropriation from the professional and technical equity fund.
39	Sec. 28. (a) The department shall maintain security and preserve
40	the peace in and about the following:
41	(1) The state capitol building.
42	(2) A state office building.



1	(3) A state parking facility.
2	(4) A state motor pool garage.
3	(5) A state warehouse.
4	(6) The Indiana state library.
5	(7) The governor's residence.
6	(8) Any other building or property used by the state for any
7	of the following purposes:
8	(A) Housing of personnel or activities of an agency or a
9	branch of state government.
10	(B) Providing transportation or parking for state
11	employees or persons having business with state
12	government.
13	(b) A special police employee of the department assigned to the
14	security activities under this section, other than an officer or police
15	employee of the department who possesses police powers under
16	section 21 of this chapter, possesses all of the common law and
17	statutory powers of law enforcement officers except for the service
18	of civil process.
19	(c) For purposes of IC 5-2-1, a special police employee assigned
20	to the security activities under this section, other than a regular
21	police employee of the department, is a special officer.
22	(d) Special police employees shall enforce IC 4-20.5 and rules of
23	the Indiana department of administration.
24	(e) The superintendent may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to do
25	the following:
26	(1) Enforce IC 4-20.5 and rules of the Indiana department of
27	administration concerning the security of state property.
28	(2) Carry out the responsibilities for security of state property
29	under this section.
30	Sec. 29. The superintendent may assign a special police
31	employee described in section 28(b) of this chapter to serve as a
32	gaming agent under an agreement with the Indiana gaming
33	commission under IC 4-33-4-3.6.
34	Sec. 30. The department may establish a wellness program for
35	department employees as set forth in IC 4-15-13.
36	Chapter 3. Enforcement of Motor Carrier Laws
37	Sec. 1. There is established within the department an
38	enforcement section of twenty (20) state police officers who, on
39	behalf of the department of state revenue, shall enforce strict
40	compliance with IC 8-2.1.

Sec. 2. (a) The enforcement section established by section 1 of

this chapter consists of the following individuals:



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1	(1) A chief enforcement officer.
2	(2) Nineteen (19) subordinate enforcement officers.
3	(3) Stenographic and clerical personnel needed to carry on the
4	work of the section.
5	(b) The superintendent shall appoint all personnel with the
6	approval of the board. The members of the enforcement section:
7	(1) must be state police officers; and
8	(2) shall be selected, trained, and subject to all the provisions
9	of and vested with all of the authority granted by IC 22-1-1,
10	except that they shall be permanently assigned to and
11	primarily responsible for carrying out the duties imposed by
12	this chapter.
13	Upon call of the superintendent, with the approval of the governor,
14	the police personnel assigned to the enforcement section
15	established by this chapter shall be available for general police
16	duty in emergency situations only.
17	Sec. 3. (a) The enforcement officers employed by the
18	enforcement section:
19	(1) are vested with all necessary police powers to enforce
20	IC 8-2.1 and rules adopted under IC 8-2.1; and
21	(2) may investigate and make arrests for the violation of
22	IC 8-2.1 or rules adopted under IC 8-2.1.
23	(b) This section does not abridge or change the authority,
24	obligation, or duty of any other law enforcement officer to enforce
25	this chapter.
26	Sec. 4. (a) Funds necessary to implement this chapter shall be
27	derived from dedicated revenues as implemented under Public
28	Law 89-170. Public Law 89-170 and the standards for the
29	operation of interstate motor carriers adopted under Public Law
30	89-170 are recognized and adopted.
31	(b) There is appropriated from sources and other funds
32	deposited in the motor carrier regulation fund established under
33	IC 8-2.1-23 to the department of state revenue the sums necessary
34	for the enforcement section established by this chapter. Operating
35	and other expenses for the section in the discharge of duties under
36	this chapter shall be paid from sources by the department of state
37	revenue upon the presentation of interdepartmental billing to the
38	department by the superintendent.
39	Chapter 4. Defense of Employees in Civil Actions; Duties of
40	Attorney General
41	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "member" means the following:

(1) An employee or appointee of the department.



1	(2) An employee or appointee of the board.
2	(3) The superintendent.
3	(4) A member of the board.
4	Sec. 2. If a member is sued for civil damages and the board
5	administratively determines that:
6	(1) the civil action arose out of an act performed within the
7	scope of the duties of the member; and
8	(2) a lack of defense of the civil action by the state would
9	prejudice the enforcement of the laws of the state;
10	the board shall present its written findings to the attorney general.
11	Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), if the attorney
12	general finds the board's determination to be supported by
13	substantial evidence, the attorney general shall defend the member
14	in the civil action.
15	(b) The attorney general may authorize the department to hire
16	private counsel to defend the member in the civil action.
17	Sec. 4. The administrative determination by the board or the
18	determination by the attorney general under this chapter may not
19	be admitted as evidence in the trial of the civil action for damages.
20	Sec. 5. (a) This chapter may not be construed to deprive a
21	member of the right to select defense counsel of the member's
22	choice at the member's expense.
23	(b) This chapter may not be construed to relieve any person
24	from any responsibility for civil damages.
25	Chapter 5. Disposition of Unclaimed Property
26	Sec. 1. This chapter does not apply to property:
27	(1) seized upon a search warrant; or
28	(2) the custody and disposition of which are otherwise
29	provided by law.
30	Sec. 2. If money, goods, or other property that has been stolen,
31	lost, or abandoned comes into the possession of an employee of the
32	department by virtue of the employee's office, the employee:
33	(1) shall deliver the money, goods, or other property to
34	another employee of the department as designated by the
35	superintendent; and
36	(2) is relieved from further responsibility for the money,
37	goods, or other property.
38	Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), if:
39	(1) the money, goods, or other property remains unclaimed in
40	the possession or control of the employee to whom it was
41	delivered for six (6) months; and
42	(2) the location of the owner is unknown;



1	the goods or other property shall be sold at public auction.
2	(b) Notice of the sale must be published one (1) time each week
3	for two (2) consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation
4	printed in the community in which the sale is to be held. The notice
5	must include the following information:
6	(1) The time and place of the sale.
7	(2) A description of the property to be sold.
8	(c) Any property that:
9	(1) is perishable;
10	(2) will deteriorate greatly in value by keeping; or
11	(3) the expense of keeping will be likely to exceed the value of
12	the property;
13	may be sold at public auction in accordance with the rules or
14	orders of the superintendent. If the nature of the property requires
15	an immediate sale, the superintendent may waive the six (6) month
16	period of custody and the notice of sale provided in this section.
17	(d) The proceeds of a sale, after deducting all reasonable
18	charges and expenses incurred in relation to the property, and all
19	money shall be presumed abandoned and shall be delivered to the
20	attorney general for deposit into the abandoned property fund for
21	disposition as provided by IC 32-34-1-33 and IC 32-34-1-34.
22	Chapter 6. Law Enforcement Training Conferences
23	Sec. 1. (a) The department may conduct training programs at
24	semiannual conferences for law enforcement:
25	(1) officers;
26	(2) trainees; and
27	(3) applicants;
28	of cities, towns, and counties.
29	(b) A semiannual conference:
30	(1) may not last more than three (3) days; and
31	(2) shall be conducted at a state police post.
32	Sec. 2. (a) The training program courses shall be conducted
33	under the supervision and direction of the superintendent.
34	(b) The training programs must include courses of instruction
35	in the following subjects:
36	(1) Detection, pursuit, apprehension, and conviction of
37	criminals.
38	(2) Safety and first aid assistance.
39	(3) Any other subject the superintendent considers
40	appropriate.
41	Sec. 3. (a) A city council shall appropriate, as necessary,
42	sufficient funds to pay for each mile traveled to and from the



1	conferences, at a rate equal to the rate paid to state officers and
2	employees. The rate per mile shall change each time the state
3	government changes its rate per mile. The city council also shall
4	pay a per diem for expenses of not more than fifteen dollars (\$15)
5	a day for each day or part of a day an authorized person is in
6	attendance at a conference.
7	(b) A county council shall appropriate sufficient funds to pay for
8	each mile traveled to and from the conferences at a rate
9	determined by the county council. The county council also shall
0	pay a per diem for expenses of not more than fifteen dollars (\$15)
1	a day for each day or part of a day an authorized person is in
2	attendance at a conference.
3	Sec. 4. Authorization for attendance at the conferences by city,
4	town, or county law enforcement officers, trainees, or applicants
.5	shall be issued by the county auditor on recommendation of the
6	executive authority of the law enforcement agency, office, or
7	department to which the officer, trainee, or applicant belongs or
8	has applied for membership.
9	Chapter 7. Drug Interdiction Program
20	Sec. 1. The drug interdiction fund is established.
21	Sec. 2. (a) The department shall administer the fund.
22	(b) Expenditures from the fund may be made only in accordance
23	with the appropriations made by the general assembly.
24	Sec. 3. The department may use money from the fund to do the
25	following:
26	(1) Provide additional persons to conduct investigations into
27	violations of drug and controlled substances statutes.
28	(2) Purchase laboratory equipment and other equipment
29	necessary to assist in the effort to control illegal drug activity.
0	(3) Provide technical and investigative assistance to local law
31	enforcement agencies to combat illegal drug activity.
32	(4) Fund other programs designed to reduce illegal drug
33	activity.
34	Sec. 4. The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund
35	not currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same
86	manner as other public funds may be invested.
37	Sec. 5. Money in the fund at the end of a fiscal year does not
88	revert to the state general fund.
39	SECTION 3. IC 10-12 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
lO.	A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS (EFFECTIVE IIII V 1

ARTICLE 12. STATE POLICE PENSIONS AND BENEFITS



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1	Chapter 1. Definitions
2	Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this
3	article.
4	Sec. 2. "Department" refers to the state police department
5	established by IC 10-11-2-4.
6	Sec. 3. "Eligible employee" means a regular police employee of
7	the department.
8	Sec. 4. "Employee beneficiary" means an eligible employee who:
9	(1) completes an application to become an employee
10	beneficiary; and
11	(2) makes or causes to be made the proper deductions from
12	wages as required by the pension trust.
13	Sec. 5. "Internal Revenue Code":
14	(1) means the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as in effect on
15	September 1, 1974, if permitted with respect to governmental
16	plans; or
17	(2) to the extent not inconsistent with subdivision (1), has the
18	meaning set forth in IC 6-3-1-11.
19	Sec. 6. "Net amount paid into the trust fund from the wages of
20	an employee beneficiary" means:
21	(1) the amount of money paid into the trust fund from the
22	wages of an employee beneficiary, plus interest at the rate of
23	three percent (3%) or more compounded annually; less
24	(2) any sums, plus interest at the same rate, paid from the
25	trust fund to:
26	(A) the employee beneficiary;
27	(B) any person claiming by, through, or under the
28	employee beneficiary; or
29	(C) any government fund for the credit or benefit of the
30	employee beneficiary.
31	Sec. 7. "Pension consultants" means an individual, a firm, or a
32	corporation of technical consultants competent and qualified to
33	supervise and assist in the establishment, maintenance, and
34	operation of a pension plan on an actuarially sound basis.
35	Sec. 8. "Pension trust" means the agreement between the
36	department and the trustee under the terms of which an actuarially
37	sound retirement pension plan is established and operated for the
38	exclusive benefit of the employee beneficiaries subject to the
39	limitations specified in IC 10-12-2, IC 10-12-3, and IC 10-12-4.
40	Sec. 9. "Supplementary trust agreement" means an agreement
41	that has the force and effect of law between the department and the
42	trustee concerning the police benefit fund (as described in



1	IC 10-12-2-7).
2	Sec. 10. "Trustee" refers to the trustee of the pension trust, who
3	may be:
4	(1) one (1) or more corporate trustees; or
5	(2) the treasurer of state serving under bond.
6	Sec. 11. "Trust fund" means the assets of the pension trust,
7	including the following:
8	(1) Contributions from the department.
9	(2) Contributions from employee beneficiaries.
10	(3) Any other payments or contributions made to the pension
11	trust.
12	(4) The income and proceeds derived from the investment of
13	the assets of the pension trust.
14	Chapter 2. Pension, Death, Disability, Survivor, and Other
15	Benefits
16	Sec. 1. (a) If an eligible employee retires after at least twenty
17	(20) years of service, the employee may:
18	(1) retain the employee's issued service weapon; and
19	(2) receive a "Retired" badge in recognition of the employee's
20	service to the department and the public.
21	(b) Upon an eligible employee's retirement, the department shall
22	issue to the employee an identification card that:
23	(1) gives the employee's name and rank;
24	(2) signifies that the employee is retired; and
25	(3) notes the employee's authority to retain the employee's
26	service weapon.
27	Sec. 2. (a) The department may:
28	(1) establish and operate an actuarially sound pension plan
29	governed by a pension trust; and
30	(2) make the necessary annual contribution in order to
31	prevent any deterioration in the actuarial status of the trust
32	fund.
33	(b) The department shall make contributions to the trust fund.
34	An employee beneficiary shall make contributions to the trust fund
35	through authorized monthly deductions from wages.
36	(c) The trust fund:
37	(1) may not be commingled with any other funds; and
38	(2) shall be invested only in accordance with state laws for the
39	investment of trust funds, together with other investments as
40	are specifically designated in the pension trust.
41	Subject to the terms of the pension trust, the trustee, with the
42	approval of the department and the pension advisory board, may



1	establish investment guidelines and limits on all types of
2	investments, including stocks and bonds, and take other action
3	necessary to fulfill its duty as a fiduciary for the trust fund.
4	(d) The trustee shall invest the trust fund assets with the same
5	care, skill, prudence, and diligence that a prudent person acting in
6	a like capacity and familiar with these matters would use in the
7	conduct of an enterprise of a similar character with similar aims.
8	(e) The trustee shall diversify the trust fund's investments in
9	accordance with prudent investment standards. The investment of
10	the trust fund is subject to section 3 of this chapter.
11	(f) The trustee shall receive and hold as trustee for the uses and
12	purposes set forth in the pension trust the funds paid by the
13	department, the employee beneficiaries, or any other person or
14	persons.
15	(g) The trustee shall engage pension consultants to supervise
16	and assist in the technical operation of the pension plan so that
17	there is no deterioration in the actuarial status of the plan.
18	(h) Before October 1 of each year, the trustee, with the aid of the
19	pension consultants, shall prepare and file a report with the
20	department and the state board of accounts. The report must
21	include the following with respect to the fiscal year ending on the
22	preceding June 30:
23	SCHEDULE I. Receipts and disbursements.
24	SCHEDULE II. Assets of the pension trust, listing investments
25	as to book value and current market value at the end of the
26	fiscal year.
27	SCHEDULE III. List of terminations, showing cause and
28	amount of refund.
29	SCHEDULE IV. The application of actuarially computed
30	"reserve factors" to the payroll data, properly classified for
31	the purpose of computing the reserve liability of the trust fund
32	as of the end of the fiscal year.
33	SCHEDULE V. The application of actuarially computed
34	"current liability factors" to the payroll data, properly
35	classified for the purpose of computing the liability of the
36	trust fund for the end of the fiscal year.
37	SCHEDULE VI. An actuarial computation of the pension
38	liability for all employees retired before the close of the fiscal
39	year.
40	(i) The minimum annual contribution by the department must
41	be of sufficient amount, as determined by the pension consultants,
42	to prevent any deterioration in the actuarial status of the pension



1	plan during that year. If the department fails to make the
2	minimum contribution for five (5) successive years, the pension
3	trust terminates and the trust fund shall be liquidated.
4	(j) Except as provided by applicable federal law, in the event of
5	liquidation, the department shall take the following actions:
6	(1) All expenses of the pension trust must be paid.
7	(2) Adequate provision must be made for continuing pension
8	payments to retired persons.
9	(3) Each employee beneficiary must receive the net amount
10	paid into the trust fund from the employee beneficiary's
11	wages.
12	(4) Any amount remaining in the pension trust after the
13	department makes the payments described in subdivisions (1)
14	through (3) must be equitably divided among the employee
15	beneficiaries in proportion to the net amount paid from each
16	employee beneficiary's wages into the trust fund.
17	Sec. 3. (a) The pension trust shall satisfy the qualification
18	requirements in Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, as
19	applicable to the pension trust. In order to meet those
20	requirements, the pension trust is subject to the following
21	provisions, notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter,
22	IC 10-12-3, or IC 10-12-4:
23	(1) The pension advisory board shall distribute the corpus and
24	income of the pension trust to participants and their
25	beneficiaries in accordance with this chapter, IC 10-12-3, and
26	IC 10-12-4.
27	(2) A part of the corpus or income of the pension trust may
28	not be used or diverted to any purpose other than the
29	exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.
30	(3) Forfeitures arising from severance of employment, death,
31	or any other reason may not be applied to increase the
32	benefits any participant would otherwise receive under this
33	chapter, IC 10-12-3, or IC 10-12-4.
34	(4) If the pension trust is terminated or if all contributions to
35	the pension trust are completely discontinued, the rights of
36	each affected participant to the benefits accrued at the date of
37	the termination or discontinuance, to the extent then funded,
38	are nonforfeitable.
39	(5) All benefits paid from the pension trust shall be
40	distributed in accordance with the requirements of Section
41	401(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and the regulations
42	under that section. To meet those requirements, the pension



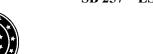
1	tweet is subject to the following provisions.
2	trust is subject to the following provisions: (A) The life expectancy of a participant, the participant's
3	
4	spouse, or the participant's beneficiary shall not be
	recalculated after the initial determination for purposes of
5	determining benefits. (B) If a participant disa before the distribution of the
6 7	(B) If a participant dies before the distribution of the
8	participant's benefits has begun, distributions to
9	beneficiaries must begin no later than December 31 of the
10	calendar year immediately following the calendar year in
11	which the participant died.
12	(C) The amount of an annuity paid to a participant's
13	beneficiary may not exceed the maximum determined
13	under the incidental death benefit requirement of the
	Internal Revenue Code.
15	(6) The pension advisory board may not:
16	(A) determine eligibility for benefits;
17	(B) compute rates of contribution; or
18	(C) compute benefits of participants or beneficiaries;
19	in a manner that discriminates in favor of participants who
20	are considered officers, supervisors, or highly compensated,
21	as provided under Section 401(a)(4) of the Internal Revenue
22	Code.
23	(7) Benefits paid under this chapter, IC 10-12-3, or IC 10-12-4
24	may not exceed the maximum benefit specified by Section 415
25	of the Internal Revenue Code.
26	(8) The salary taken into account under this chapter,
27	IC 10-12-3, or IC 10-12-4 may not exceed the applicable
28	amount under Section 401(a)(17) of the Internal Revenue
29	Code.
30	(9) The trustee may not engage in a transaction prohibited by
31	Section 503(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.
32	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter or
33	IC 10-12-3, and solely for the purposes of the benefits provided
34	under IC 10-12-3, the benefit limitations of Section 415 of the
35	Internal Revenue Code shall be determined by applying the
36	provisions of Section 415(b)(10) of the Internal Revenue Code, as
37	amended by the Technical and Miscellaneous Revenue Act of 1988.
38	This section constitutes an election under Section 415(b)(10)(C) of
39	the Internal Revenue Code to have Section 415(b) of the Internal
40	Revenue Code, other than Section 415(b)(2)(G) of the Internal
41	Revenue Code, applied without regard to Section 415(b)(2)(F) of

the Internal Revenue Code to anyone who did not first become a



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1	participant before January 1, 1990.
2	Sec. 4. The department may establish, operate, and make
3	necessary contributions to a mortality reserve account for the
4	payment of supplementary death benefits to deceased employee
5	beneficiaries. However, a supplementary death benefit may not
6	exceed fourteen thousand five hundred dollars (\$14,500).
7	Sec. 5. (a) The department may establish, operate, and make
8	necessary contributions to a disability reserve account for the
9	payment of disability expense reimbursements and disability
10	pensions to disabled employee beneficiaries. The department also
11	may do the following:
12	(1) Establish, under the terms of a supplementary trust
13	agreement, disability expense reimbursements and disability
14	pensions to be paid to employee beneficiaries who incur a
15	disability in the line of duty.
16	(2) Establish, under the terms of a supplementary trust
17	agreement, disability expense reimbursements and disability
18	pensions to be paid to employee beneficiaries who incur a
19	disability not in the line of duty.
20	(3) Seek rulings from the Internal Revenue Service as to the
21	federal tax treatment for the line of duty disability benefits
22	authorized by this section.
23	Except as provided in subsection (d), a monthly disability pension
24	may not exceed the maximum basic pension amount. However, in
25	the case of disability incurred in the line of duty, an employee
26	beneficiary may receive not more than forty dollars (\$40) per
27	month for each dependent parent and dependent child less than
28	eighteen (18) years of age, in addition to the monthly disability
29	pension payment under this chapter. Time in disability pension
30	status is considered qualifying active service for purposes of
31	calculating a retirement pension.
32	(b) This section shall be administered in a manner that is
33	consistent with the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C.
34	12101, et seq.) and the regulations and amendments related to that
35	act, to the extent required by that act.
36	(c) A disability payment made under this chapter is worker's
37	compensation instead of a payment under IC 22-3-2 through
38	IC 22-3-7.
39	(d) A regular, paid police employee of the state police
40	department who is permanently and totally disabled by a

(1) is sustained in the line of duty after January 1, 2001; and



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catastrophic personal injury that:

1	(2) permanently prevents the employee from performing any
2	gainful work;
3	shall receive a disability pension equal to the employee's regular
4	salary at the commencement of the disability. The disability
5	pension provided under this subsection is provided instead of the
6	regular monthly disability pension. The disability pension provided
7	under this subsection must be increased at a rate equal to any
8	salary increases the employee would have received if the employee
9	remained in active service.
10	Sec. 6. (a) The department may establish, operate, and make
11	necessary contributions to a dependent's pension reserve account
12	for the payment of pensions to dependent parents, surviving
13	spouses, and dependent unmarried children of employee
14	beneficiaries who are killed in the line of duty.
15	(b) The maximum monthly pension amount payable to
16	dependent mothers, dependent fathers, and surviving spouses:
17	(1) may not exceed the then current basic monthly pension
18	amount paid to retirees; and
19	(2) shall cease with the last payment before the dependent
20	parent's or surviving spouse's death.
21	(c) Except as provided in subsections (d) through (f), the
22	maximum monthly pension amount payable to each dependent
23	unmarried child may not exceed thirty percent (30%) of the
24	current basic monthly pension amount paid to retirees. The
25	payment shall cease with the last payment before the child's
26	marriage or nineteenth birthday, whichever occurs first.
27	(d) The total monthly pension amount paid to all dependent
28	unmarried children of an employee beneficiary may not exceed the
29	current basic monthly amount paid to retirees.
30	(e) Each unmarried dependent child who is at least nineteen (19)
31	years of age but less than twenty-three (23) years of age is eligible
32	to receive a pension payment while enrolled as a full-time student
33	in a school, college, or university.
34	(f) A dependent child, married or unmarried, of an employee
35	beneficiary who is killed in the line of duty is eligible to attend any
36	Indiana state supported college or university tuition free.
37	(g) All dependent mothers, dependent fathers, surviving spouses,
38	and dependent children who received a dependent pension on June
39	30, 1969, shall receive a pension calculated as provided by this
40	section beginning on July 1, 1969. Any surviving spouse electing to,
41	or who has previously elected to, receive joint survivorship benefits

instead of pension payments is eligible to receive the full pension



1	benefit.
2	Sec. 7. (a) The:
3	(1) mortality reserve account referred to in section 4 of this
4	chapter;
5	(2) disability reserve account referred to in section 5 of this
6	chapter; and
7	(3) dependent pension reserve account referred to in section
8	6 of this chapter;
9	may be commingled and operated as one (1) fund, known as the
10	police benefit fund, under the terms of a supplementary trust
11	agreement between the department and the trustee for the
12	exclusive benefit of employee beneficiaries and their dependents.
13	(b) The trustee shall receive and hold as trustee for the uses and
14	purposes set out in the supplementary trust agreement all funds
15	paid to it as the trustee by the department or by any other person
16	or persons.
17	(c) The trustee shall hold, invest, and reinvest the police benefit
18	fund in:
19	(1) investments that trust funds are permitted to invest in
20	under Indiana law; and
21	(2) other investments as may be specifically designated in the
22	supplementary trust agreement.
23	(d) The trustee, with the assistance of the pension engineers,
24	shall, not more than ninety (90) days after the close of the fiscal
25	year, prepare and file with the department and the department of
26	insurance a detailed annual report showing receipts,
27	disbursements, case histories, and recommendations as to the
28	contributions required to keep the program in operation.
29	(e) Contributions by the department to the police benefit fund
30	shall be provided in the general appropriations to the department.
31	Sec. 8. (a) The department of insurance shall approve the
32	actuarial soundness of the pension trust and the general method of
33	operation of the police benefit fund before the police benefit fund
34	begins operation.
35	(b) In addition to the annual report required by subsection (d),
36	the department's books, reports, and accounts shall be open to
37	inspection by the department of insurance at all times.
38	Sec. 9. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a member of the
39	department may not accept:
40	(1) a fee for the performance of an act in the line of duty; or
41	(2) a reward offered for the apprehension or conviction of any

person or persons or for the recovery of any property.



1	(b) Any fee or reward to which a member of the department
2	would be entitled except for the provisions of subsection (a) shall
3	be paid to the police benefit fund.
4	Sec. 10. (a) A person entitled to, having an interest in, or sharing
5	a pension or benefit from the trust funds does not, before the actual
6	payment of the pension or benefit, have the right to anticipate, sell,
7	assign, pledge, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of or encumber the
8	pension or benefit.
9	(b) A person's interest, share, pension, or benefit, before the
10	actual payment of the interest, share, pension, or benefit, may not
11	be:
12	(1) used to satisfy the debts or liabilities of the person entitled
13	to the interest, share, pension, or benefit;
14	(2) subject to attachment, garnishment, execution, or levy or
15	sale on judicial proceedings; or
16	(3) transferred by any means, voluntarily or involuntarily.
17	(c) The trustee may pay from the trust fund the amounts that
18	the trustee determines are proper and necessary expenses of the
19	trust fund.
20	Sec. 11. The child or spouse of an employee beneficiary who is
21	permanently and totally disabled by a catastrophic personal injury
22	that was sustained in the line of duty and permanently prevents the
23	employee beneficiary from performing any gainful work may not
24	be required to pay tuition or mandatory fees at any state supported
25	college, university, or technical school if:
26	(1) the child is less than twenty-three (23) years of age and is
27	a full-time student pursuing a prescribed course of study; or
28	(2) the spouse is pursuing a prescribed course of study toward
29	an undergraduate degree.
30	Chapter 3. The State Police Pre-1987 Benefit System
31	Sec. 1. This chapter applies only to an employee beneficiary
32	who:
33	(1) is hired for the first time before July 1, 1987; and
34	(2) does not choose coverage by IC 10-12-4 under
35	IC 10-12-4-1.
36	Sec. 2. The pension trust for employee beneficiaries covered by
37	this chapter is subject to the limitations specified in this chapter.
38	Sec. 3. (a) The normal retirement age for a regular police
39	employee of the department may not be later than seventy (70)
40	years of age.
41	(b) The department may not enforce a mandatory retirement



age against its civilian employees.

1	Sec. 4. The monthly deductions from the employee beneficiary's
2	wages for the trust fund may not exceed six percent (6%) of the
3	employee beneficiary's average monthly wages (excluding
4	payments for overtime and determined without regard to any
5	salary reduction agreement established under Section 125 of the
6	Internal Revenue Code).
7	Sec. 5. If an employee beneficiary ceases to be an eligible
8	employee for any reason, including death, disability,
9	unemployment, or retirement:
10	(1) the employee beneficiary;
11	(2) the employee beneficiary's beneficiary; or
12	(3) the employee beneficiary's estate;
13	is entitled to receive at least the net amount paid into the trust fund
14	from the wages of the employee beneficiary, either in a lump sum
15	or in monthly installments not less than the basic pension amount.
16	Sec. 6. If an employee beneficiary is retired for old age, the
17	employee beneficiary is entitled to receive a lifelong monthly
18	income as specified in section 7 of this chapter. However, to be
19	entitled to the full amount of the basic pension amount, an
20	employee beneficiary must have completed at least twenty (20)
21	years of service to the department before retirement. Otherwise,
22	the employee beneficiary is entitled to receive a proportionate
23	pension based on the employee beneficiary's years of service to the
24	department.
25	Sec. 7. (a) Benefits provided under this section are subject to
26	IC 10-12-2-3.
27	(b) The basic monthly pension amount may not exceed by more
28	than twenty dollars ($\$20$) one-half (1/2) the amount of the employee
29	beneficiary's average monthly wage (excluding payments for
30	overtime and determined without regard to any salary reduction
31	agreement established under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue
32	Code) received during the highest paid consecutive twelve (12)
33	months before retirement. Salary that exceeds the monthly wage
34	received by a police employee in the grade of trooper at the
35	beginning of the trooper's third year of service may not be
36	considered when the basic pension amount is computed.
37	(c) An employee beneficiary in the active service of the
38	department who has completed twenty (20) years of service after
39	July 1, 1937, and who continues after July 1, 1937, in the service of

the department is entitled to add to the basic monthly pension

(1) Two percent (2%) of the basic amount for each of the next



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amount, at retirement, the following:

1	two (2) full years of service over twenty (20) years.
2	(2) Three percent (3%) of the basic amount for each of the
3	next two (2) full years over twenty-two (22) years.
4	(3) Four percent (4%) of the basic amount for each of the next
5	two (2) full years over twenty-four (24) years.
6	(4) Five percent (5%) of the basic amount for each of the next
7	two (2) full years over twenty-six (26) years.
8	(5) Six percent (6%) of the basic amount for each of the next
9	two (2) full years over twenty-eight (28) years.
10	(6) Seven percent (7%) of the basic amount for each of the
11	next two (2) full years over thirty (30) years.
12	(7) Eight percent (8%) of the basic amount for each of the
13	next two (2) full years over thirty-two (32) years.
14	However, the total of the additional amount may not exceed
15	seventy percent (70%) of the basic pension amount. These
16	additional benefits are subject to the compulsory retirement age
17	provided by the pension trust.
18	Chapter 4. The State Police 1987 Benefit System
19	Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies only to an employee beneficiary
20	who:
21	(1) is hired for the first time after June 30, 1987; or
22	(2) chooses coverage by this chapter under subsection (b).
23	(b) Subject to subsection (c), an employee beneficiary who is
24	hired for the first time before July 1, 1987, may choose to be
25	covered by this chapter instead of IC 10-12-3 if the employee files
26	an election with the trustee before July 1, 1988. An election filed
27	under this subsection is irrevocable and, except as provided in
28	subsection (d), takes effect after twelve (12) months of service as an
29	eligible employee following the filing of the election.
30	(c) This chapter is applicable only if the general assembly
31	provides sufficient funding for the increased cost of the benefits
32	provided by this chapter. If this chapter is not applicable, then
33	IC 10-12-3 applies to all employee beneficiaries regardless of when
34	hired for the first time.
35	(d) If an employee beneficiary's mandatory retirement date
36	occurs during the twelve (12) months following the filing of an
37	election under subsection (b), the election takes effect only if:
38	(1) the employee beneficiary serves as an eligible employee
39	until the mandatory retirement date; and
40	(2) the employee beneficiary pays to the trust fund a lump

sum equal to the remaining deductions that would have been

made from the employee beneficiary's wages under this



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1	chapter during the twelve (12) months following the election
2	if the employee beneficiary had not retired.
3	The election takes effect on the mandatory retirement date or the
4	date when the lump sum payment is made, whichever is later.
5	Sec. 2. The pension trust for employee beneficiaries covered by
6	this chapter is subject to limitations specified in this chapter.
7	Sec. 3. The normal retirement age for an employee beneficiary
8	must be established by the pension trust.
9	Sec. 4. An employee beneficiary shall contribute to the trust
10	fund, by monthly deduction, six percent (6%) of the employee
11	beneficiary's wages (excluding payments for overtime and
12	determined without regard to any salary reduction agreement
13	established under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code).
14	Sec. 5. (a) An employee beneficiary who has completed
15	twenty-five (25) years of service with the department is entitled to
16	the full amount of the basic pension amount specified in section 7
17	of this chapter.
18	(b) An employee beneficiary who has completed less than
19	twenty-five (25) years of service is entitled to a proportionate
20	amount of the basic pension amount specified in section 7 of this
21	chapter, based upon the employee beneficiary's years of service to
22	the department. However, benefit payments to an employee
23	beneficiary with less than twenty-five (25) years of service may not
24	begin until the first day of the month on or after the date on which:
25	(1) the employee beneficiary becomes fifty (50) years of age;
26	or
27	(2) the employee beneficiary retires;
28	whichever is later.
29	Sec. 6. If an employee beneficiary ends employment for any
30	reason before qualifying for a benefit under this chapter, the
31	trustee shall pay to:
32	(1) the employee beneficiary;
33	(2) the employee beneficiary's beneficiary; or
34	(3) the employee beneficiary's estate;
35	the net amount paid into the trust fund from the employee
36	beneficiary's wages. This amount may be paid in a lump sum or in
37	monthly installments not less than the basic pension amount.
38	Sec. 7. (a) Benefits provided under this section are subject to
39	IC 10-12-2-3.
40	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the basic monthly
41	pension amount of an employee beneficiary may not exceed

one-half (1/2) of the employee beneficiary's average monthly wage $% \left(1/2\right) =1/2$



1	(excluding payments for overtime and determined without regard
2	to any salary reduction agreement established under Section 125
3	of the Internal Revenue Code) received during the highest paid
4	consecutive thirty-six (36) months before retirement.
5	(c) For an employee beneficiary who retires after June 30, 1987,
6	and before July 1, 1988, the basic monthly pension may not exceed
7	the lesser of:
8	(1) the pension under subsection (b); or
9	(2) one-half $(1/2)$ the maximum salary of a first sergeant.
10	(d) For an employee beneficiary who retires after June 30, 1988,
11	and before July 1, 1989, the basic monthly pension may not exceed
12	the lesser of:
13	(1) the pension under subsection (b); or
14	(2) one-half (1/2) the maximum salary of a captain.
15	(e) An employee beneficiary in the active service of the
16	department who has completed twenty-five (25) years of service
17	after July 1, 1937, and who continues after July 1, 1937, in the
18	service of the department is entitled to add to the basic monthly
19	pension amount, at retirement, the following:
20	(1) Five percent (5%) of the basic amount for each of the next
21	three (3) full years over twenty-five (25) years.
22	(2) Six percent (6%) of the basic amount for each of the next
23	two (2) full years over twenty-eight (28) years.
24	(3) Seven percent (7%) of the basic amount for each of the
25	next two (2) full years over thirty (30) years.
26	(4) Eight percent (8%) of the basic amount for each of the
27	next two (2) full years over thirty-two (32) years.
28	However, the total of these additional amounts may not exceed
29	seventy percent (70%) of the basic pension amount. These
30	additional benefits are subject to any compulsory retirement age
31	provided by the pension trust.
32	Sec. 8. (a) The basic monthly pension payable under section 7 of
33	this chapter after June 30, 1995, to a member of the pension trust
34	who retired after June 30, 1987, and before July 1, 1990, shall be
35	increased by thirty-nine dollars (\$39).
36	(b) The department shall pay into the trust fund an amount
37	sufficient to pay the increased benefits granted under this section.
38	The trustee shall pay the increase in the monthly benefit required
39	by this section from money in the trust fund.
40	Chapter 5. Supplemental Pension Benefits
41	Sec. 1. This chapter is intended to be a supplement to IC 10-12-3

and does not repeal, impair, or otherwise adversely affect the



1	pension fund or pension benefits provided for in IC 10-12-3 for
2	eligible employees of the department.
3	Sec. 2. To become eligible for any supplemental benefits
4	provided in this chapter, an employee of the department must:
5	(1) be at least fifty-five (55) years of age;
6	(2) have completed at least twenty (20) years of service with
7	the department or be retired by virtue of becoming fifty-five
8	(55) years of age; and
9	(3) be eligible to receive retirement benefits under IC 10-12-3.
10	Sec. 3. (a) The pension advisory board that administers the
11	pension under IC 10-12-3 shall direct and supervise the
12	supplemental benefits provided in this chapter.
13	(b) The pension advisory board shall annually:
14	(1) provide a schedule showing the number of retirees
15	receiving pension benefits under IC 10-12-3; and
16	(2) add to the regular pension benefit or annuity a
17	supplemental benefit equal to fifty percent (50%) of the
18	difference between:
19	(A) the retiree's pension amount; and
20	(B) the pension benefits received by an employee retiring
21	from the department after July 1, 1970, with twenty (20)
22	years of active service.
23	Sec. 4. As an incentive to all employees of the department, the
24	supplemental pension benefits of this chapter shall be increased by
25	more than the fifty percent (50%) increase provided in section 3 of
26	this chapter, at the rate of five percent (5%) per year for each year
27	of active service over twenty (20) years up to thirty (30) years of
28	service, to provide that retired employees with thirty (30) years of
29	service are entitled to one hundred percent (100%) of the regular
30	pension benefits of employees who retire with twenty (20) years of
31	active service after July 1, 1970.
32	Sec. 5. (a) The pension advisory board shall make the necessary
33	computations required by this chapter on or before August 1 of
34	each year preceding a session of the general assembly.
35	(b) The general assembly shall appropriate and the budget
36	agency shall make available an amount sufficient to provide the
37	funds necessary for supplemental pension benefits for eligible
38	retirees under this chapter.
39	Sec. 6. The treasurer of state:
40	(1) is the trustee for the funds allocated to the supplemental
41	pension benefits; and
42	(2) shall keep the supplemental pension benefit funds in a



1	separate account that the treasurer of state may designate as
2	the state police department supplemental pension benefit
3	fund.
4	Sec. 7. The supplemental pension benefits provided for in this
5	chapter shall be paid at the same time and along with the regular
6	pension benefits.
7	Chapter 6. Special Death Benefit for Motor Carrier Inspectors
8	and Special Police Employees
9	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "dies in the line of duty" refers
10	to a death that occurs as a direct result of personal injury or illness
11	resulting from any action that:
12	(1) a motor carrier inspector; or
13	(2) a special police employee of the department who is not a
14	regular police employee of the department;
15	is obligated or authorized by rule, regulation, condition of
16	employment or service, or law to perform in the course of the
17	inspector's or special police employee's regular duties.
18	Sec. 2. A special death benefit of one hundred fifty thousand
19	dollars (\$150,000) for a motor carrier inspector or special police
20	employee who dies in the line of duty shall be paid in a lump sum
21	from the special death benefit fund established by IC 5-10-10-5 to
22	the following relative of a motor carrier inspector or special police
23	employee who dies in the line of duty:
24	(1) The surviving spouse.
25	(2) If there is no surviving spouse, the surviving children (to
26	be shared equally).
27	(3) If there is no surviving spouse and there are no surviving
28	children, the parent or parents in equal shares.
29	SECTION 4. IC 10-13 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
30	A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
31	2003]:
32	ARTICLE 13. STATE POLICE DATA AND INFORMATION
33	PROGRAMS
34	Chapter 1. Definitions
35	Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this
36	article.
37	Sec. 2. "Department" refers to the state police department
38	established by IC 10-11-2-4.
39	Sec. 3. "Superintendent" refers to the superintendent of the
40	department appointed under IC 10-11-2-6.
41	Chapter 2. Criminal Justice Data Division
42	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "division" refers to the criminal



1	justice data division established by section 2 of this chapter.
2	Sec. 2. (a) The criminal justice data division is established within
3	the department.
4	(b) The division is under the administrative control and
5	jurisdiction of the superintendent.
6	(c) The superintendent may:
7	(1) staff the division with personnel necessary for its efficient
8	operation; and
9	(2) adopt rules to carry out the purposes of this chapter.
10	Sec. 3. (a) The division shall use the most current equipment,
11	methods, and systems for the rapid storage and retrieval of
12	criminal justice data necessary for an effective criminal justice
13	system within Indiana.
14	(b) The superintendent may hire consultants to advise the
15	superintendent in the most efficient means of establishing, funding,
16	and maintaining the criminal justice data system with the ultimate
17	purpose of extending the services and benefits of the system to all
18	governmental agencies of the state and its political subdivisions
19	having a need for the data.
20	Sec. 4. The division shall be organized and administered to fulfill
21	the following purposes:
22	(1) To inform the public and responsible governmental
23	officials as to the nature of the crime problem, its magnitude,
24	and its trend over time.
25	(2) To measure the effects of prevention and deterrence
26	programs, ranging from community action to police patrol.
27	(3) To find out who commits crimes by age, sex, family status,
28	income, ethnic and residential background, and other social
29	attributes, to find the proper focus of crime prevention
30	programs.
31	(4) To measure the workload and effectiveness of all agencies
32	of the criminal justice system, both individually and as an
33	integrated system.
34	(5) To analyze the factors contributing to success and failure
35	of probation, parole, and other correctional alternatives for
36	various kinds of offenders.
37	(6) To provide criminal justice agencies with comparative
38	norms of performance.
39	(7) To furnish baseline data for research.
40	(8) To compute the costs of crime in terms of economic injury
41	inflicted upon communities and individuals, as well as to
42	assess the direct public expenditures by criminal justice



1	agencies.
2	(9) To project expected crime rates and their consequences
3	into the future for more enlightened government planning.
4	Sec. 5. (a) The division, under the supervision and direction of
5	the superintendent and in accordance with the rules adopted under
6	this chapter, shall do the following:
7	(1) Collect data necessary for the accomplishment of the
8	purposes of this chapter from all persons and agencies
9	mentioned in section 6 of this chapter.
10	(2) Prepare and distribute to all the persons and agencies the
11	forms to be used in reporting data to the division. The forms
12	also must provide for items of information needed by federal
13	bureaus, agencies, or departments engaged in the
14	development of national criminal statistics.
15	(3) Prescribe the form and content of records to be kept by the
16	persons and agencies to ensure the correct reporting of data
17	to the division.
18	(4) Instruct the persons and agencies in the installation,
19	maintenance, and use of records and equipment and in the
20	manner of reporting to the division.
21	(5) Tabulate, analyze, and interpret the data collected.
22	(6) Supply data, upon request, to federal bureaus, agencies, or
23	departments engaged in collecting and analyzing national
24	criminal statistics.
25	(7) Present the following to the governor:
26	(1) Before July 1 of each year, a printed report containing
27	the criminal statistics of the preceding calendar year.
28	(2) At other times the superintendent considers necessary
29	or the governor requests, reports on public aspects of
30	criminal statistics in a sufficiently general distribution for
31	public enlightenment.
32	(b) The division may not obtain data under this chapter except
33	that which is a public record, and all laws regulating privacy or
34	restricting use of the data apply to any data collected.
35	(c) The division may accept data and reports from agencies
36	other than those required to report under this chapter if the data
37	and reports are consistent with the purposes of this chapter.
38	Sec. 6. (a) If requested by the division, a public official or public
39	agency dealing with crime or criminals or with delinquency or
40	delinquents shall do the following:
41	(1) Install and maintain records needed for reporting data
42	required by the division.



1	(2) Report to the division, as and when prescribed, all data
2	requested.
3	(3) Give the accredited agents of the division access to the
4	records for the purpose of inspection.
5	(4) Cooperate with the division to the end that its duties may
6	be properly performed.
7	(b) An official required under this chapter to furnish reports,
8	information, or statistics to the criminal justice data division or a
9	person employed by the official is not liable in any action arising
10	out of having furnished the information in a manner as may be
11	required by this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter.
12	Sec. 7. As far as is practicable, the equipment methods and
13	systems used by the criminal justice data division must be
14	compatible with those used by similar agencies in other states and
15	the federal government so that data necessary for interstate,
16	national, and international criminal justice is readily available.
17	Sec. 8. In the administration of the division, the superintendent
18	shall have the advice and assistance of the criminal justice
19	commission and advisory council and the criminal justice planning
20	agency.
21	Sec. 9. (a) The superintendent shall adopt rules necessary to
22	accomplish the purposes of this chapter.
23	(b) In formulating the rules, the superintendent shall have the
24	advice and assistance of the criminal justice advisory committee
25	established by section 10 of this chapter.
26	Sec. 10. (a) The criminal justice advisory committee is
27	established.
28	(b) The committee consists of the following persons or their
29	designated representatives:
30	(1) The superintendent, who shall act as chairman.
31	(2) The attorney general.
32	(3) The executive director of the criminal justice planning
33	agency.
34	(4) The commissioner of corrections.
35	(5) One (1) county sheriff serving in the sheriff's second or
36	subsequent term of office.
37	(6) One (1) chief of police with at least two (2) years of
38	experience as chief.
39	(7) One (1) prosecuting attorney in the prosecuting attorney's
40	second or subsequent term of office.
41	(8) One (1) judge of a court of general criminal jurisdiction.

(9) The executive director of the law enforcement training



1	academy.
2	(10) A criminologist or forensic scientist.
3	(c) A member of the committee:
4	(1) must be appointed by the governor on a nonpartisan basis;
5	and
6	(2) shall serve at the pleasure of the governor.
7	(d) A member of the committee serves without compensation
8	except per diem as provided by law.
9	(e) The committee shall meet as often as is considered necessary
10	by the superintendent to formulate or revise rules for the statewide
11	operation of the criminal justice data division.
12	Sec. 11. The division shall, within the limits of time and
13	manpower, comply with all reasonable requests for periodic
14	reports and analysis of data as may be made by any officer or
15	agency required to report data that is necessary for the proper
16	performance of the duties of the officer or agency.
17	Sec. 12. (a) It is the intent of the general assembly in enacting
18	this chapter to provide information and data with reference to the
19	total criminal justice system that will be equally beneficial to all
20	officers, agencies, and components of the criminal justice system to
21	better perform their respective duties for the overall improvement
22	of criminal justice. Rules adopted under this chapter shall be
23	drafted to express this intent.
24	(b) If a public official:
25	(1) is required by the rules to report to the division; and
26	(2) fails to comply with:
27	(A) the requests of the superintendent for information or
28	data; or
29	(B) the rules governing records and systems and
30	equipment and their maintenance;
31	the director of the criminal justice planning agency may deny the
32	public official the benefits of the system until the public official
33	complies with the rules.
34	(c) An official who knowingly makes a false return of
35	information to the division commits a Class A misdemeanor.
36	Chapter 3. Criminal History Information
37	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "bias crime" means an offense in
38	which the person who commits the offense knowingly or
39	intentionally:
40	(1) selected the person who was injured; or
41	(2) damaged or otherwise affected property;
42	by the offense because of the color, creed, disability, national



1	origin, race, religion, or sexual orientation of the injured person or
2	of the owner or occupant of the affected property or because the
3	injured person or owner or occupant of the affected property was
4	associated with any other recognizable group or affiliation.
5	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "care" means the provision of
6	care, treatment, education, training, instruction, supervision, or
7	recreation to children less than eighteen (18) years of age.
8	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "certificated employee" has the
9	meaning set forth in IC 20-7.5-1-2.
10	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "council" means the security and
11	privacy council established by section 34 of this chapter.
12	Sec. 5. (a) As used in this chapter, "criminal history data"
13	means information collected by criminal justice agencies, the
14	United States Department of Justice for the department's
15	information system, or individuals.
16	(b) The term consists of the following:
17	(1) Identifiable descriptions and notations of arrests,
18	indictments, informations, or other formal criminal charges.
19	(2) Information regarding a sex and violent offender (as
20	defined in IC 5-2-12-4) obtained through sex and violent
21	offender registration under IC 5-2-12.
22	(3) Any disposition, including sentencing, and correctional
23	system intake, transfer, and release.
24	Sec. 6. (a) As used in this chapter, "criminal justice agency"
25	means any agency or department of any level of government whose
26	principal function is:
27	(1) the apprehension, prosecution, adjudication,
28	incarceration, probation, rehabilitation, or representation of
29	criminal offenders;
30	(2) the location of parents with child support obligations
31	under 42 U.S.C. 653;
32	(3) the licensing and regulating of riverboat gambling
33	operations; or
34	(4) the licensing and regulating of pari-mutuel horse racing
35	operations.
36	(b) The term includes the following:
37	(1) The office of the attorney general.
38	(2) The Medicaid fraud control unit, for the purpose of
39	investigating offenses involving Medicaid.
40	(3) A nongovernmental entity that performs as its principal
41	function the:
42	(A) apprehension, prosecution, adjudication, incarceration,



1	or rehabilitation of criminal offenders;
2	(B) location of parents with child support obligations
3	under 42 U.S.C. 653;
4	(C) licensing and regulating of riverboat gambling
5	operations; or
6	(D) licensing and regulating of pari-mutuel horse racing
7	operations;
8	under a contract with an agency or department of any level of
9	government.
.0	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "disposition" means information
. 1	disclosing that criminal proceedings have been concluded or
2	indefinitely postponed.
3	Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "inspection" means visual
.4	perusal and includes the right to make memoranda abstracts of the
.5	information.
.6	Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "institute" means the Indiana
.7	criminal justice institute established by IC 5-2-6-3.
. 8	Sec. 10. (a) As used in this chapter, "law enforcement agency"
9	means an agency or a department of any level of government
20	whose principal function is the apprehension of criminal offenders.
21	(b) The term includes the office of the attorney general.
22	Sec. 11. (a) As used in this chapter, "limited criminal history"
23	means information with respect to any arrest or criminal charge,
24	which must include a disposition.
25	(b) However, the term includes information about any arrest or
26	criminal charge that occurred less than one (1) year before the date
27	of a request even if no disposition has been entered.
28	Sec. 12. As used in this chapter, "national criminal history
29	background check" means the criminal history record system
30	maintained by the Federal Bureau of Investigation based on
31	fingerprint identification or any other method of positive
32	identification.
33	Sec. 13. As used in this chapter, "no contact order" means an
34	order that prohibits a person from having direct or indirect
35	contact with another person and that is issued under any of the
36	following:
37	(1) IC 31-32-13.
88	(2) IC 31-34-17.
39	(3) IC 31-34-20.
10	(4) IC 31-37-16.
11	(5) IC 31-37-19-1.
12	(6) IC 31-37-19-6.

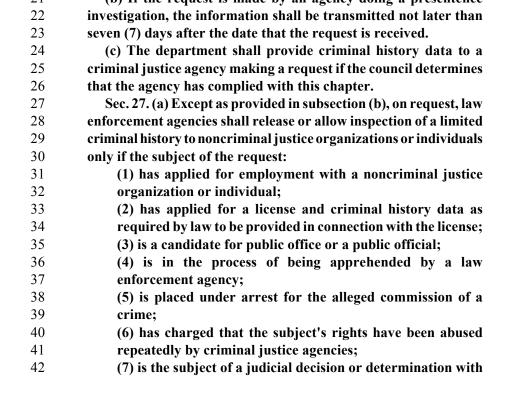


1	(7) IC 33-14-1-7.
2	(8) IC 35-33-8-3.2.
3	(9) IC 35-38-2-2.3.
4	Sec. 14. As used in this chapter, "noncertificated employee" has
5	the meaning set forth in IC 20-7.5-1-2.
6	Sec. 15. (a) As used in this chapter, "protective order" has the
7	meaning set forth in IC 5-2-9-2.1.
8	(b) The term includes a foreign protection order (as defined in
9	IC 34-6-2-48.5).
10	Sec. 16. (a) As used in this chapter, "qualified entity" means a
11	business or an organization, whether public, private, for-profit,
12	nonprofit, or voluntary, that provides care or care placement
13	services.
14	(b) The term includes a business or an organization that licenses
15	or certifies others to provide care or care placement services.
16	Sec. 17. As used in this chapter, "release" means furnishing a
17	copy or an edited copy of criminal history data.
18	Sec. 18. As used in this chapter, "reportable offenses" means all
19	felonies and those Class A misdemeanors the superintendent
20	designates.
21	Sec. 19. As used in this chapter, "request" means asking for
22	release or inspection of a limited criminal history by noncriminal
23	justice organizations or individuals in a manner that:
24	(1) reasonably ensures the identification of the subject of the
25	inquiry; and
26	(2) contains a statement of the purpose for which the
27	information is requested.
28	Sec. 20. As used in this chapter, "school corporation" has the
29	meaning set forth in IC 20-10.1-1-1.
30	Sec. 21. As used in this chapter, "special education cooperative"
31	has the meaning set forth in IC 20-1-6-20.
32	Sec. 22. As used in this chapter, "unidentified person" means a
33	deceased or mentally incapacitated person whose identity is
34	unknown.
35	Sec. 23. As used in this chapter, "workplace violence restraining
36	order" means an order issued under IC 34-26-6.
37	Sec. 24. (a) The department shall act as the official state central
38	repository for criminal history data.
39	(b) A sheriff, police department, or criminal justice agency in
40	Indiana shall report to the department, on forms provided by the
11	department, all arrests for reportable offenses

Sec. 25. (a) If a person whose arrest has been reported as



1	required by section 24 of this chapter is:
2	(1) transferred to the custody of another criminal justice
3	agency; or
4	(2) released without having an indictment or information filed
5	with any court;
6	a disposition report shall be furnished to the department by the
7	agency from whose custody the person has been transferred or
8	released. Disposition reports shall be made on forms provided by
9	the department.
10	(b) If an indictment or information is filed in a court, the clerk
11	of the court shall furnish to the department, on forms provided by
12	the department, a report of the disposition of the case.
13	(c) A disposition report, whether by a criminal justice agency or
14	a court clerk, shall be sent to the department within thirty (30)
15	days after the disposition.
16	Sec. 26. (a) A criminal justice agency:
17	(1) shall provide criminal history data to another criminal
18	justice agency upon request; and
19	(2) may receive criminal history data from another criminal
20	justice agency.
21	(b) If the request is made by an agency doing a presentence
22	investigation, the information shall be transmitted not later than
23	seven (7) days after the date that the request is received.
24	(c) The department shall provide criminal history data to a
25	criminal justice agency making a request if the council determines
26	that the agency has complied with this chapter.
27	Sec. 27. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), on request, law
28	enforcement agencies shall release or allow inspection of a limited
29	criminal history to noncriminal justice organizations or individuals
30	only if the subject of the request:
31	(1) has applied for employment with a noncriminal justice
32	organization or individual;
33	(2) has applied for a license and criminal history data as
34	required by law to be provided in connection with the license;
35	(3) is a candidate for public office or a public official;
36	(4) is in the process of being apprehended by a law
37	enforcement agency;
38	(5) is placed under arrest for the alleged commission of a
39	crime;
40	(6) has charged that the subject's rights have been abused
41	repeatedly by criminal justice agencies;





1	respect to the setting of bond, plea bargaining, sentencing, or
2	probation;
3	(8) has volunteered services that involve contact with, care of,
4	or supervision over a child who is being placed, matched, or
5	monitored by a social services agency or a nonprofit
6	corporation;
7	(9) has volunteered services at a public school (as defined in
8	IC 20-10.1-1-2) or non-public school (as defined in
9	IC 20-10.1-1-3) that involve contact with, care of, or
10	supervision over a student enrolled in the school;
11	(10) is being investigated for welfare fraud by an investigator
12	of the division of family and children or a county office of
13	family and children;
14	(11) is being sought by the parent locator service of the child
15	support bureau of the division of family and children;
16	(12) is or was required to register as a sex and violent offender
17	under IC 5-2-12; or
18	(13) has been convicted of any of the following:
19	(A) Rape (IC 35-42-4-1), if the victim is less than eighteen
20	(18) years of age.
21	(B) Criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2), if the victim
22	is less than eighteen (18) years of age.
23	(C) Child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3).
24	(D) Child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4(b)).
25	(E) Possession of child pornography (IC 35-42-4-4(c)).
26	(F) Vicarious sexual gratification (IC 35-42-4-5).
27	(G) Child solicitation (IC 35-42-4-6).
28	(H) Child seduction (IC 35-42-4-7).
29	(I) Sexual misconduct with a minor as a felony
30	(IC 35-42-4-9).
31	(J) Incest (IC 35-46-1-3), if the victim is less than eighteen
32	(18) years of age.
33	However, limited criminal history information obtained from the
34	National Crime Information Center may not be released under this
35	section except to the extent permitted by the Attorney General of
36	the United States.
37	(b) A law enforcement agency shall allow inspection of a limited
38	criminal history by and release a limited criminal history to the
39	following noncriminal justice organizations:
40	(1) Federally chartered or insured banking institutions.
41	(2) Officials of state and local government for any of the
42	following purposes:



1	(A) Employment with a state or local governmental entity.
2	(B) Licensing.
3	(3) Segments of the securities industry identified under 15
4	U.S.C. 78q(f)(2).
5	(c) Any person who uses limited criminal history for any
6	purpose not specified under this section commits a Class A
7	misdemeanor.
8	Sec. 28. On request of an individual who has applied for
9	employment with a noncriminal justice organization or individual,
10	the Indiana central repository for criminal history information
11	shall process a request for a limited criminal history check of the
12	individual making the request from the Federal Bureau of
13	Investigation's National Crime Information Center upon:
14	(1) the submission of fingerprints of the individual making the
15	request; and
16	(2) the payment of a fifteen dollar (\$15) fee.
17	Sec. 29. A noncriminal justice organization or individual that
18	receives a limited criminal history may not use it for purposes:
19	(1) other than those stated in the request; or
20	(2) that deny the subject any civil right to which the subject is
21	entitled.
22	Sec. 30. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), on request for
23	release or inspection of a limited criminal history, law enforcement
24	agencies may and the department shall do the following:
25	(1) Require a form, provided by law enforcement agencies
26	and the department, to be completed. The form shall be
27	maintained for two (2) years and shall be available to the
28	record subject upon request.
29	(2) Collect a three dollar (\$3) fee to defray the cost of
30	processing a request for inspection.
31	(3) Collect a seven dollar (\$7) fee to defray the cost of
32	processing a request for release. However, law enforcement
33	agencies and the department may not charge the fee for
34	requests received from the parent locator service of the child
35	support bureau of the division of family and children.
36	(b) Law enforcement agencies and the department shall edit
37	information so that the only information released or inspected is
38	information that:
39	(1) has been requested; and
40	(2) is limited criminal history information.
41	(c) The fee required under subsection (a) shall be waived if the
42	request relates to the sex and violent offender directory under



1	IC 5-2-6 or concerns a person required to register as a sex and
2	violent offender under IC 5-2-12.
3	Sec. 31. (a) Unless otherwise prohibited by law, a criminal
4	justice agency that maintains criminal history data, upon request
5	and proper identification of the person about whom criminal
6	history data is maintained, shall provide that person with a copy of
7	the person's criminal history data for a reasonable fee.
8	(b) Any person may challenge the information contained in the
9	person's criminal history data file.
.0	Sec. 32. This chapter is not applicable to and does not prevent
.1	the release or inspection of information contained in the following:
2	(1) Wanted person posters or announcements.
.3	(2) An original record of entry, including a police blotter,
4	maintained by a criminal justice agency.
.5	(3) Published court or administrative opinions or records of
.6	public judicial, administrative, or legislative proceedings.
.7	(4) Records of traffic offenses maintained by the bureau of
.8	motor vehicles.
9	(5) Announcements of pardon or executive clemency.
20	Sec. 33. (a) The council shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to:
21	(1) assure the completeness and accuracy of criminal history
22	data;
23	(2) protect information from loss, alteration, destruction, or
24	improper direct access to the information files;
25	(3) prevent unreasonable interference with the regular
26	discharge of the duties of employees of law enforcement
27	agencies; and
28	(4) carry out this chapter.
29	(b) If a person makes a challenge under section 31(b) of this
30	chapter, the department shall:
31	(1) make the changes requested, if it determines the data is in
32	error; or
33	(2) conduct a hearing under IC 4-21.5-3, if requested by the
34	person making the challenge.
35	(c) The rules adopted under this chapter must provide for
86	inspection in a reasonable and timely manner.
37	Sec. 34. (a) There is established a security and privacy council
88	that consists of nine (9) members selected under subsections (b)
39	and (c).
10	(b) The following six (6) members shall be appointed by and
1	shall serve at the pleasure of the governor:
12	(1) A prosecuting attorney.



1	(2) The police chief of a city.
2	(3) The sheriff of a county.
3	(4) A criminal court judge.
4	(5) Two (2) citizens who are not law enforcement officers.
5	(c) The following persons, or their designees, also are members
6	of the council:
7	(1) The superintendent.
8	(2) The attorney general.
9	(3) The commissioner of the department of correction.
.0	(d) Members of the council are not entitled to receive
. 1	compensation but are entitled to receive a per diem and mileage on
2	those days in which they are engaged in the business of the council.
.3	Per diem and mileage paid shall be that amount paid to state
4	employees.
.5	Sec. 35. (a) On a daily basis, all law enforcement agencies shall
.6	enter into the Indiana data and communication system (IDACS)
.7	computer the following:
.8	(1) All information concerning stolen or recovered property,
9	including the following:
20	(A) Motor vehicles.
21	(B) Firearms.
22	(C) Securities.
23	(D) Boats.
24	(E) License plates.
25	(F) Other stolen or recovered property.
26	(2) All information concerning fugitives charged with a crime,
27	including information concerning extradition.
28	(3) All information concerning runaways, missing and
29	unidentified persons, and missing children (as defined in
30	IC 10-13-5-4), including information concerning the release of
31	those persons to the custody of a parent or guardian.
32	(4) Information contained in a protective order, including any
33	modifications or extensions issued by a court and filed with a
34	law enforcement agency as required in IC 5-2-9-6(f).
35	(b) On a daily basis, all law enforcement agencies shall do the
36	following:
37	(1) Enter all information concerning missing children (as
88	defined in IC 10-13-5-4) into the National Crime Information
39	Center's Missing Person File.
10	(2) Enter all information concerning warrants issued for a
11	person who allegedly abducted or unlawfully retained a
12	missing child into the National Crime Information Center's



1	Wanted Person File.
2	(3) Enter all information concerning unidentified persons into
3	the National Crime Information Center's Unidentified Person
4	File.
5	(4) Enter all information concerning a protective order, a
6	workplace violence restraining order, or a no contact order
7	involving intimate partners into the National Crime
8	Information Center's (NCIC) Protection Order File if the
9	order qualifies under NCIC rules.
10	(c) If a protective order, a no contact order, or a workplace
11	violence restraining order is removed from a depository
12	established under IC 5-2-9, the law enforcement agency responsible
13	for the depository shall delete the information entered under
14	subsection (a)(4) from the Indiana data and communication system
15	(IDACS) computer.
16	Sec. 36. (a) The department may not charge a fee for responding
17	to a request for the release of a limited criminal history record if
18	the request is made by a nonprofit organization:
19	(1) that has been in existence for at least ten (10) years; and
20	(2) that:
21	(A) has a primary purpose of providing an individual
22	relationship for a child with an adult volunteer if the
23	request is made as part of a background investigation of a
24	prospective adult volunteer for the organization;
25	(B) is a home health agency licensed under IC 16-27-1;
26	(C) is a community mental retardation and other
27	developmental disabilities center (as defined in
28	IC 12-7-2-39); or
29	(D) is a supervised group living facility licensed under
30	IC 12-28-5.
31	(b) The department may not charge a fee for responding to a
32	request for the release of a limited criminal history record made by
33	the division of family and children or a county office of family and
34	children if the request is made as part of a background
35	investigation of an applicant for a license under IC 12-17.2 or
36	IC 12-17.4.
37	(c) The department may not charge a fee for responding to a
38	request for the release of a limited criminal history if the request
39	is made by a school corporation, special education cooperative, or
40	non-public school (as defined in IC 20-10.1-1-3) as part of a
41	background investigation of an employee or adult volunteer for the

school corporation, special education cooperative, or nonpublic



1	school.
2	Sec. 37. (a) Under Public Law 92-544 (86 Stat. 1115), a local law
3	enforcement agency may use fingerprints submitted for the
4	purpose of identification in a request related to the following:
5	(1) A taxicab driver's license application.
6	(2) An application for a license for a massage therapist.
7	(3) Reinstatement or renewal of a license described in
8	subdivisions (1) and (2).
9	(b) An applicant shall submit the fingerprints on forms provided
10	for the license application.
11	(c) The local law enforcement agency shall charge each
12	applicant the fees set by the department and federal authorities to
13	defray the costs associated with a search for and classification of
14	the applicant's fingerprints.
15	(d) The local law enforcement agency may:
16	(1) forward for processing to the Federal Bureau of
17	Investigation or any other agency fingerprints submitted by
18	a license applicant; and
19	(2) receive the results of all fingerprint investigations.
20	Sec. 38. (a) A law enforcement agency shall collect information
21	concerning bias crimes.
22	(b) At least two (2) times each year, a law enforcement agency
23	shall submit information collected under subsection (a) to the
24	Indiana central repository for criminal history information.
25	Information shall be reported in the manner and form prescribed
26	by the department.
27	(c) At least one (1) time each year, the Indiana central
28	repository for criminal history information shall submit a report
29	that includes a compilation of information obtained under
30	subsection (b) to each law enforcement agency and to the legislative
31	council. A report submitted to a law enforcement agency and the
32	legislative council under this subsection may not contain the name
33	of a person who:
34	(1) committed or allegedly committed a bias crime; or
35	(2) was the victim or the alleged victim of a bias crime.
36	(d) Except as provided in subsection (e), information collected,
37	submitted, and reported under this section must be consistent with
38	guidelines established for the acquisition, preservation, and
39	exchange of identification records and information by:
40	(1) the Attorney General of the United States; or
41	(2) the Federal Bureau of Investigation;

under 28 U.S.C. 534 and the Hate Crime Statistics Act, as amended



1	(28 U.S.C. 534 note).
2	(e) Information submitted under subsection (b) and reports
3	issued under subsection (c) shall, in conformity with guidelines
4	prescribed by the department:
5	(1) be separated in reports on the basis of whether it is an
6	alleged crime, a charged crime, or a crime for which a
7	conviction has been obtained; and
8	(2) be divided in reports on the basis of whether, in the
9	opinion of the reporting individual and the data collectors,
10	bias was the primary motivation for the crime or only
11	incidental to the crime.
12	Sec. 39. (a) The department is designated as the authorized
13	agency to receive requests for, process, and disseminate the results
14	of national criminal history background checks that comply with
15	this section and 42 U.S.C. 5119a.
16	(b) A qualified entity may contact the department to request a
17	national criminal history background check on any of the following
18	persons:
19	(1) A person who seeks to be or is employed with the qualified
20	entity. A request under this subdivision must be made not
21	later than three (3) months after the person is initially
22	employed by the qualified entity.
23	(2) A person who seeks to volunteer or is a volunteer with the
24	qualified entity. A request under this subdivision must be
25	made not later than three (3) months after the person initially
26	volunteers with the qualified entity.
27	(c) A qualified entity must submit a request under subsection (b)
28	in the form required by the department and provide a set of the
29	person's fingerprints and any required fees with the request.
30	(d) If a qualified entity makes a request in conformity with
31	subsection (b), the department shall submit the set of fingerprints
32	provided with the request to the Federal Bureau of Investigation
33	for a national criminal history background check for convictions
34	described in IC 20-5-2-8. The department shall respond to the
35	request in conformity with:
36	(1) the requirements of 42 U.S.C. 5119a; and
37	(2) the regulations prescribed by the Attorney General of the
38	United States under 42 U.S.C. 5119a.
39	(e) This subsection applies to a qualified entity that:
40	(1) is not a school corporation or a special education
41	cooperative; or

(2) is a school corporation or a special education cooperative



1	and seeks a national criminal history background check for a
2	volunteer.
3	After receiving the results of a national criminal history
4	background check from the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the
5	department shall make a determination whether the applicant has
6	been convicted of an offense described in IC 20-5-2-8 and convey
7	the determination to the requesting qualified entity.
8	(f) This subsection applies to a qualified entity that:
9	(1) is a school corporation or a special education cooperative;
10	and
11	(2) seeks a national criminal history background check to
12	determine whether to employ or continue the employment of
13	a certificated employee or a noncertificated employee of a
14	school corporation or an equivalent position with a special
15	education cooperative.
16	After receiving the results of a national criminal history
17	background check from the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the
18	department may exchange identification records concerning
19	convictions for offenses described in IC 20-5-2-8 with the school
20	corporation or special education cooperative solely for purposes of
21	making an employment determination. The exchange may be made
22	only for the official use of the officials with authority to make the
23	employment determination. The exchange is subject to the
24	restrictions on dissemination imposed under P.L.92-544, (86 Stat.
25	1115) (1972).
26	Chapter 4. Juvenile History Information
27	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "council" refers to the security
28	and privacy council established by IC 10-13-3-34.
29	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "criminal justice agency" has the
30	meaning set forth in IC 10-13-3-6.
31	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "inspection" means visual
32	perusal and includes the right to make memoranda abstracts of
33	juvenile history data.
34	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "juvenile history data" means
35	information collected by criminal or juvenile justice agencies or
36	individuals about a child who is alleged to have committed a
37	reportable act and consists of the following:
38	(1) Descriptions and notations of events leading to the taking
39	of the child into custody by a juvenile justice agency for a
40	reportable act allegedly committed by the child.

(2) A petition alleging that the child is a delinquent child.

(3) Dispositional decrees concerning the child that are entered



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1	under IC 31-37-19 (or IC 31-6-4-15.9 before its repeal).
2	(4) The findings of a court determined after a hearing is held
3	under IC 31-37-20-2 or IC 31-37-20-3 (or IC 31-6-4-19(h) or
4	IC 31-6-4-19(i) before their repeal) concerning the child.
5	(5) Information:
6	(A) regarding a child who has been adjudicated a
7	delinquent child for committing an act that would be an
8	offense described in IC 5-2-12-4 if committed by an adult;
9	and
.0	(B) that is obtained through sex and violent offender
.1	registration under IC 5-2-12.
2	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "juvenile justice agency" means
.3	an agency or department of any level of government, the functions
4	of which include juvenile justice activities included under
.5	IC 5-2-6-1.
.6	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "petition" means a petition filed
.7	under IC 31-37-10 (or IC 31-6-4-9 before its repeal) alleging that
8	a child is a delinquent child.
9	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "release" means furnishing a
20	copy or edited copy of juvenile history data.
21	Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "reportable act" means a
22	delinquent act that would be a felony if committed by an adult.
23	Sec. 9. (a) The department shall act as the official state central
24	repository for juvenile history data.
25	(b) Juvenile justice agencies shall report to the department, on
26	forms provided by the department, each incident in which a child
27	is taken into custody for a reportable act allegedly committed by
28	the child.
29	Sec. 10. (a) If a child for whom a report is required to be
30	submitted under section 9 of this chapter is:
31	(1) transferred to the custody of another juvenile justice
32	agency; or
33	(2) released without having a petition filed with any court;
34	a disposition report shall be furnished to the department by the
35	agency from which custody of the child has been transferred or
86	released. Disposition reports must be made on forms provided by
37	the department.
88	(b) If a petition is filed in any court, the clerk of the court shall
39	furnish to the department, on forms provided by the department,
10	a report of the dispositional decree of the case entered under
L1	IC 31-37-19-5 (or IC 31-6-4-15 9 before its reneal)

(c) A report required under section 9 of this chapter or this



1	section, whether by a juvenile justice agency or a court clerk, shall
2	be sent to the department within thirty (30) days after the action
3	necessitating the report occurs.
4	Sec. 11. (a) A criminal or juvenile justice agency may:
5	(1) provide juvenile history data to; or
6	(2) receive juvenile history data from;
7	another criminal or juvenile justice agency.
8	(b) The department shall provide juvenile history data to any
9	criminal or juvenile justice agency asking for it if the council
10	determines that the agency has complied with this chapter.
11	Sec. 12. (a) Except as otherwise provided, any criminal or
12	juvenile justice agency that maintains juvenile history data shall,
13	upon request and proper identification of the person about whom
14	juvenile history data is maintained, provide:
15	(1) that person; or
16	(2) the person's parent, guardian, or custodian if the person
17	is less than eighteen (18) years of age;
18	with a copy of the person's juvenile history data for a reasonable
19	fee.
20	(b) A person or the person's parent, guardian, or custodian, if
21	the person is less than eighteen (18) years of age, may challenge the
22	accuracy of information about the person filed with the
23	department as juvenile history data.
24	(c) The department may not release or allow inspection of
25	juvenile history data to any person or agency that is not authorized
26	under this chapter to receive it.
27	Sec. 13. (a) When a person who is the subject of juvenile history
28	data on file with the department becomes twenty-two (22) years of
29	age, the department shall seal that person's juvenile history data.
30	However, this subsection does not apply if, after the department
31	receives juvenile history data about a person, the person is arrested
32	for a felony required to be reported to the department under
33	IC 10-13-3.
34	(b) Except as provided under subsection (c), the department
35	may not release to or allow inspection of sealed juvenile history
36	data by any agency or person other than the person who is the
37	subject of the juvenile history data.
38	(c) A court may not order the release or inspection of sealed
39	juvenile history data unless the person who is the subject of the
40	sealed juvenile history data challenges its existence during a court
41	proceeding.
42	Sec. 14. (a) The council shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to do



1	the following:
2	(1) Assure the completeness and accuracy of juvenile history
3	data.
4	(2) Protect information from loss, alteration, destruction, or
5	improper direct access to the information files.
6	(3) Prevent unreasonable interference with the regular
7	discharge of the duties of employees of law enforcement
8	agencies.
9	(4) Carry out this chapter.
0	(b) If a person makes a challenge under section 12(b) of this
.1	chapter, the department shall:
.2	(1) make the changes requested, if the department determines
.3	the data is in error; or
.4	(2) conduct a hearing under IC 4-21.5, if requested by the
.5	person making the challenge.
.6	(c) The rules adopted under this chapter must provide for
.7	inspection and release of juvenile history data in a reasonable and
.8	timely manner.
.9	Chapter 5. Indiana Clearinghouse for Information on Missing
20	Children
21	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "Amber alert program" means
22	a program under which the clearinghouse transmits information
23	about a recently abducted child to broadcasters who:
24	(1) have agreed to participate in the program; and
25	(2) immediately and repeatedly broadcast the information to
26	the general public.
27	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "broadcaster" means the
28	operator of a radio or television station.
29	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "clearinghouse" refers to the
30	Indiana clearinghouse for information on missing children
31	established by section 5 of this chapter.
32	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "missing child" means a person
33	less than eighteen (18) years of age who:
34	(1) is, or is believed to be:
35	(A) a temporary or permanent resident of Indiana;
36	(B) at a location that cannot be determined by the person's
37	parent or legal custodian; and
88	(C) reported missing to a law enforcement agency; or
39	(2) is, or is believed to be:
10	(A) a temporary or permanent resident of Indiana; and
11	(B) a victim of the offense of criminal confinement
12	(IC 35-42-3-3) or interference with custody $(IC 35-42-3-4)$.



1	Sec. 5. The Indiana clearinghouse for information on missing
2	children is established within the department.
3	Sec. 6. (a) The superintendent shall designate staff responsible
4	for the operation of the clearinghouse.
5	(b) The staff's duties include the following:
6	(1) Creation and operation of an intrastate network of
7	communication designed for the speedy collection and
8	processing of information concerning missing children.
9	(2) Creation and operation of a central data storage, retrieval,
10	and information distribution system designed for the
11	exchange of information on missing children within and
12	outside Indiana. The system must be capable of interacting
13	with:
14	(A) the Indiana data and communication system under
15	IC 10-13-3-35; and
16	(B) the National Crime Information Center.
17	(3) Development of appropriate forms for the reporting of
18	missing children that may be used by law enforcement
19	agencies and private citizens to provide useful information
20	about a missing child to the clearinghouse.
21	(4) Cooperation with the following agencies concerning the
22	location of missing children:
23	(A) State and local public and private nonprofit agencies
24	involved with the location and recovery of missing persons.
25	(B) Agencies of the federal government.
26	(C) State and local law enforcement agencies within and
27	outside Indiana.
28	(5) Coordinating efforts to locate missing children with the
29	agencies listed in subdivision (4).
30	(6) Operation of the toll free telephone line created under
31	section 7(a) of this chapter.
32	(7) Publishing and updating, on a quarterly basis, a directory
33	of missing children.
34	(8) Compiling statistics on missing children cases handled by
35	the clearinghouse, including the number of cases resolved
36	each year.
37 38	Sec. 7. (a) The clearinghouse shall do the following: (1) Collect, process, and maintain identification and
39	investigative information to aid in finding missing children.
39 40	(2) Establish a statewide, toll free telephone line for reports of
41	missing children and sightings of missing children.
41	
44	(3) Prescribe a uniform reporting form concerning missing



1	children for use by law enforcement agencies within Indiana.
2	(4) Assist in training law enforcement and other professionals
3	on issues relating to missing children.
4	(5) Operate a resource center of information regarding the
5	prevention of:
6	(A) the abduction of children; and
7	(B) the sexual exploitation of children.
8	(6) Distribute the quarterly directory prepared under section
9	6(b)(7) of this chapter to schools and hospitals.
10	(7) Distribute the quarterly directory described in subdivision
11	(6) to child care centers and child care homes that make an
12	annual contribution of four dollars (\$4) to the clearinghouse.
13	The contributions must be used to help defray the cost of
14	publishing the quarterly directory.
15	(b) For a missing child who was born in Indiana, the
16	clearinghouse shall notify the vital statistics division of the state
17	department of health:
18	(1) within fifteen (15) days after receiving a report under
19	IC 31-36-1-3 (or IC 31-6-13-4 before its repeal) of a missing
20	child less than thirteen (13) years of age; and
21	(2) promptly after the clearinghouse is notified that a missing
22	child has been found.
23	(c) Upon receiving notification under subsection (b) that a child
24	is missing or has been found, the vital statistics division of the state
25	department of health shall notify the local health department or
26	the health and hospital corporation that has jurisdiction over the
27	area where the child was born.
28	(d) Information collected, processed, or maintained by the
29	clearinghouse under subsection (a) is confidential and is not subject
30	to IC 5-14-3, but may be disclosed by the clearinghouse for
31	purposes of locating missing children.
32	Sec. 8. (a) The clearinghouse may operate an Amber alert
33	program.
34	(b) Upon the establishment of an Amber alert program, the
35	clearinghouse may enter into an agreement with one (1) or more
36	broadcasters to operate the Amber alert program under this
37	chapter.
38	(c) The superintendent shall designate staff responsible for the
39	operation of the Amber alert program.
40	(d) The department shall adopt guidelines governing the
41	clearinghouse's operation of the Amber alert program. The

department's guidelines may require that staff, upon receiving a



1	report that a child has been abducted, immediately send by
2	facsimile (fax) transmission or other means of communication a
3	description of the abducted child to one (1) or more broadcasters
4	participating in the Amber alert program.
5	(e) A broadcaster participating in the Amber alert program
6	shall immediately broadcast:
7	(1) a description of the abducted child; and
8	(2) other information that will assist in locating the abducted
9	child;
10	to the general public in accordance with the Amber alert plan
11	agreement between the clearinghouse and the broadcaster.
12	(f) The department shall adopt guidelines governing the
13	voluntary Amber alert program agreement between the
14	clearinghouse and a broadcaster. The voluntary agreement
15	between the clearinghouse and the broadcaster may include the
16	following provisions:
17	(1) Upon receiving a notification as part of the Amber alert
18	program, the broadcaster shall broadcast the information
19	contained on the notice on an intermittent basis for a period
20	of time as provided in the agreement between the
21	clearinghouse and the broadcaster.
22	(2) The broadcaster shall treat the Amber alert notification as
23	an emergency.
24	(3) The broadcaster shall ensure that the facsimile (fax)
25	transmission machine or other communications device used
26	to receive an Amber alert notification is:
27	(A) generally available to receive an Amber alert
28	notification; and
29	(B) located such that the broadcaster will immediately
30	become aware of an incoming Amber alert notification.
31	Sec. 9. If a missing child is found, the child's parent or legal
32	custodian shall notify the law enforcement agency that received the
33	missing child notification under IC 31-36 (or IC 31-6-13 before its
34	repeal).
35	Sec. 10. Upon receiving notification from a parent or legal
36	custodian that a missing child has been found, a law enforcement
37	agency shall immediately notify the clearinghouse.
38	Sec. 11. (a) Upon receiving notification under section 7 of this
39	chapter, the vital statistics division of the state department of
40	health and the appropriate local health department or health and
41	hospital corporation shall attach a notice to the child's birth

certificate stating that the child has been reported missing. The



1	notice must remain attached to the birth certificate until
2	notification is received under section 7 of this chapter that the
3	missing child has been found.
4	(b) If a request for a copy of the birth certificate of a child is
5	received, the vital statistics division and the appropriate local
6	health department or health and hospital corporation shall require
7	the person making the request to submit an application for the
8	birth certificate that includes:
9	(1) the date of the request;
10	(2) the name, address, and telephone number of the person
11	making the request; and
12	(3) the signature of the person making the request.
13	(c) If a notice that the child is missing has been attached to the
14	birth certificate, the vital statistics division and the appropriate
15	local health department or health and hospital corporation shall
16	immediately notify the clearinghouse of the information contained
17	in the application.
18	(d) A copy of the birth certificate of a missing child to which a
19	notice has been attached under subsection (a) may not be issued
20	without authorization from the clearinghouse.
21	Chapter 6. Indiana DNA Data Base
22	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "Combined DNA Index System"
23	refers to the Federal Bureau of Investigation's national DNA
24	identification index system that allows the storage and exchange of
25	DNA records submitted by state and local forensic DNA
26	laboratories.
27	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "DNA" means deoxyribonucleic
28	acid that:
29	(1) is located in the nucleated cells;
30	(2) provides an individual's personal genetic blueprint; and
31	(3) encodes genetic information that is the basis of human
32	heredity and forensic identification.
33	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "DNA analysis" means an
34	identification process in which the unique genetic code of an
35	individual that is carried by the individual's DNA is compared with
36	the genetic codes of another individual.
37	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "DNA profile" means the results
38	of all DNA identification tests on an individual's DNA sample.
39	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "DNA record" refers to DNA
40	identification information stored in the state DNA data base or the

Combined DNA Index System for the purpose of generating

investigative leads or supporting statistical interpretation of DNA



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1	test results that:
2	(1) is the result obtained from DNA typing tests; and
3	(2) is comprised of the characteristics of a DNA sample that
4	are of value in establishing the identity of individuals.
5	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "DNA sample" means a blood,
6	tissue, or other body fluid sample:
7	(1) provided by a person with respect to offenses covered by
8	this chapter; or
9	(2) submitted to the state police laboratory under this chapter
10	for analysis or storage, or both.
11	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "superintendent" includes the
12	superintendent or the superintendent's designee.
13	Sec. 8. (a) The superintendent may establish a data base of DNA
14	identification records of:
15	(1) convicted criminals;
16	(2) crime scene specimens;
17	(3) unidentified missing persons; and
18	(4) close biological relatives of missing persons.
19	(b) The superintendent shall maintain the Indiana DNA data
20	base.
21	(c) The superintendent may contract for services to perform
22	DNA analysis of convicted offenders under section 10 of this
23	chapter to assist federal, state, and local criminal justice and law
24	enforcement agencies in the putative identification, detection, or
25	exclusion of individuals who are subjects of an investigation or
26	prosecution of a sex offense, a violent crime, or another crime in
27	which biological evidence is recovered from the crime scene.
28	(d) The superintendent shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2
29	necessary to administer and enforce the provisions and intent of
30	this chapter.
31	Sec. 9. The superintendent shall ensure that the Indiana DNA
32	data base:
33	(1) supports development of a population statistics data base
34	when personal identifying information is removed;
35	(2) supports identification research and protocol development
36	of forensic DNA analysis;
37	(3) assists in achieving quality control; and
38	(4) assists in the recovery or identification of human remains
39	from mass disasters or for other humanitarian purposes,
40	including identification of missing persons who may be alive.
41	Sec. 10. (a) This section applies to the following:
42	(1) A person convicted of a felony under IC 35-42 (offenses



1	against the person), IC 35-43-2-1 (burglary), or IC 35-42-4-6
2	(child solicitation):
3	(A) after June 30, 1996, whether or not the person is
4	sentenced to a term of imprisonment; and
5	(B) before July 1, 1996, if the person is held in jail or
6	prison on or after July 1, 1996.
7	(2) A person convicted of a criminal law in effect before
8	October 1, 1977, that penalized an act substantially similar to
9	a felony described in IC 35-42 or IC 35-43-2-1 or that would
10	have been an included offense of a felony described in
11	IC 35-42 or IC 35-43-2-1 if the felony had been in effect:
12	(A) after June 30, 1998, whether or not the person is
13	sentenced to a term of imprisonment; and
14	(B) before July 1, 1998, if the person is held in jail or
15	prison on or after July 1, 1998.
16	(b) A person described in subsection (a) shall provide a DNA
17	sample to the:
18	(1) department of correction or the designee of the
19	department of correction if the offender is committed to the
20	department of correction; or
21	(2) county sheriff or the designee of the county sheriff if the
22	offender is held in a county jail or other county penal facility,
23	placed in a community corrections program (as defined in
24	IC 35-38-2.6-2), or placed on probation.
25	A convicted person is not required to submit a blood sample if
26	doing so would present a substantial and an unreasonable risk to
27	the person's health.
28	Sec. 11. (a) The superintendent may issue specific guidelines
29	relating to procedures for DNA sample collection and shipment
30	within Indiana for DNA identification testing.
31	(b) The superintendent shall issue specific guidelines related to
32	procedures for DNA sample collection and shipment by the county
33	sheriff or designee of the county sheriff under section 10(b)(2) of
34	this chapter. The superintendent shall provide each county sheriff
35	with the guidelines issued under this subsection. A county sheriff
36	shall collect and ship DNA samples in compliance with the
37	guidelines issued under this subsection.
38	(c) The superintendent may delay the implementation of the
39	collection of DNA samples under section 10(b)(2) of this chapter in
40	one (1) or more counties until the earlier of the following:
41	(1) A date set by the superintendent.
42	(2) The date funding becomes available by grant through the



1	criminal justice institute.
2	If the superintendent delays implementation of section 10(b)(2) of
3	this chapter or terminates a delay under section 10(b)(2) of this
4	chapter in any county, the superintendent shall notify the county
5	sheriff in writing of the superintendent's action.
6	Sec. 12. DNA samples for the Indiana DNA data base must be
7	collected in a medically approved manner by one (1) of the
8	following:
9	(1) A physician.
.0	(2) A registered nurse.
1	(3) A licensed vocational nurse.
2	(4) A licensed clinical laboratory technologist.
.3	(5) Any other person trained to collect DNA samples properly.
.4	Sec. 13. (a) Tests performed on the DNA samples are for the
.5	following purposes:
.6	(1) To analyze and type the genetic markers contained in or
.7	derived from DNA.
.8	(2) For law enforcement identification purposes.
9	(3) For research or administrative purposes, including:
20	(A) development of a population statistics data base after
21	personal identifying information is removed;
22	(B) support of identification research and protocol
23	development of forensic DNA analysis methods;
24	(C) quality control; and
25	(D) assisting in the recovery or identification of human
26	remains from mass disasters or for other humanitarian
27	purposes, including identification of missing persons who
28	may be alive.
29	(b) Tests performed under this chapter must be conducted in a
30	manner that produces compatible results with procedures specified
31	by the Federal Bureau of Investigation Laboratory to ensure that
32	DNA records are fully exchangeable between DNA laboratories.
33	Sec. 14. (a) A laboratory conducting forensic DNA analysis in
34	Indiana must implement and follow nationally recognized
35	standards for DNA quality assurance and proficiency testing, such
36	as those approved by the American Society of Crime Laboratory
37	Directors Laboratory Accreditation Board.
88	(b) Quality assurance guidelines issued by the Technical
39	Working Group on DNA Analysis Methods serve as the standard
10	for DNA testing under this chapter until national standards are set.
11	(c) A laboratory conducting forensic DNA analysis in Indiana
12	shall forward relevant DNA data base records to the state police



1	laboratory.
2	Sec. 15. A laboratory conducting forensic DNA analysis in
3	Indiana may disclose or allow access to collected DNA samples and
4	DNA analysis results only under the following circumstances:
5	(1) To criminal justice agencies for law enforcement
6	identification purposes.
7	(2) To defense counsel for criminal defense purposes.
8	(3) Upon authorization by a court or statute.
9	(4) For a population statistics data base, identification
10	research and protocol development, or quality control
11	purposes, but only if personal identifying information is
12	removed.
13	(5) For purposes of postconviction DNA testing and analysis
14	under IC 35-38-7.
15	Sec. 16. The information contained in the Indiana DNA data
16	base may not be collected or stored to obtain information about
17	human physical traits or predisposition for disease.
18	Sec. 17. Personal information stored in the Indiana DNA data
19	base is limited to:
20	(1) data necessary to:
21	(A) generate investigative leads; and
22	(B) support statistical interpretation of test results; and
23	(2) any other information necessary to allow for the successful
24	implementation of the Indiana DNA data base system.
25	Sec. 18. (a) A person whose DNA profile has been included in
26	the Indiana DNA data base may request expungement of the
27	profile from the DNA data base on the grounds that the conviction
28	on which the authority for inclusion in the Indiana DNA data base
29	was founded has been reversed and the case has been dismissed.
30	(b) All identifiable information in the Indiana DNA data base
31	pertaining to a person requesting expungement under subsection
32	(a) shall be expunged, and all samples from the person shall be
33	destroyed upon receipt of:
34	(1) a written request for expungement under subsection (a);
35	(2) a certified copy of the court order reversing and
36	dismissing the conviction; and
37	(3) any other information necessary to ascertain the validity
38	of the request.
39	(c) Upon expungement of a person's DNA profile from the
40	Indiana DNA data base, the superintendent shall request
41	expungement of the person's DNA profile from the national DNA



data base.

1	Sec. 19. (a) Access to the Indiana DNA data base is limited to
2	federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies through their
3	servicing forensic DNA laboratories.
4	(b) The superintendent shall take appropriate measures to
5	ensure that the Indiana DNA data base is protected against
6	unauthorized access.
7	Sec. 20. The superintendent may deny the privilege of a
8	laboratory performing forensic DNA analysis within Indiana to
9	exchange DNA identification records with federal, state, or local
10	criminal justice agencies if required quality control and privacy
11	standards described in this chapter for the Indiana DNA data base
12	are not met by the laboratory.
13	Sec. 21. A person who knowingly or intentionally without lawful
14	authority tampers with or attempts to tamper with any DNA
15	sample or a container collected under section 10 of this chapter
16	commits a Class D felony.
17	Sec. 22. A person who knowingly or intentionally disseminates,
18	receives, or otherwise uses or attempts to use information in the
19	Indiana DNA data base or DNA samples used in DNA analyses,
20	knowing that such dissemination, receipt, or use is for a purpose
21	other than authorized by law, commits a Class A misdemeanor.
22	SECTION 5. IC 10-14 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
23	A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
24	2003]:
25	ARTICLE 14. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT
26	Chapter 1. Definitions
27	Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this
28	article.
29	Sec. 2. "Agency" refers to the state emergency management
30	agency established by IC 10-14-2-1.
31	Sec. 3. "Commission" refers to the Indiana emergency medical
32	services commission established by IC 16-31-2-1.
33	Sec. 4. "Director" refers to the director of the agency appointed
34	under IC 10-14-2-2.
35	Chapter 2. State Emergency Management Agency
36	Sec. 1. The state emergency management agency is established.
37	Sec. 2. (a) The governor shall appoint a director, who is
38	responsible for organizing and administering the agency.
39	(b) The director:
40	(1) serves at the pleasure of the governor; and
41	(2) is entitled to receive compensation set by the budget
42	agency.



1	(c) The director shall serve as the executive secretary of the
2	commission.
3	Sec. 3. The director may hire qualified employees to carry out
4	the agency's responsibilities, subject to the following:
5	(1) The approval of the budget agency under IC 4-12-1-13.
6	(2) IC 4-15-2.
7	Sec. 4. The agency shall do the following:
8	(1) Coordinate the state's emergency plans.
9	(2) Serve as the coordinating agency for all state efforts for
10	preparedness for, response to, mitigation of, and recovery
11	from emergencies and disasters.
12	(3) Administer this article and IC 16-31.
13	(4) Perform duties assigned to the agency by the governor.
14	Chapter 3. Emergency Management and Disaster Law
15	Sec. 1. (a) As used in this chapter, "disaster" means an
16	occurrence or imminent threat of widespread or severe damage,
17	injury, or loss of life or property resulting from any natural or
18	manmade cause.
19	(b) The term includes the following:
20	(1) Fire.
21	(2) Flood.
22	(3) Earthquake.
23	(4) Wind.
24	(5) Storm.
25	(6) Wave action.
26	(7) Oil spill.
27	(8) Other water contamination requiring emergency action to
28	avert danger or damage.
29	(9) Air contamination.
30	(10) Drought.
31	(11) Explosion.
32	(12) Riot.
33	(13) Hostile military or paramilitary action.
34	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "emergency management"
35	means the preparation for and the coordination of all emergency
36	functions, other than functions for which military forces or other
37	federal agencies are primarily responsible, to prevent, minimize,
38	and repair injury and damage resulting from disasters. The
39	functions include the following:
40	(1) Firefighting services.
41	(2) Police services.
42	(3) Medical and health services.



1	(4) Rescue.
2	(5) Engineering.
3	(6) Warning services.
4	(7) Communications.
5	(8) Radiological, chemical, and other special weapons defense.
6	(9) Evacuation of persons from stricken areas.
7	(10) Emergency welfare services.
8	(11) Emergency transportation.
9	(12) Plant protection.
10	(13) Temporary restoration of public utility services.
11	(14) Other functions related to civilian protection.
12	(15) All other activities necessary or incidental to the
13	preparation for and coordination of the functions described
14	in subdivisions (1) through (14).
15	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "emergency management
16	worker" includes any full-time or part-time paid, volunteer, or
17	auxiliary employee of:
18	(1) the state;
19	(2) other:
20	(A) states;
21	(B) territories; or
22	(C) possessions;
23	(3) the District of Columbia;
24	(4) the federal government;
25	(5) any neighboring country;
26	(6) any political subdivision of an entity described in
27	subdivisions (1) through (5); or
28	(7) any agency or organization;
29	performing emergency management services at any place in
30	Indiana subject to the order or control of, or under a request of,
31	the state government or any political subdivision of the state.
32	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "energy" means coal, petroleum
33	or other liquid fuels, natural or synfuel gas, or electricity.
34	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "energy emergency" means an
35	existing or projected shortfall of at least eight percent (8%) of
36	motor fuel or of other energy sources that threatens to seriously
37	disrupt or diminish energy supplies to the extent that life, health,
38	or property may be jeopardized.
39	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter, "political subdivision" has the
40	meaning set forth in IC 36-1-2-13.
41	Sec. 7. (a) Because of the existing and increasing possibility of
42	disasters or emergencies of unprecedented size and destructiveness



1	that may result from manmade or natural causes, to ensure that
2	Indiana will be adequately prepared to deal with disasters or
3	emergencies or to prevent or mitigate those disasters where
4	possible, generally to provide for the common defense, to protect
5	the public peace, health, and safety, and to preserve the lives and
6	property of the people of the state, it is found and declared to be
7	necessary:
8	(1) to provide for emergency management under a state
9	emergency management agency;
10	(2) to create local emergency management departments and
11	to authorize and direct disaster and emergency management
12	functions in the political subdivisions of the state;
13	(3) to confer upon the governor and upon the executive heads
14	or governing bodies of the political subdivisions of the state
15	the emergency powers provided in this chapter;
16	(4) to provide for the rendering of mutual aid among the
17	political subdivisions of the state, with other states, and with
18	the federal government to carry out emergency, disaster, or
19	emergency management functions; and
20	(5) to authorize the establishment of organizations and the
21	implementation of steps that are necessary and appropriate
22	to carry out this chapter.
23	(b) It is also the purpose of this chapter and the policy of the
24	state to:
25	(1) coordinate all emergency management functions of this
26	state to the maximum extent with the comparable functions
27	of:
28	(A) the federal government, including the federal
29	government's various departments and agencies;
30	(B) other states and localities; and
31	(C) private agencies of every type;
32	so that the most effective preparation and use may be made of
33	the nation's manpower, resources, and facilities for dealing
34	with any disaster that may occur;
35	(2) prepare for prompt and efficient rescue, care, and
36	treatment of persons victimized or threatened by disaster;
37	(3) provide a setting conducive to the rapid and orderly start
38	of restoration and rehabilitation of persons and property
39	affected by disasters;
40	(4) clarify and strengthen the roles of the:
41	(A) governor;
42	(B) state agencies; and



1	(C) local governments;
2	in the prevention of, preparation for, response to, and
3	recovery from disasters;
4	(5) authorize and provide cooperation between departments
5	of government in:
6	(A) disaster prevention;
7	(B) preparedness;
8	(C) response; and
9	(D) recovery;
10	(6) authorize and provide coordination of activities relating
11	to:
12	(A) disaster prevention;
13	(B) preparedness;
14	(C) response; and
15	(D) recovery;
16	by agencies and officers of Indiana, and similar state-local,
17	interstate, federal-state, and foreign activities in which the
18	state and its political subdivisions may participate; and
19	(7) provide a disaster management system embodying all
20	aspects of pre-disaster preparedness, disaster operations, and
21	post-disaster response.
22	Sec. 8. (a) This chapter may not be construed to do the
23	following:
24	(1) Interfere with the course or conduct of a labor dispute,
25	except that actions otherwise authorized by this chapter or
26	other laws may be taken when necessary to forestall or
27	mitigate imminent or existing danger to public health or
28	safety.
29	(2) Interfere with the dissemination of news or comment on
30	public affairs. However, a communications facility or
31	organization, including radio and television stations, wire
32	services, and newspapers, may be required to transmit or
33	print public service messages furnishing information or
34	instructions in connection with a disaster emergency.
35	(3) Affect the jurisdiction or responsibilities of police forces,
36	firefighting forces, or units or personnel on active duty of the
37	United States' armed forces. However, state, local, and
38	interjurisdictional disaster emergency plans must rely on the
39	forces available for performance of functions related to
40	disaster emergencies.
41	(4) Limit, modify, or abridge the authority of the governor to
12	proclaim martial law or exercise any other powers vested in



1	the governor under the constitution, statutes, or common law
2	of Indiana independent of or in conjunction with any
3	provisions of this chapter.
4	(b) This chapter does not limit or in any way affect the
5	responsibilities of the American National Red Cross under 36
6	U.S.C. 300101 et seq. and 42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.
7	Sec. 9. (a) The agency shall prepare and maintain a current state
8	emergency operations plan. The plan may provide for the
9	following:
10	(1) Prevention and minimization of injury and damage caused
11	by disaster.
12	(2) Prompt and effective response to disaster.
13	(3) Emergency relief.
14	(4) Identification of areas particularly vulnerable to disaster.
15	(5) Recommendations for:
16	(A) zoning;
17	(B) building;
18	(C) other land use controls;
19	(D) safety measures for securing mobile homes or other
20	nonpermanent or semipermanent structures; and
21	(E) other preventive and preparedness measures designed
22	to eliminate or reduce disaster or its impact;
23	that must be disseminated to both the fire prevention and
24	building safety commission and local authorities.
25	(6) Assistance to local officials in designing local emergency
26	action plans.
27	(7) Authorization and procedures for the erection or other
28	construction of temporary works designed to protect against
29	or mitigate danger, damage, or loss from flood, conflagration,
30	or other disaster.
31	(8) Preparation and distribution to the appropriate state and
32	local officials of state catalogs of federal, state, and private
33	assistance programs.
34	(9) Organization of manpower and chains of command.
35	(10) Coordination of federal, state, and local disaster
36	activities.
37	(11) Coordination of the state disaster plan with the disaster
38	plans of the federal government.
39	(12) Other necessary matters.
40	(b) The agency shall take an integral part in the development
41	and revision of local and interjurisdictional disaster plans

prepared under section 17 of this chapter. The agency shall employ



1	or otherwise secure the services of professional and technical
2	personnel capable of providing expert assistance to political
3	subdivisions, a political subdivision's disaster agencies, and
4	interjurisdictional planning and disaster agencies. These
5	personnel:
6	(1) shall consult with subdivisions and government agencies
7	on a regularly scheduled basis;
8	(2) shall make field examinations of the areas, circumstances,
9	and conditions to which particular local and
10	interjurisdictional disaster plans are intended to apply; and
11	(3) may suggest revisions.
12	(c) In preparing and revising the state disaster plan, the agency
13	shall seek the advice and assistance of local government, business,
14	labor, industry, agriculture, civic and volunteer organizations, and
15	community leaders. In advising local and interjurisdictional
16	agencies, the agency shall encourage local and interjurisdictional
17	agencies to seek advice from the sources specified in this
18	subsection.
19	(d) The state disaster plan or any part of the plan may be
20	incorporated in rules of the agency or by executive orders.
21	(e) The agency shall do the following:
22	(1) Determine requirements of the state and political
23	subdivisions for food, clothing, and other necessities in the
24	event of an emergency.
25	(2) Procure and pre-position supplies, medicines, materials,
26	and equipment.
27	(3) Adopt standards and requirements for local and
28	interjurisdictional disaster plans.
29	(4) Provide for mobile support units.
30	(5) Assist political subdivisions, political subdivisions' disaster
31	agencies, and interjurisdictional disaster agencies to establish
32	and operate training programs and public information
33	programs.
34	(6) Make surveys of industries, resources, and facilities in
35	Indiana, both public and private, necessary to carry out this
36	chapter.
37	(7) Plan and make arrangements for the availability and use
38	of any private facilities, services, and property, and if
39	necessary and if the private facilities, services, or property is
40	used, provide for payment for the use under agreed upon

(8) Establish a register of persons with types of training and



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terms and conditions.

1	skills important in emergency prevention, preparedness,
2	response, and recovery.
3	(9) Establish a register of mobile and construction equipment
4	and temporary housing available for use in a disaster
5	emergency.
6	(10) Prepare, for issuance by the governor, executive orders,
7	proclamations, and regulations necessary or appropriate in
8	coping with disaster.
9	(11) Cooperate with the federal government and any public or
0	private agency or entity in achieving any purpose of this
. 1	chapter and in implementing programs for disaster
2	prevention, preparation, response, and recovery.
.3	(12) Do other things necessary, incidental, or appropriate to
4	implement this chapter.
.5	(f) The agency shall ascertain the rapid and efficient
.6	communications that exist in times of disaster emergencies. The
.7	agency shall consider the desirability of supplementing these
. 8	communications resources or of integrating these resources into a
9	comprehensive intrastate or state-federal telecommunications or
20	other communications system or network. In studying the
21	character and feasibility of any system, the agency shall evaluate
22	the possibility of multipurpose use of the system for general state
23	and local governmental purposes. The agency shall make
24	appropriate recommendations to the governor.
25	(g) The agency shall develop a statewide mutual aid program
26	and a statewide mutual aid agreement.
27	Sec. 10. (a) The mutual aid agreement described in section 9(g)
28	of this chapter must be a contract that provides for the following:
29	(1) The procedures for providing mutual aid.
30	(2) The term of the agreement and the method by which the
31	agreement may be rescinded or terminated by a party before
32	the termination date.
33	(3) The terms and conditions governing reimbursement for
34	any assistance provided.
35	(4) The terms and conditions governing insurance.
86	(5) The terms and conditions governing the assignment of
37	liability. A unit (as defined in IC 36-1-2-23) or state agency
88	that is a party to the agreement is not liable for a claim made
19	against or arising out of conduct of any other party to the
10	agreement or another party's personnel.
1	(6) The role of the agency.
12	(7) Other terms and conditions needed to implement a



1	statewide mutual aid program.
2	(b) If an employee of a unit or state agency renders outside aid
3	under the authority of an agreement, the employee has the same
4	powers, duties, rights, privileges, and immunities as if the employee
5	were performing the duties within the employee's normal
6	jurisdiction.
7	(c) A mutual aid arrangement or agreement entered into by a
8	unit under IC 36-1-7 before July 1, 2002, remains valid after June
9	30, 2002.
10	Sec. 11. (a) The governor has general direction and control of
11	the agency and is responsible for carrying out this chapter. In the
12	event of disaster or emergency beyond local control, the governor
13	may assume direct operational control over all or any part of the
14	emergency management functions within Indiana.
15	(b) In performing the governor's duties under this chapter, the
16	governor may do the following:
17	(1) Make, amend, and rescind the necessary orders, rules, and
18	regulations to carry out this chapter with due consideration
19	of the plans of the federal government.
20	(2) Cooperate with the President of the United States and the
21	heads of the armed forces, the Federal Emergency
22	Management Agency, and the officers and agencies of other
23	states in matters pertaining to emergency management and
24	disaster preparedness, response, and recovery of the state and
25	nation. In cooperating under this subdivision, the governor
26	may take any measures that the governor considers proper to
27	carry into effect any request of the President of the United
28	States and the appropriate federal officers and agencies for
29	any emergency management action, including the direction or
30	control of disaster preparations, including the following:
31	(A) Mobilizing emergency management forces and other
32	tests and exercises.
33	(B) Providing warnings and signals for drills, actual
34	emergencies, or disasters.
35	(C) Shutting off water mains, gas mains, and electric
36	power connections and suspending any other utility
37	service.
38	(D) Conducting civilians and the movement and cessation
39	of movement of pedestrians and vehicular traffic during,
40	before, and after drills, actual emergencies, or other
41	disasters.
42	(E) Holding public meetings or gatherings.



1	(F) Evacuating and receiving the civilian population.
2	(3) Take any action and give any direction to state and local
3	law enforcement officers and agencies as may be reasonable
4	and necessary for securing compliance with this chapter and
5	with any orders, rules, and regulations made under this
6	chapter.
7	(4) Employ any measure and give any direction to the state
8	department of health or local boards of health as is
9	reasonably necessary for securing compliance with this
10	chapter or with the findings or recommendations of the state
11	department of health or local boards of health because of
12	conditions arising from actual or threatened:
13	(A) national security emergencies; or
14	(B) manmade or natural disasters or emergencies.
15	(5) Use the services and facilities of existing officers, agencies
16	of the state, and of political subdivisions. All officers and
17	agencies of the state and of political subdivisions shall
18	cooperate with and extend services and facilities to the
19	governor as the governor may request.
20	(6) Establish agencies and offices and appoint executive,
21	technical, clerical, and other personnel necessary to carry out
22	this chapter, including the appointment of full-time state and
23	area directors.
24	Sec. 12. (a) The governor shall declare a disaster emergency by
25	executive order or proclamation if the governor determines that a
26	disaster has occurred or that the occurrence or the threat of a
27	disaster is imminent. The state of disaster emergency continues
28	until the governor:
29	(1) determines that the threat or danger has passed or the
30	disaster has been dealt with to the extent that emergency
31	conditions no longer exist; and
32	(2) terminates the state of disaster emergency by executive
33	order or proclamation.
34	A state of disaster emergency may not continue for longer than
35	thirty (30) days unless the state of disaster emergency is renewed
36	by the governor. The general assembly, by concurrent resolution,
37	may terminate a state of disaster emergency at any time. If the
38	general assembly terminates a state of disaster emergency under
39	this subsection, the governor shall issue an executive order or
40	proclamation ending the state of disaster emergency. All executive

orders or proclamations issued under this subsection must indicate

the nature of the disaster, the area or areas threatened, and the



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1	conditions which have brought the disaster about or that make
2	possible termination of the state of disaster emergency. An
3	executive order or proclamation under this subsection shall be
4	disseminated promptly by means calculated to bring the order's or
5	proclamation's contents to the attention of the general public.
6	Unless the circumstances attendant upon the disaster prevent or
7	impede, an executive order or proclamation shall be promptly filed
8	with the secretary of state and with the clerk of the city or town
9	affected or with the clerk of the circuit court.
10	(b) An executive order or proclamation of a state of disaster
11	emergency:
12	(1) activates the disaster response and recovery aspects of the
13	state, local, and interjurisdictional disaster emergency plans
14	applicable to the affected political subdivision or area; and
15	(2) is authority for:
16	(A) deployment and use of any forces to which the plan or
17	plans apply; and
18	(B) use or distribution of any supplies, equipment,
19	materials, and facilities assembled, stockpiled, or arranged
20	to be made available under this chapter or under any other
21	law relating to disaster emergencies.
22	(c) During the continuance of any state of disaster emergency,
23	the governor is commander-in-chief of the organized and
24	unorganized militia and of all other forces available for emergency
25	duty. To the greatest extent practicable, the governor shall delegate
26	or assign command authority by prior arrangement embodied in
27	appropriate executive orders or regulations. This section does not
28	restrict the governor's authority to delegate or assign command
29	authority by orders issued at the time of the disaster emergency.
30	(d) In addition to the governor's other powers, the governor
31	may do the following while the state of emergency exists:
32	(1) Suspend the provisions of any regulatory statute
33	prescribing the procedures for conduct of state business, or
34	the orders, rules, or regulations of any state agency if strict
35	compliance with any of these provisions would in any way
36	prevent, hinder, or delay necessary action in coping with the
37	emergency.
38	(2) Use all available resources of the state government and of
39	each political subdivision of the state reasonably necessary to
40	cope with the disaster emergency.
41	(3) Transfer the direction, personnel, or functions of state

departments and agencies or units for performing or



1	facilitating emergency services.
2	(4) Subject to any applicable requirements for compensation
3	under section 31 of this chapter, commandeer or use any
4	private property if the governor finds this action necessary to
5	cope with the disaster emergency.
6	(5) Assist in the evacuation of all or part of the population
7	from any stricken or threatened area in Indiana if the
8	governor considers this action necessary for the preservation
9	of life or other disaster mitigation, response, or recovery.
0	(6) Prescribe routes, modes of transportation, and
1	destinations in connection with evacuation.
2	(7) Control ingress to and egress from a disaster area, the
3	movement of persons within the area, and the occupancy of
4	premises in the area.
.5	(8) Suspend or limit the sale, dispensing, or transportation of
6	alcoholic beverages, firearms, explosives, and combustibles.
7	(9) Make provision for the availability and use of temporary
8	emergency housing.
9	(10) Allow persons who hold a license to practice medicine,
20	dentistry, pharmacy, nursing, engineering, and similar other
21	professions as may be specified by the governor to practice
22	their respective profession in Indiana during the period of the
23	state of emergency if the state in which a person's license was
24	issued has a mutual aid compact for emergency management
25	with Indiana.
26	(11) Give specific authority to allocate drugs, foodstuffs, and
27	other essential materials and services.
28	Sec. 13. (a) In addition to the governor's existing powers and
29	duties, the governor has the duties and special energy emergency
30	powers set forth in this section, subject to the limitations in this
31	chapter.
32	(b) The governor may, upon finding that an energy emergency
33	exists, proclaim a state of energy emergency at which time all the
34	general and specific emergency powers specified in this section and
35	section 14 of this chapter become effective.
86	(c) A proclamation issued under this section and any order or
37	rule issued as a result of the proclamation continues in effect until
88	sixty (60) days after the date of the proclamation of the energy
39	emergency unless the governor rescinds the proclamation and
10	declares the energy emergency ended before the expiration of the

(d) The governor may not renew or extend a proclamation more



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sixty (60) day period.

1	than once without approval of the general assembly.
2	(e) The conditions of an energy emergency cease when the
3	governor declares the end of an energy emergency.
4	(f) In a declared state of energy emergency, the governor may
5	do the following:
6	(1) Implement programs, controls, standards, priorities, and
7	quotas for the conservation and consumption of energy
8	including plans and commission regulations for the
9	curtailment of energy if the governor imposes controls
10	quotas, or curtailments according to the nature of the end use
11	to be made of the energy consistent with existing transmission
12	and distribution systems serving the geographic area affected
13	by the energy emergency.
14	(2) Suspend and modify state pollution control standards and
15	requirements affecting or affected by the use of energy,
16	including standards or requirements relating to air or water
17	quality control.
18	(3) Establish and implement intrastate regional programs and
19	agreements for the purposes of coordinating the energy
20	program and actions of the state with the federal government
21	and other states, localities, and other persons.
22	(4) Designate the execution and enforcement of emergency
23	orders to a state agency that regulates the energy form
24	resource, or suppliers that are the subject of the proclaimed
25	emergency.
26	(5) Suspend the provisions of any state statute regulating
27	transportation or the orders or rules of any state agency if
28	strict compliance with any of the provisions would prevent
29	hinder, or delay necessary action in coping with the energy
30	emergency.
31	(g) Restrictions, curtailments, or adjustments under subsection
32	(f) must:
33	(1) be ordered and continue only as long as demonstrably
34	necessary for the maintenance of essential services or
35	transportation or for the continued operation of the economy
36	but not longer than the proclamation's duration;
37	(2) be applied as uniformly as practicable within each class of
38	suppliers and consumers and without discrimination within a
39	class; and
40	(3) give due consideration to:
41	(A) the implementation of involuntary measures only after
12	voluntary maggures have been determined to be



1	ineffective;
2	(B) protection of public health and safety;
3	(C) maintenance of vital activities, including but not
4	limited to food, shelter, fuel, and medical care;
5	(D) minimization of economic impact on commercial,
6	retail, professional, agricultural, and service
7	establishments;
8	(E) cooperation with other state, local, and federal
9	governments to avoid duplicating efforts; and
10	(F) maintenance of public information channels.
11	(h) This section does not mean that any program, control,
12	standard, priority quota, or other policy created under the
13	authority of the emergency powers authorized by this section has
14	any continuing legal effect after the cessation of a declared state of
15	energy emergency.
16	(i) Except as provided in this section, this chapter does not
17	exempt a person from compliance with the provisions of any other
18	law, rule, or directive unless:
19	(1) specifically ordered by the governor; or
20	(2) impossibility of compliance is a direct result of the
21	governor's order.
22	(j) A proclamation issued under this section shall be:
23	(1) disseminated promptly and in a manner calculated to
24	inform the general public of its contents; and
25	(2) filed promptly with the secretary of state and the clerk of
26	each circuit court of Indiana.
27	Sec. 14. (a) In determining whether to declare an energy
28	emergency under section 13 of this chapter, the governor shall
29	consider:
30	(1) the availability of regional and national energy resources;
31	(2) local, state, regional, and national energy needs and
32	shortages;
33	(3) the availability of short term alternative supplies on a
34	local, state, regional, and national basis;
35	(4) the economic effect of the declaration and the
36	implementation of any curtailment or conservation plans; and
37	(5) any other relevant factors.
38	(b) To protect the public welfare during conditions of energy
39	emergencies proclaimed under section 13 of this chapter, the
40	governing body of each city, town, or political subdivision of the
41	state and each state agency (including the utility regulatory

commission) shall carry out in the body's or agency's jurisdiction



1	energy supply emergency measures ordered by the governor.
2	(c) To attain uniformity throughout the country in measures
3	taken to aid in energy crisis management, all:
4	(1) action taken under this section and section 13 of this
5	chapter; and
6	(2) orders and rules made under this section and section 13 of
7	this chapter;
8	must be taken or made consistent with federal orders, rules,
9	actions, recommendations, and requests.
10	(d) A person shall comply with a specific order issued or action
11	taken by the governor under this section or section 13 of this
12	chapter.
13	(e) During a state of energy emergency proclaimed under
14	section 13 of this chapter, the governor may:
15	(1) subpoena:
16	(A) witnesses;
17	(B) material;
18	(C) relevant books;
19	(D) papers;
20	(E) accounts;
21	(F) records; and
22	(G) memoranda;
23	(2) administer oaths; and
24	(3) cause the depositions of persons residing within or outside
25	Indiana to be taken in the manner prescribed for depositions
26	in civil actions;
27	to obtain information relevant to energy resources that are the
28	subject of the proclaimed emergency.
29	(f) In obtaining information under subsection (e), the governor
30	shall:
31	(1) avoid eliciting information already furnished by a person
32	or political subdivision in Indiana to a federal, state, or local
33	regulatory authority that is available for the governor's
34	study; and
35	(2) cause reporting procedures, including forms, to conform
36	to existing requirements of federal, state, and local regulatory
37	authorities wherever possible.
38	(g) Information obtained under this section from a person who
39	designates that information as confidential shall be maintained as
40	confidential by the governor and by any person who obtains
41	information that the person knows to be confidential under this

chapter. The governor may not make known in any manner any



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1	particulars of information to persons other than those specified in
2	subsection (j).
3	(h) This section does not prohibit the use of confidential
4	information to prepare statistics or other general data for
5	publication if the information is presented in a manner that
6	prevents identification of the particular persons.
7	(i) A person who is served with a subpoena to:
8	(1) give testimony orally or in writing; or
9	(2) produce books, papers, correspondence, memoranda,
10	agreements, or other documents or records;
11	under this chapter may apply to an Indiana court for protection
12	against abuse or hardship in the manner provided by law.
13	(j) For purposes of this section, references to the governor in
14	this section include any other individual designated in writing by
15	the governor. A person designated by the governor shall preserve
16	the confidentiality of information in accordance with subsection
17	(g).
18	(k) The powers vested in the governor under this section and
19	section 13 of this chapter are in addition to and not instead of
20	emergency powers vested in the governor under this chapter or
21	any other state law.
22	(l) The governor may authorize the incurring of liabilities and
23	expenses to be paid as other claims against the state from the
24	general fund in the amount necessary if:
25	(1) an energy emergency is declared by the governor; and
26	(2) the energy emergency justifies the expenditure;
27	in accordance with section 28 of this chapter for other emergency
28	or disaster expenditures.
29	Sec. 15. (a) Any function under this chapter and any other
30	activity relating to emergency management is a governmental
31	function. The state, any political subdivision, any other agencies of
32	the state or political subdivision of the state, or, except in cases of
33	willful misconduct, gross negligence, or bad faith, any emergency
34	management worker complying with or reasonably attempting to
35	comply with this chapter or any order or rule adopted under this
36	chapter, or under any ordinance relating to blackout or other
37	precautionary measures enacted by any political subdivision of the
38	state, is not liable for the death of or injury to persons or for
39	damage to property as a result of any such activity. This section
40	does not affect the right of any person to receive:

(1) benefits to which the person would otherwise be entitled



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under:

1	(A) this chapter;
2	• /
3	(B) the worker's compensation law (IC 22-3-2 through
	IC 22-3-6); or
4	(C) any pension law; or
5	(2) any benefits or compensation under any federal law.
6	(b) Any requirement for a license to practice any professional,
7	mechanical, or other skill does not apply to any authorized
8	emergency management worker who, in the course of performing
9	duties as an emergency management worker, practices a
10	professional, mechanical, or other skill during a disaster
11	emergency.
12	(c) A volunteer working as an authorized emergency
13	management worker may be covered by the medical treatment and
14	burial expense provisions of the worker's compensation law
15	(IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6) and the worker's occupational
16	diseases law (IC 22-3-7). If compensability of the injury is an issue,
17	the administrative procedures of IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-7 shall
18	be used to determine the issue.
19	Sec. 16. (a) The director of a local organization for emergency
20	management may develop or cause to be developed mutual aid
21	arrangements with other public and private agencies within
22	Indiana for reciprocal emergency management aid and assistance
23	in case of disaster too great to be dealt with unassisted. An
24	arrangement must be consistent with the state emergency
25	management program and state emergency operations plan.
26	During an emergency, a local organization for emergency
27	management and the agency shall render assistance in accordance
28	with the provisions of the mutual aid arrangement.
29	(b) The director of a local organization for emergency
30	management and disaster:
31	(1) may assist in the negotiation of reciprocal mutual aid
32	agreements between the governor and the adjoining state or
33	the state's political subdivisions; and
34	(2) shall carry out arrangements or any agreement relating to
35	the local and political subdivision.
36	(c) This subsection applies when the governor finds that two (2)
37	or more adjoining counties would be better served by an
38	interjurisdictional arrangement than by maintaining separate
39	disaster agencies and services. The governor may, with the
40	concurrence of the affected counties, delineate by executive order
41	or regulation an interjurisdictional area adequate to plan for,

prevent, or respond to disaster in that area, and direct steps to be



1	taken as necessary, including the creation of an interjurisdictional
2	relationship, a joint emergency operations plan, mutual aid, or an
3	area organization for emergency management planning and
4	services. A finding of the governor under this subsection must be
5	based on one (1) or more factors related to the difficulty of
6	maintaining an efficient and effective disaster prevention,
7	preparedness, response, and recovery system on a unijurisdictional
8	basis, including the following factors:
9	(1) Small or sparse population.
10	(2) Limitations on public financial resources severe enough to
11	make maintenance of a separate disaster agency and services
12	unreasonably burdensome.
13	(3) Unusual vulnerability to disaster as evidenced by a history
14	of disaster, topographical features, drainage characteristics,
15	disaster potential, and presence of disaster prone facilities or
16	operations.
17	(4) The interrelated character of the counties in a multicounty
18	area.
19	(5) Other relevant conditions or circumstances.
20	(d) If the governor finds that:
21	(1) a vulnerable area lies partly in Indiana and includes
22	territory in another state or states; and
23	(2) it would be desirable to establish an interstate relationship,
24	mutual aid, or an area organization for disaster;
25	the governor shall take steps to establish an interstate relationship.
26	If action under this subsection is taken with jurisdictions that have
27	enacted the interstate emergency management and disaster
28	compact, any resulting agreement or agreements may be
29	considered supplemental agreements under article 6 of the
30	compact.
31	(e) If the other jurisdiction or jurisdictions with which the
32	governor proposes to cooperate under subsection (d) have not
33	enacted the interstate emergency management and disaster
34	compact, the governor may negotiate special agreements with the
35	jurisdiction or jurisdictions. An agreement, if sufficient authority
36	for making the agreement does not otherwise exist, becomes
37	effective only:
38	(1) after the agreement's text has been communicated to the
39	general assembly; and
40	(2) if a house of the general assembly does not disapprove of



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the agreement by the later of:

(A) the date of adjournment of the next ensuing session

1	that is competent to consider the agreement; or
2	(B) not more than thirty (30) days after the date of the
3	submission of the agreement.
4	Sec. 17. (a) A political subdivision is:
5	(1) within the jurisdiction of; and
6	(2) served by;
7	a department of emergency management or by an
8	interjurisdictional agency responsible for disaster preparedness
9	and coordination of response.
0	(b) A county shall:
1	(1) maintain a county emergency management advisory
2	council and a county emergency management organization;
3	or
4	(2) participate in an interjurisdictional disaster agency that,
5	except as otherwise provided under this chapter, may have
6	jurisdiction over and serve the entire county.
7	(c) The county emergency management advisory council
8	consists of the following individuals or their designees:
9	(1) The president of the county executive.
20	(2) The president of the county fiscal body.
21	(3) The mayor of each city located in the county.
22	(4) An individual representing the legislative bodies of all
23	towns located in the county.
24	(5) Representatives of private and public agencies or
25	organizations that can assist emergency management
26	considered appropriate by the county emergency
27	management advisory council.
28	(6) One (1) commander of a local civil air patrol unit in the
29	county or the commander's designee.
30	(d) The county emergency management advisory council shall
31	do the following:
32	(1) Exercise general supervision and control over the
33	emergency management and disaster program of the county.
34	(2) Select or cause to be selected, with the approval of the
35	county executive, a county emergency management and
86	disaster director who:
37	(A) has direct responsibility for the organization,
88	administration, and operation of the emergency
89	management program in the county; and
10	(B) is responsible to the chairman of the county emergency
11	management advisory council.
12	(e) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter or other law



1	to the contrary, the governor may require a political subdivision to
2	establish and maintain a disaster agency jointly with one (1) or
3	more contiguous political subdivisions with the concurrence of the
4	affected political divisions if the governor finds that the
5	establishment and maintenance of an agency or participation in
6	one is necessary by circumstances or conditions that make it
7	unusually difficult to provide:
8	(1) disaster prevention;
9	(2) preparedness;
.0	(3) response; or
.1	(4) recovery services;
2	under this chapter.
3	(f) A political subdivision that does not have a disaster agency
4	and has not made arrangements to secure or participate in the
.5	services of an agency shall have an emergency management
.6	director designated to facilitate the cooperation and protection of
.7	that political subdivision in the work of:
8	(1) disaster prevention;
9	(2) preparedness;
20	(3) response; and
21	(4) recovery.
22	(g) The county emergency management and disaster director
23	and personnel of the department may be provided with
24	appropriate:
25	(1) office space;
26	(2) furniture;
27	(3) vehicles;
28	(4) communications;
29	(5) equipment;
30	(6) supplies;
31	(7) stationery; and
32	(8) printing;
33	in the same manner as provided for personnel of other county
34	agencies.
35	(h) Each local or interjurisdictional agency shall:
86	(1) prepare; and
37	(2) keep current;
88	a local or interjurisdictional disaster emergency plan for its area.
39	(i) The local or interjurisdictional disaster agency shall prepare
10	and distribute to all appropriate officials a clear and complete
L1	written statement of:

(1) the emergency responsibilities of all local agencies and



1	officials; and
2	(2) the disaster chain of command.
3	(j) Each political subdivision may:
4	(1) appropriate and expend funds, make contracts, obtain and
5	distribute equipment, materials, and supplies for emergency
6	management and disaster purposes, provide for the health
7	and safety of persons and property, including emergency
8	assistance to the victims of a disaster resulting from enemy
9	attack, provide for a comprehensive insurance program for its
10	emergency management volunteers, and direct and coordinate
11	the development of an emergency management program and
12	emergency operations plan in accordance with the policies
13	and plans set by the federal emergency management agency
14	and the state emergency management agency;
15	(2) appoint, employ, remove, or provide, with or without
16	compensation:
17	(A) rescue teams;
18	(B) auxiliary fire and police personnel; and
19	(C) other emergency management and disaster workers;
20	(3) establish:
21	(A) a primary; and
22	(B) one (1) or more secondary;
23	control centers to serve as command posts during an
24	emergency;
25	(4) subject to the order of the governor or the chief executive
26	of the political subdivision, assign and make available for duty
27	the employees, property, or equipment of the political
28	subdivision relating to:
29	(A) firefighting;
30	(B) engineering;
31	(C) rescue;
32	(D) health, medical, and related services;
33	(E) police;
34	(F) transportation;
35	(G) construction; and
36	(H) similar items or services;
37	for emergency management and disaster purposes within or
38	outside the physical limits of the political subdivision; and
39	(5) in the event of a national security emergency or disaster
40	emergency as provided in section 12 of this chapter, waive
41	procedures and formalities otherwise required by law
42	pertaining to:



1	(A) the performance of public work;
2	(B) the entering into of contracts;
3	(C) the incurring of obligations;
4	(D) the employment of permanent and temporary workers;
5	(E) the use of volunteer workers;
6	(F) the rental of equipment;
7	(G) the purchase and distribution of supplies, materials,
8	and facilities; and
9	(H) the appropriation and expenditure of public funds.
0	Sec. 18. (a) If the employees of a political subdivision render aid
1	outside the political subdivision under section 17 of this chapter,
2	the employees have the same:
3	(1) powers;
4	(2) duties;
.5	(3) rights;
6	(4) privileges; and
7	(5) immunities;
8	as if they were performing their duties in the political subdivisions
9	in which they are normally employed.
20	(b) The political subdivision in which any equipment is used
21	under this section:
22	(1) is liable for loss or damage; and
23	(2) shall pay any expense incurred in the operation and
24	maintenance of the equipment.
25	A claim for the loss, damage, or expense is not allowed unless an
26	itemized notice of the claim made under oath is served not more
27	than sixty (60) days after the date the claim is sustained or
28	incurred upon the chief fiscal officer of the political subdivision
29	where the equipment was used.
30	(c) The:
31	(1) rights;
32	(2) privileges; and
33	(3) obligations;
34	described in this section also apply if aid is rendered outside
35	Indiana and if payment or reimbursement in this case shall or may
36	be made by the state or political subdivision receiving the aid
37	under a reciprocal mutual aid agreement or compact with the
88	other state or by the federal government.
19	Sec. 19. (a) The governor or the director at the request of the
10	governor may establish the number of mobile support units

necessary to reinforce emergency management and disaster

organizations in stricken areas with due consideration of the plans



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1	of the federal government and of other states. The director shall
2	appoint a commander for each unit who has primary responsibility
3	for the:
4	(1) organization;
5	(2) administration; and
6	(3) operation;
7	of the unit. Mobile support units shall be called to duty upon orders
8	of the governor or the director and shall perform their functions
9	in any part of Indiana or in other states, upon the conditions
10	specified in this section. Members serving on the mobile support
11	units are immune from discipline or termination by their
12	employers for serving in the units.
13	(b) While on duty, personnel of mobile support units, whether
14	within or outside Indiana:
15	(1) if they are employees of the state or a political subdivision
16	of the state, whether serving within or outside the political
17	subdivision, have the:
18	(A) powers;
19	(B) duties;
20	(C) rights;
21	(D) privileges; and
22	(E) immunities;
23	and receive the compensation incidental to their employment;
24	and
25	(2) if they are not employees of the state or a political
26	subdivision of the state:
27	(A) may be compensated by the state at a rate approved by
28	the governor and the budget committee; and
29	(B) are entitled to the same rights and immunities as are
30	provided by law for the employees of this state;
31	and may be reimbursed for all actual and necessary travel and
32	subsistence expenses.
33	(c) Personnel of mobile support units, while on duty, are subject
34	to the operational control of the authority in charge of emergency
35	management activities in the area in which they are serving.
36	(d) The state may reimburse a political subdivision for:
37	(1) the compensation paid and actual and necessary travel,
38	subsistence, and maintenance expenses of employees of the
39	political subdivision while serving as members of a mobile
40	support unit;
41	(2) all payments for death, disability, or injury of the
42	employees incurred in the course of duty; and



1	(3) all losses of or damage to supplies and equipment of the
2	political subdivision resulting from the operation of the
3	mobile support unit.
4	(e) If a mobile support unit of another state renders aid in
5	Indiana under the orders of the governor of its home state and
6	upon the request of the governor of Indiana, the state shall
7	reimburse the other state for:
8	(1) the compensation paid and actual and necessary:
9	(A) travel;
10	(B) subsistence; and
11	(C) maintenance;
12	expenses of the personnel of the mobile support unit while
13	rendering the aid;
14	(2) all payments for:
15	(A) death;
16	(B) disability; or
17	(C) injury;
18	of the personnel incurred in the course of rendering the aid;
19	and
20	(3) all losses of or damage to supplies and equipment of the
21	other state or a political subdivision of the other state
22	resulting from the rendering of the aid;
23	if the laws of the other state contain provisions substantially
24	similar to this section or if provisions substantially similar to this
25	section are contained in a reciprocal mutual aid agreement or
26	compact, or if the federal government has authorized or agreed to
27	make reimbursement for the mutual aid.
28	(f) Personnel of mobile support units of Indiana may not be
29	ordered by the governor to operate in any other state unless:
30	(1) the laws of the other state contain provisions substantially
31	similar to this section;
32	(2) the reciprocal mutual aid agreements or compacts include
33	provisions providing for such reimbursement; or
34	(3) the reimbursement will be made by the federal
35	government by law or agreement.
36	(g) An officer or employee of the state by virtue of employment
37	is subject to assignment:
38	(1) on a permanent basis to a mobile support unit in
39	accordance with the state:
40	(A) emergency management program; and
41	(B) emergency operations plan; or
42	(2) on a temporary basis to an emergency management



1	activity to meet a particular need in the event of an
2	emergency.
3	Refusal to accept and perform the duties of an assignment
4	constitutes grounds for dismissal from state employment.
5	Sec. 20. The governor may:
6	(1) formulate and execute plans and regulations for the
7	control of traffic in order to provide for the rapid and safe
8	movement of evacuation over public highways and streets of:
9	(A) people;
10	(B) troops; or
11	(C) vehicles and materials;
12	for national defense or for use in any defense industry; and
13	(2) coordinate the activities of the departments or agencies of
14	the state and political subdivisions of the state concerned
15	directly or indirectly with public highways and streets in a
16	manner that will best effectuate the plans.
17	Sec. 21. (a) If the governor considers it to be in the public
18	interest, on terms and conditions as the governor considers
19	necessary to promote the public welfare and protect the interests
20	of the state, the governor may:
21	(1) authorize a department or an agency of the state to lease
22	or lend real or personal property of the state to the President
23	of the United States, the heads of the armed forces, or the
24	Federal Emergency Management Agency; and
25	(2) enter into a contract on behalf of the state for the:
26	(A) lease or loan to a political subdivision of the state of
27	real or personal property of the state; or
28	(B) temporary transfer or employment of personnel of the
29	state to or by a political subdivision of the state.
30	(b) The president of the county fiscal body and the president of
31	the county executive, if the county does not contain a consolidated
32	city, or the county executive, if the county contains a consolidated
33	city, of each county of the state and the executive of each city and
34	town in the state may, in accordance with the emergency
35	management program and emergency operations plan of the
36	county in which the city or town is located, do the following:
37	(1) Enter into a contract or lease with the state, accept any
38	loan, or employ personnel. A political subdivision may equip,
39	maintain, use, and operate any property and employ
40	necessary personnel in accordance with the purposes for
41	which the contract is executed.

(2) Do all things and perform acts that the governor considers



1	necessary to effectuate the purpose of the contract.
2	Sec. 22. (a) The political subdivisions and agencies designated or
3	appointed by the governor may make, amend, and rescind orders,
4	rules, and regulations as necessary for emergency management
5	purposes and to supplement the carrying out of this chapter that
6	are not inconsistent with:
7	(1) orders, rules, or regulations adopted by the governor or by
8	a state agency exercising a power delegated to it by the
9	governor; and
10	(2) the:
11	(A) emergency management program; and
12	(B) emergency operations plan;
13	of the county in which the political subdivision is located.
14	(b) Orders, rules, and regulations have the full force and effect
15	of law when:
16	(1) adopted by the governor or any state agency and a copy is
17	filed in the office of the secretary of state and mailed to all
18	members of the county emergency management advisory
19	council at their last known addresses; or
20	(2) filed in the office of the clerk of the adopting or
21	promulgating political subdivision or agency of the state if
22	adopted by a political subdivision or agency authorized by
23	this chapter to make orders, rules, and regulations.
24	Sec. 23. This chapter may not be construed to compel a person,
25	either on behalf of:
26	(1) the person;
27	(2) the person's child less than eighteen (18) years of age; or
28	(3) a protected person for whom the person acts as a
29	guardian;
30	to submit to any physical examination, medical treatment, or
31	immunization if the person, parent, or guardian relies in good faith
32	on spiritual means or prayer to prevent or cure disease or suffering
33	and objects to the treatment in writing.
34	Sec. 24. The law enforcement authorities of the state and of the
35	political subdivisions shall enforce the:
36	(1) orders;
37	(2) rules; and
38	(3) regulations;
39	issued under this chapter.
40	Sec. 25. (a) If the federal government or an agency or officer of
41	the federal government offers the state or through the state a
42	political subdivision, services, equipment, supplies, materials, or



1	funds under a gift, grant, or loan for purposes of emergency
2	management:
3	(1) the state, acting through the governor; or
4	(2) the political subdivision, acting with the consent of the
5	governor and through its executive;
6	may accept the offer.
7	(b) Upon the acceptance in subsection (a), the governor or the
8	executive of the political subdivision may authorize an officer of
9	the state or of the political subdivision to receive the services,
10	equipment, supplies, materials, or funds:
11	(1) on behalf of the state or the political subdivision; and
12	(2) subject to the terms of the offer and the rules of the agency
13	making the offer.
14	(c) If a person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation
15	offers to the state or a political subdivision services, equipment,
16	supplies, materials, or funds under gift, grant, or loan for purposes
17	of emergency management:
18	(1) the state, acting through the governor; or
19	(2) the political subdivision, acting through its executive;
20	may accept the offer.
21	(d) Upon the acceptance in subsection (c), the governor or the
22	executive of the political subdivision may authorize an officer of
23	the state or of the political subdivision to receive the services,
24	equipment, supplies, materials, or funds:
25	(1) on behalf of the state or the political subdivision; and
26	(2) subject to the terms of the offer.
27	(e) A person, firm, limited liability company, or corporation
28	owning or controlling real estate or other premises that voluntarily
29	and without compensation grants a license or privilege or
30	otherwise permits the designation or use of the whole or any part
31	of the real estate or premises to shelter persons during an actual or
32	impending national security, natural, or manmade emergency or
33	disaster or a drill for any of those situations, together with
34	successors in interest, is not civilly liable by reason of:
35	(1) the condition of the real estate or premises; or
36	(2) the conduct of persons engaged in directing or seeking
37	shelter;
38	for negligently causing the death of or injury to any person on or
39	about the real estate or premises or for loss of or damage to the
40	property of any person during the emergency or disaster or during
41	a drill.
42	Sec. 26. (a) An organization for emergency management



1	established under this chapter may not:
2	(1) participate in any form of political activity; or
3	(2) be employed directly or indirectly for political purposes.
4	(b) Political qualifications may not be:
5	(1) a consideration for appointment to the agency; or
6	(2) a cause for dismissal;
7	except as provided in section 27 of this chapter. Full-time
8	employees of the agency may not participate in political activities.
9	Sec. 27. (a) A person who:
10	(1) advocates a change by force or violence in the
11	constitutional form of the government of the United States or
12	the overthrow of any government in the United States by
13	force or violence; or
14	(2) has been convicted of or is under indictment or
15	information charging a subversive act against the United
16	States;
17	may not be employed or associated in any capacity in any
18	emergency management organization established under this
19	chapter.
20	(b) An individual who is appointed to serve in an organization
21	for emergency management shall, before entering upon the
22	individual's duties, take a written oath before a person authorized
23	to administer oaths in Indiana. The oath must be substantially as
24	follows:
25	"I,, solemnly swear (or affirm)
26	that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United
27	States and the Constitution of the State of Indiana against all
28	enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and
29	allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely,
30	without mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I
31	will well and faithfully discharge the duties upon which I am
32	about to enter. I further swear (or affirm) that I do not
33	advocate, nor am I a member of a political party or
34	
	organization that advocates, the overthrow of the government
35	of the United States or of Indiana by force or violence; and
35 36	of the United States or of Indiana by force or violence; and that during the time I am a member of the (name of
35 36 37	of the United States or of Indiana by force or violence; and that during the time I am a member of the (name of emergency management organization), I will neither advocate
35 36 37 38	of the United States or of Indiana by force or violence; and that during the time I am a member of the (name of emergency management organization), I will neither advocate nor become a member of a political party or organization that
35 36 37 38 39	of the United States or of Indiana by force or violence; and that during the time I am a member of the (name of emergency management organization), I will neither advocate nor become a member of a political party or organization that advocates the overthrow of the government of the United
35 36 37 38 39 40	of the United States or of Indiana by force or violence; and that during the time I am a member of the (name of emergency management organization), I will neither advocate nor become a member of a political party or organization that advocates the overthrow of the government of the United States or of Indiana by force or violence.".
35 36 37 38 39	of the United States or of Indiana by force or violence; and that during the time I am a member of the (name of emergency management organization), I will neither advocate nor become a member of a political party or organization that advocates the overthrow of the government of the United



1	(1) may administer the oath provided in subsection (b) to
2	emergency management and disaster personnel; and
3	(2) may delegate that authority to designated deputies and
4	assistants approved by the director.
5	Sec. 28. (a) The general assembly may appropriate the sums
6	necessary to administer this chapter.
7	(b) The emergency management contingency fund is established.
8	The fund consists of money appropriated by the general assembly.
9	Money in the fund must be held in reserve and allocated for
10	emergency management purposes upon:
11	(1) recommendation of the director; and
12	(2) approval of the governor and the budget committee.
13	Sec. 29. (a) A local disaster emergency:
14	(1) may be declared only by the principal executive officer of
15	a political subdivision; and
16	(2) may not be continued or renewed for more than seven (7)
17	days except by or with the consent of the governing board of
18	the political subdivision.
19	Any order or proclamation declaring, continuing, or terminating
20	a local disaster emergency shall be given prompt and general
21	publicity and shall be filed promptly in the office of the clerk of the
22	political subdivision.
23	(b) The effect of a declaration of a local disaster emergency is
24	to:
25	(1) activate the response and recovery aspects of all applicable
26	local or interjurisdictional disaster emergency plans; and
27	(2) authorize the furnishing of aid and assistance under the
28	plans.
29	(c) An interjurisdictional agency or official may not declare a
30	local disaster emergency unless expressly authorized by the
31	agreement under which the agency functions. However, an
32	interjurisdictional disaster agency shall provide aid and services
33	according to the agreement.
34	(d) If a local disaster emergency is declared under this section,
35	the political subdivision may not prohibit individuals engaged in
36	employment necessary to:
37	(1) maintain a safe rail system;
38	(2) restore utility service; or
39	(3) provide any other emergency public service;
40	from traveling on the highways within the political subdivision
41	during the local disaster emergency.
42	Sec. 30. (a) In addition to disaster prevention measures as



1	included in the state, local, and interjurisdictional disaster plans,
2	the governor shall consider on a continuing basis steps that could
3	be taken to prevent or reduce the harmful consequences of
4	disasters. At the governor's direction, and under any other
5	authority state agencies have, state agencies, including those
6	charged with responsibilities in connection with:
7	(1) flood plain management;
8	(2) stream encroachment and flow regulation;
9	(3) fire prevention and control;
10	(4) air quality;
11	(5) public works; and
12	(6) use and land use planning and construction standards;
13	shall make studies of disaster prevention related matters. The
14	governor shall make recommendations to the general assembly,
15	local governments, and other appropriate public and private
16	entities to facilitate measures for prevention or reduction of the
17	harmful consequences of disasters.
18	(b) In conjunction with the agency, an appropriate state agency
19	shall keep land uses and construction of structures and other
20	facilities under continuing study and identify areas that are
21	particularly susceptible to:
22	(1) severe land shifting;
23	(2) subsidence;
24	(3) flood; or
25	(4) other catastrophic occurrence.
26	The studies under this subsection must concentrate on means of
27	reducing or avoiding the dangers caused by this occurrence or its
28	consequences.
29	(c) If the agency believes on the basis of the studies or other
30	competent evidence:
31	(1) that an area is susceptible to a disaster of catastrophic
32	proportions without adequate warning;
33	(2) that existing building standards and land use controls in
34	that area are inadequate and could add substantially to the
35	magnitude of the disaster; and
36	(3) that changes in zoning regulations, other land use
37	regulations, or building requirements are essential in order to
38	further the purposes of this section;
39	the agency shall specify the essential changes to the governor. The

governor shall recommend changes to the agencies or local

governments with jurisdiction over the area and subject matter

that the governor finds to be essential upon review of the specified



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1	changes and a public hearing. If no action or insufficient action
2	under the governor's recommendations is taken within the time
3	specified by the governor, the governor shall inform the general
4	assembly and request legislative action appropriate to mitigate the
5	effect of disaster.
6	(d) The governor, at the same time that the governor makes
7	recommendations under subsection (c), may:
8	(1) suspend the standard or control that the governor finds to
9	be inadequate to protect the public safety; and
10	(2) by rule place a new standard or control in effect.
11	The new standard or control remains in effect until rejected by
12	concurrent resolution of both houses of the general assembly or
13	amended by the governor. When it is in effect, the standard or

The new standard or control remains in effect until rejected by concurrent resolution of both houses of the general assembly or amended by the governor. When it is in effect, the standard or control contained in the governor's regulation is administered and given full effect by all relevant regulatory agencies of the state and local governments to which it applies. Any action taken by the governor under this section is subject to judicial review, but no court has jurisdiction to stay or restrain that action before a hearing on the merits.

Sec. 31. (a) A person in Indiana shall conduct himself or herself and keep and manage his or her affairs and property in ways that will reasonably assist and will not unreasonably detract from the ability of the state and the public to successfully meet disaster emergencies. This obligation includes appropriate personal service and use or restriction on the use of property in time of disaster emergency. Compensation for services or for the taking or use of property may be made only to the extent:

- (1) that obligations recognized in this chapter are exceeded in a particular case; and
- (2) that the claimant has not volunteered the claimant's services or property without compensation.
- (b) Personal services may not be compensated by the state or any subdivision or agency of the state except under statute, local law, or ordinance.
- (c) Compensation for property may be paid only if the property was commandeered or otherwise used in coping with a disaster emergency and its use or destruction was ordered by the governor or a member of the disaster emergency forces of Indiana.
- (d) Any person claiming compensation for the use, damage, loss, or destruction of property under this chapter must make a claim for it. The claim must be filed and shall be adjudicated as provided in IC 32-24.







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1	(e) This section does not apply to or authorize compensation for
2	the destruction or damaging of standing timber or other property
3	in order to provide a fire break or to the release of waters or the
4	breach of impoundments in order to reduce pressure or other
5	danger from actual or threatened flood.
6	Sec. 32. (a) The general assembly intends and declares to be the
7	policy of the state that funds to meet disaster emergencies always
8	be available.
9	(b) The general assembly intends that the first recourse shall be
.0	to funds regularly appropriated to state and local agencies. If the
. 1	governor finds that the demands placed upon these funds in coping
2	with a particular disaster are unreasonably great, the governor
.3	may make funds available from money in the budget agency from
4	emergency or contingency appropriations available for emergency
. 5	expenditures as provided in IC 4-12-1-15.
.6	(c) Within the limits of the funds appropriated under this
.7	section, the governor may contribute to a political subdivision not
.8	more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the cost of emergency
9	management agency personnel and administrative expenses that
20	meet standards established by the governor.
21	Sec. 33. The department may reimburse the civil air patrol for
22	fuel, lubricants, and maintenance for any missions not authorized
23	by the United States Air Force using the same formula for
24	reimbursement used by the:
25	(1) United States Department of Defense; and
26	(2) American Red Cross.
27	Sec. 34. A person who violates this chapter commits a Class B
28	misdemeanor.
29	Chapter 4. State Disaster Relief Fund
30	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "disaster" has the meaning set
31	forth in IC 10-14-3-1.
32	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "eligible entity" means a county,
33	city, or town.
34	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "fund" refers to the state disaster
35	relief fund established by this chapter.
86	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "public facility" means any:
37	(1) building or structure;
88	(2) bridge, road, highway, or public way;
19	(3) park or recreational facility;
10	(4) sanitary sewer system or wastewater treatment facility;
1	(5) drainage or flood control facility;
12	(6) water treatment, water storage, or water distribution



1	facility; or
2	(7) other improvement or infrastructure;
3	owned by, maintained by, or operated by or on behalf of an eligible
4	entity.
5	Sec. 5. (a) The state disaster relief fund is established to provide
6	money to assist eligible entities in paying for the costs of damage to
7	public facilities resulting from disasters.
8	(b) The fund consists of money appropriated by the general
9	assembly. The agency shall administer the fund. Expenses of
10	administering the fund shall be paid from money in the fund. The
11	treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund not currently
12	needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same manner as
13	other public funds may be invested. Interest that accrues from
14	these investments shall be deposited in the fund.
15	(c) Money in the fund is appropriated to carry out the purposes
16	of the fund as provided in this chapter. Money in the fund at the
17	end of a state fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund.
18	Sec. 6. Subject to the restrictions under this chapter, the agency
19	may use money in the fund to make grants to an eligible entity
20	that:
21	(1) contains territory for which a disaster emergency has been
22	declared by the governor;
23	(2) has suffered damage to the entity's public facilities because
24	of the disaster for which the disaster emergency was declared;
25	(3) has applied to the department for a grant; and
26	(4) complies with all other requirements established by the
27	agency.
28	Sec. 7. Except as provided in section 8 of this chapter, the
29	agency may not make a grant to an eligible entity under this
30	section unless the damage to the entity's public facilities caused by
31	the disaster exceeds an amount equal to one dollar (\$1) multiplied
32	by the population of the entity. A grant to an eligible entity under
33	this subsection may not exceed an amount equal to:
34	(1) fifty percent (50%); multiplied by
35	(2) the result of:
36	(A) the total cost of the damage to the entity's public
37	facilities caused by the disaster; minus
38	(B) an amount equal to one dollar (\$1) multiplied by the
39	population of the entity.
40	Sec. 8. If the governor declares more than one (1) disaster
41	emergency in the same year for territory in an eligible entity, the
42	agency may, in addition to a grant under section 7 of this chapter,



1	make a grant to the entity under this section if the total cumulative
2	cost of the damage to the entity's public facilities caused by the
3	disasters exceeds two dollars (\$2) multiplied by the population of
4	the entity. A grant to an eligible entity under this section may not
5	exceed:
6	(1) the product of:
7	(A) fifty percent (50%); multiplied by
8	(B) the total cumulative cost of the damage to the entity's
9	public facilities caused by all disasters in the year; minus
10	(2) any grants previously made under section 7 of this chapter
11	to the entity during the year.
12	Sec. 9. To qualify for a grant under this chapter, the executive
13	of an eligible entity must apply to the agency on forms provided by
14	the agency. The application must include the following:
15	(1) A description and estimated cost of the damage caused by
16	the disaster to the entity's public facilities.
17	(2) The manner in which the entity intends to use the grant
18	money.
19	(3) Any other information required by the agency.
20	Sec. 10. The fiscal officer of an entity receiving a grant under
21	this chapter shall:
22	(1) establish a separate account within the entity's general
23	fund; and
24	(2) deposit any grant proceeds received under this chapter in
25	the account.
26	The department of local government finance may not reduce an
27	entity's maximum or actual property tax levy under IC 6-1.1-18.5
28	on account of grant money deposited in the account.
29	Sec. 11. The agency shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to carry
30	out this chapter.
31	Sec. 12. A person who violates this chapter commits a Class B
32	misdemeanor.
33	Chapter 5. Emergency Management Assistance Compact
34	Sec. 1. ARTICLE I—Purpose and authorities.
35	This compact is made and entered into by and between the
36	participating member states which enact this compact, hereinafter
37	called party states. For the purposes of this compact, "states"
38	means the several states, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the
39	District of Columbia, and all U.S. territorial possessions.
40	The purpose of this compact is to provide for mutual assistance

among the states entering into this compact in managing any

emergency or disaster that is duly declared by the governor of the

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affected state, whether arising from natural disaster, technological hazard, man made disaster, civil emergency aspects of resources shortages, community disorders, insurgency, or enemy attack.

This compact shall also provide for mutual cooperation in emergency related exercises, testing, or other training activities using equipment and personnel simulating performance of any aspect of the giving and receiving of aid by party states or subdivisions of party states during emergencies, such actions occurring outside actual declared emergency periods. Mutual assistance in this compact may include the use of the states' National Guard forces, either in accordance with the National Guard Mutual Assistance Compact or by mutual agreement between states.

Sec. 2. ARTICLE II—General implementation.

Each party state entering into this compact recognizes that many emergencies transcend political jurisdictional boundaries and that intergovernmental coordination is essential in managing these and other emergencies under this compact. Each state further recognizes that there will be emergencies which require immediate access and present procedures to apply outside resources to make a prompt and effective response to such an emergency. This is because few, if any, individual states have all the resources they may need in all types of emergencies or the capability of delivering resources to areas where emergencies exist.

The prompt, full, and effective utilization of resources of the participating states, including any resources on hand or available from the federal government or any other source, that are essential to the safety, care, and welfare of the people in the event of any emergency or disaster declared by a party state, shall be the underlying principle on which all articles of this compact shall be understood.

On behalf of the governor of each state participating in the compact, the legally designated state official who is assigned responsibility for emergency management will be responsible for formulation of the appropriate interstate mutual aid plans and procedures necessary to implement this compact.

Sec. 3. ARTICLE III—Party state responsibilities.

(a) It shall be the responsibility of each party state to formulate procedural plans and programs for interstate cooperation in the performance of the responsibilities listed in this article. In formulating such plans, and in carrying them out, the party states, insofar as practical, shall:



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1	(1) review individual state hazards analyses and, to the extent
2	reasonably possible, determine all those potential emergencies
3	the party states might jointly suffer, whether due to natural
4	disaster, technological hazard, manmade disaster, emergency
5	aspects of resources shortages, civil disorders, insurgency, or
6	enemy attack;
7	(2) review party states' individual emergency plans and
8	develop a plan which will determine the mechanism for the
9	interstate management and provision of assistance concerning
10	any potential emergency;
11	(3) develop interstate procedures to fill any identified gaps
12	and to resolve any identified inconsistencies or overlaps in
13	existing or developed plans;
14	(4) assist in warning communities adjacent to or crossing the
15	state boundaries;
16	(5) protect and assure uninterrupted delivery of services,
17	medicines, water, food, energy and fuel, search and rescue,
18	and critical lifeline equipment, services, and resources, both
19	human and material;
20	(6) inventory and set procedures for the interstate loan and
21	delivery of human and material resources, together with
22	procedures for reimbursement or forgiveness; and
23	(7) provide, to the extent authorized by law, for temporary
24	suspension of any statutes or ordinances that restrict the
25	implementation of the above responsibilities.
26	(b) The authorized representative of a party state may request
27	assistance to another party state by contacting the authorized
28	representative of that state. The provisions of this compact shall
29	only apply to requests for assistance made by and to authorized
30	representatives. Requests may be verbal or in writing. If verbal,
31	the request shall be confirmed in writing within thirty (30) days of
32	the verbal request. Requests shall provide the following
33	information:
34	(1) A description of the emergency service function for which
35	assistance is needed, including, but not limited to, fire
36	services, law enforcement, emergency medical,
37	transportation, communications, public works and
38	engineering, building, inspection, planning and information
39	assistance, mass care, resource support, health and medical
40	services, and search and rescue.

(2) The amount and type of personnel, equipment, materials and supplies needed and a reasonable estimate of the length





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of time they w	ill be	needed
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- (3) The specific place and time for staging of the assisting party's response and a point of contact at that location.
- (c) There shall be frequent consultation between state officials who have assigned emergency management responsibilities and other appropriate representatives of the party states with affected jurisdictions and the United States government, with free exchange of information, plans, and resource records relating to emergency capabilities.

Sec. 4. ARTICLE IV—Limitations.

Any party state requested to render mutual aid or conduct exercises and training for mutual aid shall take such action as is necessary to provide and make available the resources covered by this compact in accordance with the terms of this compact. However, it is understood that the state rendering aid may withhold resources to the extent necessary to provide reasonable protection for such state.

Each party state shall afford to the emergency forces of any party state, while operating within its state limits under the terms and conditions of this compact, the same powers, except that of arrest unless specifically authorized by the receiving state, duties, rights, and privileges as are afforded forces of the state in which they are performing emergency services. Emergency forces will continue under the command and control of their regular leaders, but the organizational units will come under the operational control of the emergency services authorities of the state receiving assistance. These conditions may be activated, as needed, only subsequent to a declaration of a state emergency or disaster by the governor of the party state that is to receive assistance or upon commencement of exercises or training for mutual aid and shall continue so long as the exercises or training for mutual aid are in progress, the state of emergency or disaster remains in effect, or loaned resources remain in the receiving state, whichever is longer.

Sec. 5. ARTICLE V—Licenses and permits.

Whenever any person holds a license, certificate, or other permit issued by any state party to the compact evidencing the meeting of qualifications for professional, mechanical, or other skills, and when such assistance is requested by the receiving party state, such person shall be considered licensed, certified, or permitted by the state requesting assistance to render aid involving such skill to meet a declared emergency or disaster, subject to such limitations and conditions as the governor of the requesting state

may prescribe by executive order or otherwise.

Sec. 6. ARTICLE VI—Liability.

Officers or employees of a party state rendering aid in another state under this compact shall be considered agents of the requesting state for tort liability and immunity purposes. No party state or its officers or employees rendering aid in another state under this compact shall be liable on account of any act or omission in good faith on the part of such forces while so engaged or on account of the maintenance or use of any equipment or supplies in connection therewith. Good faith in this article shall not include willful misconduct, gross negligence, or recklessness.

Sec. 7. ARTICLE VII—Supplementary agreements.

Inasmuch as it is probable that the pattern and detail of the machinery for mutual aid among two (2) or more states may differ from that among the states that are party to this compact, this compact contains elements of a broad base common to all states, and nothing in this compact precludes any state entering into supplementary agreements with another state or affects any other agreements already in force between states. Supplementary agreements may comprehend, but shall not be limited to, provisions for evacuation and reception of injured and other persons and the exchange of medical, fire, police, public utility, reconnaissance, welfare, transportation and communications personnel, and equipment and supplies.

Sec. 8. ARTICLE VIII—Compensation.

Each party state shall provide for the payment of compensation and death benefits to injured members of the emergency forces of that state and representatives of deceased members of such forces in case such members sustain injuries or are killed while rendering aid under this compact, in the same manner and on the same terms as if the injury or death were sustained within their own state.

Sec. 9. ARTICLE IX—Reimbursement.

Any party state rendering aid in another state under this compact shall be reimbursed by the party state receiving such aid for any loss or damage to or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment and the provision of any service in answering a request for aid and for the costs incurred in connection with such requests. However, any aiding party state may assume in whole or in part such loss, damage, expense, or other cost, or may loan such equipment or donate such services to the receiving party state without charge or cost, and any two (2) or more party states may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different



allocation of costs among those states. Article VIII expenses shall not be reimbursable under this article.

Sec. 10. ARTICLE X—Evacuation.

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Plans for the orderly evacuation and interstate reception of portions of the civilian population as the result of any emergency or disaster of sufficient proportions to so warrant shall be worked out and maintained between the party states and the emergency management services directors of the various jurisdictions where any type of incident requiring evacuations might occur. Such plans shall be put into effect by request of the state from which evacuees come and shall include the manner of transporting such evacuees; the number of evacuees to be received in different areas; the manner in which food, clothing, housing, and medical care will be provided; the registration of the evacuees; the providing of facilities for the notification of relatives or friends; and the forwarding of such evacuees to other areas or the bringing in of additional materials, supplies, and all other relevant factors. Such plans shall provide that the party state receiving evacuees and the party state from which the evacuees come shall mutually agree as to reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses incurred in receiving and caring for such evacuees, for expenditures for transportation, food, clothing, medicines and medical care, and like items. Such expenditures shall be reimbursed as agreed by the party state from which the evacuees come. After the termination of the emergency or disaster, the party state from which the evacuees come shall assume the responsibility for the ultimate support of repatriation of such evacuees.

Sec. 11. ARTICLE XI—Implementation.

- (a) This compact shall become effective immediately upon its enactment into law by any two (2) states. Thereafter, this compact shall become effective as to any other state upon enactment by such state.
- (b) Any party state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute repealing the same, but no such withdrawal shall take effect until thirty (30) days after the governor of the withdrawing state has given notice in writing of such withdrawal to the governors of all other party states. Such action shall not relieve the withdrawing state from obligations assumed under this compact before the effective date of withdrawal.
- (c) Duly authenticated copies of this compact and of such supplementary agreements as may be entered into shall, at the time of their approval, be deposited with each of the party states and



1	with the Federal Emergency Management Agency and other
2	appropriate agencies of the United States Government.
3	Sec. 12. ARTICLE XII—Validity.
4	This compact shall be construed to effectuate the purposes
5	stated in Article I. If any provision of this compact is declared
6	unconstitutional, or if the applicability of this compact to any
7	person or circumstances is held invalid, the constitutionality of the
8	remainder of this compact and the applicability of this compact to
9	other persons and circumstances shall not be affected.
10	Sec. 13. ARTICLE XIII—Additional provisions.
11	Nothing in this compact shall authorize or permit the use of
12	military force by the National Guard of a state at any place outside
13	that state in any emergency for which the President is authorized
14	by law to call into federal service the militia, or for any purpose for
15	which the use of the Army or the Air Force would, in the absence
16	of express statutory authorization, be prohibited under 18 U.S.C.
17	1385.
18	Sec. 14. Right To Alter, Amend, or Repeal.
19	The right to alter, amend, or repeal this chapter is hereby
20	expressly reserved. The consent granted by this chapter shall:
21	(1) not be construed as impairing or in any manner affecting
22	any right or jurisdiction of the United States in and over the
23	subject of the compact;
24	(2) not be construed as consent to the National Guard Mutual
25	Assistance Compact;
26	(3) be construed as understanding that the first paragraph of
27	Article II of the compact provides that emergencies will
28	require procedures to provide immediate access to existing
29	resources to make a prompt and effective response;
30	(4) not be construed as providing authority under Article III
31	(a)(7) that does not otherwise exist for the suspension of
32	statutes or ordinances;
33	(5) be construed as understanding that Article III (c) does not
34	impose any affirmative obligation to exchange information,
35	plans, and resource records on the United States or any party
36	which has not entered into the compact; and
37	(6) be construed as understanding that Article XIII does not
38	affect the authority of the President over the National Guard
39	provided by Article I of the Constitution of the United States
40	and 10 U.S.C.
41	Sec. 15. Construction and Severability.
42	It is intended that the provisions of this compact shall be



reasonably and liberally construed to effectuate the purposes thereof. If any part or application of this compact, or legislation enabling the compact, is held invalid, the remainder of the compact or its application to other situations or persons shall not be affected.

Sec. 16. Inconsistency of Language.

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The validity of this compact shall not be affected by any insubstantial difference in its form or language as adopted by the states.

Chapter 6. Interstate Emergency Management and Disaster Compact

Sec. 1. The general assembly of the state of Indiana hereby ratifies a compact on behalf of the state of Indiana with any other state legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:

INTERSTATE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

AND DISASTER COMPACT

The contracting states solemnly agree:

ARTICLE I

The purpose of this compact is to provide mutual aid among the states in meeting any emergency or disaster from national security, natural, or manmade situations including sabotage and subversive acts and direct attacks by bombs, shellfire, and atomic, radiological, chemical, bacteriological means, and other weapons. The prompt, full and effective utilization of the resources of the respective states, including such resources as may be available from the United States government or any other source, are essential to the safety, care and welfare of the people thereof in the event of enemy action or other emergency, and any other resources, including personnel, equipment or supplies, shall be incorporated into a plan or plans of mutual aid to be developed among the emergency management agencies or similar bodies of the states that are parties to this compact. The directors of emergency management of all party states constitute a committee to formulate plans and to take all necessary steps for the implementation of this compact.

ARTICLE II

It shall be the duty of each party state to formulate emergency management plans and programs within such state. There shall be frequent consultation between the representatives of such states and with the United States government and the free exchange of information and plans, including inventories of any materials and equipment available for emergency management. In carrying out







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1	such emergency management plans and programs, the party states	
2	shall so far as possible provide and follow uniform standards,	
3	practices, and rules and regulations including the following:	
4	(1) Insignia, arm bands, and any other distinctive articles to	
5	designate and distinguish the different emergency	
6	management services.	
7	(2) Mobilization of emergency management forces and other	
8	tests and exercises.	
9	(3) Warning and signals for drills or actual emergencies or	
10	disasters.	
11	(4) The effective screening or extinguishing of all lights and	
12	lighting devices and appliances.	· ·
13	(5) Shutting off water mains, gas mains, electric power	
14	connections, and the suspension of all other utility services.	
15	(6) All materials or equipment used or to be used for	
16	emergency management purposes in order to assure that such	
17	materials and equipment will be easily and freely	
18	interchangeable when used in or by any other party state.	
19	(7) The conduct of civilians and the movement and cessation	
20	of movement of pedestrians and vehicular traffic, prior,	
21	during, and subsequent to drills or actual or impending	
22	emergencies or disasters.	
23	(8) The safety of public meetings or gatherings.	
24	(9) Mobile support units.	
25	ARTICLE III	
26	Any party state requested to render mutual aid shall take such	
27	action as necessary to provide and make available the resources	
28	covered by this compact in accordance with the terms hereof as	
29	long as it is understood that the state rendering aid may withhold	
30	resources to the extent necessary to provide reasonable protection	
31	for such state. Each party state shall extend to the emergency	
32	management forces of any other party state, while operating within	
33	its state limits under the terms and conditions of this compact, the	
34	same powers (except that of arrest unless specifically authorized by	
35	the receiving state), duties, rights, privileges, and immunities as if	
36	they were performing their duties in the state in which normally	
37	employed or rendering services. Emergency management forces	
38	will continue under the command and control of their regular	

ARTICLE IV

leaders, but the organizational units will come under the

operational control of the emergency management authorities of



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the state receiving assistance.

Whenever any person holds a license, certificate, or other permit issued by any state evidencing the meeting of qualifications for professional, mechanical, or other skills, such persons may render aid involving such skill in any party state to meet an emergency or disaster in this state, and such state shall give due recognition to such license, certificate, or other permit as if issued in the state in which aid is rendered.

ARTICLE V

No party state or its officers or its employees rendering aid in another state pursuant to this compact shall be liable on account of any act or omission in good faith on the part of such forces while so engaged or on account of the maintenance or use of any equipment or supplies in connection with it.

ARTICLE VI

Since it is probable that the pattern and detail of the machinery for mutual aid among two (2) or more states may differ from that appropriate among other party states, this instrument contains elements of a broad base common to all states, and nothing in this agreement contained precludes any state from entering into supplementary agreements with another state or states. These supplementary agreements may comprehend but are not limited to provisions for evacuation and reception of injured and other persons and the exchange of medical, fire, police, public utility reconnaissance, welfare, transportation, and communications personnel, equipment, and supplies.

ARTICLE VII

Each party state shall provide for the payment of compensation and death benefits to injured members of the emergency management forces of that state and the representatives of deceased members of the forces in case these members sustain injuries or are killed while rendering aid under the compact in the same manner and on the same terms as if the injury or death were sustained within that state.

ARTICLE VIII

Any party state rendering aid in another state under this compact shall be reimbursed by the party state receiving the aid for any loss or damage to or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment answering a request for aid and for the cost incurred in connection with the request. However, any aiding party state may assume in whole or in part the loss, damage, expense, or other cost, or may loan the equipment or donate the services to the receiving party state without charge or cost. Any two (2) or more

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party states may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different allocation of costs as among those states. The United States government may relieve the party state receiving aid from any liability and reimburse the party state supplying emergency management forces for the compensation paid to and the transportation, subsistence, and maintenance expenses of such forces during the time of the rendition of such aid or assistance outside the state and may also pay fair and reasonable compensation for the use or utilization of the supplies, materials, equipment, or facilities so utilized or consumed.

ARTICLE IX

Plans for the orderly evacuation and reception of the civilian population as the result of an emergency or disaster shall be worked out from time to time between representatives of the party states and the various local emergency management areas thereof. Such plans shall include the manner of transporting such evacuees; the number of evacuees to be received in different areas; the manner in which food, clothing, housing, and medical care will be provided; the registration of the evacuees; the providing of facilities for the notification of relatives or friends; and the forwarding of such evacuees to other areas or the bringing in of additional materials, supplies, and all other relevant factors. The plans must provide that the party state receiving evacuees shall be reimbursed generally for the out-of-pocket expenses incurred in receiving and caring for the evacuees; for expenditures for transportation, food, clothing, medicines, medical care, and like items. These expenditures shall be reimbursed by the party state of which the evacuees are residents or by the United States government under plans approved by it. After the termination of the emergency or disaster, the party state of which the evacuees are residents shall assume the responsibility for the ultimate support or repatriation of such evacuees.

ARTICLE X

This compact is to be available to any state, territory, or possession of the United States and the District of Columbia. The term "state" may include any neighboring foreign country or province or state of any neighboring foreign country.

ARTICLE XI

The committee established under Article I of this compact may request the emergency management agency of the United States government to act as an informational and coordinating body under this compact. Representatives of this agency of the United



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States	government	mav	attend	meetings	of the	committee.
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ARTICLE XII

This compact shall become operative immediately upon its ratification by any state as between it and any other state or states so ratifying and shall be subject to approval by congress unless prior congressional approval has been given. Duly authenticated copies of this compact and of such supplementary agreements as may be entered into shall, at the time of their approval, be deposited with each of the party states and with the emergency management agency and other appropriate agencies of the United States government.

ARTICLE XIII

This compact shall continue in full force and remain binding on each party state until the legislature or the governor of such party state takes action to withdraw therefrom. Such action shall not be effective until thirty (30) days after notice thereof has been sent by the governor of the party state desiring to withdraw to the governors of all other party states.

ARTICLE XIV

This compact is to be construed to effectuate the purposes stated in Article I. If any provision of this compact is declared unconstitutional or the applicability thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the constitutionality of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to other persons and circumstances is not to be affected by it.

ARTICLE XV

- (a) This article is in effect only as among those states which have enacted it into law or in which the governors have adopted it pursuant to constitutional or statutory authority sufficient to give it the force of law as part of this compact. Nothing contained in this article or in any supplementary agreement made in implementation of it shall be construed to abridge, impair, or supersede any other provision of this compact or any obligation undertaken by a state pursuant to the compact, except that if its terms so provide, a supplementary agreement in implementation of this article may modify, expand, or add to any such obligation as among the parties to the supplementary agreement.
- (b) In addition to the occurrence, circumstances, and subject matters to which preceding articles of this compact make it applicable, this compact and the authorizations, entitlements, and procedures of this compact apply to the following:
 - (1) Searches for and rescue of persons who are lost,



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1	marooned, or otherwise in danger.
2	(2) Action useful in coping with disasters arising from any
3	cause or designed to increase capability to cope with any such
4	disasters.
5	(3) Incidents, or the imminence of them, which endanger the
6	health or safety of the public and which require the use of
7	special equipment, trained personnel, or personnel in larger
8	numbers than are locally available in order to reduce,
9	counteract, or remove the danger.
10	(4) The giving and receiving of aid by subdivisions of party
11	states.
12	(5) Exercises, drills, or other training or practice activities
13	designed to aid personnel to prepare for, cope with, or
14	prevent any disaster or other emergency to which this
15	compact applies.
16	(c) Except as expressly limited by this compact to a
17	supplementary agreement in force pursuant to it, any aid
18	authorized by this compact or a supplementary agreement may be
19	furnished by any agency of a party state, a subdivision of the state,
20	or by a joint agency of any two (2) or more party states or of their
21	subdivisions. Any joint agency providing this aid is entitled to
22	reimbursement for it to the same extent and in the same manner as
23	a state. The personnel of such a joint agency, when rendering aid
24	under this compact, shall have the same rights, authority, and
25	immunity as personnel of party states.
26	(d) Nothing in this article is to be construed to exclude from the
27	coverage of Articles I through XIV of this compact any matter
28	which, in the absence of this article, could reasonably be construed
29	to be covered by them.
30	(e) Nothing in subsection (a) is to be construed to limit previous
31	or future entry into the Interstate Emergency Management and
32	Disaster Compact of this state with other states.
33	Sec. 2. Duly authenticated copies of this chapter shall, upon its
34	approval, be transmitted by the secretary of state to the governor
35	of each state, to the president of the Senate of the United States, to
36	the speaker of the United States House of Representatives, to the
37	federal emergency management administration or any successor
38	agency, to the secretary of state of the United States, and to council
39	of state governments.

Sec. 3. Nothing contained in this chapter shall be construed as

a limitation of powers granted in any other law to enter into interstate compacts or other agreements relating to emergency



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management, or impairing in any respect the force and effect thereof. The articles of the compact contained in section 1 of this chapter shall have the same force and effect as though each article were a section of this chapter.

Chapter 7. Interstate Earthquake Emergency Compact

Sec. 1. Indiana hereby adopts the interstate earthquake emergency compact with all other states legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:

INTERSTATE EARTHQUAKE EMERGENCY COMPACT ARTICLE I (purpose)

The purpose of this compact is to provide mutual aid among the states in meeting any emergency or disaster caused by earthquakes or other seismic disturbances. The full, immediate, and effective utilization of the resources of the respective states, including such resources as may be available from the United States government or any other source, is necessary to provide needed short-term earthquake disaster assistance to states requesting aid. These resources shall be incorporated into a plan or plans of mutual aid to be developed among the appropriate agencies of states that are parties to this compact. These agencies shall develop and follow procedures designed to assure the maintenance of resource inventories and the exchange of information about earthquakes and disaster response. It is the policy of the party states to carry out this compact in a spirit of cooperation to provide the most effective earthquake disaster assistance to the residents of the states and to provide an equitable division of any necessary earthquake relief efforts in order to avoid a disproportionate allocation of contributed resources.

ARTICLE II (intrastate planning)

Each party state shall have the duty to formulate earthquake relief plans and programs within such state. There shall be frequent consultation between the representatives of such states and with the United States government and the free exchange of relief plans and information, including inventories of any materials and equipment available for response to earthquake emergencies. To this end, each state will maintain a bank of standardized data which will establish a comprehensive listing of all resources within the seven-state region (available) that might be needed during an earthquake disaster. The inventory will be shared equitably among the party states in the event of an earthquake or other emergency, recognizing each state's primary responsibility to assist and protect



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its residents. Each party state shall also share any available information on earthquake forecasts and reports of seismic activity.

ARTICLE III (responsibilities of states)

Whenever the Governor of a party state requests aid from the Governor of another party state pursuant to this compact in coping with an earthquake emergency, the requested state shall make available all possible aid to the requesting state consonant with the maintenance of protection for its residents and the policies stated in Article I.

ARTICLE IV (reciprocity)

Whenever the officers or employees of any party state are rendering aid in another state pursuant to the request of another party state under this compact, those officers or employees shall, while under the direction of the authorities of the state to which they are rendering aid, have the same powers, duties, rights, privileges, and immunities as comparable officers and employees of the state to which they are rendering aid. Any person holding a license, certificate, or other permit issued by any state demonstrating the meeting of qualifications for professional, mechanical, or other skills may render aid involving such skill in any party state to meet an earthquake emergency, and the state in which aid is rendered shall give due recognition to such license, certificate, or other permit as if issued in the state in which aid is rendered.

ARTICLE V (immunity)

No party or its officers, employees, or other persons, certified by party states pursuant to agreed upon criteria and procedures for certification, rendering aid in another state pursuant to this compact shall be liable on account of any act or omission in good faith on their part while so engaged or on account of maintenance or use of any equipment or supplies in connection therewith.

ARTICLE VI (supplementary agreements)

Nothing in this agreement precludes any state from entering into supplementary agreements with another state or states for the undertaking of mutual aid and exchange of information in the event of an earthquake emergency. These supplementary agreements may comprehend but are not limited to provisions for evacuation and reception of injured and other persons and the exchange of medical, fire, police, public utility reconnaissance, welfare, transportation and communications personnel, equipment, and supplies.



ARTICLE VII (compensation)

Each party state shall provide compensation and death benefits to its injured officers, employees, or other persons certified by party states, pursuant to agreed upon criteria and procedures for certification, and the representatives of deceased officers, employees, and other certified persons in case officers, employees, or certified persons sustain injuries or death while rendering aid in another state pursuant to this compact, in the same manner and on the same terms as if the injury or death were sustained within the state by or in which the officer, employee, or certified person was regularly employed.

ARTICLE VIII (reimbursement)

Any party state rendering aid in another state pursuant to this compact shall be reimbursed by the party state receiving such aid for any loss or damage to or expense incurred in the operation of any equipment answering a request for aid and for the cost of all materials, transportation, wages, salaries, and maintenance of officers, employees, and equipment incurred in connection with such request, including amounts paid under Article VII, provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent any assisting party state from assuming such loss, damage, expense, or other cost or from loaning such equipment or from donating such services to the receiving party state without charge or cost. Any two (2) or more party states may enter into supplementary agreements establishing a different allocation of costs as among those states. The United States government may under some circumstances relieve the party state receiving aid from any liability and reimburse the party state rendering aid for (some) loss, damage, or expense incurred within the terms of this article.

ARTICLE IX (evacuation plans)

Plans for the orderly evacuation and reception of the civilian population as the result of an earthquake emergency shall be worked out from time to time between representatives of the party states. Such plans shall include the manner of transporting such evacuees, the number of evacuees to be received in different areas, the manner in which food, clothing, housing, and medical care will be provided, the registration of the evacuees, the providing of facilities for the notification of relatives or friends, and the forwarding of such evacuees to other areas or the bringing in of additional materials, supplies, and all other relevant factors. The plans must provide that the party state receiving evacuees shall be reimbursed generally for the out-of-pocket expenses incurred in



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receiving and caring for the evacuees, for expenditures and transportation, and for food, clothing, medicines, medical care, and like items. These expenditures shall be reimbursed by the party state of which the evacuees are residents or may be reimbursed by the United States government under plans approved by it. The party state of which the evacuees are residents shall assume the responsibility for the ultimate support or repatriation of such evacuees.

ARTICLE X (availability)

Any state of the United States shall be eligible to become party to this compact. As to any eligible party state, this compact shall become effective when its legislature shall have enacted it into law provided that it shall not become initially effective until enacted into law by two (2) party states.

ARTICLE XI (withdrawal)

Any party state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute repealing the same, but no such withdrawal shall become effective until ninety (90) days after the governor of the withdrawing state shall have sent formal notice in writing to the governor of each other party state informing said governors of the action of the legislature in repealing the compact and declaring an intention to withdraw. A withdrawing state shall be liable for any obligations which it may have incurred on account of its party status up to the effective date of withdrawal, except that if the withdrawing state has specifically undertaken or committed itself to any performance of an obligation extending beyond the effective date of withdrawal, it shall remain liable to the extent of such obligation.

ARTICLE XII (severability)

This compact is severable under IC 1-1-1-8.

Chapter 8. Transportation of High Level Radioactive Waste

- Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies to high level radioactive waste transported to or from facilities sited, constructed, or operated in accordance with the federal Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982.
- (b) This chapter does not apply to radioactive materials shipped by or for the federal government for:
 - (1) military;
 - (2) national security; or
- (3) national defense;
- 40 purposes.

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Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "high level radioactive waste" means:



1	(1) irradiated reactor fuel;
2	(2) liquid wastes resulting from the operation of a first cycle
3	solvent extraction system or its equivalent and the
4	concentrated wastes from a subsequent extraction cycle or its
5	equivalent in a facility for reprocessing irradiated reactor
6	fuel; and
7	(3) solids into which liquid wastes described in subdivision (2)
8	have been converted.
9	Sec. 3. (a) Before a person may transport high level radioactive
10	waste in Indiana, the person who is responsible for the shipment
11	must submit the following to the director:
12	(1) A notice that includes:
13	(A) the highway or railway route, date, and time of the
14	shipment of high level radioactive waste; and
15	(B) other information required under 10 CFR 71.5(a) and
16	10 CFR 73.37(f).
17	(2) A transportation fee of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for
18	each total shipment of nuclear waste.
19	(b) The director shall deposit fees collected under this section in
20	the nuclear response fund established by section 6 of this chapter.
21	Sec. 4. (a) The director shall consult with:
22	(1) the state health commissioner of the state department of
23	health;
24	(2) the commissioner of the Indiana department of
25	transportation;
26	(3) the commissioner of the department of environmental
27	management;
28	(4) the director of the department of natural resources;
29	(5) the superintendent of the state police department;
30	(6) representatives of the:
31	(A) United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission;
32	(B) Federal Emergency Management Agency;
33	(C) United States Department of Energy; and
34	(D) United States Department of Transportation; and
35	(7) a representative of a local emergency management agency
36	designated by the director;
37	to prepare a plan for emergency response to a high level
38	radioactive waste transportation accident in Indiana. The plan
39	must include provisions for evacuation, containment, and cleanup
40	and must designate the role of each state or local government
41	agency involved in the emergency response plan.
42	(b) The director shall report to the general assembly each year



1	on the:
2	(1) status of the plan prepared under subsection (a); and
3	(2) ability of the state to respond adequately to a high level
4	radioactive waste transportation accident in Indiana.
5	Sec. 5. (a) Under 49 CFR Part 177, the director may require
6	preferred highway routes for transporting high level radioactive
7	waste in Indiana if the director determines under United States
8	Department of Transportation "Guidelines for Selecting Preferred
9	Highway Routes for Large Quantity Shipments of Radioactive
10	Materials" that alternative routes are safer than proposed routes.
11	(b) The director shall:
12	(1) annually review federally approved highway and railway
13	routes for transporting high level radioactive waste in
14	Indiana; and
15	(2) select new state designated routes in accordance with 49
16	CFR Part 177 if safety considerations indicate the alternate
17	routes would be preferable.
18	(c) Before the director may require alternative routes under
19	subsection (a) or select new state designated routes under
20	subsection (b), the director must do the following:
21	(1) Consult with all of the persons described in section 4(a) of
22	this chapter.
23	(2) Conduct or engage in substantial consultation with the
24	affected local county authorities.
25	(3) Notify the:
26	(A) state health commissioner of the state department of
27	health;
28	(B) commissioner of the department of environmental
29	management;
30	(C) superintendent of the state police department; and
31	(D) local emergency management agency and applicable
32	local fire and law enforcement agencies in each affected
33	county;
34	of the director's final decision concerning an alternative route
35	or a new state designated route before the date upon which
36	the alternative route or new state designated route takes
37	effect.
38	(4) If the director wishes to change the route of a railway
39	shipment of high level radioactive waste, the director must
40	notify the United States Department of Energy and the
41	appropriate rail carrier of any changes the director feels
42	should be made to the route.



1	(d) The state is not liable by requiring alternate routes to be
2	used as provided under this section.
3	Sec. 6. (a) The nuclear response fund is established to provide
4	appropriate education, training, and equipment to local emergency
5	responders in counties that will be affected by the transportation
6	of high level radioactive waste under this chapter.
7	(b) Sources of money for the fund consist of transportation fees
8	deposited under section 3(b) of this chapter.
9	(c) The state emergency management agency shall administer
10	the fund. Money in the fund is annually appropriated to the state
11	emergency response commission to be used for purposes described
12	in subsection (a).
13	(d) The expenses of administering the fund shall be paid from
14	money in the fund.
15	(e) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund not
16	currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same
17	manner as other public funds may be invested.
18	(f) Money in the fund at the end of a fiscal year does not revert
19	to the state general fund.
20	Sec. 7. This chapter does not require the disclosure of defense
21	information or restricted data (as defined in the federal Atomic
22	Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014)).
23	Sec. 8. The agency may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
24	implement this chapter.
25	SECTION 6. IC 10-15 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
26	A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
27	2003]:
28	ARTICLE 15. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT, FIRE AND
29	BUILDING SERVICES, AND PUBLIC SAFETY TRAINING
30	FOUNDATION
31	Chapter 1. Definitions
32	Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this
33	article.
34	Sec. 2. "Agency" refers to the state emergency management
35	agency established by IC 10-14-2-1.
36	Sec. 3. "Department" refers to the fire and building services
37	department established by IC 22-12-5-1.
38	Sec. 4. "Executive director" refers to the executive director of
39	the Indiana emergency management, fire and building services,
40	and public safety training foundation established by IC 10-15-2-1.
41	Sec. 5. "Foundation" refers to the Indiana emergency
42	management, fire and building services, and public safety training



1	foundation established by IC 10-15-2-1.
2	Sec. 6. "Funds" means the funds established by IC 10-15-3-1.
3	Sec. 7. "Institute" refers to the public safety institute established
4	by IC 5-2-10.5-4.
5	Sec. 8. "Unit of local government" means a:
6	(1) county;
7	(2) city;
8	(3) town; or
9	(4) township;
0	in Indiana.
.1	Chapter 2. Indiana Emergency Management, Fire and Building
2	Services, and Public Safety Training Foundation
.3	Sec. 1. The Indiana emergency management, fire and building
4	services, and public safety training foundation is established as a
.5	public body corporate and politic.
6	Sec. 2. (a) The foundation consists of fifteen (15) voting
7	members and four (4) nonvoting advisory members.
.8	(b) The voting members shall be appointed by the governor. The
9	voting members are as follows:
20	(1) The executive director, subject to subsection (d).
21	(2) The state fire marshal.
22	(3) The state building commissioner.
23	(4) The deputy director of the state emergency management
24	agency.
25	(5) The deputy director of the state emergency management
26	agency for emergency medical services.
27	(6) Ten (10) individuals appointed by the governor. Each
28	Indiana congressional district must be represented by at least
29	one (1) member who is a resident of that congressional
30	district. Not more than five (5) of the members appointed
31	under this subdivision may represent the same political party.
32	(c) The four (4) nonvoting advisory members are as follows:
33	(1) Two (2) members, one (1) from each political party,
34	appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate with
35	advice from the minority leader of the senate.
86	(2) Two (2) members, one (1) from each political party,
37	appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives with
88	advice from the minority leader of the house of
39	representatives.
10	(d) The executive director may vote for tie breaking purposes
1	only.
12	(e) In the absence of a member, the member's vote may be cast



1	by another member if the member casting the vote has a written
2	proxy in proper form as required by the foundation.
3	Sec. 3. (a) A quorum consists of eight (8) of the voting members
4	of the foundation described in section 2(b)(2) through 2(b)(6) of
5	this chapter.
6	(b) One (1) of the following is necessary for the foundation to
7	take action:
8	(1) An affirmative vote by at least a majority of the quorum.
9	(2) A tie vote broken by the executive director.
10	Sec. 4. Membership on the foundation does not constitute the
11	holding of a public office. A member may not be disqualified from
12	holding a public office or position because of appointment to or
13	service on the foundation. A member may not be required to forfeit
14	an office, a position, or employment because of appointment to or
15	service on the foundation.
16	Sec. 5. (a) The term of each member appointed under section
17	2(b)(6) of this chapter is four (4) years.
18	(b) A member appointed to fill the unexpired term of a member
19	serves until the end of the unexpired term.
20	(c) At the expiration of a member's term, the member may be
21	reappointed if the member continues to be a part of the
22	represented entity. A person is no longer a member when the
23	person ceases to be a part of the represented entity.
24	Sec. 6. The terms of the members appointed under section
25	2(b)(6) of this chapter begin on July 1.
26	Sec. 7. (a) At the foundation's first meeting after June 30 of each
27	year, the voting members appointed under section 2(b)(2) through
28	2(b)(6) of this chapter shall select:
29	(1) one (1) of the voting members who is not a state employee
30	to serve as chairperson; and
31	(2) one (1) of the voting members who is not a state employee
32	to serve as vice chairperson.
33 34	(b) The vice chairperson shall exercise all the duties and powers
	of the chairperson in the chairperson's absence or disability.
35 36	Sec. 8. (a) The executive director and agency, institute, and department staff designated by the director shall act as advisers to
37	the foundation.
38	(b) An adviser to the foundation may do the following:
39	(1) Attend all meetings of the foundation.
40	(2) Participate in all proceedings at foundation meetings other
+0 41	than voting.
+1 42	Sec. 9. (a) The foundation may acquire personal property to be



1	donated under subsection (b). The foundation may receive
2	donations of real property to be disposed of under subsection (c).
3	(b) Subject to subsection (d), the foundation may donate
4	personal property to the following:
5	(1) The department.
6	(2) The institute.
7	(3) The agency.
8	(4) A unit of local government.
9	(c) The foundation shall dispose of real property donations in
10	the following manner:
11	(1) Real property may be accepted by the foundation for
12	purpose of resale, either on the open market or to the state or
13	a unit of local government at a price set by the foundation.
14	(2) The proceeds from the sale of real property shall be
15	donated to a fund that the donor has chosen or, if the donor
16	has not chosen a fund, to a fund to be chosen by the
17	foundation.
18	(d) The foundation must have the approval of the executive
19	director to donate property to the state.
20	Sec. 10. The foundation may do the following:
21	(1) Adopt bylaws for the regulation of the foundation's affairs
22	and the conduct of the foundation's business.
23	(2) Adopt an official seal, which may not be the seal of the
24	state.
25	(3) Maintain a principal office and other offices the
26	foundation designates.
27	(4) Sue and be sued in the name and style of "Indiana
28	Emergency Management, Fire and Building Services, and
29	Public Safety Training Foundation", with service of process
30	being made to the chairperson of the foundation by leaving a
31	copy at the principal office of the foundation or at the
32	residence of the chairperson if the foundation has no principal
33	office.
34	(5) Exercise the powers or perform the following duties of the
35	foundation:
36	(A) Acquire by any means a right or an interest in or upon
37	personal property of any kind or nature. The foundation
38	shall hold the legal title to property acquired in the name
39	of the foundation.
40	(B) Dispose of a right or an interest in personal property.
41	(6) Make and enter into all contracts, undertakings, and
42	agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of the



1	duties and the execution of the powers of the foundation
2	under this chapter.
3	(7) Assist the agency, department, and institute to develop
4	projects.
5	(8) Receive and accept from any person grants for or in aid of
6	the acquisition, construction, improvement, or development
7	of any part of the projects of the foundation and receive and
8	accept aid or contributions from any source of money,
9	personal property, labor, or other things of value to be held,
10	used, applied, or disposed of only for the purposes consistent
11	with the purposes of this chapter for which the grants and
12	contributions may be made.
13	(9) Hold, use, administer, and expend money that may be
14	acquired by the foundation.
15	(10) Do all acts and things necessary or proper to carry out
16	the powers expressly granted in this chapter.
17	Sec. 11. (a) The foundation shall:
18	(1) adopt:
19	(A) rules under IC 4-22-2; or
20	(B) a policy;
21	establishing a code of ethics for its employees; or
22	(2) submit to the jurisdiction and rules adopted by the state
23	ethics commission.
24	(b) A code of ethics adopted by the foundation by rule or policy
25	under this section must be consistent with state law and approved
26	by the governor.
27	Chapter 3. Funds
28	Sec. 1. (a) The following funds are established:
29	(1) Emergency management fund.
30	(2) Fire services fund.
31	(3) Building services fund.
32	(4) Emergency medical services fund.
33	(5) Stewardship fund.
34	(b) The funds established by subsection (a)(1) through (a)(4)
35	consist of:
36	(1) gifts and proceeds received under section 5 of this chapter;
37	and
38	(2) fees from license plates as set forth in section 6 of this
39	chapter.
40	(c) The stewardship fund established by subsection (a)(5)
41	consists of fees from license plates as set forth in section 6 of this
42	chapter.



1	Sec. 2. (a) The money in the emergency management fund shall
2	be used to pay for projects of the agency.
3	(b) The money in the fire services fund shall be used to pay for
4	projects of the office of the state fire marshal.
5	(c) The money in the building services fund shall be used to pay
6	for projects of the office of the state building commissioner.
7	(d) The money in the emergency medical services fund shall be
8	used to pay for emergency medical services projects of the agency.
9	(e) The money in the stewardship fund shall be used to pay for
10	the promotion of safety first license plates under IC 9-18-45 and
11	for the costs of administering this article.
12	Sec. 3. Expenditures from the funds may be made only to carry
13	out the purposes of this chapter.
14	Sec. 4. The foundation shall do the following:
15	(1) Hold the funds in the name of the foundation.
16	(2) Administer the funds.
17	(3) Make all expenditures from the funds.
18	Sec. 5. Gifts of money to the funds or the foundation or the
19	proceeds from the sale of gifts donated to the funds or the
20	foundation shall be deposited in the designated fund.
21	Sec. 6. Fees from license plates issued under IC 9-18-45 shall be
22	deposited as follows:
23	(1) Twenty-two and one-half percent (22.5%) of the fees in the
24	emergency management fund.
25	(2) Twenty-two and one-half percent (22.5%) of the fees in the
26	fire services fund.
27	(3) Twenty-two and one-half percent (22.5%) of the fees in the
28	building services fund.
29	(4) Twenty-two and one-half percent (22.5%) of the fees in the
30	emergency medical services fund.
31	(5) Ten percent (10%) of the fees in the stewardship fund.
32	Sec. 7. The expenses of administering this chapter shall be paid
33	from money in the funds.
34	Sec. 8. The money in the funds at the end of a state fiscal year
35	remains in the designated funds and does not revert to any other
36	fund. If the foundation is terminated, the money in the funds
37	reverts to the emergency management contingency fund
38	established by IC 10-14-3-28.
39	Sec. 9. The funds are subject to audit by the state board of
40	accounts.
41	Sec. 10. The foundation is exempt from taxes on real and
42	personal property that the foundation acquires or disposes of or as



1	a consequence of the foundation's transactions.
2	Sec. 11. Before October 1 of each year, the foundation shall
3	prepare an annual report concerning the foundation's activities for
4	the prior year for the public and the general assembly.
5	SECTION 7. IC 10-16 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
6	A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
7	2003]:
8	ARTICLE 16. INDIANA MILITARY CODE
9	Chapter 1. Definitions
10	Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter:
11	(1) apply throughout this article, unless otherwise apparent
12	from the context; and
13	(2) are subject to organization modification as adopted by
14	regular army and regular air force troop structures that are
15	incorporated in this article by reference.
16	Sec. 2. "Air group" has the same meaning as comparably used
17	in the national military establishment.
18	Sec. 3. "Battalion" has the same meaning as comparably used
19	in the national military establishment.
20	Sec. 4. "Battery" has the same meaning as comparably used in
21	the national military establishment.
22	Sec. 5. "Battle group" has the same meaning as comparably
23	used in the national military establishment.
24	Sec. 6. "Commanding officer" means a company, a troop, a
25	battery, a squadron, a battalion, an air group, a regiment, a battle
26	group, a wing, or a division commander.
27	Sec. 7. "Company" has the same meaning as comparably used
28	in the national military establishment.
29	Sec. 8. "Court martial" means a military or naval court of
30	justice for the trial of cases within the jurisdiction of the armed
31	forces of the state.
32	Sec. 9. "Division" has the same meaning as comparably used in
33	the national military establishment.
34	Sec. 10. "Federally recognized national guard" means that part
35	of the Indiana national guard that has met all the requirements for
36	and has been recognized by the national military establishment as
37	a part of the reserve components of the armed forces of the United
38	States.
39	Sec. 11. "General orders" means the official instructions issued
40	by the military department of Indiana.
41	Sec. 12. "Headquarters" means the office of the appropriate
42	commander.



1	Sec. 13. (a) "National guard" means the Indiana army national
2	guard and the Indiana air national guard.
3	(b) The term may apply to the national guard of Indiana or the
4	national guard of the United States according to the tenor of the
5	appropriate section.
6	Sec. 14. "Officer" means a commissioned officer, including a
7	warrant officer, in the armed forces of the state.
8	Sec. 15. "Organization" means unit or command.
9	Sec. 16. "Regiment" has the same meaning as comparably used
10	in the national military establishment.
11	Sec. 17. "Regulations" means the official rules of the
12	appropriate department.
13	Sec. 18. "Squadron" has the same meaning as comparably used
14	in the national military establishment.
15	Sec. 19. "State and federal property" means:
16	(1) state property, real or personal, owned by the state; or
17	(2) federal property owned by the federal government and
18	consigned to the state for use in its armed forces.
19	Sec. 20. "Troop" has the same meaning as comparably used in
20	the national military establishment.
21	Sec. 21. "Unit" means military complements of a company,
22	detachment, troop, battery, or any larger command organization.
23	Sec. 22. "Wing" has the same meaning as comparably used in
24	the national military establishment.
25	Chapter 2. Military Department
26	Sec. 1. (a) The military department of the state:
27	(1) is established; and
28	(2) shall be administered and controlled by the governor as
29	commander in chief.
30	(b) The military department consists of the following:
31	(1) An adjutant general, who shall be the executive and
32	administrative head of the department.
33	(2) Other officers, enlisted individuals, and employees
34	considered necessary and authorized.
35	Sec. 2. The military department shall administer all matters
36	concerning or relating to the following:
37	(1) The militia.
38	(2) The national guard.
39	(3) Other military organizations under the jurisdiction of the
40	state.
41	(4) Other duties as the governor may assign.
42	Sec. 3. (a) The governor shall:



1	(1) be the commander in chief of the military forces of the
2	state;
3	(2) have supreme command of the military forces of the state
4	while in the service of the state or until they are ordered and
5	accepted into the service of the United States; and
6	(3) have power to:
7	(A) muster out any organization of the state;
8	(B) discharge enlisted men as provided; and
9	(C) perform other acts in keeping with the laws of the
10	state, subject to the laws of the United States and
11	regulations prescribed by the President of the United
12	States.
13	(b) An armed military force from another state or territory may
14	not enter Indiana without permission of the governor, unless the
15	military force is:
16	(1) a part of the armed forces of the United States; or
17	(2) acting under the authority of the United States.
18	(c) An independent military organization under the jurisdiction
19	of the state, except as a corps of cadets in the educational
20	institutions, may not bear arms without first securing permission
21	of the commander in chief.
22	Sec. 4. This article shall be interpreted liberally in favor of the
23	exercise of all the constitutional powers of the governor as
24	commander in chief.
25	Sec. 5. (a) The governor may appoint an honorary staff of aides
26	with the brevet title of colonel, lieutenant colonel or major, or
27	comparable naval rank.
28	(b) The staff officers hold office at the will of the governor.
29	Their commissions expire with the term of office of the governor
30	making the appointment.
31	(c) The adjutant general shall be ex officio chief of staff.
32	Sec. 6. (a) The governor shall appoint the adjutant general.
33	(b) The adjutant general must hold the rank of not less than
34	brigadier general.
35	(c) The governor may increase the rank of the adjutant general
36	not to exceed the rank of major general as a reward for efficient
37	and loyal service to the state.
38	Sec. 7. The adjutant general shall appoint two (2) assistant
39	adjutants general to serve at the will and pleasure of the adjutant
40	general as follows:
41	(1) One (1) assistant adjutant general from the Indiana army

national guard to be chief of staff to the adjutant general for



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1	all the Indiana army national guard forces. This assistant
2	adjutant general shall perform duties assigned by the adjutant
3	general and is responsible for all administrative and
4	operational functions of the Indiana army national guard. A
5	person is not eligible for appointment as assistant adjutant
6	general unless the person is a member of the Indiana army
7	national guard with at least six (6) years service in the Indiana
8	army national guard and has attained the rank of major or
9	above. The person must be a federally recognized officer and
10	may hold the rank of brigadier general or other rank
11	authorized by the table of organization for the army national
12	guard.
13	(2) One (1) assistant adjutant general from the Indiana air
14	national guard to be chief of staff to the adjutant general for
15	all the Indiana air national guard forces. This assistant
16	adjutant general shall perform duties assigned by the adjutant
17	general and is responsible for administrative and operational
18	functions of the Indiana air national guard. A person is not
19	eligible for appointment as air forces chief of staff unless the
20	person is a member of the Indiana air national guard with at

Sec. 8. The adjutant general shall do the following:

organization for the air national guard.

- (1) Execute all orders given by the commander in chief.
- (2) Give bond with surety to the state, to the approval of the governor, in the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for the faithful discharge of the duties of the office of adjutant general.

least six (6) years service as a commissioned officer and has

attained the rank of major or above. The person must be a

federally recognized officer and may hold the rank of

brigadier general or other rank authorized by the tables of

Sec. 9. (a) The adjutant general shall perform duties required by law, in rules adopted under this chapter, and in the statutes of the United States and required by the governor. If the adjutant general:

- (1) fails or refuses to properly and efficiently perform the duties of the office; or
- (2) is guilty of misconduct or conduct prejudicial to good order and military discipline;

written charges setting forth the acts involved shall be filed with the governor. The governor shall take action on the charges for the best interests of the service.



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1	(b) The adjutant general shall superintend the preparation of all
2	returns and reports required by the United States from the state.
3	(c) The adjutant general shall:
4	(1) keep a register of all the officers of the armed forces of the
5	state; and
6	(2) keep in the adjutant general's office all records and papers
7	required to be kept and filed.
8	(d) If necessary, the adjutant general shall, at the expense of the
9	state, cause:
0	(1) the armed forces law;
1	(2) the general regulations of the state; and
2	(3) the uniform code of military justice of the United States;
.3	to be printed, indexed, and bound in proper and compact form.
4	One (1) copy of each publication shall be distributed to the
.5	commissioned officers, sheriffs, clerks of boards of county
.6	commissioners, and county treasurers of Indiana. The adjutant
7	general shall issue to each commissioned officer and headquarters
8	one (1) copy of the necessary textbooks and of such annual reports
9	concerning the militia as the governor directs.
20	(e) The adjutant general shall cause to be prepared and issued
21	all blank books, blank forms, and blank notices required to
22	implement this chapter. The books and blanks are property of the
23	state.
24	(f) The adjutant general shall attend to the safekeeping and
25	repairing of the ordnance, arms, accouterments, equipment, and all
26	other military and naval property belonging to the state or issued
27	to it by the United States. The governor shall order the adjutant
28	general to dispose of all military and naval property of the state
29	that after a proper inspection is found unsuitable for the use of the
30	state. The adjutant general shall dispose of the property:
31	(1) by public auction after advertisement of the sale weekly
32	for three (3) weeks in at least one (1) newspaper published in
33	the English language in the city or county where the sale is to
34	take place;
35	(2) by private sale when ordered by the governor; or
36	(3) with the approval of the governor, by turning over the
37	property to any other department, board, or commission of
88	state government that can use the property.
19	If the adjutant general believes that better prices may or should be
10	obtained, the adjutant general shall bid in the property or suspend

the sale. All parts of uniforms before being offered for sale shall be

mutilated so they cannot be again used as uniforms. The adjutant



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1	general shall periodically account to the governor of the sales
2	made. The adjutant general shall expend the proceeds of the sales
3	for the use and benefit of the military or naval forces of the state
4	as the governor directs.
5	(g) The adjutant general shall keep an accurate account of all
6	expenses necessarily incurred, including the following:
7	(1) Pay of officers and enlisted persons.
8	(2) Allowances to officers and organizations.
9	(3) Pensions.
10	(4) Any other money required to be disbursed by the adjutant
11	general, including the following:
12	(A) Subsistence of the national guard.
13	(B) Transportation of the national guard.
14	(C) Transportation of all military and naval property of
15	the state or of the United States.
16	These expenses shall be audited and paid in the same manner as
17	other military and naval accounts.
18	(h) The adjutant general shall:
19	(1) issue military and naval property; and
20	(2) make purchases of military and naval property;
21	as the governor directs. Military or naval property may not be
22	issued to persons or organizations other than those belonging to the
23	state armed forces, except to those parts of the sedentary militia as
24	the governor may call out.
25	(i) The seal used in the office of the adjutant general on January
26	1, 1954, shall be:
27	(1) the seal of that office; and
28	(2) delivered by the adjutant general to the successor in office.
29	(j) Except as provided in subsection (k), the adjutant general
30	shall be the auditor of all military accounts payable by the state.
31	(k) The auditor of state shall audit expenditures made by the
32	adjutant general or through the adjutant general's office. Copies
33	of all orders and contracts relating to expenditures described in
34	this subsection shall be filed in the auditor's office.
35	Sec. 10. (a) The adjutant general may be paid a sum equal to the
36	pay received by an officer of the same grade in federal services,
37	excluding allowances.
38	(b) The governor, with the approval of the budget committee,
39	may periodically adjust the salary of the adjutant general to meet
40	the pay adjustments of an officer of the same grade in federal



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Chapter 3. State Armory Board

1	Sec. 1. (a) The state armory board is established to provide,
2	manage, and care for armories for the use of the military and naval
3	forces of Indiana.
4	(b) The board consists of the following members:
5	(1) The following ex officio members:
6	(A) The governor.
7	(B) The adjutant general.
8	(2) Five (5) members appointed by the governor. At least
9	three (3) of the members must be or must have been officers
10	of the military or naval forces of the United States or of the
11	state of Indiana.
12	(3) The presidents of the local armory boards as provided
13	under IC 10-16-4-3(c).
14	Sec. 2. The state armory board established by section 1 of this
15	chapter may contribute funds in support of the following
16	authorized duties and responsibilities of the adjutant general:
17	(1) The military department of the Indiana ceremonial unit.
18	(2) The Indiana guard reserve.
19	(3) The annual report of the adjutant general's department.
20	(4) The medical treatment, pensions, and funeral expenses of
21	officers and soldiers wounded, disabled, or killed while in the
22	active service of the state.
23	(5) Public relations expenditures of the adjutant general's
24	department that are not paid by the United States Department
25	of Defense.
26	(6) Recruitment and retention expenditures of the adjutant
27	general's department that are not paid by the United States
28	Department of Defense.
29	(7) The publication of the armed forces law of Indiana in
30	accordance with IC 10-16-2-9(d).
31	Sec. 3. (a) The term of each member of the state armory board
32	expires four (4) years from the date of the member's appointment.
33	(b) If there is a vacancy in the state armory board, the governor
34	may fill the vacancy for the unexpired term.
35	Sec. 4. The members of the state armory board shall perform
36	the duties imposed upon them by this chapter without
37	compensation. However, the state shall pay the actual necessary
38	expenses of the members that are incident to the performance of
39	their duties from the appropriation made for armory purposes.
40	Sec. 5. (a) The state armory board shall erect or provide within
41	Indiana armories for the use of the military and naval forces of the

state for drill, meeting, and rendezvous purposes by the



1	organization of the military or naval forces occupying the
2	armories.
3	(b) All property of the United States or of the state issued to the
4	occupying organization for military or naval purposes shall be
5	stored and safely kept in the armories.
6	Sec. 6. (a) The state armory board may:
7	(1) lease real estate from:
8	(A) the federal, the state, or a local government; or
9	(B) a federal, state, or local agency; or
0	(2) purchase real estate throughout the state;
1	where necessary to provide armories.
2	(b) The state armory board shall lease or purchase real estate
.3	in the name and for the use of the state. The state armory board
4	shall erect on the real estate an armory to be used for meetings,
.5	rendezvous, and drill purposes by the following organizations:
6	(1) A company.
.7	(2) A battery.
.8	(3) A troop.
9	(4) A battalion.
20	(5) A regiment.
21	(6) A division organization.
22	(7) An air squadron.
23	(8) A related group.
24	The ordnance stores, quartermaster stores, and other property
25	issued to an organization described in this subsection and
26	occupying the armory shall be stored in the armory.
27	(c) The state armory board shall arrange for the occupancy and
28	use of the armories under the direction and responsibility of the
29	senior officer in command of an organization described in
30	subsection (b).
31	(d) An armory may not be erected on land that is leased for less
32	than fifty (50) years.
33	(e) The Indiana wing of the civil air patrol and its subordinate
34	units may use armory facilities without charge when the officer
35	responsible for the armory determines the use would not interfere
86	with operational training requirements of the military forces
37	concerned.
88	Sec. 7. The state armory board shall constitute a board for the
39	general management, care, and custody of the armories. The state
10	armory board may adopt rules for:
L1	(1) the management and government of the armories: and

(2) the guidance of the organizations occupying the armories.



1	Sec. 8. (a) This section applies if a contract for the procurement
2	of property by the state armory board or a local armory board is
3	awarded under this chapter by acceptance of bids, proposals, or
4	quotations.
5	(b) A bid, proposal, or quotation submitted by a trust (as
6	defined in IC 30-4-1-1(a)) must identify each:
7	(1) beneficiary of the trust; and
8	(2) settlor empowered to revoke or modify the trust.
9	Sec. 9. (a) The state armory board may receive from any source
10	donations of land or contributions of money to aid in providing or
11	erecting armories throughout Indiana for the use of:
12	(1) the armed forces of Indiana; and
13	(2) the armed forces of Indiana called or inducted into federal
14	service.
15	Property received under this subsection shall be held as other
16	property for the use of the state.
17	(b) Counties, cities, and municipalities may make donations and
18	contributions under subsection (a).
19	(c) This subsection applies to real estate:
20	(1) donated under subsection (a); and
21	(2) upon which the state of Indiana has not erected structures.
22	The state armory board may determine that real estate donated
23	under subsection (a) is no longer usable or cannot be used by the
24	military department. The state armory board may certify its
25	determination to the adjutant general. The adjutant general may
26	reconvey the real estate to the donor.
27	Sec. 10. All expenses incurred in the operation of state armories
28	shall be paid out of:
29	(1) the rentals;
30	(2) the income;
31	(3) the earnings;
32	(4) any other receipts; and
33	(5) any other appropriation provided by law;
34	to pay the expenses incurred in the operation of the armories.
35	Sec. 11. The state armory board may use the receipts under
36	IC 10-16-9-3(a)(3) to make contributions to organizations that
37	promote the public image of the national guard, the United States
38	armed forces, or veterans of the United States armed forces. These
39	contributions may be made for the following purposes:
40	(1) Public events.
11	(2) Activities on Veterans' Day Memorial Day the Fourth of



July, and other holidays.

1	(3) Monuments, plaques, or inscriptions that memorialize
2	veterans of United States wars or military actions.
3	(4) Other appropriate activities that the state armory board
4	approves.
5	Sec. 12. (a) If the state armory board receives from the governor
6	information of the disbandment of the organization of the armed
7	forces of Indiana occupying and using an armory, the state armory
8	board shall take charge of the armory.
9	(b) The state armory board shall sell the armory for the highest
10	price at public or private sale after publication of the sale for a
11	period of ten (10) days and return the proceeds into the state
12	treasury.
13	Sec. 13. (a) The state armory board may sell, lease, convey, or
14	otherwise dispose of any real property belonging to the state and
15	being under the charge and in the custody and possession of the
16	state armory board if, in the judgment of the state armory board,
17	the real property can no longer be used for the purpose for which
18	it was acquired.
19	(b) The sale shall be made at public or private sale, after
20	appropriate publication, for the highest price to be obtained for the
21	same. If the state armory board takes bids in the sale of real
22	property, the board shall require a bid submitted by a trust (as
23	defined in IC 30-4-1-1(a)) to identify all of the following:
24	(1) Each beneficiary of the trust.
25	(2) Each settlor empowered to revoke or modify the trust.
26	(c) All money derived from the sale, conveyance, or other
27	disposition of any real property shall be paid into the state
28	treasury, but may be used for the purchase of other real property
29	for armory purposes.
30	Sec. 14. (a) If the state armory board sells, conveys, or otherwise
31	disposes of any real property, the value of the property shall be
32	determined by three (3) disinterested appraisers appointed by the
33	state armory board with the approval of the governor.
34	(b) Real property may not be sold, conveyed, or otherwise
35	disposed of for less than the appraised value of the real property.
36	If the real property cannot be sold at its appraised value, it may be
37	reappraised.
38	(c) Real property may not be sold, conveyed, or otherwise
39	disposed of unless:
40	(1) the governor approves the sale, conveyance, or disposition;
41	and
42	(2) the attorney general states in writing that all the



1	conditions necessary to the legal and valid sale, conveyance,
2	or disposition of such property have been fully complied with.
3	Sec. 15. (a) The purchaser of real property sold under this
4	chapter or to whom real property is conveyed or otherwise
5	disposed of under this chapter shall pay the purchase money as
6	agreed upon and certified by the state armory board to the
7	treasurer of state for the use and benefit of the state armory board.
8	The purchaser shall take the receipt of the treasurer of state.
9	(b) The auditor of state shall execute a deed of conveyance to the
10	purchaser after the purchaser presents the following documents to
11	the auditor of state:
12	(1) The receipt of the treasurer of state.
13	(2) A certified resolution approved by the state armory board
14	setting forth the terms and conditions of the sale, conveyance,
15	or other disposition.
16	The deed of conveyance shall be signed by the governor and
17	officially attested by the auditor of state with the seal of the state.
18	Sec. 16. (a) The state armory board shall report annually of the
19	proceedings incident to the location and management of the
20	armories and a detailed account of disbursements.
21	(b) The report shall be filed in the office of auditor of state and
22	a copy furnished to the adjutant general for publication in the
23	annual report of the adjutant general's department.
24	Sec. 17. The state examiner, personally or through the deputy
25	examiners, field examiners, or private examiners, shall make a full
26	and complete examination and report of all transactions of all
27	individuals, persons, trustees, boards, banks, firms, corporations,
28	and others engaged in the acquisition of sites for and the
29	construction of state armories, including examination of the
30	following:
31	(1) The plans and specifications of armories.
32	(2) Construction work performed or being performed.
33	(3) The records of bonds issued and redeemed or proposed to
34	be issued.
35	(4) The records of all lease contracts for building or
36	maintaining armories.
37	(5) The records of receipts and earnings of all armories,
38	except those earnings and receipts arising from shows,
39	benefits, and other similar activities engaged in by members
40	of the armories and other volunteers for the use and benefit
41	of the members.

(6) All money handled by the board or boards, by trustees of



1	state armories, by the state armory board or local armory
2	boards, or by the adjutant general, including all
3	appropriations made for armories by the general assembly.
4	All powers conferred upon the state examiner, deputy examiner,
5	field examiner, private examiner, and the attorney general under
6	IC 5-11-6 by petition are conferred upon these officers, examiners,
7	and the department without any petition. All the powers given
8	these officers, examiners, and the department under any other
9	statute may be used for the purpose of carrying out this chapter.
10	Sec. 18. (a) The state examiner, with the approval of the
11	governor, may employ expert engineering and architectural
12	services when necessary to assist the state examiner, deputy
13	examiner, field examiners, or private examiners in making
14	inspections and examinations under this chapter.
15	(b) The state examiner, with the approval of the governor, shall
16	fix and determine the amount to be paid for the expert service.
17	Field examiners of the state board of accounts, when employed in
18	performing the services provided for in this chapter, are entitled
19	to receive the per diem provided by IC 4-10-11-2 and
20	IC 4-10-11-2.1 for field examiners and all necessary expenses
21	incurred in carrying out their duties as provided for in this
22	chapter.
23	Chapter 4. Local Armory Boards
24	Sec. 1. (a) There shall be a local armory board at each armory
25	in Indiana.
26	(b) This subsection applies to an armory that is used and
27	occupied by one (1) military unit. The local armory board consists
28	of the following three (3) members:
29	(1) One (1) member appointed by the state armory board.
30	(2) The ranking two (2) officers of the local military unit.
31	(c) This subsection applies to an armory that is used and
32	occupied by more than one (1) military unit. The local armory
33	board consists of the following members:
34	(1) One (1) member appointed by the state armory board.
35	(2) The ranking officer of each major unit using and
36	occupying the armory.
37	Sec. 2. (a) The local armory boards shall do the following:
38	(1) Carry into effect all rules and regulations adopted by the
39	state armory board.
40	(2) Recommend rules and regulations concerning local
41	matters to the state armory board.

(3) Prescribe their own rules and regulations concerning local



	100
1	matters.
2	(4) In the absence of any directive or rule from the state
3	armory board, take local actions necessary to maintain and
4	administer the needs of the local armory.
5	(b) A local armory board shall report any initial action
6	described in subsection (a) to the state armory board for final
7	ratification. An action described in subsection (a) is considered
8	ratified by the state armory board if:
9	(1) the state armory board does not take any action; and
10	(2) the local armory board receives notification of any action;
11	not more than twenty (20) days after the date the local armory
12	board files a report under this subsection.
13	Sec. 3. (a) The senior member of a local armory board shall
14	serve as president of the local armory board.
15	(b) The president of a local armory board shall do the following:
16	(1) Report all actions taken by the local board to the state
17	armory board.
18	(2) Keep a record of all expenditures, income, and actions
19	authorized by the local board.
20	(3) Submit an annual report to the state armory board of the
21	information described in subdivisions (1) and (2) by January
22	15 of each year.
23	(c) A president of a local armory board is an ex officio member
24	of the state armory board and may attend all meetings concerning
25	the president's armory called by the president of the state armory
26	board. A president of a local armory board may be a voting
27	member of the state armory board only on matters of local concern
28	and of specific nature involving the particular local armory of
29	which the person is president.
30	Sec. 4. (a) A local armory board may receive from counties,
31	cities, and municipalities donations of land or contributions of
32	money to aid in providing or erecting improvements on the
33	armories.
34	(b) A donation or contribution received under this section shall
35	be held as other property for the use of the state.
36	Sec. 5. The state examiner of the state board of accounts
37	personally, or through the deputy examiners or field examiners,
38	shall make a full and complete examination and report upon the
39	records and receipts of the local armory boards to the extent of and
40	as provided for in the examination of the state armory board under
41	IC 10-16-3-17.

Sec. 6. The members of the local armory boards shall perform



the duties imposed upon them by this chapter without any compensation for their services. However, the actual expenses
incurred by the members of the local armory boards incident to the
management and care of the armories are payable from the local
armory board funds.
Sec. 7. (a) A local armory board may retain all rental, income
earnings, and any and all other receipts accrued through its
operation of the local armory.

- (b) The local armory board shall keep a full and complete record of funds the board receives and disburses. The report is subject to audit and submitted to the adjutant general not later than July 1 of each year and at other times as the adjutant general requires.
- (c) A local armory board, subject to approval of the state armory board, may expend revenue received for the improvement, including street improvement, alterations, repair, and maintenance of the armory and facilities under its control. The local armory board may expend the funds for the benefit of state military organizations assigned to the local armory. If the funds are not needed for the operation, repair, and maintenance of the armory, or if a military organization is not assigned to the armory, the state armory board may order the funds turned over to the state armory board. The transferred funds may be used for the benefit of other armories of the state or of the national guard of the state or expended as a whole.

Chapter 5. Military Department of Indiana Ceremonial Unit Sec. 1. The adjutant general may organize and maintain a military department of Indiana ceremonial unit. The unit shall be operated for the following purposes:

- (1) Rendering appropriate military honors at state functions and at funeral services for those who have served in the military forces of the United States or the state of Indiana.
- (2) Preserving the history of the Indiana military through the demonstration of close order marching, drill, and ceremonies.
- Sec. 2. The membership of the ceremonial unit must be composed of officers, commissioned or warranted, and other members of the Indiana national guard who volunteer for service in the ceremonial unit and are appointed by the adjutant general or the adjutant general's designee.
- Sec. 3. The members of the ceremonial unit shall perform the duties imposed upon them by this chapter in a volunteer status. However, the state armory board shall pay the actual expenses of



1	the members incident to the performance of their duties from
2	donations made to the board for the management and maintenance
3	of the ceremonial unit.
4	Sec. 4. The state armory board may receive gifts of money or
5	property from individuals, associations, institutions, or
6	organizations to carry out the purposes of the ceremonial unit.
7	Chapter 6. Organization and Personnel
8	Sec. 1. Under Article 12, Section 1 of the Constitution of the
9	State of Indiana, the militia consists of all able-bodied males who
.0	are:
1	(1) at least eighteen (18) years of age; and
2	(2) less than forty-six (46) years of age;
3	except those persons who are exempted by the laws of the United
4	States or of Indiana.
.5	Sec. 2. The militia shall be divided into two (2) classes, the
.6	sedentary militia and the national guard, as follows:
.7	(1) The sedentary militia consists of all persons subject to bear
.8	arms under the Constitution of the State of Indiana who do
9	not belong to the national guard.
20	(2) The national guard consists of those able-bodied citizens
21	between the proper ages as established by this article who
22	may be enrolled, organized, and mustered into the service of
23	the state as provided in this article. The organized militia of
24	the state constitutes and shall be known as the Indiana
25	national guard.
26	Sec. 3. (a) The Indiana national guard consists of those units:
27	(1) specified by:
28	(A) the Secretary of the Army; and
29	(B) the Secretary of the Air Force; and
30	(2) approved by the governor.
31	(b) The composition of authorized units shall be the same as
32	those prescribed for the regular army and the regular air force.
33	The forces of the Indiana national guard shall be fully armed,
34	uniformed, organized, and equipped in accordance with the
35	provisions of the national military establishment regulations
36	governing the regular army and regular air force.
37	Sec. 4. (a) Officers shall be commissioned by the governor. The
88	governor is, ex officio, the commander in chief.
39	(b) A commission may not be issued to any officer of the Indiana
10	national guard except to general officers until the officer has
1	passed a satisfactory examination before a board demonstrating:
12	(1) the officer's knowledge of military affairs proportionate to



1	the office to be held, and
2	the office to be held; and (2) the officer's general knowledge and fitness for the service.
3	(c) A person is not eligible for appointment:
4	(1) to the office of adjutant general;
5	(2) as a major general; or
6	(3) as a brigadier general;
7	unless the person has served at least ten (10) years as a
8	commissioned officer of the national guard, army, or air force of
9	the United States.
10	(d) A person is not eligible for appointment to any staff (other
11	than the governor's honorary staff), corps, or department unless
12	the person has the technical training requisite to qualify for the
13	appointment, to be determined by an examining board appointed
14	for the purpose.
15	Sec. 5. (a) A person may not be commissioned as an officer of
16	the Indiana national guard unless the person:
17	(1) is temperate and of good moral character; and
18	(2) has successfully passed tests as to physical, mental, and
19	professional fitness as may be prescribed by the laws and
20	regulations applicable to the federally recognized national
21	guard.
22	(b) In the selection and appointment of commissioned officers,
23	preference shall be given to:
24	(1) a person with prior active military service;
25	(2) an enlisted person;
26	(3) a member of the air national guard; and
27	(4) a graduate of a school teaching military science.
28	Sec. 6. (a) At any time, the moral character, capacity, and
29	general fitness for the service of any Indiana national guard officer
30	may be determined by an efficiency board of three (3)
31	commissioned officers, senior in rank to the officer whose fitness
32	for service is under investigation.
33	(b) The governor may convene the efficiency board. If the
34	findings of the board are:
35	(1) unfavorable to the officer; and
36	(2) approved by the governor;
37	the officer shall be discharged.
38	(c) The commission of an officer in the Indiana national guard
39	may be vacated:
40	(1) upon the officer's resignation;
41	(2) upon the officer's absence without leave for three (3)
42	months;



1	(3) upon the recommendation of an efficiency board; or
2	(4) under a sentence of a court-martial.
3	However, an officer who has not returned or accounted for all the
4	public property or funds for which the officer is responsible may
5	not receive an honorable discharge or separation.
6	(d) Officers rendered surplus by the disbandment of their
7	organization or other causes shall be separated from the Indiana
8	national guard or placed in the inactive national guard at the
9	discretion of the governor.
10	Sec. 7. A commissioned officer of the Indiana national guard,
11	before entering upon the duties of the officer's office, shall take and
12	subscribe to the following oath, or other oath as may be required
13	by national guard regulations:
14	"I,, do solemnly swear that I will support and
15	defend the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution
16	of the State of Indiana against all enemies, foreign and domestic;
17	that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I will
18	obey the orders of the President of the United States and the
19	governor of the state of Indiana, that I make this obligation freely,
20	without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I
21	will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office of
22	, in the national guard of the state of Indiana upon
23	which I am about to enter, so help me God.".
24	Sec. 8. (a) The period of enlistment in the Indiana national
25	guard is for the time prescribed by national guard regulations. The
26	qualifications for enlistment must be the same as those prescribed
27	by regulations for admission to the regular army or regular air
28	force or national guard regulations. However, the privilege of
29	continuing the active service during the whole of an enlistment
30	period and of reenlisting in the service may not be denied except as
31	otherwise provided.
32	(b) An enlisted person of the Indiana national guard shall sign
33	an enlistment contract and take and subscribe to the oath required
34	by national guard regulations.
35	(c) A federally recognized officer of the Indiana national guard
36	may administer the enlistment oath.
37	(d) The adjutant general may authorize officers of the services
38	on duty at armed forces entrance stations to administer the oath of
39	enlistment to an applicant presented to them by an authorized
40	representative of the Indiana national guard for enlistment in the
41	Indiana national guard. The state adjutant general's authorization
42	must be in writing.



1	Sec. 9. An enlisted person who is discharged from service in the
2	Indiana national guard shall receive a discharge in writing in the
3	form and with the classification prescribed by national guard
4	regulations. In time of peace, a discharge may be given before the
5	expiration of an enlistment term in the following cases:
6	(1) By sentence of a general court-martial.
7	(2) By direction of the governor on account of disability.
8	(3) On account of sentence of imprisonment by a civil court,
9	whether suspended or not.
10	(4) On account of a bona fide permanent change of residence
11	to another state.
12	(5) For the purpose of enlisting in the United States Army, Air
13	Force, Navy, or Marine Corps.
14	(6) For other causes prescribed by national guard regulations
15	or the commander in chief.
16	However, an enlisted person who has not returned or accounted for
17	all of the public property for which the enlisted person is
18	responsible may not receive an honorable discharge.
19	Sec. 10. All matters relating to:
20	(1) organization, commissioning, and separation of officers;
21	(2) enlisting and discharge of enlisted persons; and
22	(3) discipline and government of the Indiana national guard;
23	that are not otherwise provided in this article shall be decided by
24	the uniform code of military justice governing the armed forces of
25	the United States, the regulations, customs, and usage of the armed
26	forces of the United States, or national guard regulations.
27	Sec. 11. (a) The inactive national guard of Indiana consists of
28	those federally recognized officers and persons placed in the
29	inactive national guard under the provisions of national guard
30	regulations.
31	(b) The administration of the inactive national guard shall be in
32	accordance with applicable national guard regulations.
33	Sec. 12. (a) A commissioned officer:
34	(1) who serves in the Indiana national guard for at least five
35	(5) years; or
36	(2) who becomes permanently disabled from performing the
37	officer's duties, irrespective of length of service;
38	may, upon honorable retirement from the service, whether by
39	resignation or otherwise, and upon application to the adjutant
40	general, be carried upon a roll to be established and maintained in
41	the office of the adjutant general. The roll shall be designated the



Indiana national guard retired list.

1	(b) The commissioned officer may wear, on occasion of
2	ceremony, the uniform of the highest rank held by the officer.
3	(c) An officer carried on the Indiana national guard retired list,
4	if qualified, is eligible for detail or appointment on the general staff
5	or the staff of any commander when not physically disqualified for
6	military duty. However, if an officer carried on the Indiana
7	national guard retired list is appointed to a staff position as
8	described in this section, the officer shall be recommissioned in the
9	rank to which the officer has been appointed. The officer shall hold
10	this rank during the time of the staff appointment unless the officer
11	is promoted to a higher rank.
12	(d) If the officer retires for a second time from active service,
13	the officer shall be entered on the Indiana national guard retired
14	list with the officer's highest rank.
15	(e) An officer whose name appears on the national guard retired
16	list is not entitled to receive any military pay or emolument from
17	the state during the time the officer remains on the national guard
18	retired list unless the officer is specifically assigned to duty on
19	orders from the governor. If the officer is assigned to duty on
20	orders from the governor, the officer is entitled only to the military
21	pay and allowance provided by law for officers of the rank to
22	which appointed.
23	Chapter 7. Training and Active Duty of National Guard;
24	Benefits of Members
25	Sec. 1. As used in section 6 of this chapter, "employer" refers to
26	an employer:
27	(1) other than the state or a county, township, municipality, or
28	school corporation in Indiana; and
29	(2) that employs any employee other than an employee in a
30	temporary position.
31	Sec. 2. As used in section 5 of this chapter, "member" refers to
32	the following:
33	(1) A member of the Indiana national guard.
34	(2) A member of a reserve component.
35	(3) A member of the retired personnel of the naval, air, or
36	ground forces of the United States.
37	Sec. 3. (a) Each detachment and unit in the national guard shall
38	assemble for drill and instruction, including indoor target practice,
39	in accordance with national guard regulations.
40	(b) In addition, each detachment and unit shall participate in
41	encampments, maneuvers, or other exercises, including outdoor
42	target practice, in accordance with national guard regulations,



1	unless the unit or detachment is excused from participation by the
2	governor.
3	(c) A commissioned officer and an enlisted person or a member
4	of the Indiana air national guard shall be present and perform all
5	the duties required of the officer, person, or member at each
6	assembly for drill and instruction, encampment, maneuvers, or
7	other exercises, unless regularly excused by competent authority.
8	Sec. 4. An employer who knowingly or intentionally refuses to
9	allow a member of the Indiana national guard to attend any
10	assembly at which the member has a duty to perform under this
11	chapter commits a Class B misdemeanor.
12	Sec. 5. (a) This section applies to all officers and employees of
13	the state or any county, township, municipality, or school
14	corporation in Indiana who are members.
15	(b) A member is entitled to receive from the member's employer
16	a leave of absence from the member's respective duties in addition
17	to regular vacation period without loss of time or pay for the time
18	that the member is:
19	(1) on training duties of the state under the order of the
20	governor as commander in chief; or
21	(2) a member of any reserve component under the order of
22	the reserve component authority;
23	for any consecutive or nonconsecutive period that does not exceed
24	a total of fifteen (15) days in any calendar year. The entitlement to
25	a leave of absence without loss of time or pay provided in this
26	subsection is not at the discretion of the member's employer.
27	(c) A member is entitled to receive from the member's employer
28	a leave of absence from the member's respective duties in addition
29	to the member's regular vacation period for the total number of
30	days that the member is on state active duty under section 7 of this
31	chapter. A leave of absence provided under this subsection may be
32	with or without loss of time or pay at the discretion of the
33	member's employer.
34	Sec. 6. A member of the Indiana national guard is entitled to
35	receive from the member's employer a leave of absence from the
36	member's respective duties in addition to the member's regular
37	vacation period for the total number of days that the member is on
38	state active duty under section 7 of this chapter. The leave of
39	absence may be with or without loss of time or pay at the discretion
40	of the member's employer.
41	Sec. 7. (a) The governor shall order on state duty all or part of



the national guard in the following cases:

1	(1) War.
2	(2) Invasion.
3	(3) Insurrection.
4	(4) Public disaster.
5	(5) Breach of the peace or imminent danger of breach of the
6	peace.
7	(6) Forcible obstruction of the execution of the laws, or
8	reasonable belief that the execution of the laws will be
9	obstructed.
10	(7) At any other time the governor considers necessary.
11	(b) A member of the Indiana national guard who is ordered out
12	on duty may not be held civilly liable for any act done by the
13	person in the discharge of the person's military duty. The member
14	may not be subject to criminal prosecution if an alleged criminal
15	act occurred while the member was carrying out the orders of a
16	superior officer that the member reasonably believed to be legal
17	orders under all of the attendant facts and circumstances.
18	(c) If the President of the United States calls, orders, or
19	requisitions troops, the governor shall first order into the service
20	of the United States the organization and arms of the service
21	specified in the president's requisition.
22	(d) If a civil suit or proceeding is commenced in any court by
23	any person against any member of the Indiana national guard
24	acting under the authority of an order described in subsection (b),
25	the attorney general shall defend the member. If the action or
26	proceeding is criminal, the governor shall designate counsel to
27	represent the accused and the state will be financially responsible
28	for the expense of the defense of any civil or criminal action
29	incurred. The expenses for the defense shall be paid by the
30	adjutant general out of appropriated funds.
31	Sec. 8. On days of military duty, the Indiana national guard,
32	called out by proper authority and performing military duty, is
33	considered to be under military discipline. An officer or enlisted
34	person is not subject to arrest on any civil process during this time.
35	Sec. 9. (a) If:
36	(1) insurrection, rebellion, invasion, tumult, riot, resistance to
37	law or process, breach of the peace, or public disaster, occurs
38	in the vicinity of a station of the Indiana national guard;
39	(2) the exigencies of a situation make it impossible for the
40	senior commanding officer of the Indiana national guard
41	station to communicate with the governor or the adjutant



general; and

1	(3) the sheriff of the county involved or an officer acting on
2	behalf of the sheriff provides the senior commanding officer
3	of the Indiana national guard station with a written request
4	signed by the sheriff of the county involved or officer stating
5	the facts and the nature of the service desired;
6	the senior commanding officer may order out the Indiana national
7	guard units at that station and cause them to perform whatever
8	duty is required by the circumstances.
9	(b) A commanding officer who has called out Indiana national
10	guard units as described in subsection (a) shall immediately report
11	what that officer has done and all the circumstances of the case to
12	the governor. The actions performed shall be considered to have
13	been taken by order of the governor.
14	Sec. 10. An officer whose command is called out under section
15	9 of this chapter and who is reporting to any civil officer may
16	require the civil officer to make the order in writing and prescribe
17	the outline of the duties required of the officer and the officer's
18	command. The officer may decline to obey the orders until the
19	orders are put in writing. Although the commanding officer must
20	obey all lawful written orders of the civil officer, the military
21	officer may use the officer's discretion as to the manner of carrying
22	out the orders if the officer complies with their spirit.
23	Sec. 11. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), before using
24	any military force to disperse an unlawful assembly (as defined in
25	IC 35-45-1-1):
26	(1) the civil officer calling out the military force or a law
27	enforcement officer; or
28	(2) if a civil officer or law enforcement officer is not present,
29	the officer in command of the troops or the officer's designee;
30	shall command the persons comprising the unlawful assembly to
31	disperse and retire peaceably to their homes or businesses. A
32	particular form of words is not required in ordering the dispersion
33	of any unlawful assembly.
34	(b) A person is not required to order an unlawful assembly to
35	disperse if:
36	(1) giving the order to disperse would put the person in
37	imminent danger of loss of life or great bodily harm; or
38	(2) the unlawful assembly is engaged in the commission of any
39	felony or is causing violence to a person or property.
40	Sec. 12. (a) If a person taking part in an unlawful assembly

described in this chapter refuses to disperse after having been ordered to disperse in accordance with this chapter or if a



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1	command to disperse is not required under this chapter and a civil
2	officer to whom military force is ordered to report, or if a civil
3	officer is not present, then the military officer (or if the command
4	is acting under the direct order of the governor, then the officer
5	within the limits provided in the officer's instructions) shall:
6	(1) arrest persons taking part in the unlawful assembly; or
7	(2) disperse the unlawful assembly.
8	(b) If, in arresting a person or dispersing an unlawful assembly:
9	(1) a person is killed, wounded, or otherwise injured; or
.0	(2) property is injured or destroyed;
.1	by the civil officer or officer or member of the Indiana national
.2	guard, or other persons lawfully aiding them, the officer, member,
.3	or person shall be held blameless.
.4	Sec. 13. If a part of the Indiana national guard or a person
.5	lawfully aiding the Indiana national guard in the performance of
.6	its duty as described in this chapter is attacked or in imminent
.7	danger of attack, the commanding officer:
. 8	(1) is not required to await orders from a civil authority; and
.9	(2) may quell the attack, disperse the attacking party, and
20	take any other necessary step for the safety of the officer's
21	command.
22	Sec. 14. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), any part of the
23	Indiana national guard parading or performing a lawful duty has
24	the right-of-way in any street or highway through which the
25	Indiana national guard passes.
26	(b) The Indiana national guard may not interfere with the
27	following:
28	(1) The carriage of United States mail.
29	(2) The operations of any fire engine or fire department.
30	(3) A police vehicle.
31	(4) Any other emergency vehicle.
32	Sec. 15. (a) If an unlawful assembly has occurred or is so
33	imminent that the Indiana national guard has been called out
34	under this chapter, the civil officer under whose orders the Indiana
35	national guard is acting or the commanding officer of the Indiana
86	national guard, if it is advisable in subduing or preventing the
37	unlawful assembly, may:
88	(1) prohibit a person from occupying or making use of a street
39	or place where the Indiana national guard is located; and
10	(2) otherwise regulate the passage and occupancy of streets
L1	and places

(b) A person who knowingly or intentionally enters a street or



1	remains on a street after being informed that the Indiana national
2	guard has prohibited this conduct commits a Class B misdemeanor.
3	(c) The officer in command of the Indiana national guard may
4	immediately arrest or order the arrest of a person who violates
5	subsection (b).
6	(d) If the officer in command of the Indiana national guard has
7	arrested a person in accordance with this section, the officer shall
8	deliver the person to a civil magistrate.
9	Sec. 16. (a) A muster or an assembly for instruction, review, or
10	parade may not be held or called in any county on any day during
11	which a general election or special election is held in the county,
12	except in case of or imminent danger of riot, invasion, insurrection,
13	or public disaster.
14	(b) An officer who orders a muster or an assembly on an
15	election day shall forfeit an amount as a court-martial adjudges.
16	Sec. 17. An officer or enlisted person in active service of the
17	state shall be paid the greater of:
18	(1) the sum equivalent to the pay and allowances received by
19	officers and enlisted men of the same rank or grade in the
20	service of the armed forces of the United States; or
21	(2) the sum per day equal to twelve (12) times the hourly
22	federal minimum wage in effect at the time of active service.
23	However, with the approval of the budget committee, the adjutant
24	general may adjust the pay of an officer or enlisted person to meet
25	the pay and allowance adjustments of officers and enlisted persons
26	of the same rank or grade for service in the armed forces of the
27	United States.
28	Sec. 18. (a) A member of the Indiana national guard who:
29	(1) when on duty or assembled for duty, in case of riot,
30	tumult, breach of peace, insurrection, invasion, public disaster
31	or whenever ordered by the governor, the commanding
32	general of the national guard, or called to the aid of civil
33	authorities, is injured, is disabled, or contracts a disease
34	because of the member's duty or assembly; or
35	(2) without fault or neglect on that member's part, is wounded
36	or disabled while performing any lawfully ordered duty that
37	temporarily incapacitates the member from pursuing the
38	member's usual business or occupation;
39	shall, during the period of incapacity, receive the pay to which the
40	member was entitled while on or assembled for duty, plus any
41	actual necessary expenses for care and medical attention.
42	(b) If a claim is made under this section, the adjutant general



1	may cause examinations of the claimant to be made from time to
2	time by a medical officer designated for that purpose by the
3	adjutant general. The adjutant general may direct the removal of
4	a claimant to and treatment in a hospital designated by the
5	adjutant general. If the claimant refuses:
6	(1) to allow an examination; or
7	(2) to go to a designated hospital or to otherwise follow the
8	advice or treatment prescribed;
9	the claimant forfeits and is barred from all right to any claim or
10	allowance under this section.
11	(c) Under this chapter:
12	(1) a disability may not be considered temporary if the
13	disability continues for more than one (1) year from the date
14	of receiving the injury or of incurring or contracting the
15	disease or disability; and
16	(2) pay and expenses for care and medical attendance for
17	more than one (1) year is not allowed.
18	(d) The adjutant general may appoint a medical examiner or a
19	board of three (3) officers, at least one (1) being a medical officer,
20	to inquire into the merits of any claim arising under this section.
21	However, the adjutant general may determine any claim without
22	appointing a medical examiner and fix the amount to be allowed
23	under this section. A medical examiner or board appointed under
24	this section has the same power to take evidence, administer oaths,
25	issue subpoenas and compel witnesses to attend and testify and
26	produce books and papers and punish their failures to do so as is
27	possessed by a general court-martial. The findings of the medical
28	examiner or board are subject to the approval of the adjutant
29	general, who may return the proceedings of the medical examiner
30	or board for revision and for taking further testimony. The amount
31	found due a member by the medical examiner or board and
32	approved by the adjutant general of the state shall be paid by the
33	state in the same manner as other military accounts are paid.
34	Sec. 19. (a) A member of the Indiana national guard who is
35	wounded or disabled or was disabled in the service of the state
36	including service related to:
37	(1) a riot;
38	(2) a tumult;
39	(3) a breach of the peace;
40	(4) a resistance to process;



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(5) an invasion;

(6) a public disaster;

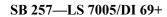
1	(7) the aid of civil authority; or
2	(8) a lawfully ordered parade, drill, encampment, or
3	inspection;
4	within ten (10) years preceding the member's application for a
5	pension under this chapter shall, upon proof of the disability, be
6	placed on the roll of invalid pensioners of the state and shall
7	receive out of money in the state treasury not otherwise
8	appropriated, upon the audit of the adjutant general and approval
9	of the governor, the same pension or reward that a person under
10	similar circumstances would receive from the United States. In
11	case of a wound, an injury, or a disease that results in death, the
12	surviving spouse, dependent children, or dependent parent of the
13	member of the Indiana national guard shall receive the pension
14	and reward dating from the time of receiving the injuries on
15	account of which the pension or reward is allowed. An officer or
16	enlisted person is not entitled while in active service to apply for or
17	receive a pension.
18	(b) If a member of the Indiana national guard dies in the active
19	service of the state, the member's reasonable funeral expenses, not
20	exceeding four thousand dollars (\$4,000), shall be paid by the state
21	in the manner as the governor directs.
22	(c) This section does not make applicable any provision of the
23	national service life insurance law of the United States, and the
24	pension or reward granted under this section shall be that provided
25	for by the pension laws of the United States in substance, without
26	regard to form.
27	Sec. 20. (a) Before the name of a person is placed upon the
28	pension roll under this chapter, proof must be made under
29	regulations as the adjutant general may prescribe that the
30	applicant is entitled to a pension.
31	(b) The adjutant general, with the approval of the governor,
32	shall strike from the pension roll the name of a person if it appears
33	by satisfactory proof that the person was placed on the pension roll
34	through a false or fraudulent representation.
35	(c) The adjutant general, with the approval of the governor,
36	may increase, reduce, or withdraw any pension according to the
37	right, justice, and practice in the United States Department of
38	Veterans Affairs pension office.
39	Sec. 21. (a) The adjutant general may appoint a pension

examiner who shall inquire into the merits of any claim for pay and

care and pension, whether pending or adjudicated. The pension

examiner may administer oaths, orally examine witnesses, issue







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1	subpoenas, and take affidavits and depositions in the course of an
2	examination.
3	(b) The adjutant general shall appoint examining boards
4	consisting of not more than three (3) medical officers of the
5	Indiana national guard, who shall, under the adjutant general's
6	direction, make an examination of a claimant as directed by the
7	adjutant general. The examining board shall certify the result of its
8	examination in the form prescribed by the adjutant general.
9	(c) A person who is adversely affected by the report of one (1)
.0	medical officer is entitled, upon request, to an examination before
. 1	a board consisting of three (3) medical officers. The adjutant
2	general, with the approval of the governor and with the consent of
.3	the applicant, may commute any pension by payment of a lump
4	sum to be accepted by the applicant in full satisfaction of all claims.
.5	Sec. 22. If a member of the Indiana national guard or a member
.6	of a reserve component of the armed forces of the United States:
.7	(1) is a noncustodial parent (as defined in IC 31-9-2-83);
.8	(2) misses visitation as provided in an order issued under
.9	IC 31-14-14 or IC 31-17-4 due to participating in an activity
20	required under this chapter; and
21	(3) notifies the custodial parent at least seven (7) days before
22	the member misses the anticipated visitation described in
23	subdivision (2), unless the member is unable to provide notice
24	due to a government emergency;
25	the member shall be allowed to make up the lost visitation at the
26	member's earliest convenience but not later than one (1) month
27	after the member misses the visitation under this section, if
28	exercising the lost visitation does not conflict with the child's school
29	schedule.
30	Chapter 8. Guard Reserve
31	Sec. 1. (a) To supplement the Indiana national guard, the
32	governor may organize and maintain within Indiana military
33	forces the governor considers necessary to defend Indiana if any
34	part of the Indiana national guard is in active federal service.
35	(b) The Indiana guard reserve shall be composed of officers,
36	commissioned or assigned, and able bodied citizens who volunteer
37	for service, supplemented, if necessary, by members of the militia
88	enrolled by draft or otherwise as provided by law.
39	(c) These forces:
10	(1) are additional to and distinct from the Indiana national
11	guard; and
12	(2) shall be known as the Indiana guard reserve.



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1	The members of the Indiana guard reserve may be uniformed.
2	Sec. 2. (a) The governor may adopt rules and regulations not
3	inconsistent with this chapter governing the enlistment,
4	organization, administration, equipment, maintenance, training,
5	and discipline of members of the Indiana guard reserve. However,
6	the rules and regulations must conform to applicable law
7	governing and pertaining to the Indiana national guard and the
8	rules and regulations adopted under those laws and under
9	regulations as the Secretary of Defense of the United States may
10	prescribe for the organization, standard of training, instruction,
11	and discipline.
12	(b) The adjutant general is designated as the commanding
13	officer of the Indiana guard reserve. The administration of the
14	Indiana guard reserve shall be in the state military department.
15	(c) The governor may disband the Indiana guard reserve at any
16	time the governor considers necessary and safe.
17	Sec. 3. The adjutant general shall determine and pay for
18	administration, operation, training, and all expenses incidental to
19	administration, operation, and training that are incurred in
20	carrying out this chapter.
21	Sec. 4. (a) For the use of members of the Indiana guard reserve,
22	the governor may requisition from the secretary of defense arms,
23	ammunition, clothing, and equipment that the secretary of defense
24	may issue.
25	(b) The governor shall make available the facilities of state
26	armories and their equipment and other state premises and
27	property as may be available.
28 29	(c) School authorities may allow the use of school buildings and
	school grounds by the Indiana guard reserve, on the terms and
30	conditions set out by the adjutant general.
31	Sec. 5. The Indiana guard reserve may not be required to serve
32 33	outside Indiana except as follows: (1) Upon the request of the governor of another state, the
34	governor of Indiana may order any part of or all the Indiana
35	guard reserve to assist the military or police forces of another
36	state who are engaged in defending the other state. The
37	governor may recall these forces.
38	(2) An organization, a unit, or a detachment of the Indiana
20	twi the organizations a units of a detachment of the indiana

guard reserve, upon order of the officer in immediate

command of the guard reserve, may continue in fresh pursuit

of insurrectionists, saboteurs, enemies, or enemy forces

beyond the borders of Indiana into another state until the



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insurrectionists, saboteurs, enemies, or enemy forces are apprehended or captured by the organization, unit, or detachment or until the military or police forces of the other state or the forces of the United States have had a reasonable opportunity to take up the pursuit or to apprehend or capture the persons. The pursuit is not authorized unless the other state gives authority by law for the pursuit by forces of Indiana. Any persons who are apprehended or captured in another state by an organization, unit, or detachment of the forces of Indiana shall without unnecessary delay be surrendered to the military or police forces of the state in which they are taken or to the United States. The surrender of insurrectionists or saboteurs to the military or police forces of the other state does not constitute a waiver by Indiana of its right to extradite or prosecute the insurrectionists or saboteurs for any crime committed in Indiana.

Sec. 6. (a) Military forces, organizations, units, or detachments of another state that are in fresh pursuit of insurrectionists, saboteurs, enemies, or enemy forces may continue the pursuit into Indiana until the military or police forces of Indiana or the forces of the United States have had a reasonable opportunity to take up the pursuit or to apprehend or capture the insurrectionists, saboteurs, enemies, or enemy forces.

- (b) Military forces, organizations, units, or detachments of another state may arrest or capture insurrectionists, saboteurs, enemies, or enemy forces within Indiana while in fresh pursuit. A person who is captured or arrested by the military forces of the other state while in Indiana shall without unnecessary delay be surrendered to the military or police forces of Indiana to be dealt with according to law.
- (c) This section may not be construed to make unlawful any arrest in Indiana that would otherwise be lawful. This section does not repeal any provision of IC 35-33-3.
- Sec. 7. This chapter may not be construed to authorize the Indiana guard reserve or any part of the Indiana guard reserve to be called, ordered, or in any manner drafted into the military services of the United States. However, a person may not, by reason of the person's enlistment or commission in the Indiana guard reserve, be exempted from United States military service required under any law of the United States.
- Sec. 8. A civil organization, a society, a club, a post, an order, a fraternity, an association, a brotherhood, a body, a union, a league,

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1	or any other combination of persons or civil groups may not be
2	enlisted in the Indiana guard reserve as an organization or unit.
3	Sec. 9. A person may not be commissioned or enlisted in the
4	Indiana guard reserve if the person is not a citizen of the United
5	States or if the person has been expelled or dishonorably
6	discharged from any military or naval organization of this state, of
7	another state, or of the United States.
8	Sec. 10. The oath to be taken by officers commissioned in the
9	Indiana guard reserve shall be substantially in the form prescribed
10	for officers of the national guard, substituting the words "Indiana
11	guard reserve" where necessary.
12	Sec. 11. A person may not be enlisted for more than three (3)
13	years. However, an enlistment may be renewed. The oath to be
14	taken upon enlistment in the Indiana guard reserve shall be
15	substantially in the form prescribed for enlisted persons of the
16	national guard, substituting the words "Indiana guard reserve"
17	where necessary.
18	Sec. 12. (a) If the Indiana guard reserve or any part of the
19	Indiana guard reserve is ordered out for active service or armory
20	drill:
21	(1) the uniform code of military justice governing the Indiana
22	national guard relating to courts-martial, their jurisdiction,
23	and the limits of punishment; and
24	(2) the rules and regulations prescribed under the uniform
25	code of military justice;
26	are in full force and effect as provided for in IC 10-16-9-1.
27	(b) An officer or enlisted person of the Indiana guard reserve
28	may not be arrested on any warrant, except for treason or felony,
29	while going to, remaining at, or returning from a place where
30	ordered to attend for military duty. An officer and enlisted person
31	of the Indiana guard reserve is, during the service in the Indiana
32	guard reserve, exempt from service upon any posse comitatus.
33	Sec. 13. The adjutant general of Indiana, with the approval of
34	the governor, may procure a policy of group insurance for and
35	covering members of the military forces of Indiana covering and
36	insuring against any injury received or had by members from any
37	accident while on drill or active duty.
38	Sec. 14. (a) The members of the Indiana guard reserve provided
39	for in this chapter shall receive pay quarterly for time spent in
40	authorized drill and instruction to be paid from any appropriation



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enacted for that purpose.

(b) The adjutant general shall:

1	(1) cause quarterly payrolls to be prepared and submitted;
2	and
3	(2) provide regulations for the processing of payrolls.
4	(c) This section applies only to drill and instruction pay and does
5	not apply to payroll for active duty.
6	Sec. 15. (a) Adequate provisions shall be made to allow the
7	enlistment and induction of able bodied citizens of each and all
8	racial groups in Indiana into all branches and departments of the
9	Indiana guard reserve organized to defend and enforce the laws of
10	Indiana. To that end, all racial groups in Indiana are entitled to
11	that representation in each branch or department of the Indiana
12	guard reserve in approximate proportion to the group or groups
13	to the population of Indiana. However, this section or any other
14	statute may not be construed so as to allow racial segregation.
15	(b) Race or color may not be a cause for excluding the
16	application to serve or the service of any person in any branch of
17	service provided for in this chapter.
18	Chapter 9. Court-Martial Procedures
19	Sec. 1. (a) Except as otherwise provided, if the Indiana national
20	guard is in active service on behalf of the state:
21	(1) in case of:
22	(A) public disaster;
23	(B) riot;
24	(C) tumult;
25	(D) breach of the peace; or
26	(E) resistance of process;
27	(2) whenever called upon in aid of civil authorities;
28	(3) under martial law;
29	(4) at encampments or any scheduled training periods or
30	drills for which a member is entitled to pay, within or outside
31	Indiana; or
32	(5) upon any other duty requiring the entire time of the
33	Indiana national guard, or any part of the Indiana national
34	guard;
35	the uniform code of military justice governing the armed forces of
36	the United States with any subsequent change approved by the
37	adjutant general as applicable to Indiana military law is in force
38	and regarded as a part of this article for the Indiana national
39	guard until the Indiana national guard is relieved from duty.
40	(b) Confinement in a penitentiary under this article must be in
41	a penitentiary in Indiana. An offense committed by the member of

the national guard while in active service may be tried and



1	punished by a court-martial lawfully appointed.
2	(c) Except as provided in subsections (d) and (e), if the accused
3	member of the Indiana national guard is found guilty, the
4	convicted member shall be punished according to the uniform code
5	of military justice and the rules and regulations governing the
6	United States armed forces but within the limits prescribed by
7	federal law for court-martial in the national guard.
8	(d) If the offense charged is also an offense by the civil law of
9	Indiana, the officer whose duty it is to approve the charge may
10	order the person charged to be turned over to the civil authorities
11	for trial.
12	(e) Punishment under the rules and articles of the uniform code
13	of military justice that extend to the taking of life may not be
14	inflicted, except in time of actual war, invasion, or insurrection,
15	declared by proclamation of the governor to exist, or to be
16	threatened or anticipated.
17	(f) If a:
18	(1) person resisting the laws of the state or unlawfully or
19	riotously assembled for that purpose; or
20	(2) bystander or other person in the vicinity;
21	is killed or injured by state forces called into active service under
22	this article and acting in obedience to the orders of its commanding
23	officer, the officer or member of the Indiana national guard is not
24	subject to indictment, trial, or any civil process other than by a
25	court-martial, to be convened for that purpose by the governor.
26	(g) The finding of the court-martial, when submitted to and
27	approved by the governor, in accordance with the uniform code of
28	military justice, is final and conclusive on all persons.
29	(h) If an indictment is found or information filed against the
30	person, a writ or other process may not be issued by the clerk of
31	the court where the indictment was returned or information filed
32	against the defendant. The clerk shall immediately transmit to the
33	governor a certified copy, and, upon the receipt of the certified
34	copy, the governor shall cause to be convened a court-martial to
35	determine the truth of the charges and the punishment, if any, to
36	be inflicted.
37	Sec. 2. (a) The military courts of Indiana shall be organized as
38	follows:
39	(1) General court-martial.
40	(2) Special court-martial.



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(3) Summary court-martial.

(b) The courts shall be constituted, have cognizance of the same

1	subject, and possess like powers, except as to punishments, as
2	similar courts provided for by the laws and regulations governing
3	the armed forces of the United States. The proceedings of the
4	courts-martial must follow the forms and modes of procedure
5	prescribed for the courts governing the armed forces of the United
6	States and as approved by the adjutant general.
7	(c) A general court-martial may be convened by orders of the
8	governor and may try a person subject to military law. The general
9	court-martial may impose fines of not more than two hundred
10	dollars (\$200) and sentence a person to:
11	(1) a forfeit of pay and allowances;
12	(2) a reprimand;
13	(3) dismissal or dishonorable discharge from the services;
14	(4) reduction of noncommissioned officers to the ranks; or
15	(5) any combination of two (2) or more of the punishments
16	described in subdivisions (1) through (4).
17	(d) The adjutant general or the commanding officer of each
18	camp or other place, division, regiment, separate battalion, air
19	squadron, group, or other detached command may appoint a
20	special court-martial for that command. However, a special
21	court-martial may be appointed by superior authority if the
22	superior authority considers it desirable. The special
23	court-martial:
24	(1) may try any person subject to military law, except a
25	commissioned officer, for any crime or offense made
26	punishable by the military laws of the United States or the
27	state; and
28	(2) has the same powers of punishment as does a general
29	court-martial, except that fines imposed by the courts may not
30	exceed one hundred dollars (\$100).
31	(e) The adjutant general or the commanding officer of each
32	camp or other place, division, regiment, battalion, company, air
33	squadron, group, or other detachment of the national guard may
34	appoint for the place or command a summary court to consist of
35	one (1) officer, who may administer oaths and try the enlisted
36	persons of the place or command for breaches of discipline and
37	violations of laws when governing the organizations. The court,
38	when satisfied of the guilt of the soldier, may:
39	(1) impose fines of not more than twenty-five dollars (\$25) for
40	any offense;
41	(2) sentence noncommissioned officers to reduction in rank;



and

1	(3) sentence to forfeiture of pay and allowances.
2	The proceedings of the court must be informal and the minutes
3	must be the same as prescribed for summary courts of the armed
4	forces of the United States.
5	(f) All courts-martial of the Indiana national guard, including
6	summary courts, may sentence to confinement instead of imposing
7	an authorized fine if the sentence of confinement does not exceed
8	one (1) day for each one dollar (\$1) of fine authorized.
9	(g) A sentence of dismissal from the service or dishonorable
10	discharge imposed by a national guard court-martial may not be
11	executed until approved by the governor.
12	(h) A conviction by court-martial that has been approved by the
13	convening authority under this article may be appealed to a
14	military court of appellate review. The military court of appellate
15	review must consist of three (3) Indiana national guard judge
16	advocates appointed to the military court of appellate review by
17	the adjutant general.
18	(i) Presidents of courts-martial and summary courts officers
19	may do the following:
20	(1) Issue warrants to arrest an accused person and to bring
21	the person before the court for trial if the person has
22	disobeyed an order in writing from the convening authority
23	to appear before the court. A copy of the charge must be
24	delivered to the accused with the order.
25	(2) Issue subpoenas duces tecum.
26	(3) Enforce by attachment attendance of witnesses and the
27	production of books and papers.
28	(4) Sentence for a refusal to be sworn or to answer as
29	provided in action before civil courts.
30	(j) All processes of a court-martial, when it is impracticable to
31	be executed by the military forces of the state, shall be:
32	(1) brought in the name of the state; and
33	(2) executed by the civil officers designated by the president
34	of the court-martial or summary court officer issuing the
35	process.
36	The designated civil officer shall execute all processes and return
37	the processes to the officer who issued the processes. The civil
38	officer shall be paid the fees and allowances provided for like
39	processes in civil actions of the state. The fees shall be charged in
40	case of conviction of the accused as a part of the penalty of the
41	offense of which the accused may be convicted whether the

punishment for the offense is imprisonment or a fine, or both. The



1	payment of the costs in addition to the payment of the fine imposed
2	shall be enforced by imprisonment until the payment is satisfied,
3	at a rate of one dollar (\$1) per day of the costs or fine, or both.
4	Sec. 3. (a) Fines may be collected in the following manner:
5	(1) By the retention of any pay or allowances due or to
6	become due from the state or the United States.
7	(2) By commitment to a jail designated by the reviewing
8	authority until the fine is paid or until one (1) day is served
9	for each one dollar (\$1) of the fine imposed.
10	(3) By payment to the county treasurer. The county treasurer
11	shall immediately transmit the payment to the treasurer of
12	state. The treasurer of state shall quarterly pay the sums to
13	the armory board, and the sums are appropriated
14	continuously for the purposes of IC 10-16-3-11. It is sufficient
15	to record upon the payroll opposite the name of the person
16	fined a notation of the sentence of the court-martial and the
17	date of approval of the sentence, together with the name and
18	rank of the reviewing authority.
19	(b) A sentence of imprisonment imposed by a court-martial
20	during active service or at camps of instruction shall be carried out
21	by confinement in a guardhouse, tent, or other places designated
22	by the reviewing authority. A sentence of imprisonment imposed
23	by court-martial upon persons not in active service or at camps of
24	instruction shall be carried out by confinement in a jail to be
25	designated by the reviewing authority.
26	Sec. 4. If a fine is assessed by a court-martial against a member
27	of the Indiana national guard to whom pay is not due or about to
28	become due, the member of the Indiana national guard fails or
29	refuses to make payment to the treasurer of the state and the
30	proceedings of the court have been approved by the reviewing
31	authority, the reviewing authority in the case of a general or
32	special court-martial, or the summary court officer in the case of
33	a summary court-martial, shall issue a writ in a form approved by
34	the adjutant general for the confinement of the member of the
35	Indiana national guard until the:
36	(1) fine has been paid; or
37	(2) member has served one (1) day for each one dollar (\$1) of
38	the fine imposed and costs of the action accrued.
39	Sec. 5. If a sentence of imprisonment is to be served in a place
40	other than in a guardhouse or tent, the reviewing authority in the

case of a general or special court-martial and the summary court officer in the case of a summary court-martial shall issue to the



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1	sheriff of the county where the confinement has been ordered by
2	the reviewing authority an order of confinement in a form
3	approved by the adjutant general.
4	Sec. 6. (a) The commanding officer of any detachment,
5	company, or other unit or organization may impose disciplinary
6	punishment upon any enlisted member of the officer's command.
7	(b) An officer exercising command normally exercised by a
8	general officer may impose disciplinary punishment upon any
9	warrant or commissioned officer of the exercising officer's
10	command.
11	(c) A punishment imposed by authority of this section may
12	include the following:
13	(1) Admonition.
14	(2) Reprimand.
15	(3) Withholding privileges for up to seven (7) twenty-four (24)
16	hour duty days.
17	(4) Restriction to specific area limits for up to seven (7)
18	twenty-four (24) hour duty days.
19	(5) Imposition of a fine of not more than two-thirds (2/3) of
20	one (1) month's pay to which the member would have been
21	entitled during the month of the offense.
22	(d) A commanding officer may also:
23	(1) order a member of the officer's command to be confined
24	under correctional custody for not more than eight (8) days;
25	(2) reduce the member's rank to the next inferior grade; or
26	(3) order a member confined and reduce the member's rank
27	as provided in subdivisions (1) and (2).
28	However, only the commanding officer who holds promotion
29	authority over the member charged with an offense may prescribe
30	the punishment of correctional custody, fine, or reduction in rank.
31	(e) Fines shall be collected as directed under section 3 of this
32	chapter.
33	(f) Confinement shall be carried out in compliance with sections
34	5 and 11 of this chapter.
35	(g) This section may not be construed to be a waiver of the right
36	to trial by court-martial.
37	(h) A sentence may not be executed until the right of appeal has
38	been exhausted or waived as prescribed in the uniform code of
39	military justice.
40	Sec. 7. (a) Officers, warrant officers, and enlisted persons of the

Indiana national guard may be placed in arrest by their military superiors for violations of military offenses committed during



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1	periods of authorized military duty.
2	(b) If any member of the Indiana national guard fails or refuses
3	to report to the member's appointed place of duty, the
4	commanding officer may:
5	(1) arrest or cause to be arrested the member; and
6	(2) have the member brought before the commanding officer
7	at the member's unit or organization headquarters.
8	(c) If military personnel are not available to make the arrest or
9	if the commanding officer considers it advisable, the commanding
10	officer may issue a warrant to any sheriff, constable, or other law
11	enforcement officer authorized to serve warrants of arrest under
12	civil law. The law enforcement officer shall serve the warrant in
13	the same manner as other warrants of arrest and make return of
14	the warrant to the commanding officer issuing the warrant.
15	Sec. 8. (a) The president or military judge of a general and a
16	special court-martial and a summary court officer may each
17	appoint by warrant and at any time remove one (1) or more
18	marshals. A marshal shall do the following:
19	(1) If ordered by the president of a general or special
20	court-martial or summary court officer, execute any process,
21	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
22	mandate, or order issued by the president or court or officer.
23	(2) Perform all acts and duties authorized to be performed by
24	any sheriff, marshal, or constable under this article.
	(b) A commanding officer imposing disciplinary punishment
25	under section 6 of this chapter may request the summary court
26	officer having jurisdiction over the unit to appoint a marshal to
27	carry out the process, mandate, or order issued by the
28	commanding officer.
29	Sec. 9. An action on civil proceeding may not be presented
30	against:
31	(1) any member of the armed forces of Indiana who prefers
32	charges against any person subject to military discipline; or
33	(2) any member of a military court or officer or person acting
34	under the court's authority or reviewing its proceedings on
35	account of the:
36	(A) approval, imposition, or execution of any sentence;
37	(B) imposition or collection of a fine or penalty; or
38	(C) execution of any warrant, writ, execution, process, or
39	mandate of a military court.
40	Sec. 10. The jurisdiction of the courts and boards established by
41	this chapter is presumed, and the burden of proof rests on any
42	person seeking to oust the courts or boards of jurisdiction in any



1	action or proceedings.
2	Sec. 11. (a) The reviewing authority shall designate:
3	(1) the jail of any county; and
4	(2) when ordered out of the state for duty, an appropriate
5	place of confinement;
6	as the place where any sentence of confinement by a military court
7	shall be executed.
8	(b) With regard to punishment under section 6 of this chapter,
9	confinement shall be at the county jail designated by the officer
10	holding appellate jurisdiction over the case and having the advice
11	of a staff judge advocate as to the legality of the proceedings.
12	However, at the discretion of the officer holding appellate
13	jurisdiction, short term confinement may be carried out in an
14	acceptable municipal jail.
15	(c) Unless the commanding officer who ordered the sentence
16	directs otherwise, a sentence of confinement or correctional
17	custody shall be served on a consecutive day basis.
18	Sec. 12. (a) A person connected with the military service:
19	(1) shall treat a court-martial with respect; and
20	(2) in default of respectful consideration, may be proceeded
21	against by arrest and trial.
22	(b) A person who is not connected with the military service shall
23	behave with respect and decorum toward a court-martial.
24	(c) A person who engages in disorderly conduct in the presence
25	of a court-martial commits a Class C infraction.
26	Sec. 13. The general principle and spirit of the military laws and
27	regulations for the government of the armed forces of the United
28	States, when not in conflict with the express provisions of this
29	chapter or the Constitution of the State of Indiana, shall be the
30	guide of commanding officers and courts-martial.
31	Sec. 14. A lack of form may not vitiate the proceedings of a
32	court-martial.
33	Sec. 15. An officer may administer oaths when necessary under
34	this article.
35	Chapter 10. Public Property and Military Equipment
36	Sec. 1. (a) The officer in permanent or temporary command of
37	a station is responsible for the security of all public property of the
38	command, whether in use or in store. Although for purposes of
39	periodical accountability to proper authorities, the public property
40	has been officially accepted and receipted for by any subordinate
41	officers, the commanding officer is responsible and pecuniarily

liable for the strict observance of the regulations in regard to its



1	preservation, use, and issue. The officer shall take care that:
2	(1) all storehouses are properly guarded;
3	(2) only reliable agents are employed; and
4	(3) only trustworthy enlisted persons are detailed for duty in
5	storehouses or in connection with the property.
6	(b) If an officer, a soldier, or an airman responsible for state and
7	federal property:
8	(1) resigns;
9	(2) is promoted;
10	(3) is dismissed; or
11	(4) is discharged;
12	the officer, soldier, or airman shall deliver all arms, accoutrements,
13	or stores only to the officer appointed to receive the arms,
14	accoutrements, or stores and take duplicate receipts for the arms,
15	accoutrements, or stores and file a duplicate receipt with the
16	adjutant general. In case of the death of an officer, a soldier, or an
17	airman responsible for state and federal property, the next in
18	command shall immediately take charge of the arms,
19	accoutrements, or stores and deliver them to the person appointed
20	to receive the arms, accoutrements, or stores. However, if the
21	officer, soldier, or airman is commissioned in place of the deceased,
22	the officer, soldier, or airman shall execute and file duplicate
23	receipts for the arms, accoutrements, and stores with the adjutant
24	general.
25	(c) An officer responsible for state and federal property shall be
26	charged for any damage to or loss or destruction of the property
27	unless the officer shows to the satisfaction of the adjutant general,
28	by proper evidence, that the damage, loss, or destruction was
29	caused by unavoidable causes and without fault or neglect on the
30	officer's part.
31	(d) If an article of state or federal property is lost or damaged
32	by the neglect or fault of an officer, a soldier, or an airman, the
33	officer, soldier, or airman shall pay for the value of the property or
34	the cost of repairs, in a sum to be determined by the proper
35	authority, upon the demand of the adjutant general.
36	(e) The amount charged against an enlisted solider or airman on
37	the muster and payrolls for loss of or damage or repairs to military
38	property may not exceed the value of the article or cost of repairs.
39	The charge may only be made:
40	(1) on conclusive proof; and
41	(2) with an inquiry if the soldier or airman demands it.

(f) The adjutant general may pay from the funds appropriated



1	to the military department for operating expenses the expenses
2	necessary for the apprehension and prosecution of any person
3	absconding with property belonging to the state or United States
4	if the person is not in Indiana.
5	Sec. 2. (a) If an officer, a soldier, or an airman or a former
6	officer, soldier, or airman responsible for any national guard, state
7	or federal equipment, property, or military stores has:
8	(1) failed to return the property or any part of the property
9	on demand of proper authority;
10	(2) damaged the property beyond the injury resulting from
11	the necessary use of the arms or other issues; or
12	(3) caused a deficiency in the number or quantity of the state
13	and federal arms, property, or military stores;
14	the amount of the unnecessary damages or losses shall be
15	determined by a board of survey appointed in accordance with
16	appropriate national guard regulations.
17	(b) The amounts due under subsection (a) shall be collected by
18	law in the name of the state of Indiana and paid into the state
19	military fund.
20	(c) The attorney general shall bring the suit in the name of the
21	state of Indiana and cause the amounts collected to be paid into the
22	state military fund.
23	Sec. 3. The uniforms, arms, and equipment of a member of the
24	national guard, together with any military property of any
25	detachment company, battery, battalion, regiment, division, air
26	squadron, or group, are exempt from execution for debt.
27	Sec. 4. If property owned by the state for the use of the Indiana
28	national guard is determined by the governor or the adjutant
29	general to not be of value to the Indiana national guard, the
30	governor or the adjutant general may enter in the records of the
31	military department an entry to the effect that the property is not
32	valuable to the Indiana national guard.
33	Sec. 5. (a) If an entry under section 4 of this chapter is made, the
34	governor or adjutant general may order the property sold at public
35	or private sale as in their judgment will be for the best interests of
36	the state.
37	(b) Payment for a sale of property under subsection (a) shall be
38	made in cash to the adjutant general who shall:
39	(1) enter of record the receipt of the money;
40	(2) turn the property over to the purchaser; and
41	(3) pay the money to the treasurer of the state.
42	The money becomes and remains a part of the military fund to be



1	used for the benefit of the Indiana national guard.
2	Sec. 6. A loan company or pawnbroker that possesses a license
3	issued by the state or by a municipal corporation shall make a
4	report, in writing, to the adjutant general, on a form prescribed
5	and furnished by the adjutant general, showing, by item and serial
6	number, all property of the United States government:
7	(1) received as security for a loan or loans of money; or
8	(2) purchased or otherwise obtained without the advancement
9	of a loan;
10	and which is marked with the words "Property of the United States
11	Government" or is stamped as to indicate that it is the property of
12	one (1) of the military branches of the United States government.
13	Sec. 7. A loan company or pawnbroker may not sell or otherwise
14	dispose of any property described in section 6 of this chapter,
15	unless the loan company or pawnbroker has obtained a written
16	permit from the adjutant general authorizing the sale or
17	disposition of the property and that states that the property:
18	(1) cannot be identified as being the property of the United
19	States government or of any of its military branches; and
20	(2) may be lawfully sold or otherwise disposed of according to
21	the laws of Indiana and the United States.
22	Sec. 8. (a) An officer shall report illegal disposition of property.
23	(b) All law enforcement officers and all commissioned and
24	noncommissioned officers of the national guard shall seize
25	immediately all military property:
26	(1) found in the possession of any person who is not the legal
27	custodian or owner of the property; or
28	(2) from a person who may secrete, sell, dispose of, offer for
29	sale, purchase, or retain the military property;
30	after a demand has been made upon the person or the person's
31	legal representative for the return of the military property.
32	(c) A law enforcement officer, commissioned officer, or
33	noncommissioned officer of the national guard shall report the
34	officer's action to the adjutant general.
35	Sec. 9. (a) A bill or an account may not be made by an officer or
36	enlisted person with a view of the bill or account being paid by the
37	state unless the expenditure is expressly authorized by the laws of
38	Indiana or the adjutant general.
39	(b) An account may not be paid unless it is accompanied by
40	vouchers or receipts showing by whomever paid or are to be paid,
41	to whom paid, date of service, authority for, and amount of the

expenditure, and for what purpose the expenditure was made.



1	Sec. 10. A personal payment may not be made under this article
2	to the accountable officer of an organization or unit who does not
3	fully and satisfactorily account to the adjutant general for all
4	money paid or property issued to the accountable officer under this
5	article.
6	Sec. 11. (a) Federal property loaned to the state for use by the
7	Indiana national guard or other purposes shall be issued and
8	accounted for in the manner prescribed by national guard
9	regulations or other pertinent federal directives.
10	(b) State property shall be issued and accounted for in the
11	manner prescribed by the governor or state laws.
12	(c) All public property:
13	(1) shall be used in the manner and for the purposes intended
14	in the public service; and
15	(2) may not be used by an individual for the individual's
16	personal benefit, pleasure, or gain.
17	Chapter 11. Military Funds
18	Sec. 1. The general assembly may appropriate the sums
19	necessary to constitute a contingency fund to be known as the
20	governor's civil and military contingency fund.
21	Sec. 2. The governor's civil and military contingency fund:
22	(1) remains in the state treasury; and
23	(2) shall be drawn on the warrant of the governor:
24	(A) for the expenses as may accrue under this chapter; and
25	(B) to pay the expenses of all encampments ordered or
26	approved by the governor, inspections, courts-martial,
27	boards of inquiry, inspection, examination, and survey,
28	and pay of officers and soldiers on state active duty.
29	Sec. 3. The governor may, by general order:
30	(1) provide for the disbursement of the governor's civil and
31	military contingency fund for the proper organization of the
32	national guard and the promotion of its discipline, instruction
33	and military efficiency;
34	(2) appoint boards of examination, inquiry, and survey; and
35	(3) provide for the collection of any fine, penalty, or forfeiture
36	due from any officer or member of the Indiana national guard
37	out of any payment to be made to the officer or member by
38	the state.
39	Sec. 4. (a) The commanding officer of a company and regiment
40	shall convene a council of administration at least two (2) times each
41	year.
42	(b) A council of administration must consist of:



1	(1) three (3) officers next in rank to the commanding officer;
2	(2) if there are only two (2) officers next in rank, then the next
3	two (2);
4	(3) if there is only one (1) officer next in rank, then the next
5	one (1); or
6	(4) if there is not any other officer other than the commanding
7	officer, then the commanding officer shall act alone.
8	Sec. 5. (a) The junior member of the council shall:
9	(1) record the proceedings of the council in a book; and
10	(2) submit the book to the commanding officer.
11	(b) If the commanding officer disapproves the proceedings and
12	the council, after reconsideration, adheres to its decisions, a copy
13	shall be sent by the commanding officer to the next higher
14	commander. The decision of the next higher commander:
15	(1) is final; and
16	(2) shall be entered in the council book.
17	The decision and council book shall be published for the
18	information and government of all concerned.
19	Sec. 6. (a) The proceedings of councils of administration shall be
20	signed by the senior member of the council and recorded. The
21	recorder of each meeting, after entering the whole proceedings,
22	together with the final order, shall deposit the book with the
23	commanding officer.
24	(b) The approval or disapproval of the officer ordering the
25	council shall be signed by the officer.
26	Sec. 7. The council of administration shall:
27	(1) audit and settle the account of the organization for which
28	the council is appointed; and
29	(2) pass specific resolves for all expenditures of the funds of
30	the organization.
31	Sec. 8. (a) An officer or a member of the Indiana national guard
32	may not receive any compensation for duty at drills, parades, or
33	encampments unless personally present for the duty, whether
34	excused or not. A substitute for the member may not receive
35	compensation.
36	(b) Officers and members shall sign payrolls before the last day
37	of services for duty performed. The signature of a soldier shall be
38	made in the presence of the member's commanding officer. If the
39	member signs by mark, the mark must be attested to by the officer.
40	(c) The payrolls described in subsection (b) shall be prepared

and submitted according to the orders and regulations of the state



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military department.

1	Sec. 9. An officer of the Indiana national guard charged with the
2	disbursement or safekeeping of public money or of any of the funds
3	authorized to be established by this article who does not:
4	(1) render to the proper authorities a satisfactory account of
5	the money; or
6	(2) pay over to a successor the money:
7	(A) in the officer's hands; or
8	(B) the officer failed satisfactorily to account for;
9	shall be proceeded against as is provided in cases of fines by
0	court-martial. The proceedings of the council of administration
1	shall be taken as evidence in the case.
2	Sec. 10. (a) The governor, as trustee, may receive from the
3	Secretary of Defense of the United States the funds:
4	(1) designated as "Other Funds" in the custody of the
.5	Secretary of Defense;
6	(2) that were collected by certain Indiana national guard
.7	organizations for their own use and benefit; and
.8	(3) that have not been disposed of because the Indiana
9	national guard organizations for whose benefit the funds were
20	collected have been broken up and have never been
21	reconstituted.
22	(b) The governor, as trustee, may receive from any branch of
23	the United States government any military funds that may be
24	recovered from the United States government. The funds received
25	shall be:
26	(1) paid into the state treasury; and
27	(2) kept as a separate and distinct fund; and
28	(3) distributed for the benefit of the Indiana national guard.
29	The funds are appropriated in the manner determined by the
30	governor.
31	Chapter 12. Awards and Decorations
32	Sec. 1. The following awards and decorations are established to
33	be bestowed upon the officers and enlisted persons of the armed
34	forces of Indiana under the conditions and in the manner provided
35	in this article:
86	(1) An Indiana Distinguished Service Cross shall be awarded
37	to any commissioned officer or enlisted person of the militia,
88	who:
39	(A) performs, at great personal danger and risk of life or
10	limb in peace or war, any act of heroism designed to
1	protect life or property; or
12	(B) in the face of a military or armed enemy of the United



1	States government or of the state of Indiana, performs an
2	act over and beyond the call of duty, which act, danger, or
3	risk the officer or enlisted person could have failed to
4	perform or incur without being subject to censure for
5	neglect of duty.
6	(2) An Indiana Distinguished Service Medal shall be awarded
7	to a commissioned officer or an enlisted person of the militia
8	and other officers, enlisted persons, and civilians, who
9	perform unusually distinguished or meritorious service, that:
10	(A) to a marked degree is reflected in the increased
11	efficiency of the militia; or
12	(B) brings exceptional and great honor or credit to the
13	Indiana armed forces and commands the attention and
14	respect of the citizens of Indiana and of the military
15	establishment throughout the United States.
16	(3) Long Service Medals shall be awarded to officers and
17	enlisted persons for honest and faithful service in the federally
18	recognized Indiana national guard for periods of:
19	(A) ten (10) years;
20	(B) fifteen (15) years;
21	(C) twenty (20) years;
22	(D) twenty-five (25) years; and
23	(E) for longer periods.
24	A symbol shall be worn on the ribbon of each medal, one (1)
25	for each year in addition to the period for which the medal
26	was issued, until the officer or enlisted person is entitled to a
27	medal for the next period for which a different long service
28	medal is issued.
29	(4) An Indiana national guard commendation medal shall be
30	awarded to any commissioned officer or enlisted person of the
31	militia and other officers, enlisted persons, and civilians, who
32	have distinguished themselves by meritorious achievement or
33	meritorious service. The required meritorious achievement or
34	meritorious service while of lesser degree than that required
35	for the award of the Indiana distinguished service medal must
36	have been accomplished with distinction. The award may be
37	made for acts of outstanding courage that do not meet the
38	requirements for award of the Indiana distinguished service
39	medal. It is particularly desirable that emphasis be placed on
40	the award of this decoration to outstanding company grade

officers, warrant officers, and enlisted personnel whose

achievements and service meet the prescribed standards.



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1	(5) An Indiana Emergency Service Ribbon shall be awarded
2	to all currently assigned officers, warrant officers, and
3	enlisted members of the Indiana national guard who have
4	served on state active duty during a state emergency. For
5	purposes of this subdivision, "state emergency" means any
6	emergency for any period declared by the governor or the
7	adjutant general. The Indiana emergency service ribbon shall
8	be awarded to denote honorable state active military duty by
9	members of the Indiana army and air national guard during
10	state emergencies.
11	(6) Other medals for any war or campaign or mobilization for
12	which a medal has not been awarded by the federal
13	government may be:
14	(A) established by executive order of the governor; and
15	(B) awarded to members of any federally recognized
16	military force of the state who participated in the military
17	force.
18	For the purposes of this article, officers and enlisted persons of the
19	regular army assigned to the armed forces of Indiana as
20	instructors and assistant instructors shall be considered as officers
21	and enlisted persons of the Indiana armed forces.
22	Sec. 2. The medals and decorations provided for in this chapter
23	must be of a character and design that shall be decided upon and
24	approved by a board of officers of the federally recognized Indiana
25	national guard selected by the adjutant general by order of the
26	governor. The board shall select proper and appropriate designs
27	for medals and ribbons and symbols that reflect the history and
28	traditions of Indiana.
29	Sec. 3. The governor, through the military department, shall
30	publish general orders necessary to:
31	(1) carry out this chapter; and
32	(2) prepare the rules and procedure by which
33	recommendations or applications shall be made for any of the
34	awards and decorations established under this chapter and
35	for the method and manner of approving the
36	recommendations and applications and the making of awards.
37	Chapter 13. Naval Battalion
38	Sec. 1. In addition to the military forces authorized in Indiana,
39	a naval or military school in Indiana that is receiving recognition
40	from the United States Department of the Navy under 34 U.S.C.

312, approved June 29, 1906, may organize not more than four (4)

companies of naval militia that constitute a battalion to be known



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1	as the naval battalion of the Indiana national guard.
2	Sec. 2. The naval battalion is under the command of the
3	commandant of the school, who shall hold the ex officio rank of
4	lieutenant colonel.
5	Sec. 3. The officers of each naval battalion consist of one (1)
6	commander and a staff to consist of the following:
7	(1) One (1) executive officer, with the rank of lieutenant
8	commander.
9	(2) One (1) navigating officer and four (4) watch officers with
10	the rank of lieutenant.
11	(3) One (1) chief engineer, one (1) paymaster, and one (1)
12	surgeon, each with the rank of lieutenant.
13	Sec. 4. Each company consists of the following:
14	(1) One (1) cadet lieutenant.
15	(2) One (1) cadet lieutenant (junior grade).
16	(3) One (1) cadet ensign.
17	(4) At least forty (40) and not more than one hundred (100)
18	petty officers and enlisted persons.
19	Sec. 5. (a) The commissions of the battalion officers shall be
20	issued by the governor upon the recommendation of the
21	commandants and of the chairman of the board of trustees of the
22	school.
23	(b) The commissions of cadet officers may be issued by the
24	commandant. However, a cadet officer may not acquire any
25	authority over militiamen other than a cadet of the school because
26	of the issuance of the commission of cadet officer.
27	Sec. 6. The graduation and service of retired or honorably
28	discharged United States naval officers and graduates of the United
29	States Naval Academy may be accepted as evidence of fitness
30	without further examination for appointment as officers of the
31	naval battalion.
32	Sec. 7. The minimum age for the enlistment of cadets is fourteen
33	(14) years of age and the minimum term of enlistment is one (1)
34	year.
35	Sec. 8. When the regular term of the naval school is over for the
36	year, the officers and cadets of the schools may:
37	(1) return to their homes; and
38	(2) be excused from weekly drills and from other duties and
39	formalities;
40	until the school reopens, unless the officers and cadets are called
41	together for special duty by the governor or the President of the



United States.

1	Sec. 9. (a) In all matters not otherwise specifically provided for,
2	the provisions of this article that provide for the organization of
3	the Indiana national guard apply to the naval battalion.
4	(b) An officer or a cadet of the school may not receive from the
5	state any allowance for uniform or any pay for drills, target
6	practice, or any other military or naval duties unless called into the
7	service of the state by the governor in accordance with
8	IC 10-16-7-17.
9	Sec. 10. (a) The general routine of duty, discipline, and exercise
10	of naval battalions and posts must conform with the laws, customs,
11	and usages of the navy, as far as the laws, customs, and usages of
12	the navy apply.
13	(b) If the laws, customs, and usages of the navy do not apply,
14	then the routine of duty, discipline, and exercise must conform to
15	the laws governing the volunteer forces of the state.
16	Chapter 14. Naval Force
17	Sec. 1. In addition to the land military forces of the state, there
18	is established a naval force to be known as the Indiana naval force.
19	Sec. 2. (a) The governor is the commander in chief of the
20	Indiana naval force.
21	(b) The naval force is under the immediate command and
22	jurisdiction of the adjutant general. The adjutant general has all
23	the rights, powers, and duties in connection with the naval force as
24	the adjutant general has in connection with the land military
25	forces.
26	(c) The governor, as commander in chief, may:
27	(1) make all necessary rules; and
28	(2) issue orders;
29	the governor considers necessary for the organization,
30	administration, and discipline of the naval force. The rules must
31	conform, as far as practicable, with the military and naval laws of
32	the state and the United States.
33	Sec. 3. All provisions of law relating to governing, maintaining,
34	and equipping the land military forces of Indiana apply equally to
35	and govern the naval forces, except for provisions that are
36	inconsistent with the different nature of the service.
37	Sec. 4. The commander in chief may accept from the United
38	States Navy or from any other source for the naval force, and use
39	any vessel, lifeboat, boat gear, boat equipment, life-saving
40	equipment, rifles, field pieces, and other naval equipment or
41	life-saving equipment necessary to properly safeguard the lives and



property of the citizens of Indiana.

1	Chapter 15. Marine Corps Battalion
2	Sec. 1. In addition to the land military forces of the state
3	authorized by law, there is established a naval force to be known
4	as the Indiana marine corps battalion of militia.
5	Sec. 2. (a) The governor is the commander in chief of the marine
6	corps militia forces of Indiana.
7	(b) The marine corps militia shall be under the immediate
8	command and jurisdiction of the adjutant general. The adjutant
9	general has all the rights, powers and duties in connection with the
10	marine corps militia, as the adjutant general has in connection with
11	the land military forces.
12	(c) The marine corps battalion of militia shall be divided into the
13	following three (3) divisions by the adjutant general:
14	(1) One (1) for the southern division of the state.
15	(2) One (1) for the northern division.
16	(3) One (1) for the central division.
17	The adjutant general shall determine where each division shall be
18	located.
19	(d) A person may not be appointed as an officer of the marine
20	corps militia who does not hold a United States marine corps
21	reserve commission.
22	(e) The governor, as commander in chief, may:
23	(1) make all necessary rules; and
24	(2) issue orders;
25	the governor considers necessary for the organization,
26	administration, and discipline of the marine corps militia. The
27	rules must conform, as far as practicable, with the military and
28	naval laws of Indiana and the United States.
29	Sec. 3. All provisions of law relating to governing, maintaining,
30	and equipping the land military forces of Indiana apply equally to
31	and govern the marine corps militia forces, except provisions that
32	are inconsistent with the different nature of the service.
33	Sec. 4. The commander in chief may accept and use from the
34	United States Navy, or from any other source, for the marine corps
35	militia any vessel, lifeboat, boat gear, boat equipment, life-saving
36	equipment, rifles, field pieces, and any other naval equipment or
37	life-saving equipment necessary to properly safeguard the lives and
38	property of the citizens of Indiana.
39	Sec. 5. (a) The lieutenant colonel in command of the battalion of
40	the marine corps militia shall be appointed by the governor from

the regular marine corps reserve officers in Indiana.

(b) The lieutenant colonel shall act as chief of staff subject to the



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1	orders of the:
2	(1) governor;
3	(2) adjutant general; and
4	(3) major general commandant of the United States Marine
5	Corps.
6	Chapter 16. Military Academy Officers and Miscellaneous
7	Provisions
8	Sec. 1. An officer and enlisted person of the Indiana national
9	guard is exempt from:
.0	(1) service on any jury in any court of Indiana; and
1	(2) service in any posse comitatus.
2	Sec. 2. A person who:
.3	(1) fails to perform a duty imposed on the person by this
4	article; or
.5	(2) otherwise violates this article;
.6	commits a Class C infraction.
.7	Sec. 3. Upon recommendation of the superintendent of any
8	military, naval, or air academy in Indiana where:
9	(1) there is stationed by the United States Department of
20	Defense at least one (1) officer; and
21	(2) there is established at least one (1) unit of the reserve
22	officers training corps;
23	upon approval of the adjutant general, the governor may appoint
24	the members of faculties and staffs as officers. In the unassigned
25	Indiana national guard, the appointment may not be above the
26	rank of colonel. In the Indiana naval forces, the appointment may
27	not be above the rank of lieutenant commander.
28	Sec. 4. The military or naval laws of Indiana pertaining to the
29	Indiana national guard or the Indiana naval forces do not apply to
30	officers appointed under section 3 of this chapter. These
31	commissions do not have any authority over the Indiana armed
32	forces.
33	Sec. 5. The commissions made under section 3 of this chapter
34	are in force at the pleasure of the governor and during the term of
35	the governor and expire:
86	(1) at the end of the term of office of the governor who made
37	the appointment; and
88	(2) upon the termination of any officer as a member of the
39	faculty or staff of the military, naval, or air academy.
10	Chapter 17. Division of Graves Registration
11	Sec. 1. The director of the division of graves registration



established by the adjutant general shall:

(1) be a member of a patriotic organization;
(2) be appointed by the adjutant general; and
(3) serve without compensation.
Sec. 2. (a) A burial permit may not be issued by an officer in
Indiana having authority to issue burial permits until the following
information is secured, if practicable, and except where an
immediate burial should be made to avoid the danger of contagion:
(1) Was the deceased a veteran of any of the wars in which the
United States has been engaged?
(2) If so, what is the date when the veteran entered the service,
and what is the date on which the veteran was discharged?
(3) What medals and decorations were won by the veteran?
(4) What was the division or regiment in which the veteran
was enlisted?
(b) If the death certificate shows that the deceased was a veteran
of any war in which the United States has been engaged, that
information shall be placed upon the burial permit.
Sec. 3. There is annually appropriated to the governor an
amount of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) from the
state general fund to pay any expenses that are incurred in the
administration and enforcement of this chapter.
Chapter 18. Stout Field; Ban on Commercial Flights
Sec. 1. A contract may not be entered into by the adjutant
general or the armory board that provides for the use of Stout
Field, Indianapolis, for purposes of commercial flying by
transportation companies.
SECTION 8. IC 10-17 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
2003]:
ARTICLE 17. VETERANS' AFFAIRS
Chapter 1. Indiana Veterans' Affairs
Sec. 1. The purpose of this chapter is to create a department
with full authority to aid and assist veterans of the armed forces of
the United States entitled to benefits or advantages provided on or
after March 3, 1945, by the United States, the state, or another
state or government.
Sec. 2. (a) The Indiana department of veterans' affairs is
established. The:
(1) department;
(2) commission of veterans' affairs;
(3) director of veterans' affairs;



(5) assistants and employees of persons described in subdivisions (1) through (4); acting under the supervision of and under the rules of the department may act at the request of any veteran of the armed forces or a veteran's spouse, surviving spouse, or dependent as	
acting under the supervision of and under the rules of the department may act at the request of any veteran of the armed forces or a veteran's spouse, surviving spouse, or dependent as	
department may act at the request of any veteran of the armed forces or a veteran's spouse, surviving spouse, or dependent as	
forces or a veteran's spouse, surviving spouse, or dependent as	
	· ·
- C) }
6 necessary or reasonably incident to obtaining or attempting to	;
7 obtain for the person making the request any advantage, benefit	
8 or compensation accruing, due, or believed to be accruing or due	
9 to the person under any law of the United States, Indiana, or any	
other state or government by reason of the service of the veteran	!
in the armed forces of the United States.	
12 (b) The:	
13 (1) veterans' affairs commission shall supervise and control	!
the department; and	
15 (2) director of veterans' affairs shall administer the	
department under the commission's supervision and controls	
as provided in this article.	
18 (c) The domicile of the department is in Indianapolis. Suitable	:
offices and quarters shall be provided in Indianapolis.	
Sec. 3. (a) There is established a veterans' affairs commission	
The commission consists of four (4) members appointed by the	
governor for four (4) year terms. However, terms of office of commission members terminate with the term of office of the	
governor or writer and approximation of the second of the second or the	
Members of the commission must be honorably discharged veterans who have had at least six (6) months service in the armed	
forces of the United States and are citizens of the United States and	
28 Indiana. Not more than two (2) members of the commission may	
29 be:	
30 (1) active members of the same veterans' organization; or	
31 (2) members of the same political party.	
Vacancies in the commission must be filled by the governor, and	
the appointees shall serve for the remainder of the term of office of	
the original appointee. Each member of the commission before	
entering upon the member's duties shall take and subscribe an oath	
that the member will support the Constitution of the United States	
and the Constitution of the State of Indiana and will faithfully	
discharge all the duties devolving upon the member as a member	

(b) Members of the commission shall each be paid ten dollars (\$10) for each day devoted to the work of the commission but not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) each in any one (1) fiscal



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of the commission.

1	year. Members are also entitled to reimbursement for necessary
2	traveling and other expenses.
3	(c) The commission shall elect annually one (1) commission
4	member as chairperson. The:
5	(1) principal office of the commission must be maintained in
6	Indianapolis in space:
7	(A) provided by the proper state officials; or
8	(B) rented or otherwise provided if suitable space cannot
9	be obtained in state buildings;
10	(2) records of the commission must be maintained in the
11	principal office; and
12	(3) regular meetings of the commission must be held at the
13	principal office unless the chairperson finds it is necessary or
14	convenient in the performance of the duties of the commission
15	to meet at some other place in Indiana.
16	At least one (1) regular meeting must be held per quarter. Special
17	meetings may be held at times and places specified by the call of
18	the chairperson, a majority of the commission, or the governor.
19	Notice of the date, time, and place of meetings must be given in
20	person or by mail by the director of veterans' affairs. A majority
21	of the members of the commission constitutes a quorum for the
22	transaction of business. The director of veterans' affairs shall act
23	as secretary of the commission and shall keep adequate records
24	and minutes of the commission's business and official actions.
25	(d) The governor may remove any member of the commission
26	if the governor considers the member to be guilty of misconduct,
27	incapability, or neglect of duty.
28	Sec. 4. The commission may do acts necessary or reasonably
29	incident to the fulfillment of the purposes of this chapter, including
30	the following:
31	(1) Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to administer this chapter.
32	(2) Advise the veterans' state service officer in problems
33	concerning the welfare of veterans.
34	(3) Determine general administrative policies within the
35	department.
36	Sec. 5. (a) The position of director of veterans' affairs is
37	established. The governor shall appoint the director for a four (4)
38	year term. However, the term of office of the director terminates
39	when the term of office of the governor terminates or when a
40	successor to the director is appointed and qualified. The director
41	must be:

(1) an honorably discharged veteran who has at least six (6)



1	months service in the armed forces of the United States; and
2	(2) a citizen of Indiana and a resident of Indiana for at least
3	five (5) years immediately preceding the director's
4	appointment.
5	(b) The director is entitled to reimbursement for necessary
6	traveling and other expenses.
7	(c) The governor may remove the director if the governor
8	considers the director guilty of misconduct, incapability, or neglect
9	of duty.
10	(d) The governor shall appoint an assistant director of veterans'
11	affairs. The assistant director is entitled to receive reimbursement
12	for necessary traveling and other expenses. The assistant director
13	has the same qualifications as the director of veterans' affairs and
14	shall assist the director in carrying out this chapter.
15	Sec. 6. (a) The director of veterans' affairs:
16	(1) is the executive and administrative head of the department
17	of veterans' affairs; and
18	(2) shall direct and supervise the administrative and technical
19	activities of the department;
20	subject to the general supervision of the commission.
21	(b) The duties of the director include the following:
22	(1) To attend all meetings of the commission and to act as
23	secretary and keep minutes of the commission's proceedings.
24	(2) To appoint, by and with the consent of the commission,
25	under this chapter and notwithstanding IC 4-15-2, the
26	employees of the department necessary to carry out this
27	chapter and to fix the compensation of the employees.
28	Employees of the department must be:
29	(A) honorably discharged veterans who have had at least
30	six (6) months service in the armed forces of the United
31	States and who are citizens of the United States and
32	Indiana; or
33	(B) spouses, surviving spouses, parents, or children of an
34	individual described in clause (A).
35	An employee must qualify for the job concerned.
36	(3) To carry out the program for veterans' affairs as directed
37	by the governor and the commission.
38	(4) To carry on field direction, inspection, and coordination of
39	county and city service officers as provided in this chapter.
40	(5) To prepare and conduct service officer training schools
41	with the voluntary aid and assistance of the service staffs of



the major veterans' organizations.

1	(6) To maintain an information bulletin service to county and
2	city service officers for the necessary dissemination of
3	material pertaining to all phases of veterans' rehabilitation
4	and service work.
5	(7) To perform the duties described in IC 10-17-11 for the
6	Indiana state veterans' cemetery.
7	Sec. 7. The director of veterans' affairs may act as agent of a
8	veteran under a power of attorney authorizing the director to act
9	on behalf of the veteran in obtaining a benefit or an advantage
10	provided under Indiana law.
11	Sec. 8. The commission may adopt rules necessary to:
12	(1) obtain benefits under present and future enactments of the
13	Congress of the United States concerning veterans' affairs;
14	and
15	(2) enter into on behalf of the state contracts or agreements
16	with the government of the United States to receive benefits
17	under present and future federal enactments concerning
18	veterans' aid and benefits.
19	A contract or agreement entered into under subdivision (2) must
20	first be approved by the governor and attorney general.
21	Sec. 9. (a) A county executive:
22	(1) shall designate and may employ a county service officer;
23	and
24	(2) may employ service officer assistants;
25	to serve the veterans of the county.
26	(b) The fiscal body of a city may provide for the employment by
27	the mayor of a city service officer and service officer assistants to
28	serve the veterans of the city.
29	(c) If the remuneration and expenses of a county or city service
30	officer are paid from the funds of the county or city employing the
31	service officer, the service officer shall:
32	(1) have the same qualifications and be subject to the same
33	rules as other employees of the department of veterans'
34	affairs; and
35	(2) serve under the supervision of the director of veterans'
36	affairs.
37	(d) County and city fiscal bodies may appropriate funds
38	necessary for the purposes described in this section.
39	Sec. 10. A county or city service officer shall, in the discretion of
40	the director of veterans' affairs, undergo a course of training to
41	adequately address problems of discharged veterans in the service

officer's county or city, including a thorough familiarization with



1	laws, rules, and regulations of the federal government and the state
2	that affect benefits to which the veterans and dependents of the
3	veterans are entitled.
4	Chapter 2. County Recording of Military Discharge
5	Sec. 1. To provide a special and permanent record of discharges
6	from a branch of the military service of the United States of
7	members of a branch of the service who are residents of Indiana,
8	the county recorder shall procure a sufficiently large and well
9	bound book of good material in which the county recorder shall
10	record all discharges.
11	Sec. 2. A book providing for the recording of discharges from
12	the army, navy, or any other branch of the service must consist of
13	printed forms in blank, similar to and in conformity with the
14	wording of the forms of discharge used by the United States
15	government, the size of type being reduced to permit the printing
16	of the form of the discharge on one (1) page of the record. Each
17	book must be provided with an alphabetical index.
18	Sec. 3. A fee may not be collected for recording a discharge
19	under this chapter. The recorder shall immediately provide the
20	discharged person with a certified copy of the discharge at no
21	charge in accordance with IC 10-17-3-2.
22	Chapter 3. Certified Copies of Discharge Documents
23	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "honorably discharged veterans"
24	includes persons placed on inactive duty under honorable
25	conditions but not discharged from military service.
26	Sec. 2. The state or a political subdivision shall provide upon
27	request, without charge or fee, one (1) certified copy of a document
28	or record if it is shown that the certified copy is necessary to secure
29	benefits to:
30	(1) members of the military service;
31	(2) honorably discharged veterans; or
32	(3) surviving spouses or dependents of an individual described
33	in subdivision (1) or (2);
34	under a federal or state law.
35	Sec. 3. The state or a political subdivision may collect a charge
36	per copy of not more than the amount specified in IC 36-2-7-10(b)
37	if a person requests more than one (1) certified copy of the
38	document or record. The funds received under this section shall be
39	placed in the general fund of the state or county.
40	Chapter 4. Leave of Absence for Military Training
41	Sec. 1. (a) A person who:
42	(1) is a qualified member of the reserve components of the



1	armed forces;
2	(2) is a member of the Ready Reserve;
3	(3) is a member of an organized unit;
4	(4) in order to receive military training with the armed forces
5	of the United States not to exceed fifteen (15) days in one (1)
6	calendar year:
7	(A) leaves a position other than a temporary position in the
8	employ of an employer; and
9	(B) provides evidence:
10	(i) defining date of departure and date of return for
11	purposes of military training ninety (90) days before the
12	date of departure; and
13	(ii) of the satisfactory completion of the training
14	immediately after the training is completed; and
15	(5) is qualified to perform the duties of the position described
16	in clause (A);
17	is entitled to be restored to the person's previous or a similar
18	position with the same status and pay.
19	(b) Seniority continues to accrue during a period of absence
20	described in subsection (a), and the period of absence for military
21	training must be construed as an absence with leave. At the
22	discretion of the employer, the leave may be with or without pay.
23	Sec. 2. Absence for military training does not affect an
24	employee's right to receive normal vacation, sick leave, bonus,
25	advancement, and other advantages of the employee's particular
26	position.
27	Sec. 3. If an employer fails to comply with sections 1 and 2 of
28	this chapter, an employee may:
29	(1) bring an action at law for damages for the employer's
30	noncompliance; or
31	(2) apply to the circuit court for equitable relief that is just
32	and proper under the circumstances.
33	Sec. 4. (a) A person who, as a reserve member of the armed
34	forces of the United States, is called upon to receive temporary
35	military training is entitled to a temporary leave of absence from
36	the person's employer not to exceed fifteen (15) days per calendar
37	year. A person described in this section shall:
38	(1) provide the employer with evidence of the dates of the
39	person's departure and return as soon as practicable before
40	the person's departure; and
41	(2) furnish the employer, upon the person's return, evidence
42	of the person's satisfactory completion of the training.



1	Upon the person's return, the person shall be restored to the
2	person's previous or similar position, with the same status that the
3	person held before leaving for the person's training period.
4	(b) A leave granted under this section may be granted, with or
5	without pay, within the discretion of the employer.
6	(c) A temporary leave of absence granted under this section does
7	not affect the rights of the person to vacation leave, sick leave, or
8	other normal benefits of the person's employment.
9	Sec. 5. An employer that refuses to grant an employee a
.0	temporary leave of absence as provided in section 4 of this chapter
. 1	is subject to a suit for any damages sustained by the person denied
2	the leave of absence.
.3	Chapter 5. Veteran Benefits
.4	Sec. 1. A person who:
.5	(1) served in the:
.6	(A) armed forces of the United States in World War II;
.7	(B) active military or naval service on or after September
.8	16, 1940, and before the termination of World War II;
.9	(C) armed forces of the United States during the Korean
20	crisis on or after June 25, 1950; or
21	(D) armed services of the United States during the Vietnam
22	conflict on or after August 5, 1964;
23	(2) sustained injury or disease in the line of duty:
24	(A) as a direct result of armed conflict;
25	(B) while engaged in extra-hazardous service, including
26	service under conditions simulating war; or
27	(C) while the United States was engaged in war; and
28	(3) was discharged or released from the service specified
29	under subdivision (1) under conditions other than
30	dishonorable;
31	and the spouse, surviving spouse, or child of a person described in
32	subdivisions (1) through (3) who is a resident of Indiana has the
33	rights and privileges held by soldiers, sailors, nurses, or other
34	veterans, spouses, surviving spouses, and children of World War
35	I under section 2 of this chapter or other statutes.
36	Sec. 2. The:
37	(1) soldiers and sailors of World War I;
88	(2) soldiers and sailors of the war with Spain;
39	(3) soldiers and sailors of the war in the Philippine Islands;
10	(4) soldiers who were in service on the Mexican border during
1	the years 1916 and 1917; and
12	(5) soldiers and sailors who are in the regular service of the



1	United States;
2	who are residents of Indiana and the surviving spouses and
3	orphans of individuals specified in subdivisions (1) through (5)
4	have the rights and privileges held by the soldiers and sailors of the
5	Civil War and the surviving spouses and orphans of the soldiers
6	and sailors of the Civil War.
7	Sec. 3. (a) A nurse who:
8	(1) served as a nurse during World War I with the armed
9	forces of the United States;
10	(2) was honorably discharged from service; and
11	(3) is a resident of Indiana;
12	has the benefits, rights, privileges, and immunities conferred under
13	Indiana law upon honorably discharged soldiers, sailors, and
14	marines who served in World War I.
15	(b) The benefits, rights, privileges, and immunities described in
16	subsection (a) that are conferred under Indiana law upon a
17	representative, an heir, or a relative of an honorably discharged
18	deceased soldier, sailor, or marine who served in the armed forces
19	of the United States during World War I are also conferred upon
20	a representative, an heir, or a relative of a deceased nurse
21	described in subsection (a).
22	Chapter 6. Contracts of Minor Veterans Under Servicemen's
23	Readjustment Act of 1944
24	Sec. 1. (a) A person who is:
25	(1) less than twenty-one (21) years of age; and
26	(2) authorized to participate in the rights, privileges, and
27	benefits conferred by the federal Servicemen's Readjustment
28	Act of 1944, as amended, and other acts of Congress granting
29	a right, privilege, or benefit to veterans;
30	and the minor spouse of a person described in subdivisions (1) and
31	(2) may execute a contract that is necessary to the full realization
32	of the rights, privileges, and benefits conferred under the federal
33	law if the person is otherwise competent to enter into agreements
34	and contracts.
35	(b) A contract entered into under subsection (a) by a person who
36	is less than eighteen (18) years of age has the same force and effect
37	as contractual obligations of a person who is at least eighteen (18)
38	years of age.
39	Chapter 7. Dependent Benefits of Vietnam Prisoners
40	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "dependent" means a child:
41	(1) born before or during the period during which the child's

father was a prisoner of war or person missing in action; or



1	(2) legally adopted or in the legal custody of the child's father
2	before and during the period during which the father was a
3	prisoner of war or person missing in action.
4	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "prisoner of war or person
5	missing in action" means a person who:
6	(1) was a resident of Indiana at the time the person entered
7	service of the United States armed forces; and
8	(2) while serving in the United States armed forces, was
9	declared a prisoner of war or a person missing in action as
10	established by the United States Secretary of Defense after
11	January 1, 1960.
12	Sec. 3. (a) A dependent of a prisoner of war or person missing
13	in action, upon the person's acceptance for enrollment in an
14	Indiana state supported institution of higher education or state
15	supported vocational school, may obtain a bachelor's degree or
16	certificate of completion without tuition or charge as long as the
17	dependent is eligible.
18	(b) A dependent is entitled to the benefits of this chapter
19	notwithstanding any circumstance, including the return of the
20	father or the reported death of the father.
21	Chapter 8. Reporting of Veterans Exposed to Chemicals
22	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "agent orange" means the
23	herbicide composed primarily of trichlorophenoxyacetic acid and
24	dichlorophenoxyacetic acid.
25	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "department" refers to the
26	Indiana department of veterans' affairs.
27	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "director" refers to the director
28	of veterans' affairs.
29	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "veteran" means an individual
30	who:
31	(1) was a resident of Indiana:
32	(A) at the time of the individual's induction into the armed
33	forces of the United States; or
34	(B) on or before March 31, 1983; and
35	(2) served in Vietnam, Cambodia, or Laos during the Vietnam
36	conflict.
37	Sec. 5. (a) A physician who has primary responsibility for
38	treating a veteran who believes the veteran may have been exposed
39	to chemical defoliants or herbicides or similar agents, including
40	agent orange, while serving in the armed forces of the United
41	States shall, at the request of the veteran, submit a report to the
42	department on a form provided by the department. If there is no



1	physician having primary responsibility for treating the veteran,
2	the hospital treating the veteran shall, at the request of the veteran,
3	submit the report to the department. If the veteran desires to
4	submit a report directly to the department, the veteran must
5	submit the report on a form provided by the department and made
6	available to the veteran at physicians' offices, hospitals, and county
7	courthouses.
8	(b) The department shall provide forms to all physicians,
9	hospitals, and county courthouses in Indiana for distribution to a
10	veteran who believes that the veteran may have been exposed to
11	chemical defoliants or herbicides or similar agents while serving in
12	the armed forces of the United States. Forms provided under this
13	subsection must request the following information:
14	(1) Symptoms of the veteran that may be related to exposure
15	to a chemical defoliant or herbicide or similar agent,
16	including agent orange.
17	(2) Diagnosis of the veteran.
18	(3) Methods of treatment prescribed.
19	(c) The department may require the veteran to provide other
20	information determined by the director.
21	Sec. 6. (a) The department, in consultation and cooperation with
22	a department certified medical toxicologist and herbicide specialist,
23	shall compile information submitted under this chapter into a
24	report. The report must contain an evaluation of the information
25	and shall be distributed annually to the legislative services agency,
26	the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, the state
27	department of health, and other veterans groups. The report must
28	also contain:
29	(1) current research findings on the exposure to chemical
30	defoliants or herbicides or similar agents, including agent
31	orange; and
32	(2) statistical information compiled from reports submitted by
33	physicians or hospitals.
34	(b) The department shall forward to the United States
35	Department of Veterans Affairs a copy of all forms submitted to
36	the department under section 5 of this chapter.
37	Chapter 9. Indiana Veterans' Home

governed by this chapter and IC 16-19-6. Sec. 2. The home may receive for the use of the institution and expend as the donor directs:

Sec. 1. The conduct and maintenance of the Indiana Veterans' Home, located near Lafayette in Tippecanoe County, Indiana, are



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1	(1) gifts;
2	(2) legacies;
3	(3) devises; and
4	(4) conveyances;
5	of real and personal property that are made, given, or granted to
6	or for the home or in its name.
7	Sec. 3. The board of county commissioners in each county may
8	appropriate money out of the general fund of the county to erect
9	cottages or any other needed building on the grounds of the home.
10	Sec. 4. The superintendent of the Indiana Veterans' Home,
11	subject to applicable orders and rules made by the administrative
12	unit for special institutions of the state department of health:
13	(1) has the immediate charge and management of the
14	institution;
15	(2) directs and controls the resident employees; and
16	(3) superintends the care and management of the members in
17	the home.
18	Sec. 5. (a) A person may not be appointed or employed in an
19	office or a place in the institution by the superintendent of the
20	Indiana Veterans' Home because of the political views or affiliation
21	of the appointee or employee or for a reason other than capacity
22	and fitness for the duties to be performed by the appointee or
23	employee. However, among applicants for appointment found
24	capable and fit, preference shall be given to an honorably
25	discharged military veteran and the spouse, widow, widower,
26	mother, and child of an honorably discharged military veteran.
27	(b) In appointing a candidate for the position of superintendent
28	of the Indiana Veterans' Home, the state health commissioner shall
29	give preference to a person who has been honorably discharged
30	after service in the armed forces of the United States.
31	Sec. 6. The superintendent may remove or suspend an employee
32	appointed by the superintendent of the Indiana Veterans' Home
33	only for cause and subject to the state personnel act under
34	IC 4-15-2.
35	Sec. 7. (a) The following persons who are legal residents of
36	Indiana for at least three (3) years immediately preceding
37	application for admission and who are disabled or destitute are
38	eligible for admission to the home:
39	(1) An honorably discharged member of the armed forces who
40	has served with the United States in any of its wars.
41	(2) An honorably discharged member of the armed forces who

has served in an authorized campaign of the United States and



1	who has a service connected disability, as evidenced by a
2	pension certificate or the award of compensation.
3	(3) The spouse of an honorably discharged member of the
4	armed forces described in subdivision (1) or (2).
5	(4) The surviving spouse of an honorably discharged member
6	of the armed forces described in subdivision (1) or (2).
7	(b) The administrative head of the administrative unit for
8	special institutions of the state department of health or its
9	successor shall adopt rules concerning admission to the home.
10	(c) In adopting rules governing the admission, maintenance, and
11	discharge of members of the veterans' home, the administrative
12	head of the administrative unit for special institutions of the state
13	department of health or its successor may establish a fund called
14	the veterans' home comfort and welfare fund. The administrative
15	head shall deposit all money collected from the members for the
16	cost of their care and maintenance in the fund. The administrative
17	head shall expend this money in any manner that adds to the
18	comfort and welfare of the members of the institutions.
19	(d) A part of the veterans' home comfort and welfare fund may
20	be withdrawn and deposited in a special fund called the veterans'
21	home building fund. The veterans' home building fund shall be
22	used for the construction, maintenance, remodeling, or repair of
23	buildings of the Indiana Veterans' Home.
24	(e) Preference under this section may be given to a person who
25	served in an Indiana military organization. Except in cases where
26	the surviving spouse of a veteran marries another veteran, the
27	benefits of this chapter extend only to a surviving spouse and the
28	spouse of a veteran if the contract of marriage was entered into
29	more than five (5) years before the date of death of the veteran.
30	Except as otherwise provided by law, upon the death of a person in
31	the home, money paid to the person or due to the person from a
32	bank, a trust company, a corporation, or an individual becomes an
33	asset of the person's estate and shall be distributed in the manner
34	prescribed by the probate law of the state.
35	Sec. 8. (a) Each member, the estate of a deceased member, or
36	the estate of a member under guardianship is liable for the costs of
37	maintenance of the member in an amount up to one hundred
38	percent (100%) of the daily per capita cost of personal services and
39	all other operating expenses for the preceding fiscal year. The per
40	capita charge may be adjusted to reflect the level of care provided.
41	(b) The level of care must be as consistent as possible with:

(1) the care category of the facility in which the member is



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1	placed;
2	(2) the rules of the Indiana health facilities council adopted
3	under IC 16-28; and
4	(3) the applicable code of the federal government covering
5	reimbursement from the United States Department of
6	Veterans' Affairs or another department of the federal
7	government.
8	(c) The liability created for the costs of maintenance of a
9	member constitutes a lien upon the real property of the member if
10	the lien is recorded as provided in this chapter. The lien has
11	priority over all liens subsequently acquired.
12	Sec. 9. (a) The billing and collection of the maintenance cost of
13	a member under section 8 of this chapter shall be made by the
14	superintendent of the Indiana Veterans' Home based on the per
15	capita cost for the preceding fiscal year.
16	(b) All money collected shall be deposited in the veterans' home
17	comfort and welfare fund. The fund shall be used in part by the
18	state health commissioner for the comfort and welfare of the
19	members and in part to reimburse the state general fund in an
20	amount specified by the general assembly.
21	(c) Excess money in the veterans' home comfort and welfare
22	fund shall be placed in the veterans' home building fund.
23	(d) The fund shall be used for new construction, maintenance,
24	remodeling, and repair of the buildings at the Indiana Veterans'
25	Home.
26	Sec. 10. (a) The superintendent of the Indiana Veterans' Home,
27	with the approval of the state health commissioner, may accept
28	payment at a lesser rate than prescribed in section 8 of this
29	chapter. The superintendent of the Indiana Veterans' Home, in
30	determining whether or not to accept the lesser amount, shall
31	consider the amount of money necessary to maintain or support a
32	dependent of the member. An agreement to accept a lesser amount
33	is subject to cancellation or modification at any time by the
34	superintendent of the Indiana Veterans' Home with the approval
35	of the state health commissioner.
36	(b) A member who is issued a statement of a sum due as
37	maintenance charges may petition the superintendent of the
38	Indiana Veterans' Home for a release from or modification of the
39	statement. The superintendent shall submit a written statement of
40	the facts to the state health commissioner for a final determination.
41	Sec. 11. (a) The superintendent of the Indiana Veterans' Home,

with the approval of the state health commissioner, may adopt a



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1	standard method of determining a lesser rate to be accepted in
2	settlement of maintenance charges due from a member of the
3	home. A member shall receive at least thirty dollars (\$30) per
4	month for personal needs before a maintenance charge is levied
5	against current income.
6	(b) The monthly maintenance charge may not exceed
7	one-twelfth (1/12) of the annual per capita cost of the preceding
8	year.
9	(c) The superintendent may adjust the standard for determining
.0	the lesser rate to provide that in the case of married members with
.1	the spouses residing at the home this standard will allow at least
2	forty dollars (\$40) to be deducted from income by the member
.3	before the charge for maintenance is applied.
4	(d) The superintendent, in adopting the standard method of
.5	determining a lesser rate to be accepted in settlement of
.6	maintenance charges due from a member of the home, shall take
.7	into account as current income:
.8	(1) a pension;
9	(2) compensation or income from any source; and
20	(3) benefits from:
21	(A) the federal Social Security Administration;
22	(B) the railroad retirement law; or
23	(C) a retirement annuity or insurance annuity.
24	(e) The agreement to accept a lesser rate from current income
25	does not relieve the estate of the member of the charge for the full
26	per capita cost for the period the member resided in the home.
27	However, the claim for the full per capita cost will not be filed or
28	allowed if there is a surviving spouse, dependent child less than
29	eighteen (18) years of age, or dependent parent.
30	Sec.12. (a) If charges for the cost of maintenance of a member
31	remain unpaid in whole or in part for a period of six (6) months,
32	the superintendent of the Indiana Veterans' Home may file, in the
33	office of the county recorder of the county in which the real
34	property is located, a notice of lien designating:
35	(1) the name and place of residence of the member against
86	whose property the lien is asserted;
37	(2) the date when the charges become delinquent for more
88	than six (6) months; and
39	(3) a legal description of the real property subject to the lien.
10	One (1) copy of the notice of lien shall be retained by and filed in
1	the office of the superintendent, and one (1) copy shall be furnished



to the member or guardian.

- (b) From the date on which notice of lien is recorded in the office of the county recorder, the recorded notice constitutes due notice of a lien against the member or the member's estate for any amounts then recoverable and any amounts that become recoverable under this chapter and gives a specific lien in favor of the Indiana Veterans' Home. The lien continues from the date of filing until the lien is satisfied or released.
- Sec. 13. (a) The attorney general, upon notification of the superintendent of the Indiana Veterans' Home, shall file a claim in the name of the state on behalf of the superintendent of the home against the estate of a person who fails to make payment as required in this chapter. If the claim is allowed or judgment is obtained, the claim or judgment constitutes a lien against that part of the estate of the person described in the claim.
- (b) The attorney general may bring suit against the legal guardian of a patient for failure to comply with an established maintenance agreement or for failure to make an agreement. Suit may be brought for the amount due the state for the maintenance charges of the member. The court may order the payment of maintenance charges for a period as the circumstances require. An order may be entered against one (1) or more of the defendants. An order for the payment of money may be enforced by attachment, garnishment, or a proceeding supplemental against the defendants. Other judgments at law and costs may be adjudged against the defendants and apportioned among them.
- (c) The attorney general may bring a proceeding to foreclose on a lien arising from maintenance charges under section 8 of this chapter during the lifetime of the member if the superintendent believes it is in the best interest of the veterans' home to foreclose on the lien.
 - (d) Upon:

- (1) the death of a member whose property is encumbered by a lien arising under section 8 of this chapter; and
- (2) notification by the superintendent;

the attorney general shall file a claim against the member's estate for recovery of all charges for maintenance that have accrued at the date of death. Notwithstanding any other law, a claim filed for recovery of charges for maintenance has priority in order of payment from the estate over all other claims except prior recorded encumbrances, taxes, reasonable costs of administration, and reasonable funeral expenses. However, if real property of the deceased member is occupied by a surviving spouse of the member,







the home may not assert its lien or claim during the lifetime of the surviving spouse. However, if other claimants or persons have opened an estate and are attempting to enforce their claims, or if there have been fraudulent attempts to avoid the claim or lien, the veterans' home shall file and assert the claim for recovery of costs of treatment and maintenance.

Sec. 14. The superintendent of the Indiana Veterans' Home may make agreements with instrumentalities of the federal government for application of monetary awards to be applied toward the maintenance charges to provide a sufficient amount of the periodic award to be deposited in the member's trust account to meet the immediate personal needs of a member. The amount applied toward the settlement of maintenance charges may not exceed the amount specified in section 8 of this chapter.

Sec. 15. (a) If space is available, the superintendent of the Indiana Veterans' Home, with the approval of the state health commissioner, may accept a veteran who is:

- (1) otherwise eligible for admission to the home;
- (2) in need of nursing home care; and
- (3) transferred at the request of the United States Department of Veterans' Affairs from one (1) of its facilities.
- (b) The United States Department of Veterans' Affairs under United States Department of Veterans' Affair's regulations shall award the cost of care to the home. A rate of charge described in section 8 of this chapter may not be used to determine the cost of care under this section.

Sec. 16. (a) The treasurer of state may require an investigation to determine the true number of members in the home at any time.

(b) Twenty percent (20%) of the money annually allowed by the government of the United States for a military veteran maintained in the home shall be deposited in the state general fund to the credit of the veterans' home building fund. Money deposited in the state general fund may be invested in securities of the United States government. The money in the building fund shall be used only for the maintenance, remodeling, or repair of buildings at the Indiana Veterans' Home. Money deposited in the building fund is appropriated and subject to allocation by the budget committee. The remaining eighty percent (80%) of the money annually allowed by the government of the United States for a military veteran maintained in the home shall be deposited in the state general fund as a reimbursement to the general fund for operating expenses of the home.



1 2



1	Chapter 10. Veterans' Burial Allowance
2	Sec. 1. If:
3	(1) a person who dies:
4	(A) has served as a member of the armed forces of the
5	United States as a soldier, sailor, or marine in the army, air
6	force, or navy of the United States or as a member of the
7	women's components of the army, air force, or navy of the
8	United States, is a resident of Indiana, and while a member
9	of the armed forces and before discharge from the armed
10	forces or after receiving an honorable discharge from the
11	armed forces; or
12	(B) is the spouse or surviving spouse of a person described
13	in clause (A) who is a resident of Indiana; and
14	(2) a claim is filed for a burial allowance:
15	(A) by an interested person with the board of
16	commissioners of the county of the residence of the
17	deceased person; and
18	(B) stating the fact:
19	(i) of the service, death, and discharge if discharged from
20	service before death; and
21	(ii) that the body has been buried in a decent and
22	respectable manner in a cemetery or burial ground;
23	the board of commissioners shall hear and determine the claim like
24	other claims and, if the facts averred are found to be true, shall
25	allow the claim of not more than one hundred dollars (\$100) for
26	service rendered and material furnished in care of the body and
27	where necessary an amount of not more than twenty-five dollars
28	(\$25) for a place of burial of the body.
29	Sec. 2. (a) Not more than one (1) claim may be allowed for a
30	decedent who qualifies under this chapter.
31	(b) The total sum of the claim filed and for which allowances
32	must be made may not exceed one hundred dollars (\$100).
33	However, if the federal government provides a marker for the
34	grave of the person, the board of commissioners shall make a
35	further allowance of not more than one hundred dollars (\$100) for
36	setting of the marker.
37	Sec. 3. Money expended by a county under this chapter shall be
38	considered a gift. Persons for and on behalf of the state or a
39	political subdivision of the state may not file a claim for a lump
40	sum death benefit with the federal Social Security Administration
41	claiming reimbursement for money so expended.
42	Sec. 4. Before a person enters into a contract to set a grave



1	marker provided by the federal government as described in section
2	2(b) of this chapter with a person who receives the grave marker
3	from the federal government or the person's representative, the
4	person who will set the grave marker must disclose the following
5	information to the person who receives the grave marker or the
6	person's representative:
7	(1) The price of the least expensive installation procedure that
8	the person who will set the grave marker will charge and a
9	description of the goods and services included in the
10	procedure.
11	(2) The prices of any other installation procedures or options
12	that may be performed or provided by the person who will set
13	the grave marker and a description of the goods and services
14	included in the procedures or options.
15	Chapter 11. Indiana State Veterans' Cemetery
16	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "cemetery" refers to the Indiana
17	state veterans' cemetery established by this chapter.
18	Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "commission" refers to the
19	veterans' affairs commission established by IC 10-17-1-3.
20	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "department" refers to the
21	Indiana department of veterans' affairs established by
22	IC 10-17-1-2.
23	Sec. 4. The Indiana state veterans' cemetery is established.
24	Sec. 5. The cemetery consists of real property located on the
25	grounds of Madison State Hospital in Jefferson County, Indiana.
26	Sec. 6. The director of veterans' affairs or the director's
27	designee may act under this chapter as the official representative
28	for the commission in accordance with IC 10-17-1-8.
29	Sec. 7. The department may do the following:
30	(1) Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to carry out this chapter.
31	(2) Contract with persons or agencies to carry out the duties
32	established under this chapter.
33	Sec. 8. The department shall do the following:
34	(1) Oversee the construction of the cemetery.
35	(2) Operate and maintain the cemetery.
36	Sec. 9. (a) The Indiana state veterans' cemetery fund is
37	established as a dedicated fund for the purpose of providing money
38	for planning, construction, operation, and maintenance of the
39	cemetery. The fund shall be administered by the director of
40	veterans' affairs.

(b) The expenses of administering the fund shall be paid from

money in the fund. The fund consists of the following:



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1	(1) Money appropriated by the general assembly for purposes
2	of this chapter.
3	(2) Money donated to the department and designated for use
4	under this chapter.
5	(3) Funds received from the federal government.
6	(4) Funds received in payment for services.
7	(c) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund not
8	currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same
9	manner as other public funds may be invested. Interest that
10	accrues from investments shall be deposited in the fund.
11	(d) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not
12	revert to the state general fund. However, if the fund is abolished
13	by the budget agency, all money in the fund reverts to the state
14	general fund.
15	(e) All earnings accruing to the state veterans' cemetery fund is
16	appropriated continuously for the purposes specified in this
17	section.
18	(f) Except as provided in subsection (e), money in the fund must
19	be retained in the fund unless the money is appropriated for a
20	specific purpose by the general assembly upon the recommendation
21	of the budget committee.
22	Sec. 10. (a) A veteran who is eligible to be buried in a national
23	cemetery according to 38 U.S.C. 2402 is eligible to be buried in the
24	Indiana state veterans' cemetery established under this chapter.
25	(b) The spouse of a veteran who is eligible to be buried in a
26	national cemetery according to 38 U.S.C. 2402 is eligible to be
27	buried in the Indiana state veterans' cemetery established under
28	this chapter.
29	SECTION 9. IC 10-18 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
30	A NEW ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
31	2003]:
32	ARTICLE 18. WAR MEMORIALS
33	Chapter 1. Indiana War Memorials Commission
34	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "commission" refers to the
35	Indiana war memorials commission established by section 2 of this
36	chapter.
37	Sec. 2. (a) The Indiana war memorials commission is
38	established.
39	(b) The commission consists of ten (10) members. Each Indiana
40	congressional district must be represented by at least one (1)
41	member who is:
42	(1) a resident of that congressional district;



1	(2) a veteran of service in the armed forces of the United
2	States of America in time of war;
3	(3) a citizen of Indiana at the time of the service; and
4	(4) appointed:
5	(A) in the manner;
6	(B) for the terms;
7	(C) to have the powers; and
8	(D) to perform the duties;
9	as provided in this chapter.
10	(c) The commission:
11	(1) as the commission and in the commission's name, may
12	prosecute and defend suits; and
13	(2) has all other duties, rights, and powers that are:
14	(A) necessary to implement this chapter; and
15	(B) not inconsistent with this chapter.
16	(d) The members of the commission are not liable in their
17	individual capacity, except to the state, for any act done or omitted
18	in connection with the performance of their duties under this
19	chapter.
20	(e) A suit against the commission must be brought in a court
21	with jurisdiction in Marion County. Notice or summons of the suit
22	shall be served upon the president, vice president, or secretary of
23	the commission. In a suit against the commission, it is not necessary
24	to name the individual members of the commission as either
25	plaintiff or defendant. Commission members may sue and be sued
26	in the name of the Indiana war memorials commission.
27	(f) The commission shall:
28	(1) report to the governor through the adjutant general; and
29	(2) be under the adjutant general for administrative
30	supervision.
31	Sec. 3. (a) The governor shall appoint members of the
32	commission for a term of three (3) years, subject to removal as
33	provided in this section.
34	(b) The commissioners:
35	(1) must be persons of high standing and character; and
36	(2) serve without compensation, except for reimbursement for
37	any reasonable expenses necessarily incurred by the
38	commissioners in the performance of their duties.
39	(c) The commissioners shall be selected without regard to their
40	political affiliations. However, not more than six (6) of the
41	commissioners at any time may be members of the same political



party.

(d) The governor may, for just cause, based upon written charges specifying alleged misconduct, remove any member of the commission, after notice to the member and a public hearing. (e) The governor shall appoint a qualified person to fill the unexpired term of a member who does not complete the member's term. Sec. 4. (a) The governor shall execute a certificate of appointment that makes reference to this chapter and sets forth the term of appointment for each member of the commission. The governor shall deposit the certificates of appointment in the office of the secretary of state, who shall record the certificates in a book kept for that purpose. (b) The secretary of state shall notify each person appointed as a commissioner of the person's appointment. The person's acceptance of the appointment shall be signified by subscribing to an oath, to be endorsed on the certificate of appointment: (1) to support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Indiana; and (2) to faithfully and honestly discharge the person's duty under the law as a commissioner. (c) The secretary of state shall deliver the certificate, when recorded, to the person ammed in the certificate. The certificate constitutes the commission of the person named as a member of the commission for the term specified. (d) If a person appointed fails to qualify under this section within ten (10) days after notice of the person's appointment, the governor shall appoint another qualified person as a commissioner. Sec. 5. (a) The commission shall elect the following: (1) One (1) member of the commission to serve as vice president. (2) One (1) member of the commission to serve as vice president. (3) One (1) qualified person who is not a member of the commission shall elect officers each year. Officers shall hold their respective offices for one (1) year or during the pleasure of the commission shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, give bond to the approval of the governor, each in the sum of t		
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41 duties as may be imposed upon them by law.		•
42 (b) The officers and any other officers required to give a bond		



under this chapter may furnish as surety any surety compa	-
2 authorized to transact business in Indiana that meets the approx	
of the commission, and the premium on any bond shall be paid	as
4 a part of the expenses of the commission.	
5 Sec. 7. (a) The president shall do the following:	
6 (1) Preside over the meetings of the commission.	
7 (2) Sign all vouchers approved by the commission under the	his
8 chapter.	
9 (3) Sign all contracts and agreements in the name of t	
10 commission that have been authorized by the commission. T	he
secretary shall attest to contracts signed by the president.	
12 (b) If the president is absent or unable to act, the vice preside	ent
shall perform the president's duties.	
14 Sec. 8. (a) The secretary appointed by the commission shall ta	ıke
an oath to faithfully perform the duties of the secretary's office	e.
16 (b) The secretary shall do the following:	
17 (1) Keep a record of the proceedings of the commission.	
18 (2) Make a record of contracts and obligations.	
19 (3) Furnish each contractor with a copy of the contracto	r's
20 contract that:	
21 (A) is endorsed "approved by order of the commission"	";
22 (B) lists the date of the approval; and	
23 (C) is signed by the secretary.	
A contract is not valid until endorsed and delivered by t	the
25 secretary.	
26 (4) Certify all vouchers ordered by the commission.	
27 (5) Keep a set of books to show the financial condition of t	the
28 commission.	
29 (6) Make quarterly statements as provided in this chapter	of
the costs and expenditures of the commission, a complete l	
of vouchers, and for what purpose and to whom paid. T	
reports shall be filed with the auditor of state as provided	
this chapter and are open to the inspection and use of t	
34 general assembly.	
35 (c) The secretary shall give a bond in the sum of ten thousa	nd
dollars (\$10,000) for the faithful performance of the secretary	
duties.	v
38 (d) The contracts for any purpose connected with the India	na
World War Memorial shall be recorded by the secretary in a bo	
40 kept for that purpose. The secretary shall retain on file	
41 vouchers and other valuable papers of value to the commission,	



the contractor, and to the public.

1	Sec. 9. (a) The commission may employ a superintendent.
2	(b) The superintendent shall give bond in an amount and with
3	surety to be approved by the commission.
4	(c) The superintendent's duties and compensation shall be
5	prescribed by the commission.
6	Sec. 10. (a) The commission shall employ an individual who is
7	responsible for the care and preservation of all personal property
8	owned by the commission that has historic significance.
9	(b) The individual employed by the commission under
10	subsection (a) must meet the qualifications set by the division of
11	state museums and historic sites of the department of natural
12	resources.
13	Sec. 11. (a) The commission shall do the following:
14	(1) Keep a record of the commission's proceedings.
15	(2) Make a quarterly report for public use that includes the
16	following:
17	(A) A detailed account of the expenditures of the
18	commission.
19	(B) A summary of the commission's proceedings that
20	includes:
21	(i) a statement of all contracts let;
22	(ii) the name of the person to whom the contracts were
23	let; and
24	(iii) the amount of each contract.
25	(b) The report required under subsection (a) must be filed with
26	the auditor of state.
27	(c) Reports created and filed under this section are public
28	records.
29	Sec. 12. (a) The commission may adopt rules that set forth:
30	(1) the time, place, and method of calling and conducting
31	meetings; and
32	(2) the manner and method of the conduct of business,
33	including:
34	(A) the government and regulation of the commission's
35	employees; and
36	(B) the management of the ground and premises under the
37	commission's care and control;
38	as the commission considers prudent and not inconsistent with this
39	chapter and other statutes.
40	(b) The commission shall meet at the call of the commission's
41	president or at the time set forth in the commission's rules. A
42	majority of the members constitutes a quorum for the transaction



1	of business. However, all official action of the commission must
2	receive the approval in a meeting of a majority of all the members
3	of the commission.
4	Sec. 13. (a) The commission shall designate one (1) of its
5	members to do the following:
6	(1) Assume general charge of and preserve all Indiana battle
7	flags.
8	(2) Have custody of all battle and organization flags in the
9	possession of the state that were used by any of the military
10	organizations of the state:
11	(A) in any of the wars or campaigns in which the United
12	States has been engaged; and
13	(B) in which Indiana veterans have participated.
14	(3) In the preservation of the battle flags, as far as possible
15	see that the name and the branch of service in which the
16	organization served are attached to or preserved with the flag.
17	(4) Collect data in reference to each organization or military
18	unit whose flag is in the possession of the commission and
19	place the data with the flag or banner of each of the
20	organizations or military units.
21	(b) The commission shall do the following:
22	(1) Collect Indiana battle flags not in the possession of the
23	state from the United States, patriotic societies, or individuals.
24	(2) Reinforce, collect the data for, and otherwise prepare all
25	battle flags for preservation.
26	(3) Collect, systematize, and prepare a brief history of each
27	flag and index and catalogue each flag.
28	(4) Collect, purchase, and procure all necessary materials for
29	the preservation of the flags.
30	(5) For the purpose of collecting and preparing the necessary
31	data, reinforcing the flags, and performing other duties
32	required by this chapter:
33	(A) with the approval of the budget agency, employ and fix
34	the compensation of employees as may be necessary; and
35	(B) purchase material of any character that is required in
36	carrying out this chapter.
37	Sec. 14. (a) The Civil War flags fund is established to restore
38	and preserve Civil War flags.
39	(b) The commission:
40	(1) shall administer the fund; and
41	(2) may spend the money in the fund for the purposes of the
42	fund.



1	(c) The expenses of administering the fund shall be paid from
2	money in the fund.
3	(d) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund not
4	currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same
5	manner as other public funds may be invested. Interest that
6	accrues from these investments shall be deposited in the fund.
7	(e) All money accruing to the fund is appropriated continuously
8	for the purposes of the fund.
9	(f) Money in the fund at the end of a fiscal year does not revert
10	to the state general fund.
11	Sec. 15. (a) All flag cases completed shall be in the custody of the
12	commission. The superintendent shall have the cases cleaned
13	periodically as necessary.
14	(b) The commission may determine the method and manner in
15	which the flags shall be preserved.
16	Sec. 16. (a) Out-lot five (5) and out-lot thirty-six (36), in
17	Indianapolis, according to the original plat of the city, are
18	dedicated and set apart as grounds for the Indiana War Memorial
19	subject to the provisions of this chapter.
20	(b) Out-lots five (5) and thirty-six (36) dedicated in subsection
21	(a), together with all or any part of squares five (5) and sixteen (16)
22	or any part of those squares, in Indianapolis, according to the
23	original plat of the city, that are acquired, dedicated, and set apart
24	and added to the real estate dedicated in subsection (a) by:
25	(1) the state; or
26	(2) Indianapolis, by Marion County, or Indianapolis and
27	Marion County jointly and then conveyed by the city, county,
28	or city and county jointly by proper deed, grant, or contract
29	to the state;
30	for War Memorial and other public purposes constitutes and shall
31	be referred to as "Memorial Place". The permanent name of
32	"Memorial Place" shall be selected by the commission.
33	(c) A necessity is declared to exist to limit:
34	(1) the kind, character, and height of buildings upon; and
35	(2) the use of real estate and buildings that are located within
36	three hundred (300) feet of the outside boundaries of;
37	Memorial Place as constituted in this chapter. The commission
38	may acquire, by purchase, donation, or condemnation, the right to
39	limit the kind, character, and height of buildings upon and the use
40	of real estate and buildings on real estate within three hundred
41	(300) feet of the outside boundaries of Memorial Place.
42	(d) The commission shall erect and maintain in Indianapolis,



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1	upon or within grounds dedicated or acquired under this chapter,
2	as the commission considers best, a suitable structure or
3	structures:
4	(1) to commemorate the valor and sacrifice of the soldiers
5	sailors, and marines of the United States and of all others who
6	rendered faithful, loyal, heroic, and self-sacrificing service at
7	home and overseas in World War I;
8	(2) to provide a place or places of meeting and headquarters
9	for organizations of soldiers, sailors, and marines or any other
10	patriotic societies or associations:

- (3) to keep records, archives, documents, flags, mementos, and relics: and
- (4) for other public meetings and other public purposes; to inculcate a true understanding and appreciation of the duties, benefits, and privileges of American citizenship and inspire patriotism and respect for the law to the end that peace may prevail, good will be promoted, justice be administered and established, public order maintained, and liberty and freedom under the law perpetuated.
- Sec. 17. (a) If squares five (5) and sixteen (16) or any part of those squares in Indianapolis, according to the original plat of the city, are acquired, dedicated, and set apart and added to the real estate dedicated in this chapter by the state for war memorial and other public purposes by Indianapolis, by Marion County, or by the city and county jointly by proper deed, contract, or grant, by which the city or county, or the city and county jointly, convey the real estate or any part of the real estate to the state for war memorial and other public purposes, the commission may accept from the city, the county, or the city and county jointly the deed, grant, or contract by which the real estate or any part of the real estate is conveyed to the state for war memorial and other public purposes, subject to the terms, conditions, and provisions contained in the deed, grant, or contract.
- (b) The commission may agree that, to the extent that the city, the county, or the city and county jointly appropriate and use money in the acquisition of the real estate or any part of the real estate, the real estate and interests in the real estate and the memorial structures erected on the real estate (to the extent of the money so appropriated and used by the city, by the county, or by the county and city jointly) shall be a city war memorial, a county war memorial, or a joint war memorial.
 - (c) If the real estate or any part of the real estate is acquired and



conveyed to the state, the commission may erect structures on outlots five (5) and thirty-six (36) dedicated in this chapter or upon any part of the real estate so dedicated or acquired as provided in this chapter as the commission considers best.

- (d) The commission shall develop any part or all of the real estate described in this chapter that has been dedicated or acquired as provided in this chapter as a memorial place, together with square twenty-five (25), known as University Square in Indianapolis, according to the original plat of the city, to secure a harmonious and unified architectural and aesthetic effect of the entire series of grounds used and dedicated for memorial purposes. The grounds must include square twenty-five (25), known as University Square, which shall be and constitute a part of the memorial park, and shall be used as a public park.
- (e) The commission may sell buildings and improvements situated on outlots five (5) and sixteen (16) when they come under the commission's jurisdiction, custody, and control or remove the buildings and improvements as the commission considers best. The commission may contract with Indianapolis, with Marion County, or with the county and city jointly, concerning the use and rents of the buildings and improvements on squares five (5) and sixteen (16) until it is necessary to remove the buildings for the purpose of erecting the memorial structure or structures. The commission may contract with the city or county or the city and county jointly with reference to the sale of buildings and improvements upon the real estate that may be acquired and conveyed to the state by the city or county or by the city and county jointly for War Memorial and other public purposes. The contracts must provide how the proceeds from the rent or sale of buildings and improvements shall be applied.

Sec. 18. The commission may do the following:

- (1) Make and execute contracts and other instruments that may be required in connection with the erection and maintenance of a suitable structure or structures upon or within Memorial Place.
- (2) Adopt rules for the following:
 - (A) The proper management, government, and use of Memorial Place and the structures situated on Memorial Place.
 - (B) The government of employees.
- (3) Acquire by condemnation the right to limit the kind, character, and height of buildings upon and the use of real

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1	estate or buildings located within three hundred (300) feet of
2	the outside boundaries.
3	(4) Adopt reasonable rules as are proper to limit the kind,
4	character, and height of buildings located or erected within
5	three hundred (300) feet of the outside boundaries of
6	Memorial Place and the use of the buildings or real estate. A
7	building constructed or maintained or business conducted in
8	violation of any rule may be abated as a nuisance in an action
9	begun and prosecuted by the commission.
10	(5) Receive donations, gifts, devises, and bequests and use
11	them in connection with the purposes of this chapter.
12	Sec. 19. (a) The grounds that belong to the state in Indianapolis:
13	(1) designated in the Constitution of the State of Indiana as
14	Governor's Circle;
15	(2) later called "Circle Park"; and
16	(3) known and designated as "Monument Place";
17	shall be known and designated as "Monument Circle".
18	(b) All written instruments and all laws that relate to the
19	grounds described in subsection (a) in statutes are effective for the
20	purpose intended when the grounds are described and designated
21	as Monument Circle.
22	Sec. 20. The commission shall adopt rules for the government of
23	the monument and Monument Circle. The rules are binding and
24	effective when approved by the governor.
25	Sec. 21. (a) The commission:
26	(1) has general control of the State Soldiers' and Sailors'
27	Monument Circle; and
28	(2) may employ a superintendent.
29	(b) The superintendent may, with the advice and consent of the
30	commission, appoint engineers, elevator operators, electricians,
31	and watchmen as are actually required, all of whom are subject to
32	removal at any time by the commission for any reason satisfactory
33	to the commission.
34	(c) The superintendent:
35	(1) has direct charge and supervision of the monument and
36	Monument Circle, subject to the orders of the commission;
37	and
38	(2) may require watchmen to act as elevator operators and
39	elevator operators to act as watchmen.
40	(d) The superintendent and the engineers, watchmen, and
41	elevator operators have police powers with all powers of a



constable.

1	Sec. 22. (a) The superintendent shall execute a bond in the penal
2	sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000), to be approved by the
3	commission.
4	(b) The superintendent shall:
5	(1) on the first day of each month, make a sworn statement to
6	the auditor of state of all receipts and expenditures, with
7	vouchers attached for the preceding month, on account of the
8	monument; and
9	(2) at the same time, pay over to the treasurer of state all
10	money received by the superintendent from all sources in the
11	operation of the monument for the preceding month.
12	The auditor of state shall draw a warrant on the treasurer of state,
13	payable to the superintendent, engineers, elevator operators, and
14	watchmen, for the amounts due them as salaries and to the
15	superintendent for a total of expenditures other than salaries
16	incurred in the management of the monument and Monument
17	Circle as shown by the vouchers.
18	Sec. 23. The Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument and all
19	approaches to the monument and all surroundings belonging to the
20	state shall be maintained perpetually and inviolate for the purpose
21	originally designed.
22	Sec. 24. A person may not desecrate the Soldiers' and Sailors'
23	Monument in Indianapolis, the street known as Monument Circle,
24	or any of the premises or approaches surrounding the monument
25	by building a wall, fence, or other obstruction in or about the
26	premises, approaches, or street known as Monument Circle
27	surrounding the monument:
28	(1) to sell or offer to sell any article of merchandise;
29	(2) to have or to hold any show, carnival, circus, or
30	masquerade;
31	(3) to maintain any tent or building in or about the street,
32	premises, or approaches;
33	(4) to hold a political meeting;
34	(5) to in any way obstruct the view or approaches to the
35	street, or premises; or
36	(6) to use the premises, street, or approaches;
37	for purposes other than those intended in this chapter.
38	Sec. 25. A person who intentionally damages or removes any of
39	the property of the state on Monument Circle is liable for the
40	payment of a penalty not less than twice the sum necessary to
41	repair the damage or restore the lost property. The penalty may be
42	collected by the commission in a civil action.



1	Sec. 26. (a) The commission may do the following:
2	(1) Make or sell the following:
3	(A) Pictures, models, books, and other representations of
4	the monuments and grounds.
5	(B) Souvenirs.
6	(2) Establish and maintain souvenir shops on property that
7	the commission manages.
8	(3) Hire and pay salaries for full-time or part-time employees
9	for the souvenir shops.
10	(4) Contract with a nonprofit organization or corporation for
11	the continuous management of the souvenir shops.
12	(5) Report annually to the governor on the activities,
13	revenues, expenditures, and profits of the souvenir shops.
14	(b) Notwithstanding section 27 of this chapter, the following
15	apply to the profits from souvenir shop sales:
16	(1) The souvenir shop fund is established. The souvenir shop
17	fund shall be administered by the commission.
18	(2) Profits from the sales at souvenir shops established under
19	subsection (a) shall be deposited in the souvenir shop fund.
20	(3) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the
21	souvenir shop fund not currently needed to meet the
22	obligations of the fund in the same manner as other public
23	funds may be invested.
24	(4) The expenses of administering the souvenir shop fund shall
25	be paid from money in the fund.
26	(5) The commission may spend the money in the souvenir
27	shop fund for the following purposes:
28	(A) Maintenance or repair of properties managed by the
29	commission.
30	(B) Maintenance, repair, and acquisition of the following:
31	(i) Battle flags.
32	(ii) Appropriate artifacts.
33	(iii) Appropriate memorabilia.
34	(6) All money accruing to the souvenir shop fund is
35	appropriated continuously for the purposes listed in
36	subdivision (5).
37	(7) Money in the souvenir shop fund at the end of a state fiscal
38	year does not revert to the state general fund.
39	(c) A person may not make or sell pictures, models, books, or
40	other representations of the monuments or grounds unless the
41	person is authorized to do so by the commission.
42	Sec. 27. Money recovered or accrued under this chapter shall be



1	used:
2	(1) to keep:
3	(A) the State Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument and
4	subsidiary monuments; or
5	(B) the Monument Circle and its decorations and
6	improvements;
7	in repair; and
8	(2) to restore any parts of the monuments or the Monument
9	Circle that have been broken, destroyed, removed, or injured.
10	Sec. 28. The superintendent of the State Soldiers' and Sailors'
11	Monument and of Monument Circle and those serving under the
12	superintendent who are appointed by the commission have police
13	powers and may make arrests or do other things as may be needed
14	to enforce the laws for the protection and care of the monuments
15	and Monument Circle.
16	Sec. 29. The commission may grant the use for public purposes
17	of any structures or any parts of structures erected by the
18	commission under this chapter without rent or charge or for only
19	a nominal rental:
20	(1) to any organizations of soldiers, sailors, and marines and
21	others as a place for their meeting and headquarters and for
22	the keeping of records, archives, documents, flags, mementos,
23	and relics; and
24	(2) for other public meetings and other public purposes not
25	inconsistent with the purpose of this chapter;
26	for the time and upon the terms and conditions as the commission
27	determines.
28	Sec. 30. (a) The commission may not enter into a contract for:
29	(1) the purchase or sale of property, material, or supplies; or
30	(2) the performance of work or labor, except for salaries of
31	employees;
32	if the work and labor or materials and supplies cost more than ten
33	thousand dollars (\$10,000) without first giving notice of its
34	intention to purchase or sell the materials or supplies or to contract
35	for the work or labor by publication in a newspaper of general
36	circulation printed and published in the English language in
37	Indianapolis for two (2) successive weeks before the time fixed for
38	the letting of the contract or the sale of the property.
39	(b) A contract under this section must be in writing. The other
40	contracting party shall furnish bond for the faithful performance
41	of the contract in an amount fixed by the commission and with

surety to the commission's approval, conditioned upon the faithful



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1	performance of the contract. However, if the commission decides
2	to purchase a patented article or material or an article or material
3	of a special type, character, or design of construction or make that
4	may be purchased from only one (1) person, firm, limited liability
5	company, or corporation, their agents or representatives, or for
6	which there is a fixed, standard price, the commission is not
7	required to take or receive competitive bids. However, the
8	commission shall publish in the manner set forth under subsection
9	(a) the number and character of the article or kind and quality of
10	material proposed to be purchased, the unit price, and the total
11	sum to be paid.
12	(c) A contract made in violation of this section is void.
13	Sec. 31. (a) The Indiana War Memorial fund:
14	(1) is subject to the laws of this state that concern the deposits
15	and safekeeping of public funds; and
16	(2) shall be deposited under the advisory supervision of the
17	state board of finance in the same way and manner and at the
18	same rate of interest and under the same restriction as state

- (b) Interest that accrues to the fund shall be added to and become a part of the Indiana War Memorial fund.
- (c) The Indiana War Memorial fund and the accounts of each public officer, employee, or person entrusted by law with the raising, disposition, or expenditure of the fund or any part of the fund are subject to the same penalties and the same provisions for publicity as are provided by law for state funds and state officers.
- Sec. 32. The commission, with the approval of the governor, may let a contract for the erection of additional structures on the site of the Indiana World War Memorial, in accordance with plans and specifications adopted by the commission, with the approval of the governor, to any competent and reliable contractor.
- Sec. 33. (a) The commission shall commemorate the valor of those loyal citizens of this state who served with the armed forces of the United States during World War II and the Korean Conflict by placing their names in the archives of the World War Memorial located at Indianapolis.
- (b) The names must be placed in the archives in the same manner as those honored by Indiana who served in World War I.
- Sec. 34. (a) The commission shall commemorate the valor of those loyal citizens of Indiana who served with the armed forces of the United States during the Vietnam conflict by placing their names in the archives of the World War Memorial located at



funds.

1	Indiananalia
1 2	Indianapolis.
3	(b) The names must be placed in the archives in the same
<i>3</i>	manner as those honored by Indiana who served in World War I,
	World War II, and the Korean Conflict.
5	Sec. 35. A suit to enjoin the enforcement of this chapter or to
6	prevent the levy or collection of taxes under this chapter may not
7	be commenced.
8 9	Sec. 36. All property of every nature and kind constituting a
	memorial or used in connection with a memorial is exempt from
10	taxation for all purposes.
11	Sec. 37. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a person
12	who violates this chapter commits a Class B infraction.
13 14	Sec. 38. It is a Class D felony for a member of the commission or
	the architect, secretary, superintendent, or any other person in the
15	employ of the commission to:
16	(1) knowingly be interested in or derive any profit from any
17	contract, employment, or purchase connected with the
18	Indiana World War Memorial or with any action of the
19	commission; or
20	(2) knowingly be interested in any claim against the
21	commission or the state growing out of the erection or
22	maintenance of the Indiana World War Memorial;
23	other than for the compensation for their services or for their
24	expenses as provided in this chapter.
25	Chapter 2. World War Memorials
26	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "world war memorial" means:
27	(1) World War I memorial parks and artificial lakes in World
28	War I memorial parks; or
29	(2) World War I structures.
30	Sec. 2. (a) A county may through its county executive acquire
31	by:
32	(1) purchase;
33	(2) donation; or
34	(3) condemnation;
35	suitable real estate to construct and maintain structures to
36	commemorate the bravery, courage, valor, and sacrifice of the
37	soldiers, sailors, and marines of the United States and of all others
38	who rendered faithful, loyal, heroic, and self-sacrificing service at
39	home or overseas in World War I.
40	(b) At a world war memorial, a county may do the following:
41	(1) Provide a place for meetings and headquarters for
42	organizations of active or retired military personnel or any



1	other patriotic associations.
2	(2) Provide storage for the keeping of records, archives,
3	documents, flags, mementos, and relics.
4	(3) Provide space for public meetings and for other public
5	purposes.
6	(4) Inculcate an understanding and appreciation of the duties,
7	benefits, and privileges of American citizenship.
8	(5) Inspire patriotism and respect for the law to the end that
9	peace may prevail.
10	(6) Promote good will and justice.
11	(7) Perpetuate liberty and freedom.
12	(c) In addition to the powers provided under subsections (a) and
13	(b), a county may do the following:
14	(1) Acquire by purchase, donation or condemnation any
15	interest in real property to be dedicated by the county and
16	added to any real property that is dedicated by the state for
17	World War Memorial and other public purposes, by proper
18	contract, deed, or grant. The real property acquired shall be
19	conveyed by the county to the state for World War Memorial
20	and other public purposes as provided in the contract, deed,
21	or grant.
22	(2) Join with any city located in the county to acquire by
23	purchase, donation, or condemnation, interests in real
24	property to be dedicated by the county and the city jointly
25	and added to any real property that is dedicated by the state
26	for World War Memorial and other public purposes, by
27	proper contract, deed, or grant. The real property acquired
28	shall be conveyed by the county and city jointly to the state
29	for World War Memorial purposes and other public purposes
30	as provided in the contract, deed, or grant.
31	(3) Join with any city located in the county to:
32	(A) acquire by purchase, donation, or condemnation
33	interests in real property;
34	(B) construct and maintain on the real property a joint city
35	and county World War Memorial; and
36	(C) use the real property for other public purposes as
37	provided in this chapter.
38	Sec. 3. (a) A county executive may appropriate, without any
39	appropriation by the county council of the funds of the county for
40	a world war memorial and other public purposes.
41	(b) Funds appropriated for a world war memorial may not

exceed one-half of one percent (0.5%) of the adjusted value of



1	taxable property of the county, to be determined under IC 36-1-15.
2	(c) The county shall use the funds appropriated to acquire real
3	estate and construct structures for a world war memorial and
4	other public purposes, as authorized by this chapter.
5	Sec. 4. (a) A county and its county executive may appropriate
6	money for any or all of the purposes as provided in this chapter:
7	(1) out of the general funds of the county; or
8	(2) from the proceeds of a bond issue.
9	(b) A county may issue and sell bonds for the purpose of raising
10	funds to comply with this chapter.
11	(c) If:
12	(1) a county executive decides to establish a world war
13	memorial; and
14	(2) there is sufficient money in the county's general fund to
15	pay the entire cost of the world war memorial;
16	money from the county's general fund may be appropriated.
17	(d) If there is not sufficient money in a county's general fund,
18	the county auditor shall certify to the county executive, who may
19	authorize and make a loan not exceeding one-half of one percent
20	(0.5%) of the adjusted value of the taxable property of the county,
21	to be determined under IC 36-1-15.
22	(e) It is not necessary to obtain:
23	(1) the authorization of the county council; or
24	(2) the appropriation by the county council;
25	for any money for the payment of the bonds authorized under this
26	section or the interest on the bonds.
27	(f) A county executive may issue bonds in the name of a county
28	to fund or refund a loan or loans as authorized by this chapter.
29	(g) A bond for world war memorials shall be issued in any
30	denomination of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) each
31	and in not less than twenty (20) or more than fifty (50) series.
32	(h) Each bond series is to be for an amount determined by the
33	county executive and shall be payable one (1) series each year,
34	beginning on July 1 of the fifth year after the bonds are issued.
35	(i) A bond shall be negotiable as inland bills of exchange and
36	shall bear interest at a rate not exceeding five percent (5%) per
37	annum, payable semiannually on July 1 and January 1 of each
38	year.
39	(j) A bond shall be exempt from taxation for any and all
40	purposes.
41	(k) All proceeds of bonds issued and sold under this chapter by

a county, including any premium, shall be kept in a separate and



1	specific fund to be known as the world war memorial fund.
2	(I) Any surplus remaining in a world war memorial fund after
3	all the demands of the county have been paid and discharged shall
4	be transferred by the county executive to the world war memorial
5	bond funds.
6	(m) A series of bonds issued under this chapter may not be for
7	less than one-fiftieth (1/50) of the total amount of bonds issued.
8	(n) A suit to question the validity of bonds authorized to be
9	issued by this chapter may not be instituted after the date set for
0	the sale of the bonds. All bonds are incontestable for any cause
1	except for excess of constitutional limit.
2	Sec. 5. (a) If a county issues bonds for a world war memorial
3	under this chapter, the county fiscal body, county executive, and
4	any other county official who fixes rates or levies taxes shall yearly
.5	tax all real and personal property within the county at a rate on
6	each one hundred dollars (\$100) of taxable property to meet the
7	interest and principal on world war memorial bonds as they
8	mature.
9	(b) Taxes levied for world war memorial bonds:
20	(1) shall be collected by the treasurer of a county or other
21	proper officer in the same manner as other taxes are collected
22	and enforced;
23	(2) shall be kept in a separate fund to be known as the world
24	war memorial bond fund;
25	(3) shall be applied to the payment of the bonds issued under
26	this chapter and interest as the bonds mature; and
27	(4) shall be deposited in an interest earning account with one
28	(1) or more of the depositories in the county, with all interest
29	earned becoming a part of the fund.
80	Sec. 6. (a) A county executive establishing a world war memorial
31	shall adopt a design and a plan for the construction of a world war
32	memorial.
33	(b) A county executive:
34	(1) may employ architects and other personnel necessary to
35	design and supervise the building of a world war memorial;
86	and
37	(2) shall not adopt any design or plan for a world war
88	memorial that, together with the cost of real estate and other
9	expenses for the establishment of the memorial, exceeds the
10	amount authorized for the project. However, this limitation
1	may not restrict the right of a county executive to enter into
12	any contract with any city located in the county for the joint



1	construction of a world war memorial.
2	Sec. 7. All changes made in the designs or plans for a world war
3	memorial are subject to the following:
4	(1) Changes must be agreed upon in writing, in advance,
5	between the county executive and the contractor and
6	architect.
7	(2) Compensation may not be paid for design or plan changes.
8	(3) Changes may not be made that will increase the total cost
9	of the world war memorial.
.0	(4) Changes may not affect the obligation of or release any
. 1	surety or bondsmen on any contract or bond executed or
2	given in connection with the building of the world war
.3	memorial. However, the liability shall be extended to embrace
4	and cover the changes.
.5	Sec. 8. The architect employed to supervise the building of
.6	world war memorial structures:
.7	(1) shall, at the time of employment, execute a proper bond in
. 8	an amount fixed by the county executive and with surety to
9	the approval of the county executive;
20	(2) is liable on the bond for:
21	(A) any failure in faithfully discharging duties;
22	(B) all losses and damages that may be incurred on account
23	of negligence; or
24	(C) violating this chapter; and
25	(3) is entitled to receive compensation as agreed upon in
26	advance.
27	Sec. 9. (a) If a county executive has adopted designs or plans for
28	the construction of world war memorial structures as provided in
29	section 6 of this chapter, the county executive shall:
30	(1) contract with a reliable contractor for all or any part of
31	the construction of the world war memorial structure, as
32	provided in this chapter; and
33	(2) publish for at least three (3) weeks, one (1) time each week,
34	in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county
35	a notice informing the public and contractors:
86	(A) of the nature of the structures to be constructed;
37	(B) that the designs and plans are on file in the office of the
88	county executive; and
39	(C) that sealed proposals for contractors to work on the
10	construction of the world war memorial are due not earlier
1	than thirty (30) days from the first published notice.
12	(b) A county executive shall, by order, impose conditions upon:



1	(1) bidders;
2	(2) contractors;
3	(3) subcontractors; and
4	(4) materialmen;
5	with regard to bond and surety and guaranteeing the faithful
6	completion of work according to contract.
7	(c) All contracts with builders, architects, or materialmen must
8	reserve to the county executive for good cause shown the right to
9	cancel a contract and to relet work to others. If a contract is
10	canceled, at least ten percent (10%) shall be reserved from
11	payments on estimates on work done in progress until the contracts
12	are completed and the work done, inspected, and accepted by the
13	county executive.
14	(d) A payment, partial or final, may not be construed as a
15	waiver of defective work or materials or as a release for damages
16	on account of defective work or materials.
17	(e) A surety may not be released from any obligation on its bond
18	if the contractor is paid the whole or any part of the percentages
19	required to be reserved from current estimates. A surety may not
20	be released by any final payment made to the contractor.
21	Sec. 10. (a) If a county has appropriated money to be used by
22	the county executive under this chapter, the county executive may
23	enter into a contract with any city located in the county for the
24	joint acquisition of real estate for a world war memorial.
25	(b) Contracts between counties and cities for the joint
26	acquisition of real estate for developing a world war memorial
27	shall be made through the city's board of public works with the
28	approval of the mayor.
29	(c) If a county executive decides to contract with a city for the
30	joint acquisition of real estate and development of a world war
31	memorial, the county executive shall adopt a resolution signifying
32	their desire and send a certified copy of a resolution to the mayor
33	of the city. The mayor shall refer the resolution to the board of
34	public works for action. Within sixty (60) days after the receipt of
35	the resolution, the board of public works shall determine by
36	resolution whether or not the city will join with the county in the
37	execution of any contract for any purpose authorized by this
38	chapter.
39	(d) If a county and city agree to join in the acquisition of real
40	estate to be dedicated for a world war memorial as authorized by

this chapter, the county executive shall execute a contract between

the county and the city describing the real estate and interests in



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1	the real estate to be acquired jointly and the costs for the county
2	and the city. The contract shall be executed in duplicate and shall
3	be included in the minutes of the proceedings of the county
4	executive and of the board of public works of the city.
5	(e) If a county and city agree to establish a joint world war
6	memorial, then the county executive, acting for the county, and the
7	board of public works, with the approval of the mayor, shall
8	execute a contract between the county and city that must provide
9	the following:
10	(1) For the acquisition of real estate and the construction of a
11	joint world war memorial suitable for the county and city.
12	(2) The respective parts of the total cost of the world war
13	memorial that shall be paid by the county and by the city and
14	the time and manner of the payments.
15	(3) That the acquisition of real estate and the execution of all
16	necessary contracts for the construction of the joint world
17	war memorial shall be made by a board of trustees consisting
18	of five (5) members to be appointed and have the powers and
19	perform the duties as provided in this chapter.
20	(4) That the total costs of the acquisition of the real estate for
21	the joint world war memorial and the construction of the
22	world war memorial may not exceed the amount of money
23	appropriated by the county executive and the common council
24	of the city.
25	(5) That the necessary cost and expenses for the management,
26	maintenance, repairs, and improvement of the memorial shall
27	be paid by the county and city in the same proportion that
28	they contribute to the establishment of the memorial.
29	(6) That the contract may contain any other terms, conditions,
30	and provisions that may be agreed upon between the county
31	and city, not inconsistent with this chapter.
32	(f) The county shall pay its part due under any contract
33	executed by the county with any city within the county under this
34	chapter from:
35	(1) the general funds of the county; or
36	(2) the proceeds of bond issue as provided in this chapter.
37	(g) The county, acting through its county executive, may issue
38	and sell bonds for the purpose of raising funds to pay its part of the
39	cost under any contract executed by the county with any city
40	located within the county under this chapter.

(h) The county executive shall issue and sell the necessary bonds

and levy and collect the necessary taxes to pay the bonds as they



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1	mature, together with interest, all as authorized in this chapter.
2	Sec. 11. (a) If a county enters into a contract with any city for
3	the establishment of a joint county and city world war memorial,
4	as provided in this chapter, there is established a board of trustees
5	that consists of five (5) members, to be known as "Trustees of the
6	World War Memorial for the County of and the
7	City of ", giving the name of the county and the
8	name of the city.
9	(b) The trustees shall be appointed as follows:
10	(1) Three (3) trustees shall be appointed by the county
11	executive of the county.
12	(2) Two (2) trustees shall be appointed by the mayor of the
13	city.
14	(c) One (1) of the trustees appointed by the mayor shall be
15	appointed for a term of two (2) years and one (1) for a term of
16	three (3) years. Subsequently, the trustees shall be appointed by the
17	mayor for a term of three (3) years. Two (2) of the trustees
18	appointed by the county executive shall be appointed for a term of
19	two (2) years and one (1) for a term of three (3) years.
20	Subsequently, the trustees shall be appointed by the county
21	executive for a term of three (3) years.
22	(d) The trustees shall be selected without regard to their
23	political affiliations. Not more than three (3) trustees may be of the
24	same political party. The mayor may not appoint more than one (1)
25	trustee from any political party. The county executive may not
26	appoint more than two (2) trustees from any political party.
27	(e) The board of trustees must be persons of high standing and
28	character and serve without compensation but may receive
29	reimbursement for any reasonable expenses necessarily incurred
30	by them in the performance of their duties.
31	(f) The mayor or county executive may, for just cause, based
32	upon written charges specifically alleging the misconduct, remove
33	any member appointed by the mayor or county executive, after
34	notice to the trustee board and a public hearing.
35	(g) In case of vacancy caused by removal or otherwise, the
36	mayor or the county executive making the original appointment
37	shall appoint a qualified person to fill the unexpired term.
38	(h) Each trustee shall do the following:
39	(1) Execute a bond to the county and city in the sum of five
40	thousand dollars (\$5,000), conditioned for the faithful
41	performance of duties as a trustee, with sureties to be fixed

and approved by the judge of the circuit court.



1	(2) Take an oath that the trustee will support the Constitution
2	of the United States and the Constitution of the State of
3	Indiana and will faithfully discharge all of the duties as a
4	trustee. The oath shall be endorsed on the bond, and the bond
5	and oath shall be filed with the clerk of the circuit court.
6	(i) If a joint county and city world war memorial is established,
7	the board of trustees shall have all the powers and perform all the
8	duties in relation to the acquisition of the ground and the
9	construction of the joint county and city world war memorial as
.0	provided in this chapter to be done and performed by the county
1	executive in relation to a county world war memorial.
2	(j) If a joint county and city world war memorial is established,
3	all money appropriated by the county and the city shall be
.4	disbursed upon estimates submitted by the board of trustees and
.5	certified to the proper officers of the county and city as provided
.6	for in the contract between the county and city.
.7	(k) A board of trustees may not be established if a county
.8	contracts with a city located in the county to jointly acquire real
.9	estate and interests in the real estate to be dedicated and added to
20	an existing war memorial operated by the state.
21	Sec. 12. The county executive shall:
22	(1) provide a fund as is necessary for the:
23	(A) management;
24	(B) maintenance;
25	(C) repair; and
26	(D) improvement;
27	of any county world war memorial;
28	(2) pay its part of the cost of:
29	(A) management;
30	(B) maintenance;
31	(C) repair; and
32	(D) improvement;
33	of any joint county and city world war memorial, as determined by
34	contract; and
35	(3) raise money for the fund by taxation in the manner as
36	provided by law for all other county expenses.
37	Sec. 13. (a) If a county decides to join a city located in the county
88	to acquire real estate to be dedicated, set apart, and added to any
39 10	real estate that may be designated for use or dedicated and set
10	apart by the state as a world war memorial and other public

purposes, as provided in this chapter, the county, through its

county executive, shall execute proper deeds, grants, or contracts



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1	with the state to convey the real estate to the state for world war
2 3	memorial and other public purposes, as authorized by this chapter.
4	(b) The deed, grant, or contract must provide: (1) for the use by the county, or by the county and city is inthe
5	(1) for the use by the county, or by the county and city jointly, of the memorial grounds and structures; and
6	(2) that, to the extent of the money appropriated and used by
7	the county in the acquisition of the memorial grounds and
8	structures, the memorial grounds and structures shall be a
9	county world war memorial.
10	Sec. 14. (a) A county executive may allow any organizations of
11	soldiers, sailors, and marines, and others to use any structure that
12	is part of a world war memorial constructed under this chapter as
13	a place for meetings and headquarters.
14	(b) A county executive may allow a structure at a world war
15	memorial to be used for any public purposes.
16	(c) A county executive shall determine the terms and conditions
17	of leasing space at a world war memorial under this section,
18	including:
19	(1) whether to charge rent; and
20	(2) if rent is charged, the rental price.
21	Sec. 15. (a) A county may receive donations, gifts, devises, and
22	bequests for the county executive to use in connection with a world
23	war memorial.
24	(b) Any money donated to a county for its world war memorial
25	shall be paid out upon warrants drawn by the auditor of the
26	county, without any appropriation by the county fiscal body, to the
27	county executive.
28	(c) The county may use money received as donations, gifts, or
29	devises for the:
30	(1) construction of a world war memorial, alone or with any
31 32	city; or
33	(2) acquisition by the county, or jointly by the county and any city located in the county, of real estate and interests in real
34	estate to be dedicated, set apart, and added to any real estate
35	that may have been designated for use or dedicated and set
36	apart by the state for world war memorial and other public
37	purposes;
38	as provided in this chapter.
39	Sec. 16. (a) A county executive, acting jointly with the board of
40	public works of a city located in the county to acquire grounds, real
41	property, and interests in real property, by purchase or
42	condemnation for any of the purposes authorized by this chapter,
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may proceed under IC 32-24, together with all the powers of eminent domain granted under this chapter.

- (b) Before a county executive may purchase real property or interests in real property, by the county, jointly by the county and a city located in the county, by the county executive or board of trustees, as provided in section 11 of this chapter, or by the county executive acting jointly with the board of public works of any city located in the county, the county executive must:
 - (1) have the real property appraised at its true cash value by at least three (3) disinterested freeholders of the county; and
 - (2) may not pay more than the appraised value for any real property and interests in real property.
- (c) If an owner refuses to sell real property at the appraised value, the property must be acquired by condemnation. If a county acts alone, an attorney representing the county shall conduct all the legal proceedings necessary in the purchase or condemnation of real property. The legal department of a city and an attorney representing the county, if the county and city act jointly under this chapter, shall conduct all the necessary legal proceedings, without additional compensation, for the purchase or condemnation of real property.
- (d) If a county acquires real property for any of the purposes provided for by this chapter or joins with a city located in the county in the acquisition of real property for any of the purposes provided for in this chapter, the county, acting by and through its county executive, or the county, by and through its county executive acting jointly with any city located in the county, by and through its board of public works, with the approval of the mayor, may sell the buildings and improvements on the real property.
- (e) The net rent or proceeds of the sale of the building and improvements on the real property at a war memorial, if the real property was acquired by the county, shall be added to and become a part of the county world war memorial fund. If the real property was acquired by the county and any city located in the county jointly, the rent and proceeds of sale shall be added to the county world war memorial fund and the city world war memorial fund in the same proportions that the city and county contributed to the acquisition of the real property, buildings, and improvements, or the county.
- (f) The county and a city located in the county acting jointly, as provided in this chapter, may convey any real property acquired to the state. The contract with the state must provide for the rent



1	of buildings and improvements on real property, until necessary to
2	remove the buildings and improvements, and for the sale of the
3	buildings and improvements if the real property is needed by the
4	board of trustees for world war memorial and other public
5	purposes. The contract must provide how the net rent or proceeds
6	will be applied.
7	(g) If a county institutes proceedings to condemn any real
8	property or interests in real property or other property under this
9	chapter, the suit must be brought:
10	(1) in the name of the county;
11	(2) by an attorney representing the county; and
12	(3) at the direction of the county executive.
13	(h) If the joint condemnation of real property under this chapter
14	is by a county and by a city located in the county, the suit must be
15	brought in the name of the county, as provided in this section, and
16	in the name of the city by its legal department, without additional
17	compensation, at the direction of the board of public works. The
18	county, or the county and the city jointly, may:
19	(1) join in one (1) action naming as defendants the owners and
20	all persons interested in one (1) or more tracts of real
21	property to be condemned; or
22	(2) institute proceedings to condemn separate tracts of real
23	property.
24	Sec. 17. (a) A county executive, instead of making a loan or loans
25	as provided in section 4 of this chapter, may make a loan for a
26	period of not more than ten (10) years for any of the purposes
27	authorized by this chapter.
28	(b) A loan issued under this section must be at a rate of interest
29	not exceeding six percent (6%) per annum, payable semiannually.
30	The loan must be evidenced by the bonds of the county, which shall
31	be payable at their maturity and not later than ten (10) years after
32	the date of issue.
33	(c) A bond issued under this section is exempt from taxation for
34	all purposes.
35	(d) If a bond issued under this section is issued for a longer
36	period than five (5) years:
37	(1) at least one-fiftieth (1/50) of the total issue of the bonds
38	must mature each year after the fifth year; and
39	(2) the balance of the bond must mature and be paid or
40	refunded not later than ten (10) years after the date of issue.

(e) A county executive may refund a loan issued under this

chapter with another bond issue in accordance with this chapter.



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1	(f) A county executive may name the date when the first series
2	of refunding bonds is due. However, the first of the series may not
3	be for a longer period than five (5) years from the date of issue.
4	Sec. 18. In the establishment and maintenance of a county world
5	war memorial, a county executive or a board of trustees of a joint
6	county and city world war memorial has all the powers and duties
7	conferred upon the Indiana War Memorials Commission under
8	IC 10-18-1, in so far as the powers and duties are not inconsistent
9	with this chapter. However, a county executive or board may not
10	employ a secretary.
11	Sec. 19. (a) If a county executive desires to carry out this
12	chapter, the county executive must adopt a declaratory resolution
13	in substance as follows:
14	"Be it resolved, by the county executive of County,
15	that said county should proceed alone, or jointly with the city
16	of located in such county, to carry out the purposes
17	of IC 10-18-2.".
18	(b) The resolution shall be recorded in the proceedings of the
19	county executive. Notice of the adoption of the declaratory
20	resolution shall be given by the county executive by the publication
21	of the resolution in full by two (2) insertions published at least a
22	week apart in accordance with IC 5-3-1-4.
23	(c) The county executive may:
24	(1) appropriate money;
25	(2) make loans;
26	(3) issue bonds;
27	(4) levy taxes; and
28	(5) do everything that may be necessary to carry out this
29	chapter.
30	If any bonds are issued under this chapter by a county and the
31	bonds have to be refunded, it is not necessary for the county
32	executive to adopt a declaratory resolution.
33	(d) The rights and powers of this chapter vested in any county
34	executive may not be exhausted by being exercised one (1) or more
35	times, but are continuing rights and powers.
36	(e) If there is a second or other subsequent exercise of power
37	under this chapter by any county, it is not necessary for the county
38	executive to adopt a declaratory resolution. Any county acting a
39	second or subsequent time may proceed to carry out this chapter
40	without any appropriation by the county fiscal body and without

being required to comply with any other law relating to

appropriations and budgets except for section 2 of this chapter.



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1	Sec. 20. A political subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13) or
2	municipal corporation (as defined in IC 36-1-2-10) may erect or
3	cause to be erected a memorial to the armed forces of World War
4	II under the same conditions that a memorial to the armed forces
5	of World War I may be built.
6	Sec. 21. A suit to enjoin the enforcement of this chapter or to
7	prevent the levy or collection of taxes under this chapter may not
8	be commenced.
9	Sec. 22. All property that is:
10	(1) part of a county world war memorial;
11	(2) part of a joint county and city world war memorial;
12	(3) used in connection with a world war memorial; or
13	(4) acquired by a county or jointly by a county and a city
14	located in the county for any purpose authorized by this
15	chapter;
16	is exempt from taxation for all purposes.
17	Chapter 3. City and County War Memorials
18	Sec. 1. (a) Counties and cities may provide and maintain a
19	suitable memorial to commemorate the:
20	(1) courage, valor, and sacrifice of the members of the armed
21	forces who served the United States in World War I or World
22	War II; and
23	(2) faithful, loyal, and self-sacrificing service rendered by
24	others to our country in those wars.
25	(b) A proceeding for the establishment and maintenance of
26	memorials initiated under the provisions of another law may be
27	continued and completed under this chapter without compliance
28	with sections 2 through 5 of this chapter if the board of
29	commissioners of the county or common council of the city has:
30	(1) determined to proceed with the memorial; and
31	(2) published notice of the determination.
32	(c) Before proceeding under this chapter, the board of
33	commissioners or common council shall:
34	(1) by resolution, declare its intention to establish and
35	maintain a memorial; and
36	(2) appoint a board of trustees in accordance with section 6 of
37	this chapter.
38	Sec. 2. (a) The board of commissioners of a county or the
39	common council of a city shall, on petition of at least one hundred
40	(100) adult citizens of the county or city, appoint a committee to be
41	known as the memorial committee. The appointments may not be

made until after notice of the filing of the petition has been



1	published for at least two (2) weeks. Publication must occur once
2	each week in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or
3	city.
4	(b) The committee must have at least five (5) but not more than
5	fifteen (15) members. Each committee member must be a citizen of
6	the county or city in which the memorial is proposed. The members
7	must be appointed based solely upon their fitness, and the
8	committee must include representatives of educational, benevolent,
9	labor, and other interests.
0	(c) The members of the committee serve without compensation.
1	However, the board of commissioners or common council may
2	compensate members for necessary expenses in the performance
3	of their duty, including compensation of expert advisers. The board
4	of commissioners or common council may make an appropriation
.5	in advance to compensate members for necessary expenses.
.6	(d) The committee shall make a careful study of the subject of
7	a suitable memorial in the county or city and report its conclusions
8	to the board of commissioners or common council. The report must
9	include:
20	(1) the kind of memorial regarded by the committee as
21	appropriate;
22	(2) the estimated cost of erection and maintenance;
23	(3) the method of control; and
24	(4) any other matter the committee considers proper.
25	The committee shall make the report within six (6) months after
26	appointment, unless a longer time is given by the board of
27	commissioners or common council. A committee that fails to report
28	within the time allowed is immediately regarded as dissolved, and
29	the board of commissioners or common council shall appoint a new
30	committee. A new committee appointed under this subsection is
31	governed by the same rule regarding the filing of a report and
32	dissolution.
33	(e) A vacancy in the committee shall be filled by the board of
34	commissioners or common council.
35	(f) A county or city in which a memorial committee has been
86	appointed may not erect or provide for the erection of a memorial
37	until the committee has made its report.
88	Sec. 3. (a) Public notice must be provided in the manner set
39	forth under subsection (b) if a petition signed by:

(1) at least five hundred (500) citizens and taxpayers of a

(2) at least two hundred (200) citizens and taxpayers of a city;



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1	requests the establishment and maintenance within the county or
2	city of a memorial for the soldiers and sailors of World War I. The
3	petition must be addressed to the board of commissioners of the
4	county or the common council of the city and filed in the office of
5	the auditor of the county or clerk of the city.
6	(b) The auditor or clerk shall:
7	(1) publish a notice that includes a copy of the petition or a
8	summary of the petition in a newspaper of general circulation
9	printed and published in the county or city;
10	(2) post a notice that includes a copy of the petition or a
11	summary of the petition in at least ten (10) public places in the
12	county; and
13	(3) post a notice that includes a copy of the petition or a
14	summary of the petition at the door of the county courthouse.
15	Notice under this subsection must also include the day the petition
16	will be presented to the board. The day of the hearing must be
17	fixed by the auditor or clerk at least thirty (30) days but not more
18	than forty (40) days after the day of the filing of the petition. Notice
19	of the petition signed by the auditor or clerk must be published for
20	three (3) consecutive weeks and posted for at least twenty (20) days
21	before the day designated by the auditor or clerk for the hearing.
22	Sec. 4. A petition filed under section 3 of this chapter must set
23	forth the character and kind of a memorial proposed to be
24	established or constructed and the probable cost of the memorial
25	to the county or city.
26	Sec. 5. (a) On the day designated by the auditor or clerk for a
27	hearing under section 3 of this chapter, the petitioners may make
28	proof of the publication and posting of the notice of the hearing
29	and present the petition to the board of commissioners or common
30	council. However, if on or before the day of the hearing a written
31	remonstrance is filed with the board of commissioners or common
32	council, the board of commissioners or common council shall fix a
33	new hearing date at least thirty (30) days but less than forty (40)
34	days after the original hearing date. A written remonstrance must:
35	(1) be signed by citizens and taxpayers of the county or city;
36	(2) be equal in number to the signers of the petition; and
37	(3) ask that the memorial not be established or protest against
38	the kind of memorial proposed and provide reasons for the
39	protest. Before the new hearing date, additional names of
40	citizens and taxpayers may be added to or withdrawn from

the petition and remonstrance. A person who signs the

petition may not be counted on a remonstrance against it. On



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1	or after the first day designated, a taxpayer may be added to
2	a petition and remonstrance for hearing.
3	(b) If a remonstrance is not filed, the board of commissioners or
4	common council may grant the petition and order the
5	establishment of a memorial, subject to the conditions of this
6	chapter. If a proper remonstrance is filed on the first day
7	designated for the hearing, the board of commissioners or common
8	council may grant the petition on or after the second day of the
9	hearing as fixed by the board of commissioners, unless there is a
10	greater number of qualified remonstrators against the memorial
11	than petitioners for the memorial at that time. If this occurs, the
12	petition shall be dismissed at the cost of the petitioners.
13	(c) A taxpayer of the county aggrieved by the action of the
14	board may appeal its decision to the circuit court of the county
15	within ten (10) days in the same manner as other appeals are taken
16	from the action of the board. The cause must be tried de novo.
17	Sec. 6. (a) Upon ordering the establishment of a memorial, a
18	board of trustees must be appointed under this section for the
19	establishment, maintenance, management, and control of the
20	memorial.
21	(b) The board of commissioners of a county or common council
22	of a city shall name five (5) trustees, not more than three (3) of
23	whom may be members of the same political party. The appointees
24	constitute a board for the establishment, maintenance,
25	management, and control of the memorial. The trustees shall serve
26	as follows:
27	(1) One (1) of the trustees named by the board of
28	commissioners or common council serves until the first
29	Monday of the following January.
30	(2) One (1) trustee serves until the first Monday of the second
31	January following the trustee's appointment.
32	(3) One (1) trustee serves until the first Monday of the third
33	January following the trustee's appointment.
34	(4) Two (2) trustees serve until the first Monday of the fourth
35	January following the appointment of the trustees.
36	On the expiration of the term of a trustee, a successor shall be
37	appointed under this section to serve a term of four (4) years. Each
38	subsequent trustee serves a term of four (4) years.
39	(c) The board of trustees shall elect a president, vice president,
40	secretary, and treasurer. Elections must occur annually on the
41	second Monday in January of each year or as soon after that day

as possible. A trustee serves without compensation, except that a



1	trustee is allowed all necessary expenses incurred in the
2	performance of the trustee's duties.
3	(d) Bond for the faithful and honest performance of a trustee's
4	duties is required. The form and amount of the bond is fixed by the
5	board of commissioners or common council. If a surety bond is
6	furnished by a trustee, the expense of the bond shall be borne by
7	the county or city.
8	Sec. 7. (a) As soon as selected, a trustee shall be notified of the
9	appointment by the auditor or city clerk. The auditor or clerk shall
0	fix a date for the trustees to meet for the purpose of electing
. 1	officers and adopting suitable rules for the government of the
2	board.
.3	(b) The board of trustees shall select a proper site for the
4	memorial. A county memorial must be located at or near the
.5	county seat of the county and must have plans and specifications
.6	drawn for the establishment of the memorial. The plans and
7	specifications must provide for a memorial of the kind and
8	character ordered established and constructed by the board of
9	commissioners or common council.
20	Sec. 8. (a) The cost of establishing and constructing a memorial
21	and the expense of maintaining the memorial shall be derived from
22	revenue generated by the memorial. If this revenue is not
23	sufficient, the costs shall be borne by the county or city as provided
24	in subsections (b) and (c).
25	(b) For the purpose of raising money to pay for the
26	establishment of a memorial, the bonds of the county or city may
27	be issued, not to exceed the amount of:
28	(1) the contract price;
29	(2) expenses incurred and damages allowed prior to the
30	awarding of the contract;
31	(3) a sum sufficient to pay the per diem of the engineer,
32	architect, and superintendent during the construction of the
33	memorial; and
34	(4) other estimated costs necessary for the memorial.
35	The bonds must be in denominations of at least fifty dollars (\$50)
86	each, payable not more than twenty (20) years after the date of
37	issue.
88	(c) The bonds shall be sold at not less than face value. The
39	proceeds shall be kept as a separate and specific fund to be used by
10	the county or city to pay for construction of the memorial and all

proper expenses incident to construction. A payment may not be

made for more than eighty percent (80%) of the engineer's



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1	estimate of work done by the contractor. The whole amount of the
2	contract may not be paid until the memorial is fully approved by
3	the board of commissioners or common council and the board of
4	trustees and determined to be completed and satisfactory.
5	Sec. 9. For the purpose of raising money to:
6	(1) meet the bonds and interest on the bonds; or
7	(2) establish or erect a memorial without the issuance of
8	bonds;
9	the county or city authorities shall annually, at the time the general
10	tax levy is made, levy a special tax on the taxable property of the
11	county or city, subject to this chapter. Funds may be raised in
12	yearly amounts until a sufficient amount has accrued to enable the
13	board or common council to proceed with the erection or
14	establishment of the memorial.
15	Sec. 10. (a) A county or city may not issue bonds or any other
16	evidence of indebtedness payable by taxation for the construction
17	of a memorial if the total issue of the bonds exceeds two percent
18	(2%) of the adjusted value of the taxable property of the county or
19	city in which the memorial is located as determined under
20	IC 36-1-15.
21	(b) Bonds or obligations issued in violation of this section are
22	void.
23	(c) Bonds issued under section 8 of this chapter are exempt from
24	taxation.
25	Sec. 11. (a) A surplus remaining from the sale of bonds for the
26	establishment of a memorial must remain as a separate fund for
27	the maintenance, repair, improvement, or extension of the
28	memorial.
29	(b) Each year the board of county commissioners and the county
30	council or the common council shall provide a fund necessary for
31	the management, maintenance, repair, improvement, and extension
32	of the memorial. Money for the fund shall be raised by taxation in
33	the manner provided by law for other county or city expenses.
34	Sec. 12. (a) If a city desires to erect or establish a memorial and
35	the common council of the city:
36	(1) adopts a resolution declaring the desire;
37	(2) pledges the city to proceed promptly to erect the memorial
38	in or near the city; and
39	(3) files a certified copy of the resolution with the board of
40	county commissioners before the board has made an order
41	granting a petition for a county memorial;
42	the taxable property of the city is exempt from the taxation



authorized in this chapter for the erection, establishment, management, maintenance, repair, improvement, and extension of a county memorial. However, if the city, within one (1) year from the date of the order, has not in good faith begun the erection or establishment of a memorial that costs as much or more than the amount that would be derived from taxation of the taxable property of the city for the erection or establishment of the county memorial, then the exemption fails, and the property of the city shall be taxed for the county memorial in the same manner as other property of the county is taxed.

- (b) If a person, an association, or a corporation establishes or erects in a city a suitable memorial for the permanent use of all people of the city as provided in section 15 of this chapter, and the cost of the memorial is equal to or more than the amount that would be derived from taxation of the property of the city for the erection or establishment of a county memorial, then the taxable property of the city is exempt from the taxation authorized in this chapter for the erection, establishment, management, maintenance, repair, improvement, and extension of a county memorial. However, the exemption fails unless the donor files with the board of county commissioners of the county in which a city is located a certificate signed by the donor declaring the intention to immediately begin the establishment or erection of the memorial. The signed certificate must be filed with the board of county commissioners before the board has issued an order granting a petition for a county memorial.
- (c) A corporation, instead of filing the certificate described in subsection (b), shall file with the board a certified copy of a resolution of its board of directors declaring the intention to immediately begin the establishment or erection of the memorial. The resolution must declare that the title to the memorial and the land upon which it is located are held by a board of trustees composed of five (5) members. The board of trustees and its successors are appointed by each donor. If there is a failure to make an appointment, the city council of the city shall have appointive power.
- (d) The donors shall create an efficient organization among the people of the city to manage, maintain, repair, and improve the memorial under the powers and restrictions described in section 15 of this chapter. The organization consists of six (6) citizens of the city. Members of the organization:



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1	the donors;
2	(2) act in conjunction with the board of trustees as a board of
3	managers; and
4	(3) have full charge and supervision of the establishment and
5	erection of the memorial and its management, maintenance,
6	repair, and improvement.
7	If the cost of management, maintenance, repair, and improvement
8	exceeds the income derived from the memorial, the costs must be
9	provided by voluntary contributions, donations, or endowments.
10	The board of managers shall organize and adopt rules and bylaws
11	for the conduct of its business as are usually adopted by similar
12	bodies.
13	(e) If the memorial building and ground cease to be used for this
14	purpose, the trustees shall reconvey the title to the donors, their
15	heirs, successors, or assigns.
16	Sec. 13. The board of trustees have:
17	(1) full charge and supervision of the construction of the
18	memorial adopted; and
19	(2) authority to employ a superintendent, an engineer, or an
20	architect.
21	Each person employed must be qualified and experienced and shall
22	give bond for the faithful performance of the person's duties. The
23	form and amount of the bond shall be fixed by the board of county
24	commissioners or common council.
25	Sec. 14. If the erection or establishment of a memorial is
26	governed by another statute, the procedure for erection,
27	establishment, maintenance, control, and management prescribed
28	by the other statute shall be followed instead of the procedure
29	prescribed by this chapter.
30	Sec. 15. (a) If the memorial established is a hall, coliseum, or
31	building of a similar nature, the hall, coliseum, or building must be
32	used for public purposes of all kinds, but especially for the purpose
33	of perpetuating and keeping those principles alive for which World
34	War I was fought.
35	(b) Space must be provided for memorial tablets, works of art,
36	relics, souvenirs, war records, and things that are:
37	(1) connected with or growing out of the war; and
38	(2) appropriate in the building in the opinion of the board of
39	trustees.
40	Institutes, exhibits, shows, and entertainment of all kinds may be
41	held in the building in the discretion of the board of trustees.
42	(c) The trustees may let the building for hire and fix a charge for



1	letting the building for hire.
2	(d) A preference may not be shown to a church, political party,
3	or class of society. However, this provision may not be construed
4	to require or permit the use of the building by an organization or
5	person to promulgate doctrines inimical to the government of the
6	United States or Indiana.
7	(e) The memorial may not be:
8	(1) located, in whole or in part:
9	(A) upon land; or
10	(B) within land;
11	(2) connected to land; or
12	(3) used in connection with a land enclosure or other
13	structure:
14	for which an admission fee is charged or that is used or controlled
15	by a person or an organization other than the trustees in charge of
16	the memorial.
17	Sec. 16. (a) The trustees shall make an annual report under oath
18	to the board of county commissioners or common council. The
19	annual report must include the activities of the trustees and of the
20	receipts and expenditures of the memorial. The trustees shall
21	prepare an annual budget and estimate for the board of
22	commissioners and county council or common council so that
23	adequate appropriation of funds may be made for the proper
24	maintenance, repair, improvement, and extension of the memorial.
25	A report must be made at other times if required by the board of
26	commissioners or common council.
27	(b) All claims for expenditures incident to the maintenance of
28	the memorial must be in the form used for the payment of other
29	claims by the county or city. The claims must be:
30	(1) approved by the president of the board of trustees of the
31	memorial; and
32	(2) allowed by the board of commissioners or common council
33	in the same manner as other claims.
34	(c) All revenue from a memorial shall be accounted for by the
35	board of trustees and delivered to the county treasurer or city
36	fiscal officer on the first Monday of January and July of each year.
37	Sec. 17. This chapter does not prevent a gift or bequest by deed,
38	will, or otherwise of property to a county or city for a memorial of
39	the kind described in this chapter. A county and city may accept a
40	bequest and gift. Property given to the county or city in this

manner may be used exclusively or in conjunction with other

donated property or county or city funds for a memorial. If a gift



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1	or bequest is made to a county or city, proper recognition of the
2	gift or bequest shall be shown in connection with the memorial.
3	Sec. 18. (a) The governor may appoint a commission known as
4	the memorial art commission.
5	(b) The commission must consist of not more than seven (7)
6	qualified persons who serve without pay. However, members are
7	to be paid necessary expenses as certified by the governor to the
8	auditor of state.
9	(c) The commission shall consider the artistic qualities of a plan
10	for a proposed memorial.
11	(d) A memorial consisting of a building, monument, statue,
12	tablet, picture, arch, or work of art of any kind may not be erected
13	without first:
14	(1) submitting the plans to the memorial art commission; and
15	(2) securing criticism and advice from the commission with
16	respect to the memorial.
17	If a state art commission is established by law, it is ex officio the
18	memorial art commission.
19	Sec. 19. A bid must be received and a contract awarded for the
20	memorial in the same manner as provided by law for a county or
21	city building. Land for a memorial may be acquired under the
22	power of eminent domain in the same manner as other land is
23	acquired by a county or city for a public building.
24	Sec. 20. This chapter does not authorize the establishment of
25	more than one (1) memorial at the expense of the county.
26	Sec. 21. (a) A trustee of a memorial may be removed and the
27	position declared vacant by the board, common council, or judge
28	appointing the trustee upon a showing that the trustee is
29	incompetent, dishonest, or not performing the duties required by:
30	(1) law; or
31	(2) the governing rules of the board of trustees.
32	(b) At any time after a memorial building has been:
33	(1) erected and used for public purposes described in section
34	15 of this chapter; and
35	(2) fully paid for and all bonds or other indebtedness issued
36	for the construction of the memorial has been retired;
37	the board of county commissioners or common council may by a
38	two-thirds (2/3) vote of the board of commissioners or common
39	council abolish and terminate the existence of the memorial board
40	of trustees. The board of county commissioners or common council
41	must have a signed petition requesting abolition and termination

by all members of the board of trustees and the consent of the



1	circuit court judge of the judicial circuit in which the county or city
2	is situated. The judge's consent must be included on the signed
3	petition. The board of county commissioners or common council
4	shall fix a time not less than thirty (30) days or more than ninety
5	(90) days from the date of the vote when the termination becomes
6	effective.
7	(c) If the board of trustees has been abolished and terminated,
8	the county auditor or city clerk shall notify the secretary of the
9	board of trustees in writing of the time for the termination of the
10	board of trustees.
11	(d) The board of trustees shall make a full and final report of its
12	activities in the same manner as other reports required by this
13	chapter. The report must be completed on or before the day fixed
14	in the notice for termination.
15	(e) On and after the date fixed for the abolition and termination
16	of the board of trustees, the custody, control, and management of
17	the memorial shall be exercised by the officers, board, common
18	council, or committee of the county or city that manages and
19	controls other county or city buildings. The officers, board,
20	common council, or committee of the county or city that manages
21	and controls other county or city buildings shall perpetuate the
22	memorial features of the building.
23	Chapter 4. City War Memorials
24	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "board of public works" refers
25	to the following:
26	(1) The board of public works and safety established in a city
27	under IC 36.
28	(2) The board of public works in a city that has established a
29	separate board of public works and a separate board of public
30	safety under IC 36.
31	The term includes the department of public works in a city in
32	which a department of public works has been established under
33	IC 36.
34	Sec. 2. (a) A city, acting through its board of public works, with
35	the approval of its mayor, when money has been appropriated for
36	that purpose by an ordinance adopted and approved as provided
37	in section 22 of this chapter, may do the following:
38	(1) Acquire, by purchase, donation, or condemnation, suitable
39	interests in real property located in the city.
40	(2) Do the following on the real property described in

(A) Erect and maintain upon the real property suitable



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subdivision (1):

1	structures to commemorate the bravery, courage, valor,
2	and sacrifice of the soldiers, sailors, and marines of the
3	United States and of all others who rendered faithful, loyal,
4	heroic, and self-sacrificing service at home and overseas in
5	World War I.
6	(B) Provide a place or places of meeting and headquarters
7	for the following:
8	(i) Organizations of soldiers, sailors, and marines or
9	patriotic societies or associations.
10	(ii) The keeping of records, archives, documents, flags,
11	mementoes, and relics.
12	(iii) Other public meetings and public purposes.
13	(iv) The teaching of a true understanding and
14	appreciation of the duties, benefits, and privileges of
15	American citizenship to inspire patriotism and respect
16	for the law to the end that peace may prevail, good will
17	be promoted, justice be administered and established,
18	public order maintained, and liberty and freedom under
19	the law be perpetuated.
20	(b) In addition to the power given under subsection (a), a city
21	may do the following:
22	(1) Acquire, by purchase, donation, or condemnation, any
23	interest in real property to be dedicated by the city and added
24	to any real property that is dedicated by the state for World
25	War memorial and other public purposes by proper contract,
26	deed or grant. The real property acquired shall be conveyed
27	by the city to the state for World War memorial and other
28	public purposes, as provided in the contract, deed, or grant.
29	(2) Join with the county in which the city is located to acquire
30	by purchase, donation, or condemnation interests in real
31	property to be dedicated by the city and the county jointly
32	and added to any real property that may have been or may be
33	designated for use, dedicated, or set apart by the state for
34	World War memorial and other public purposes by proper
35	contract, deed or grant. The real property acquired shall be
36	conveyed by the city and the county jointly to the state for
37	World War memorial and other public purposes, as provided
38	in the contract, deed, or grant.
39	(3) Join with the county in which the city is located to:
40	(A) acquire by purchase, donation, or condemnation of
41	interests in real property;
42	(B) construct and maintain on the real property a joint city



1	and county World War memorial; and
2	(C) use the real property for other public purposes as
3	provided in this chapter.
4	Sec. 3. (a) The legislative body of a city may, upon
5	recommendation of the mayor and city controller, if applicable, by
6	ordinance adopted and approved as provided in section 22 of this
7	chapter, appropriate for the use of the board of public works of the
8	city money of the city for World War memorial and other public
9	purposes.
10	(b) Any money and the total of all money appropriated under
11	this chapter may not exceed six-tenths of one percent (0.6%) of the
12	adjusted value of the taxable property of the city as determined
13	under IC 36-1-15.
14	(c) The board of public works, with the approval of the mayor,
15	may use the funds so appropriated for any of the purposes
16	described in section 2 of this chapter.
17	Sec. 4. (a) The board of public works of a city, in the acquisition
18	of real property as authorized by this chapter, shall acquire the
19	real property under the statutes applicable to the city for
20	acquisition of real property by donation, purchase, or
21	condemnation.
22	(b) Except as provided in this chapter, the board of public
23	works, in the construction of a memorial structure authorized by
24	this chapter, shall act under the statutes related to the letting of
25	contracts for public work applicable to the city.
26	Sec. 5. (a) A city may appropriate money for use of the board of
27	public works of the city for any of the purposes provided in this
28	chapter, either out of the general funds of the city or from the
29	proceeds of a bond issue for those purposes.
30	(b) A city may sell bonds for the purpose of raising funds to
31	comply with this chapter.
32	(c) Except as provided in this chapter, the appropriation of
33	money and the sale of bonds by a city is governed by the law
34	relating to the appropriation of money and the sale of bonds by the
35	city for other city purposes.
36	(d) The legislative body of a city may, by ordinance adopted and
37	approved as provided in section 22 of this chapter, do any of the
38	following:
39	(1) Authorize the city controller, if applicable, and the mayor,
40	in the name of the city, to make permanent loans of money for
41	any of the purposes of this chapter of any amount not more

than six-tenths of one percent (0.6%) of the adjusted value of



1	taxable property of the city as determined under IC 36-1-15.
2	(2) Authorize the city controller, if applicable, and mayor of
3	the city to issue bonds for the purpose of funding or refunding
4	loans made by the city under this chapter. Except as provided
5	in this chapter, any loans must be made and governed by the
6	law concerning permanent loans by cities. Any bonds must
7	satisfy all of the following:
8	(A) The bonds may be issued in any denomination of not
9	more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) each and in not
0	less than twenty (20) or more than fifty (50) series. Each
1	series must be for the amount as provided by the
2	ordinance.
3	(B) The bonds must be payable one (1) series each year,
4	beginning on July 1 of the fifth year after the issue of the
.5	bonds.
6	(C) The bonds must be negotiable as inland bills of
7	exchange.
8	(D) The bonds must bear interest at the rate of not more
9	than six percent (6%) a year, payable semiannually on July
20	1 and January 1 of each year.
21	(3) Authorize the city controller, if applicable, and mayor, in
22	advertising for the sale of bonds, to ask for competitive bids
23	on the bonds on any series of not less than twenty (20) nor
24	more than fifty (50). The city controller, if applicable, and
25	mayor may accept the bid that, in their judgment, is the most
26	advantageous bid to the city.
27	(e) Bonds issued under this chapter are exempt from taxation
28	for all purposes.
29	(f) A series of bonds issued under this chapter may not be for
30	less than two percent (2%) of the total amount of bonds issued.
31	(g) The proceeds of bonds sold under this chapter by the city,
32	including any premium on the bonds, must be kept as a separate
33	and specific fund, to be known as the World War memorial fund.
34	Money in the fund may be used only for any of the purposes
35	described in section 2 of this chapter.
86	(h) The city legislative body may, by ordinance, transfer to the
37	World War memorial bond fund any surplus finally remaining in
88	the World War memorial fund, after all the demands on the city
39	for money in the World War memorial fund have been paid and
10	discharged.
1	(i) A suit to question the validity of any bond issued under this

chapter may not be instituted after the date set for the sale of the



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1	bonds. All bonds, beginning on the date set for the sale of the
2	bonds, are incontestable for any cause.
3	Sec. 6. (a) To raise money to pay the bonds and the interest on
4	the bonds issued under this chapter, the legislative body of the city
5	and all other officials, whether city or state, shall levy each year, in
6	addition to all other taxes the city may levy, a tax on all property,
7	real or personal, within the city, in the manner and at a rate on
8	each one hundred dollars (\$100) of taxable property in the city as
9	to meet the principal of the bonds as they severally mature and
10	interest accruing on the bonds. The legislative body of the city and
11	the fiscal officer of the city shall certify the taxes levied each year
12	to the auditor of the county in which the city is located or other
13	proper officer not later than the first Monday of September in each
14	year or at the time of the certification of the city's annual tax levy.
15	(b) Taxes levied and certified under this section shall be
16	collected and enforced in the same manner as other taxes are
17	collected and enforced. As the taxes are collected, the taxes shall
18	be:
19	(1) kept in a separate fund to be known as the "World War
20	Memorial bond fund"; and
21	(2) applied to the payment of the bonds issued under this
22	chapter and interest accruing on the bonds as they severally
23	mature, and for no other purpose.
24	All money collected for the payment of the bonds and the interest
25	accruing on the bonds shall be deposited at interest with one (1) or
26	more of the depositories as other public funds of the city. All
27	interest collected becomes a part of the fund.
28	(c) In a city in which there has been established a sinking fund
29	and a board of sinking fund commissioners:
30	(1) the World War Memorial bond fund shall be under the
31	care, custody, control, and jurisdiction of the board of sinking
32	fund commissioners; and
33	(2) all taxes authorized and required to be levied and collected
34	under this section to pay the bonds as they mature and
35	interest accruing on the bonds shall be used and applied by
36	the board of sinking fund commissioners to pay the bonds as
37	they mature with interest on the bonds.
38	Sec. 7. (a) The board of public works of the city shall select
39	designs, plans, and all necessary specifications for the erection of
40	the World War memorial. The board of public works shall publish

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(1) in at least:

notice:

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1	(A) three (3) newspapers of general circulation, printed
2	and published in the English language in Indiana, at least
3	one (1) of which must be published in the city; and
4	(B) seven (7) other newspapers or publications published
5	outside Indiana;
6	selected by the board of public works; and
7	(2) that, not less than four (4) months and not more than eight
8	(8) months after the date of publication of the notice, the
9	board of public works will receive and examine designs, plans,
10	and specifications for the World War memorial structures
11	submitted to the board by competing architects or artisans
12	skilled in that work.
13	(b) Each architect or artisan competing must submit all the
14	following:
15	(1) Full and careful estimates of the cost of construction of the
16	World War memorial structures.
17	(2) A sealed proposal of the compensation the architect or
18	artisan will require if the architect's or artisan's plan is
19	adopted.
20	(3) A separate statement of the compensation the architect or
21	artisan will require to superintend construction of the
22	memorial structures.
23	(c) The board of public works may not adopt a design, plan, or
24	specification that will cost more than the sum of the following:
25	(1) The amount appropriated for the memorial structures.
26	(2) The amount of any donations, devises, or bequests the city
27	has received at the time the contract is awarded.
28	(d) To insure adequate competition, the board of public works
29	may offer premiums of not more than fifteen thousand dollars
30	(\$15,000) for the best design, plans, or specifications for the World
31	War memorial. The amount of any premium must be divided and
32	awarded as first, second, and third premiums in the amounts and
33	under the rules the board adopts.
34	(e) The board of public works may:
35	(1) reject any plans, designs, and specifications submitted if
36	the board considers them unsuitable; and
37	(2) readvertise in the same manner as provided in this section
38	for additional designs, plans, and specifications.
39	If the board of public works considers none of the designs, plans,
40	and specifications suitable, the board may not award the
41	premiums. Any premium awarded to the architect who becomes

the supervising architect in building the World War memorial



1	shall be considered fully paid by the commission or percentage
2	agreed upon as specified in this chapter.
3	(f) In the selection of designs, plans, and specifications, the
4	board of public works shall call for the assistance of all the
5	following:
6	(1) The city's civil engineer.
7	(2) At least one (1) competent architect:
8	(A) of known skill and ability in the architect's profession;
9	and
10	(B) who did not submit a design, a plan, or specifications
11	for competition.
12	(3) One (1) contractor in good standing in the contractor's
13	respective vocation.
14	(4) Other disinterested expert assistants as the board
15	considers wise.
16	(g) The board of public works shall give the designs, plans, and
17	specifications that have been submitted a thorough, critical
18	examination and direct the experts called under subsection (f) to
19	thoroughly examine the designs and specifications and carefully
20	test the estimates submitted.
21	(h) If the board of public works finds:
22	(1) the specifications and estimates to be correct;
23	(2) that the designs, plans, and specifications, or any of them,
24	can be constructed within the limits described in subsection
25	(c); and
26	(3) that the designs, plans, and specifications are suitable in
27	regard to permanence and appearance, adapted to all the
28	purposes and aims for the World War memorial, and in
29	keeping with the dignity of the city;
30	the board of public works may select the most meritorious of the
31	designs, plans, and specifications and shall notify the successful
32	architect of the selection. The board of public works shall return
33	the rejected designs, plans, and specifications to the respective
34	authors.
35	Sec. 8. (a) Subject to subsections (b) and (c), any changes made
36	in the designs, plans, and specifications in the progress of the work:
37	(1) must be agreed upon in advance between the board of
38	public works and the contractor and architect; and
39	(2) must have the cost of the changes fixed by contract in
40	writing.
41	If changes made do not comply with subdivisions (1) and (2), the
42	person making the changes is not entitled to any compensation for



1	the changes.
2	(b) A change may not be made that will increase the total cost
3	of the World War memorial as prescribed in this chapter.
4	(c) Any changes do not affect the obligation of or release any
5	surety on any contract or bond executed or given in connection
6	with the building of the World War memorial structures, but the
7	liability of the surety is extended so as to cover the change.
8	Sec. 9. (a) The architect who is selected as supervising architect
9	in the building of the World War memorial structures is liable on
10	the architect's bond for any of the following:
11	(1) Failure in faithfully discharging the architect's duties.
12	(2) All losses and damages that are incurred on account of the
13	architect:
14	(A) violating this chapter; or
15	(B) neglecting the architect's duties.
16	(b) The architect is entitled to the compensation agreed upon in
17	advance.
18	Sec. 10. (a) After the board of public works has adopted the
19	necessary designs, plans, and specifications for construction of the
20	World War memorial structures as provided in this chapter, the
21	board of public works shall award contracts for all or any part of
22	the World War memorial structures to competent and reliable
23	contractors as provided in this section.
24	(b) The board of public works shall publish for at least three (3)
25	weeks, once each week, in a newspaper of general circulation,
26	printed and published in the English language in the city, a notice:
27	(1) informing the public and contractors of the general nature
28	of the structures to be constructed and of the fact that designs,
29	plans, drawings, and specifications are on file in the office of
30	the board of public works; and
31	(2) calling for sealed proposals for the work on a day not
32	earlier than thirty (30) days from the first of such
33	publications.
34	(c) The board of public works shall, by order, impose conditions
35	upon bidders, contractors, subcontractors, and materialmen with
36	regard to bond and surety, guaranteeing the good faith and
37	responsibility of the bidders, contractors, subcontractors, and
38	materialmen and insuring the faithful completion of the work,
39	according to contract, or for any other purpose.
40	(d) The board of public works shall reserve ten percent (10%)
41	from payments or estimates on work in progress until the contract

is completed and the work done is inspected and accepted by the



board. All contracts with contractors, subcontractors, architects, or materialmen must reserve:

- (1) to the board of public works, for good cause shown, the right to cancel the contract and to award the work to others; and
- (2) at least ten percent (10%) from payments or estimates on work in progress until the contract is completed and the work done is inspected and accepted by the board.
- (e) Payment by the board of public works, partial or final, may not be construed as a waiver of defective work or materials or as a release for damages on account of the defective work or materials. A surety may not be released from any obligation on the surety's bond if a contractor should be paid the whole or any part of the percentage required to be reserved from current estimates. A surety may not be released by any final payment made to a contractor.
- Sec. 11. (a) If the board of public works of a city has been authorized by an ordinance of the city's legislative body, passed and approved under section 22 of this chapter, appropriating money to be used by the board of public works under this chapter, the board may, with the approval of the mayor of the city, enter into a contract with the county in which the city is located, acting through the board of commissioners of the county, providing for the acquisition jointly by the city and the county by purchase, donation, or condemnation of interests in real property to be added to real property designated for use by the state for World War memorial and other public purposes.
- (b) The board of public works, with the approval of the mayor, may join with the county, acting through its board of commissioners, by an appropriate contract, deed, or grant, to convey to the state the real property acquired jointly by the city and the county for World War memorial and other public purposes, under the terms and conditions stated in the contract, deed, or grant.
- (c) The board of public works of a city may contract with the county in which the city is located, acting through its board of commissioners, providing for the acquisition by purchase, donation, or condemnation of interests in real property and the construction of a World War memorial suitable for the city and county and suitable for other public purposes. If the city, through its board of public works and mayor, wants to contract under this chapter with the county in which the city is located for any of the

purposes	authorized by this chapter, the board of public works
must ado	pt a resolution stating that proposal. A certified copy of
the resolu	tion must be delivered to the board of commissioners of
the count	y. The board of commissioners of the county, not later
than sixt	y (60) days after the receipt of the resolution, shall
determin	e by order or resolution whether the county will join with
the city in	the execution of a contract for a purpose authorized by
this chapt	ter.

- (d) If the city and county determine to join in the acquisition of interests in real property to be added to any real property designated at any time for use by the state for World War memorial and other public purposes as authorized by law, then the board of public works, acting for the city with the approval of the mayor, shall execute a contract on behalf of the city with the county, acting through its board of commissioners. The contract must describe the real property interests to be acquired jointly by the city and the county and the part of the acquisition cost to be paid by the city and the part of the acquisition cost to be paid by the county. The contract may contain other provisions that the city and the county agree upon and that are not inconsistent with this chapter. The contract must be executed in duplicate and be recorded in the minutes of the proceedings of the board of public works of the city and of the board of county commissioners of the county.
- (e) If the county and city determine to establish a joint World War memorial, then the board of public works, acting for the city with the approval of the mayor, shall execute a contract on behalf of the city with the county. The contract must provide as follows:
 - (1) For the acquisition of real property interests and the construction on the real property of a joint World War memorial suitable for the county and city.
 - (2) For the definite and respective parts of the total cost of the World War memorial that will be paid by the county and by the city and the time and manner of the payments.
 - (3) That the acquisition of the real property and the execution of all necessary contracts for the construction of the joint World War memorial shall be made by a board of trustees, consisting of five (5) members, to be appointed and have the powers and perform the duties as provided in this chapter.
 - (4) That the total cost of the acquisition of the real property for the joint World War memorial and the construction of the memorial may not exceed the sum of the following:

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1	(A) The amount appropriated for the memorial by the city
2	and by the board of commissioners of the county.
3	(B) Any amounts donated, contributed, or received by the
4	city and by the county for the purpose of the World War
5	memorial.
6	(5) That the necessary cost and expenses for the management,
7	maintenance, repairs, and improvement of the World War
8	memorial shall be paid by the county and city in the same
9	proportion that they contribute to the establishment of the
10	memorial.
11	(6) Any other provisions that may be agreed upon between the
12	county and the city consistent with this chapter.
13	(f) The city shall pay for its part due under any contract
14	executed with the county under this chapter either from the city's
15	general funds or from the proceeds of bonds sold under this
16	chapter.
17	(g) The legislative body of the city may authorize by ordinance
18	the sale of bonds of the city for the purpose of raising funds to pay
19	the city's part of the cost under a contract that it executes with the
20	county under this chapter.
21	(h) The sale of bonds shall comply with a contract executed by
22	a city with the county in which the city is located for any purpose
23	authorized by this chapter, and the levy of taxes to pay the bonds,
24	with interest accruing on the bonds, is governed by this chapter.
25	The legislative body of the city and other proper officers shall sell
26	the necessary bonds and levy and collect the necessary taxes to pay
27	the bonds as they mature and the interest accruing on the bonds as
28	provided in this chapter.
29	Sec. 12. (a) Except as provided in subsection (f), if a city enters
30	into a contract with the county in which it is located to establish a
31	joint city and county World War memorial, there is established a
32	board of trustees that consists of five (5) members, named
33	"Trustees of the World War Memorial for the County
34	and the city of", giving the name
35	of the county and the name of the city. The mayor of the city shall
36	appoint two (2) trustees, and the board of commissioners of the
37	county shall appoint three (3) trustees. The trustees shall be
38	appointed by the mayor for a term of three (3) years. The trustees
39	shall be appointed by the board of commissioners for a term of
40	three (3) years.
41	(b) The trustees shall be selected without regard to their

political affiliations, but not more than three (3) trustees may be



1	members of the same political party. The mayor may not appoint
2	more than one (1) trustee from any political party, and the board
3	of commissioners may not appoint more than two (2) trustees from
4	any political party. The trustees must be persons of high standing
5	and character. The trustees shall serve without compensation but
6	may be reimbursed for any reasonable expenses necessarily
7	incurred by them in the performance of their duties.
8	(c) The judge of the circuit court may, for just cause, based
9	upon written charges:
10	(1) specifying the alleged misconduct; and
11	(2) filed by the mayor of the city or the board of
12	commissioners;
13	remove any member of the board of trustees, after notice to the
14	member and a public hearing. In case of a vacancy caused by
15	removal or otherwise, the mayor or board of commissioners
16	making the original appointment shall appoint some qualified
17	individual to fill the unexpired term.
18	(d) Each trustee shall execute a bond to the county and city in
19	the sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000), conditioned for the
20	faithful performance of the trustee's duties as trustee, with surety
21	approved by the judge of the circuit court. Each of the trustees
22	shall take and subscribe an oath that the trustee will:
23	(1) support the Constitution of the United States and the
24	Constitution of the State of Indiana; and
25	(2) faithfully discharge all of the duties as trustee.
26	The oath must be endorsed on the bond, and the bond and oath
27	must be filed with the circuit court clerk.
28	(e) If a joint county and city World War memorial is established
29	under this chapter, the following apply:
30	(1) The board of trustees established by this chapter for that
31	purpose has all the powers and may perform all the duties in
32	relation to the acquisition of the real property and the
33	construction of the joint county and city World War
34	memorial as is conferred upon a board of commissioners
35	erecting a county World War memorial.
36	(2) All money appropriated by the city and the county for the
37	World War memorial shall be disbursed upon estimates
38	submitted by the board of trustees and certified to the proper
39	officers of the city and the proper officers of the county for
40	the respective proportions as provided in the contract

between the city and county. Upon these certifications, the proper city and county officers shall draw warrants to pay the



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1	amounts certified.
2	(f) A board of trustees may not be established under this section
3	if the city enters into a contract with the county in which it is
4	located to join the county in acquiring interests in real property to
5	be dedicated by the city and the county and added to real property
6	that may be designated by the state for World War memorial and
7	other public purposes.
8	Sec. 13. (a) The board of public works of a city, acting for the
9	city or acting jointly with the board of commissioners of the county
10	in which the city is located, may proceed under IC 32-24 and has
11	all powers of eminent domain granted in this chapter or any other
12	statute to acquire interests in real property by purchase or
13	condemnation for any of the purposes authorized by this chapter.
14	(b) Before the board of public works may purchase an interest
15	in real property, either by the city or jointly by the city and the
16	county in which it is located:
17	(1) the board of public works;
18	(2) the board of trustees, as provided in section 12 of this
19	chapter; or
20	(3) the board of public works acting jointly with the board of
21	commissioners of the county in which the city is located;
22	must have the real property appraised at its true cash value by at
23	least three (3) disinterested freeholders of the city and may not pay
24	more than the appraised value for any interest in real property. If
25	an owner refuses to sell the owner's interest in real property at the
26	appraised value, the interest in real property must be acquired by
27	condemnation. The legal department of the city shall conduct all
28	necessary proceedings for the purchase or condemnation of an
29	interest in real property by the city and county jointly, for any
30	purpose under this chapter, without additional compensation.
31	(c) If a city institutes proceedings to condemn an interest in real
32	property under this chapter, the suit must be brought in the name
33	of the city by the legal department of the city, without additional
34	compensation, at the direction of the board of public works. If
35	there is a joint condemnation of an interest in real property by a
36	city and the county in which it is located, the suit must be brought
37	in the name of the city as provided in this section and in the name
38	of the county, by an attorney representing the county, at the
39	direction of the board of county commissioners of the county. The
40	city or the city and county jointly may:

(1) join in one (1) action as defendants the owners and all

persons interested in one (1) or more interests in real property



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1	to be condemned; or
2	(2) institute proceed
3	property.

(2) institute proceedings to condemn separate interests in real property.

Sec. 14. If a city decides to acquire or to join with the county in which it is located in the acquisition of interests in real property as provided in this chapter to be added to real property designated by the state for World War memorial and other public purposes, as provided in this chapter, the city, through its board of public works, with the approval of the mayor, may execute proper deeds, grants, or contracts with the state through the state's proper officers having the custody and control of the state World War memorial, by which the real property acquired by the city or by the city and the county jointly is conveyed to the state for World War memorial and other public purposes, as authorized by this chapter. The deed, grant, or contract must provide for the use by the city or by the city and county jointly of the memorial grounds and structures and that the grounds and structures shall be a city World War memorial to the extent of the money appropriated and used by the city in the acquisition of the grounds and structures.

Sec. 15. The board of public works of a city may grant the use of any structure or any part of a structure constructed by the city, with or without rent or charge, to any organization of soldiers, sailors, marines, and others as a place or places of their meetings and headquarters, for the time and upon the conditions as the board of public works may determine. The board of public works may also grant the use of the structure for any other lawful public purpose not inconsistent with this chapter for which the structure may be suitable, either with or without rent or charge, as the board of public works determines.

Sec. 16. A city may receive donations, gifts, devises, and bequests for use by the board of public works for the purposes of this chapter. Any money received by the city may, without appropriation by the city's legislative body, be used for the purposes for which the money was donated, as provided in this chapter.

Sec. 17. (a) If a city acquires real property for any of the purposes provided for in this chapter or joins with the county in which the city is located in the acquisition of real property for any of the purposes provided for by this chapter:

- (1) the city, through its board of public works with the approval of the mayor; or
- (2) the city, through its board of public works with the





1	approval of the mayor, acting jointly with the board of
2	commissioners of the county in which the city is located;
3	may grant the use of any real property or buildings and
4	improvements on the real property to any organization of soldiers,
5	sailors, or marines of the United States and others with or without
6	rent or charge, upon the conditions as may be determined.
7	(b) The city, or the city and county, acting as provided in this
8	section, may sell the buildings and improvements on any real
9	property acquired under this chapter.
10	(c) The net rent or proceeds of the sale of the buildings and
11	improvements, after deducting an amount sufficient to pay for the
12	maintenance and repair of the buildings and improvements, must
13	be deposited as follows:
14	(1) In the city World War memorial fund if the World War
15	memorial was acquired by the city.
16	(2) In the city World War memorial fund and in the county
17	World War memorial fund if the World War memorial was
18	acquired by the city and county jointly. The money shall be
19	deposited in the respective funds in the same proportion that
20	the city and county contributed to the acquisition of the
21	World War memorial.
22	(d) The city, or the city and county acting as provided in this
23	chapter, may convey any real property acquired under this chapter
24	to the state and provide in the contract with the state as to the rent
25	of the buildings and improvements on the real property until
26	necessary to remove the buildings and improvements and for the
27	sale of the buildings and improvements if the real estate is needed
28	by a board of trustees established under this chapter for World
29	War memorial and other public purposes. The contract must
30	provide how the net rent or proceeds must be applied.
31	Sec. 18. (a) The legislative body of a city may, upon the
32	recommendation of the mayor and city controller, if applicable, of
33	the city, instead of selling bonds as provided in section 5 of this
34	chapter, sell bonds:
35	(1) with a maturity of not more than ten (10) years;
36	(2) for any of the purposes authorized by this chapter;
37	(3) at a rate of interest not more than six percent (6%) a year,
38	payable semiannually; and
39	(4) payable at their maturity, but not later than ten (10) years
40	after the date of the issuance of the bonds.
41	If the bonds are issued for a period longer than five (5) years, at
42	least two percent (2%) of the total issue of the bonds must mature



1	each year after the fifth year, and the balance must mature and be
2	paid or refunded not later than ten (10) years after the date of
3	issuance.
4	(b) Bonds issued under this section, the taxes to pay the bonds
5	as they mature, and interest accruing on the bonds must be levied
6	in accordance with sections 5 and 6 of this chapter.
7	(c) The city's legislative body may refund bonds sold under this
8	section with other bond issues in accordance with section 5 and
9	other provisions of this chapter relating to the sale of bonds. The
10	city's legislative body may name the date when the first series of
11	refunding bonds is due. However, the due date of the first series
12	due may not be more than five (5) years from the date of issue.
13	Sec. 19. In the establishment and maintenance of a World War
14	memorial, a city's board of public works or the board of trustees
15	of a joint county and city World War memorial has all the powers
16	and duties conferred upon the Indiana war memorials commission
17	under IC 10-18-1 to the extent the powers and duties conferred in
18	IC 10-18-1 are not inconsistent with this chapter. However, this
19	chapter does not authorize a city's board of public works or a
20	board of trustees of a joint county and city World War memorial
21	to employ a secretary.
22	Sec. 20. A person may not bring suit to enjoin the enforcement
23	of this chapter or to prevent the levy or collection of taxes under
24	this chapter.
25	Sec. 21. All property:
26	(1) constituting a city World War memorial;
27	(2) constituting a joint county and city World War memorial;
28	or
29	(3) used or acquired in connection with a city or a joint county
30	and city World War memorial;
31	for any purpose authorized by this chapter is exempt from taxation
32	for all purposes.
33	Sec. 22. (a) If a city legislative body wants to implement this
34	chapter, the legislative body must adopt an ordinance that must be
35	in substance as follows:
36	"Be it resolved by (name of the city's legislative
37	body) that the city should proceed (or jointly with
38	County, in which it is located) to carry out the purposes of
39	IC 10-18-4.".
40	The ordinance must be submitted to the mayor of the city for
41	approval. If the ordinance is approved by the mayor, the city clerk
42	shall give notice of the adoption of the ordinance by the publication



1	of the ordinance in full by two (2) insertions published at least one
2	(1) week apart under IC 5-3-1-4.
3	(b) The city may appropriate money, issue bonds, levy taxes,
4	and do everything necessary to implement this chapter.
5	(c) If a city issues bonds under this chapter and the bonds must
6	be refunded, the city's legislative body is not required to adopt an
7	ordinance for that purpose.
8	(d) A city's rights and powers under this chapter are not
9	exhausted by being exercised one (1) or more times, but are
10	continuing rights and powers. A subsequent exercise of power
11	under this chapter by a city does not require the city's legislative
12	body to adopt an ordinance. A city that wants to act a subsequent
13	time to implement this chapter may proceed, acting through its
14	board of public works, with the approval of its mayor, when money
15	has been appropriated for the action by an ordinance passed by the
16	city's legislative body and approved by the mayor, without
17	complying with any other law relating to appropriations and
18	budgets except for section 3 of this chapter.
19	(e) A taxpayer aggrieved by an action under this section may
20	appeal the decision to the circuit court of the county within ten (10)
21	days in the same manner as other appeals are taken from an action
22	of the board. The cause of action shall be tried de novo.
23	Chapter 5. Township Memorials
24	Sec. 1. A township trustee may receive as public property a
25	monument or memorial built:
26	(1) in the township;
27	(2) in honor of the township's soldiers or marines; and
28	(3) by the people with public donations;
29	if the people of the township want to give the monument or
30	memorial to the township.
31	Sec. 2. The township trustee shall care for and repair a
32	monument or memorial described in section 1 of this chapter with
33	township money.
34	Chapter 6. Veterans Associations
35	Sec. 1. A veterans association established under this chapter
36	must meet the following requirements:
37	(1) The association must be formed by at least three (3)
38	individuals who:
39	(A) served in the military or naval forces of the United
40	States during any war or campaign; and
41	(B) are residents of Indiana.

(2) The association must have written articles of association



1	that comply with the requirements under this chapter.
2	(3) The association must be formed for any of the following
3	purposes:
4	(A) To acquire, own, maintain, and administer homes,
5	assembly halls, or schools.
6	(B) To provide care, protection, education, and general
7	welfare for indigent and helpless soldiers, sailors, marines,
8	or nurses who served in the military or naval forces of the
9	United States and their widows, orphans, half-orphans,
10	and other soldiers, sailors, or marines.
11	(4) The association must be formed for charitable and
12	educational purposes and operated as a nonprofit association.
13	Sec. 2. The articles of association must specify the following:
14	(1) The corporate name of the veterans association.
15	(2) The object of the association, with the proposed plan of
16	doing business.
17	(3) The city or town and county of the principal place of
18	business of the association.
19	(4) The term of existence of the association.
20	(5) The names of the association's directors or trustees who
21	are to serve for the first year and until the directors' or
22	trustees' successors take office.
23	Sec. 3. (a) The articles of association must be filed with the
24	secretary of state, and a copy must be filed with the county
25	recorder of the county where the veterans association's principal
26	place of business is located.
27	(b) After the articles of association are filed with the secretary
28	of state and county recorder, the veterans association is a body
29	politic and corporate, with the following powers:
30	(1) To sue and be sued in the veterans association's corporate
31	name.
32	(2) To acquire property, real and personal, by gift, devise,
33	bequest, and purchase.
34	(3) To use, lease, or dispose of personal or real property that
35	furthers the purposes of the association.
36	(4) To borrow money and to issue notes, bonds, or other usual
37	forms of securities.
38	(5) To secure the payment of the veterans association's
39	obligations by mortgages or deeds of trust upon the veterans
40	association's real or personal property.
41	Sec. 4. A veterans association established under this chapter

must include the following provisions in the association's bylaws:



1	(1) The election or appointment of the veterans association's
2	officers.
3	(2) The admission of veterans association members or other
4	persons to the association's homes, assembly halls, or schools.
5	(3) The expulsion of members and other individuals when it
6	is in the best interest and welfare of the veterans association's
7	homes, assembly halls, and schools.
8	Sec. 5. If allowed by the veterans association's bylaws, an
9	association established under this chapter may employ teachers or
.0	attendants.
1	Chapter 7. Memorial Corporations
.2	Sec. 1. At least six (6) residents of Indiana may voluntarily
.3	associate themselves into a memorial corporation for the following
.4	purposes:
.5	(1) To perpetuate the memory of soldiers and sailors.
.6	(2) To hold meetings and conduct ceremonies.
.7	(3) To decorate, beautify, maintain, protect, improve, enlarge,
.8	and enhance the conveniences of graves, cemeteries, and
9	places for keeping the bodies of deceased persons.
20	Sec. 2. A memorial corporation established under this chapter
21	has the following powers:
22	(1) To hold meetings, conduct ceremonies, and decorate
23	graves and burial places.
24	(2) To erect and pay the expenses for monuments and
25	memorials.
26	(3) To receive and hold donations, gifts, devises and bequests,
27	and funds produced by taxation and real and personal
28	property.
29	(4) To purchase, hold, lease, mortgage, hypothecate, and sell
30	real estate and personal property.
31	(5) To take real or personal property by will.
32	(6) To take or hold real or personal property in trust and
33	manage the property as set forth in the instrument creating
34	the trust, in a manner that is not inconsistent with the uses
35	provided in this chapter.
36	(7) To invest the funds belonging to the corporation and loan
37	and invest the money owned or held by the corporation.
88	(8) To sue and be sued in all matters necessary to carry out
19	the provisions of this chapter.
10	Sec. 3. (a) The officers of a memorial corporation must include
11	the following:
12	(1) President.



1	(2) Vice president.
2	(3) Secretary.
3	(4) Treasurer.
4	(5) Three (3) trustees.
5	(b) All officers serve without pay except the secretary, whose
6	compensation shall be fixed by a majority of the trustees.
7	(c) The offices of secretary and treasurer may be held by the
8	same person.
9	(d) The term of each officer is for one (1) year and until the
10	officer's successor is elected and qualified.
11	(e) The treasurer shall give bond in a sum double the amount of
12	all money and securities that may come into the possession of the
13	treasurer. The amount of the bond must be approved by the
14	trustees.
15	(f) Each officer must be elected by a majority vote cast by the
16	owners of the stock. A vote may not be cast by proxy or by an agent
17	of the owner. Elections shall be held at 2 p.m. on the first Tuesday
18	of April of each year at the office of the secretary. However, an
19	election may be held at another convenient place if the election is
20	designated in a notice signed by not less than two (2) trustees and
21	published at least one (1) week before the election in the weekly
22	newspaper printed and published nearest to the place of the
23	election.
24	(g) A special election may be held for all vacant offices if a
25	notice is signed by all the trustees and the notice is published at
26	least one (1) week before the election in a weekly newspaper
27	printed and published nearest to the place of the election. The
28	notice must specify the time and place of the election and all the
29	officer vacancies that can be filled.
30	(h) The books of the memorial corporation shall be kept at the
31	office of the secretary.
32	Sec. 4. All property owned or held by the memorial corporation
33	constitutes a permanent fund to be owned, held, used, and operated
34	solely for the purposes set forth in sections 1 and 2 of this chapter
35	and not for the gain or for the personal benefit of any person,
36	corporation, or association.
37	Sec. 5. (a) A memorial corporation organized under this chapter
38	may hold and manage funds, money, or property in trust for any
39	person or for any purpose expressed in the terms of the trust.
40	However, the trust must be for some of the purposes or objects set
41	forth in sections 1 and 2 of this chapter.
12	(b) A person competent to make a will may create a trust under



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1	this section.
2	Sec. 6. The money, property, or income owned or held by a
3	memorial corporation organized under this chapter may not be
4	owned, held, or used to promote the interest or teachings of a
5	specific church, sect, school, or creed. However, the memorial
6	corporation may not discriminate against an individual or
7	organization because of religious beliefs.
8	Sec. 7. (a) The stock of a memorial corporation consists of one
9	(1) share for each five dollars (\$5) of the permanent fund belonging
10	to the corporation. The secretary of the memorial corporation shall
11	issue to any person paying money into, or in any manner
12	augmenting, the permanent fund of the corporation a certificate of
13	stock for each five dollars (\$5) in money or property in value. Each
14	stock certificate must be signed by the president and attested by
15	the secretary.
16	(b) Every share of stock that is issued is entitled to one (1) vote
17	in the election of officers. However, the vote must be cast by the
18	owner of the stock in person and not by an agent or a proxy.
19	(c) Stock in a memorial corporation may be assigned by the
20	owner or transferred by will. If the owner of any share of the stock
21	dies without having disposed of the stock by a will, the stock held
22	by the deceased owner is canceled. Canceled stock is referred to as
23	"dead stock", and all other stock is referred to as "active stock",
24	and only the owners of active stock may participate in election of
25	officers of the memorial corporation.
26	Sec. 8. The board of trustees of a memorial corporation shall do
27	the following:
28	(1) Conduct the prudential affairs of the memorial
29	corporation.
30	(2) Vote on the loans, investments, purchases, sales, and the
31	policy and manner of conducting the affairs of the
32	corporation.
33	(3) Keep all the money loaned, invested, or in some manner
34	active and bring into the treasury funds to carry out the spirit
35	and letter of this chapter.
36	Sec. 9. (a) The existence of a memorial corporation organized
37	under this chapter is perpetual.
38	(b) The permanent fund of a memorial corporation is perpetual
39	and may not be reduced for any purpose. The income from the
40	investment of a memorial corporation's permanent fund may be





used only for purposes allowed in this chapter.

(c) The stock and property of a memorial corporation is



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1	nontaxable.
2	Sec. 10. The officers and trustees of a memorial corporation
3	may adopt bylaws for the guidance and conduct of the memorial
4	corporation's affairs as the officers and trustees consider proper.
5	However, the bylaws may not conflict with this chapter.
6	Sec. 11. If at least six (6) persons desire to create a memorial
7	corporation under this chapter, each person shall pay to the
8	permanent fund of the corporation at least five dollars (\$5) and
9	sign articles of incorporation that contain the name of the
10	corporation, the place where the corporation's business will be
11	conducted, and the names of the individuals who will be the initial
12	officers until the first regular election after the organization of the
13	memorial corporation. The articles of incorporation may be in
14	substance as follows:
15	"We, the undersigned, residents of the state of Indiana,
16	hereby associate ourselves together for the purpose of
17	forming a memorial corporation under the provisions of
18	IC 10-18-7. We have each paid in the sum of five dollars (\$5)
19	(or the sum agreed upon). The business of the corporation
20	shall be conducted at the town (or city) of in the
21	county of and state of Indiana, and the officers to
22	hold and to conduct the affairs of the corporation until the
23	next regular election, as provided by IC 10-18-7, shall be:
24	, president;, vice president;,
25	secretary;, treasurer; and,,
26	and, trustees (filling all blanks to suit the
27	application). The name of the corporation shall be The
28	, Memorial Association of, Indiana.
29	In witness whereof, we hereunto subscribe our names this
30	day of (month) in (year).
31	Names Names"
32	Sec. 12. If:
33	(1) section 11 of this chapter is fully complied with;
34	(2) the articles provided for in section 11 of this chapter are
35	signed; and
36	(3) the money is paid to the treasurer;
37	the articles of incorporation shall be filed with the secretary of
38	state, along with a fee of one dollar (\$1). The secretary of state shall
39	record the articles in the secretary of state's office and return to
40	the secretary of the corporation a certified copy of the articles. The
41	certificate must contain the date of the filing. The memorial
42	corporation is considered to be in full force and existence from the



1	time the articles of incorporation are filed.
2	Chapter 8. Local Appropriations to Veterans Organizations
3	Sec. 1. (a) The respective authorities of counties, townships,
4	cities, and towns may appropriate annually to one (1) post,
5	garrison, or camp of each of the following organizations in the
6	respective counties, townships, cities, or towns a sum of not more
7	than five hundred dollars (\$500) to any post, garrison, or camp to
8	aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day:
9	(1) Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States.
10	(2) United Spanish War Veterans.
11	(3) Disabled American Veterans of the World War.
12	(4) The American Legion.
13	(5) The Army and Navy Union of the United States of
14	America.
15	(6) Marine Corps League.
16	(7) Veterans of World War I, Inc.
17	(8) American Veterans of World War II.
18	(9) Catholic War Veterans.
19	(10) Jewish War Veterans.
20	(11) American Ex-Prisoners of War.
21	(12) American Veterans of World War II, Korea and Vietnam
22	(AMVETS).
23	(13) American War Mothers.
24	(14) Blinded Veterans Association.
25	(15) Congressional Medal of Honor Society of the United
26	States of America.
27	(16) Gold Star Wives of America, Inc.
28	(17) Legion of Valor of the U.S.A., Inc.
29	(18) Military Order of the Purple Heart of the U.S.A., Inc.
30	(19) Non Commissioned Officers Association (NCOA).
31	(20) Paralyzed Veterans of America.
32	(21) Pearl Harbor Survivors Association, Inc.
33	(22) Polish Legion of American Veterans, USA.
34	(23) Regular Veterans Association.
35	(24) The Retired Enlisted Association.
36	(25) U.S. Submarine Veterans of World War II.
37	(26) Vietnam Veterans of America, Inc.
38	(27) Women's Army Corps Veterans Association.
39	(b) However, in a county in which there is a county memorial
40	day society, county veterans' council, or any other county
41	memorial day association, the county council may annually
42	appropriate to one (1) society, council, or association, instead of the



1	appropriations to the various organizations listed in subsection (a),
2	a sum of not more than the total amounts to which the
3	organizations listed in subsection (a) would be collectively entitled,
4	to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day.
5	Sec. 2. The counties, townships, cities, and towns may
6	appropriate annually money to be allocated to an appropriate
7	nonprofit veterans organization for the development,
8	establishment, or maintenance of a veterans memorial located
9	within the county of the county, town, city, or township allocating
10	the funds.
11	SECTION 10. IC 3-10-8-4.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.204-2001,
12	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4.5. Whenever the election division receives a
14	notice under section 4 of this chapter, the election division shall notify
15	the following offices and agencies that a special election will be
16	conducted within all or part of Indiana:
17	(1) Each agency serving persons with disabilities and designated
18	as a voter registration site under IC 3-7-16.
19	(2) Armed forces recruitment offices in accordance with
20	procedures established under IC 3-7-17.
21	(3) Each agency designated as a voter registration site and subject
22	to IC 3-7-18.
23	(4) The alcohol and tobacco commission for purposes of
24	enforcing IC 7.1-5-10-1.
25	(5) The bureau of motor vehicles for voter registration purposes
26	under IC 9-24-2.5.
27	(6) The adjutant general for purposes of enforcing IC 10-2-4-16.
28	IC 10-16-7-17.
29	(7) The division of family and children for voter registration
30	purposes under IC 12-14-1.5, IC 12-14-25, and IC 12-15-1.5.
31	(8) The state department of health for voter registration purposes
32	under IC 16-35-1.6.
33	(9) The Federal Voting Assistance Program of the United States
34	Department of Defense, for notification of absent uniformed
35	services voters and overseas voters.
36	SECTION 11. IC 4-6-9.1-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.124-2002,
37	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. (a) Sections 1 through 7 of this chapter apply
39	to the period during which an emergency is declared and the
40	twenty-four (24) hours before the declaration by the governor under

IC 10-4-1-7 or IC 10-4-1-7.1. **IC 10-14-3-12 or IC 10-14-3-13.**

(b) The definitions in IC 10-4-1-3 IC 10-14-3 apply to this chapter.



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1	SECTION 12. IC 4-6-9.1-7, AS ADDED BY P.L.124-2002,
2	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 7. This chapter preempts the power of local
4	governments to regulate pricing of commodities under a declaration of
5	emergency:
6	(1) under IC 10-4-1-7; IC 10-14-3-12;
7	(2) under IC 10-4-1-7.1; IC 10-14-3-13 ; or
8	(3) by a local government.
9	SECTION 13. IC 4-13-1-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
.0	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 15. The provisions of
.1	This chapter shall in no way may not be construed to restrict the
2	powers of the state board of accounts as prescribed by IC 5-11-1 and
3	shall in no way or restrict the powers and functions of the Indiana state
4	police department as prescribed by IC 10-1-1; nor shall the provisions
.5	of IC 10-11-2. This chapter, except IC 4-13-1-4(1) and (3),
6	IC 4-13-1-4(3), does not apply to the state universities and Ivy Tech
7	State College.
8	SECTION 14. IC 4-13-1.4-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 2. As used in this
20	chapter, "state agency" means any of the following:
21	(1) A state agency (as defined in IC 4-13-1-1).
22	(2) Any other authority, board, branch, commission, committee,
23	department, division, or other instrumentality of the executive
24	branch of state government, including the following:
25	(A) A state educational institution (as defined in
26	IC 20-12-0.5-1).
27	(B) A license branch operated or administered under IC 9-16.
28	(C) The state police department created by IC 10-1-1-1.
29	IC 10-11-2-4.
30	SECTION 15. IC 4-15-2-3.8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.215-2001,
31	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3.8. "State service" means public service by:
33	(1) employees and officers, including the incumbent directors, of
34	the county offices of family and children; and
35	(2) employees and officers, except members of boards and
86	commissions or individuals hired for or appointed to, after June
37	30, 1982, positions as appointing authorities, deputies, assistants
88	reporting to appointing authorities, or supervisors of major units
39	within state agencies, irrespective of the title carried by those
10	positions, of the division of disability, aging, and rehabilitative
l 1	services Fort Wayne State Developmental Center Muscatatuck

State Developmental Center, division of mental health and



addiction, Larue D. Carter Memorial Hospital, Evansville State
Psychiatric Treatment Center for Children, Central State Hospital,
Evansville State Hospital, Logansport State Hospital, Madison
State Hospital, Richmond State Hospital, state department of
health, Indiana School for the Blind, Indiana School for the Deaf
Indiana Veterans' Home, Indiana Soldiers' and Sailors' Children's
Home, Silvercrest Children's Development Center, department of
correction, Westville Correctional Facility, Plainfield Juvenile
Correctional Facility, Putnamville Correctional Facility,
Indianapolis Juvenile Correctional Facility, Indiana State Prison,
Indiana Women's Prison, Pendleton Correctional Facility,
Reception and Diagnostic Center, Rockville Correctional Facility,
Youth Rehabilitation Facility, Plainfield Correctional Facility,
department of fire and building services, state emergency
management agency (excluding a county emergency management
organization and any other local emergency management
organization created under IC 10-4-1), IC 10-14-3), civil rights
commission, criminal justice planning agency, department of
workforce development, Indiana historical bureau, Indiana state
library, division of family and children, Indiana state board of
animal health, Federal Surplus Property Warehouse, Indiana
education employment relations board, department of labor,
Indiana protection and advocacy services commission,
commission on public records, Indiana horse racing commission,
and state personnel department.

SECTION 16. IC 4-20.5-6-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.123-2002, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 2. (a) This section does not apply to enforcement matters that are the responsibility of the state police department under IC 10-1-1-29. IC 10-11-2-28.

- $(b) The \, department \, shall \, maintain, equip, and \, operate \, the \, following: \,$
 - (1) The state capitol building.
 - (2) The office buildings and other property owned or leased by the state for the use of an agency.

SECTION 17. IC 4-20.5-6-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.123-2002, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 5. Except for enforcement matters that are the responsibility of the state police department under IC 10-11-2-9, IC 10-11-2-28, the commissioner is the custodian of state buildings and grounds.

SECTION 18. IC 4-20.5-6-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.123-2002, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



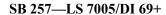
1	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 7. The department may adopt rules under
2	IC 4-22-2 to govern the protection and custody of state property, except
3	for enforcement matters that are the responsibility of the state police
4	department under IC 10-1-1-29. IC 10-11-2-28.
5	SECTION 19. IC 4-20.5-6-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.123-2002,
6	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 8. (a) This section does not apply to enforcement
8	matters that are the responsibility of the state police department under
9	IC 10-1-1-29. IC 10-11-2-28.
10	(b) The commissioner may regulate:
11	(1) the traffic and parking of motor vehicles, bicycles, or other
12	vehicles; and
13	(2) the traffic of pedestrians;
14	on the streets, roads, paths, and grounds of real property controlled by
15	the state through the department in and around the state capitol, office
16	buildings, parking garages, and adjoining state controlled property.
17	(c) Rules adopted under subsection (b) may include the following:
18	(1) Provisions governing the registration, speed, weight,
19	operation, parking, times, places, and use of motor vehicles,
20	bicycles, and other vehicles.
21	(2) Provisions governing the traffic of pedestrians.
22	(3) Provisions prescribing the assessment and collection of civil
23	penalties for the violation of rules adopted by the commissioner.
24	Penalties may include the following:
25	(A) The imposition of reasonable charges.
26	(B) The removal and impounding (at the expense of the
27	violator) of vehicles that are operated or parked in violation of
28	rules adopted by the commissioner.
29	(C) The denial of permission to operate a vehicle on the
30	property in and around the state capitol building, office
31	buildings, parking garages, and adjoining state controlled
32	property.
33	(d) Rules adopted under this section must include provisions for an
34	administrative appeal when a civil penalty is imposed under the rules.
35	A person aggrieved by a final disposition of an appeal by the
36	department may appeal the disposition to a court of jurisdiction. The
37	attorney general may enforce a civil penalty imposed under this section
38	by filing an appropriate action in a court of jurisdiction.
39	(e) This section does not limit or restrict the powers of any other
40	governmental authority having jurisdiction over public streets, roads,
41	alleys, or ways.

SECTION 20. IC 5-2-12-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.116-2002,



1	SECTION 11, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 7. (a) Not more than fourteen (14) days before an
3	Indiana offender who is required to register under this chapter is
4	scheduled to be released from a correctional facility, transferred to a
5	community transition or community corrections program, transferred
6	to the jurisdiction of a sentencing court or probation office for a term
7	of probation after being confined in a facility, released from any other
8	penal facility (as defined in IC 35-41-1-21), released from a secure
9	private facility (as defined in IC 31-9-2-115), or released from a
10	juvenile detention facility, an official of the facility shall do the
11	following:
12	(1) Orally inform the offender of the offender's duty to register
13	under this chapter and require the offender to sign a written
14	statement that the offender was orally informed or, if the offender
15	refuses to sign the statement, certify that the offender was orally
16	informed of the duty to register.
17	(2) Deliver a registration form advising the offender of the
18	offender's duty to register under this chapter and require the
19	offender to sign a written statement that the offender received the
20	written notice or, if the offender refuses to sign the statement,
21	certify that the offender was given the written notice of the duty
22	to register.
23	(3) Obtain the address where the offender expects to reside after
24	the offender's release.
25	(4) Inform in writing on a form or in the form prescribed or
26	approved by the institute the sheriff having jurisdiction in the
27	county or the police chief having jurisdiction in the consolidated
28	city where the offender expects to reside of the offender's name,
29	date of release or transfer, new address, and the offense or
30	delinquent act committed by the offender.
31	(b) Not more than three (3) days after an offender who is required
32	to register under this chapter is released or transferred as described in
33	subsection (a), an official of the facility shall transmit to the state police
34	the following:
35	(1) The offender's fingerprints, photograph, and identification
36	factors.
37	(2) The address where the offender expects to reside after the
38	offender's release.
39	(3) The complete criminal history data (as defined in IC 5-2-5-1)

IC 10-13-3-5) or, if the offender committed a delinquent act, juvenile history data (as defined in IC 5-2-5.1-5) IC 10-13-4-4)



of the offender.



1	(4) Information regarding the offender's past treatment for mental
2	disorders.
3	(5) Information as to whether the offender has been determined
4	to be a sexually violent predator.
5	(c) This subsection applies if an offender is placed on probation or
6	in a community corrections program without confining the offender in
7	a penal facility. The probation office serving the court in which the sex
8	and violent offender is sentenced shall perform the duties required
9	under subsections (a) and (b).
10	SECTION 21. IC 5-10-0.5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
11	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. (a) The prohibitions
12	of Article 11, Section 12 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana do
13	not apply to:
14	(1) the public employees' retirement fund (IC 5-10.3);
15	(2) the Indiana state teachers' retirement fund (IC 21-6.1);
16	(3) the Indiana state police pre-1987 benefit system (IC 10-1-2.2);
17	(IC 10-12-3);
18	(4) the Indiana state police 1987 benefit system (IC 10-1-2.3);
19	(IC 10-12-4); or
20	(5) any other public employee retirement fund administered by
21	the board of trustees of the Indiana public employees' retirement
22	fund.
23	(b) Investments of the funds listed in subsection (a) are subject to
24	the following limitations and regulations:
25	(1) Investments of the public employees' retirement fund and any
26	other public employee retirement fund administered by the board
27	of trustees of the Indiana public employees' retirement fund are
28	subject to IC 5-10.3-5-3, including P.L.37-1996.
29	(2) Investments of the Indiana state teachers' retirement fund are
30	subject to IC 21-6.1-3-9, including P.L.37-1996.
31	(3) Investments of the Indiana state police benefit system are
32	subject to IC 10-1-2-2. IC 10-12-2-2.
33	SECTION 22. IC 5-10-1.5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
34	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. Each retirement plan
35	for employees of the state or of a political subdivision shall report
36	annually on September 1 to the public employees' retirement fund the
37	information from the preceding fiscal year necessary for the actuary of
38	the fund to perform an actuarial valuation of each plan. Where the
39	director and actuary of the fund consider it appropriate, the actuary may
40	combine one (1) retirement plan with another or with the public
41	employees' retirement fund for the purposes of the actuarial valuation.

The retirement plans covered by this chapter are the following:



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1	(1) The state excise police and conservation enforcement officers'
2	retirement plan established under IC 5-10-5.5.
3	(2) The "trust fund" and "pension trust" of the state police
4	department established under IC 10-1-2. IC 10-12-2.
5	(3) Each of the police pension funds established or covered under
6	IC 19-1-18, IC 19-1-30, IC 19-1-25-4, or IC 36-8.
7	(4) Each of the firemen's pension funds established or covered
8	under IC 19-1-37, IC 18-1-12, IC 19-1-44, or IC 36-8.
9	(5) Each of the retirement funds for utility employees authorized
10	under IC 19-3-22 or IC 36-9 or established under IC 19-3-31.
11	(6) Each county police force pension trust and trust fund
12	authorized under IC 17-3-14 or IC 36-8.
13	(7) The Indiana judges' retirement fund established under
14	IC 33-13-8.
15	(8) Each retirement program adopted by a board of a local health
16	department as authorized under IC 16-1-4-25 (before its repeal)
17	or IC 16-20-1-3.
18	(9) Each retirement benefit program of a joint city-county health
19	department under IC 16-1-7-16 (before its repeal).
20	(10) Each pension and retirement plan adopted by the board of
21	trustees or governing body of a county hospital as authorized
22	under IC 16-12.1-3-8 (before its repeal) or IC 16-22-3-11.
23	(11) Each pension or retirement plan and program for hospital
24	personnel in certain city hospitals as authorized under
25	IC 16-12.2-5 (before its repeal) or IC 16-23-1.
26	(12) Each retirement program of the health and hospital
27	corporation of a county as authorized under IC 16-12-21-27
28	(before its repeal) or IC 16-22-8-34.
29	(13) Each pension plan provided by a city, town, or county
30	housing authority as authorized under IC 36-7.
31	(14) Each pension and retirement program adopted by a public
32	transportation corporation as authorized under IC 36-9.
33	(15) Each system of pensions and retirement benefits of a regional
34	transportation authority as authorized or required by IC 36-9.
35	(16) Each employee pension plan adopted by the board of an
36	airport authority under IC 8-22-3.
37	(17) The pension benefit paid for the national guard by the state
38	as established under IC 10-2-4. IC 10-16-7.
39	(18) The pension fund allowed employees of the Wabash Valley
40	interstate commission as authorized under IC 13-5-1-3.
41	(19) Each system of pensions and retirement provided by a unit
42	under IC 36-1-3.



1	SECTION 23. IC 5-10-1.7-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. (a) The retirement
3	plans covered by this chapter are:
4	(1) The state excise police and conservation officers' retirement
5	plan, established under IC 5-10-5.5.
6	(2) The public employees' retirement fund, established under
7	IC 5-10.3-2.
8	(3) The trust fund and pension trust of the department of state
9	police, established under IC 10-1-2. IC 10-12-2.
10	(4) The Indiana state teachers' retirement fund, established under
11	IC 21-6.1-2.
12	(5) The Indiana judges' retirement fund, established under
13	IC 33-13-8.
14	(6) The police officers' and firefighters' pension and disability
15	fund established under IC 36-8-8-4.
16	(b) As used in this chapter:
17	"Board" means the board of trustees of a retirement plan covered by
18	this chapter.
19	SECTION 24. IC 5-14-3-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 5. (a) If a person is
21	arrested or summoned for an offense, the following information shall
22	be made available for inspection and copying:
23	(1) Information that identifies the person including his the
24	person's name, age, and address.
25	(2) Information concerning any charges on which the arrest or
26	summons is based.
27	(3) Information relating to the circumstances of the arrest or the
28	issuance of the summons, such as the:
29	(A) time and location of the arrest or the issuance of the
30	summons;
31	(B) investigating or arresting officer (other than an undercover
32	officer or agent); and
33	(C) investigating or arresting law enforcement agency.
34	(b) If a person is received in a jail or lock-up, the following
35	information shall be made available for inspection and copying:
36	(1) Information that identifies the person including his the
37	person's name, age, and address.
38	(2) Information concerning the reason for the person being placed
39	in the jail or lock-up, including the name of the person on whose
40	order the person is being held.
41	(3) The time and date that the person was received and the time
42	and date of his the person's discharge or transfer.



1	(4) The amount of the person's bail or bond, if it has been fixed.
2	(c) An agency shall maintain a daily log or record that lists
3	suspected crimes, accidents, or complaints, and the following
4	information shall be made available for inspection and copying:
5	(1) The time, substance, and location of all complaints or requests
6	for assistance received by the agency.
7	(2) The time and nature of the agency's response to all complaints
8	or requests for assistance.
9	(3) If the incident involves an alleged crime or infraction:
10	(A) the time, date, and location of occurrence;
11	(B) the name and age of any victim, unless the victim is a
12	victim of a crime under IC 35-42-4;
13	(C) the factual circumstances surrounding the incident; and
14	(D) a general description of any injuries, property, or weapons
15	involved.
16	The information required in this subsection shall be made available for
17	inspection and copying in compliance with this chapter. The record
18	containing the information must be created not later than twenty-four
19	(24) hours after the suspected crime, accident, or complaint has been
20	reported to the agency.
21	(d) This chapter does not affect IC 5-2-4, IC 5-2-5, IC 10-13-3, or
22	IC 5-11-1-9.
23	SECTION 25. IC 5-26-1-1.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
24	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
25	1, 2003]: Sec. 1.2. As used in IC 5-26-6, "committee" refers to the
26	state agency public safety committee established by IC 5-26-6-1.
27	SECTION 26. IC 5-26-1-1.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
28	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
29	1, 2003]: Sec. 1.4. As used in IC 5-26-6, "communications division"
30	refers to the communications division of the state police
31	department.
32	SECTION 27. IC 5-26-1-1.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
33	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
34	1, 2003]: Sec. 1.6. As used in IC 5-26-6, "department" refers to the
35	state police department established by IC 10-11-2-4.
36	SECTION 28. IC 5-26-1-1.8 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
37	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
38	1, 2003]: Sec. 1.8. As used in IC 5-26-6, "FCC" refers to the
39	Federal Communications Commission.
40	SECTION 29. IC 5-26-1-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.117-1999,
41	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
42	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3. As used in this article, IC 5-26-2, "member"



1	refers to a member of the integrated public safety commission.
2	SECTION 30. IC 5-26-1-4.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
3	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
4	1,2003]: Sec. 4.3. As used in IC 5-26-6, "state public safety agency"
5	means a state entity eligible to hold an authorization in a public
6	safety radio service as set forth in 47 CFR 90 et seq.
7	SECTION 31. IC 5-26-1-4.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
8	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
9	1, 2003]: Sec. 4.6. As used in IC 5-26-6, "superintendent" refers to
10	the superintendent of the state police department appointed under
11	IC 10-11-2-6.
12	SECTION 32. IC 5-26-1-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.117-1999,
13	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
14	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 6. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), as
15	used in this article, "user agency" means a public safety agency or other
16	entity that enters into an agreement with the commission to use the
17	system.
18	(b) As used in IC 5-26-6, "user agency" means a state public
19	safety agency that uses the system.
20	SECTION 33. IC 5-26-3-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.117-1999,
21	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a
23	public safety agency or other entity may join the system with the
24	approval of the commission.
25	(b) A state public safety agency may join the system if the agency
26	is approved by the state agency public safety committee under
27	IC 10-1-10 IC 5-26-6 and the commission.
28	SECTION 34. IC 5-26-6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
29	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
30	1, 2003]:
31	Chapter 6. State Agency Public Safety Committee
32	Sec. 1. The state agency public safety committee is established.
33	Sec. 2. A state public safety agency that has or wants to have a
34	voice or data wireless communications network must join the
35	system when technically and economically feasible.
36	Sec. 3. The communications division is responsible for the
37	following with regard to state public safety agencies and state
38	owned assets unless otherwise directed by the superintendent:
39	(1) Maintenance of the main wide area transmitter sites and
40	interconnecting links.
41	(2) Management of FCC licensing.



(3) Frequency planning.

1	(4) Appropriate radio program software.
2	(5) Code plugs.
3	(6) System keys.
4	(7) Assignment and control of individual identification
5	numbers and talkgroup numbers.
6	Sec. 4. The committee shall publish its policies within a
7	standardized operations procedures manual approved by the
8	superintendent.
9	Sec. 5. The committee shall develop criteria for determining
0	whether a state public safety agency may use the system.
1	Sec. 6. (a) The committee consists of ten (10) members
2	appointed by the superintendent. Each of the following user
3	agencies shall be represented by one (1) committee member:
4	(1) State police department.
.5	(2) Indiana department of transportation.
.6	(3) State emergency management agency.
7	(4) Department of natural resources.
8	(5) Alcohol and tobacco commission.
9	(6) Department of state revenue.
20	(7) Department of environmental management.
21	(8) Military department of the state of Indiana.
22	(9) Department of correction.
23	(10) Indiana department of administration.
24	(b) A director of an agency described in subsection (a)(2)
25	through (a)(10) shall recommend a person to the superintendent to
26	serve as a committee member.
27	(c) The superintendent shall fill any vacancies on the committee.
28	(d) A committee member serves until the earlier of the
29	following:
30	(1) The member is removed by the superintendent.
31	(2) The date the member ceases to be employed by the agency
32	the member represents on the committee.
33	Sec. 7. (a) Six (6) members of the committee constitute a
34	quorum.
35	(b) An affirmative vote of at least six (6) members of the
86	committee is required for the committee to take action.
37	Sec. 8. The department may enter into and administer contracts
88	for the committee.
39	Sec. 9. The committee's powers include the following:
10	(1) Ensuring that federal and state communications
L1	requirements are followed

(2) Providing system planning, including mutual aid planning



1	and compatibility planning in coordination with the
2	integrated public safety commission established under
3	IC 5-26-2-1.
4	(3) Subject to IC 5-26-3-5, determining whether a state public
5	safety agency may become a system user.
6	(4) Providing assistance to local public safety agencies in
7	making equipment purchases.
8	(5) Exercising any power necessary to carry out this chapter.
9	Sec. 10. A chairperson and vice chairperson of the committee
10	shall be selected by the superintendent.
11	Sec. 11. A member of the committee who is not a state employee
12	is not entitled to:
13	(1) the minimum salary per diem provided by
14	IC 4-10-11-2.1(b); and
15	(2) reimbursement for:
16	(A) traveling expenses as provided under IC 4-13-1-4; and
17	(B) other expenses actually incurred in connection with the
18	member's duties as provided in the state policies and
19	procedures established by the Indiana department of
20	administration and approved by the budget agency.
21	Sec. 12. A member of the committee who is a state employee is
22	entitled to:
23	(1) reimbursement for traveling expenses as provided under
24	IC 4-13-1-4; and
25	(2) other expenses actually incurred in connection with the
26	member's duties as provided in the state policies and
27	procedures established by the Indiana department of
28	administration and approved by the budget agency.
29	SECTION 35. IC 6-1.1-10-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 17. Tangible property
31	is exempt from property taxation if it is owned by a corporation which
32	is organized and operated under IC 10-7-12 IC 10-18-7 for the purpose
33	of perpetuating the memory of soldiers and sailors.
34	SECTION 36. IC 6-1.1-10-38 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 38. This chapter does
36	not contain all of the property tax exemption provisions. The property
37	taxation exemption provisions include but are not limited to the
38	following sections:
39	IC 4-20.5-14-3 IC 20-14-7-3
40	IC 4-20.5-19 IC 20-14-9-15
41	IC 5-1-4-26 IC 20-14-10-14
1 2	IC 6-1.1-10-5 IC 21-5-11-14



1	IC 8-10-1-27	IC 21-5-12-10
2	IC 8-23-7-31	IC 23-7-7-3
3	IC 8-15-2-12	IC 23-14-70-23
4	IC 8-21-9-31	IC 36-1-10-18
5	IC 10-7-1-20	
6	IC 10-18-2-22	IC 36-7-14-37
7	IC 10-7-2-32	
8	IC 10-18-1-36	IC 36-7-15.1-25
9	IC 10-7-5-12	
10	IC 10-18-3-12	IC 36-7-18-25
11	IC 10-7-6-21	
12	IC 10-18-4-21	IC 36-9-4-52
13	IC 10-7-12-9	
14	IC 10-18-7-9	IC 36-9-11-10
15	IC 14-33-20-27	IC 36-9-11.1-11
16	IC 15-1.5-6-4	IC 36-9-13-36
17	IC 16-22-6-34	IC 36-9-13-37
18	IC 20-12-6-11	IC 36-9-30-31
19	IC 20-12-7-5	IC 36-10-8-18
20	IC 20-12-8-5	IC 36-10-9-18
21	SECTION 37. IC 6-	-6-2.5-70 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVI	E JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 70. (a) The department
23	may conduct inspection	ns for and enforce the laws concerning
24	coloration of diesel fuel	violations, sulfur content violations, marker
25	violations, and shipping	paper violations at any place where taxable
26	fuel is or may be loaded	in transport vehicles, produced, or stored.
27	These places may include	e, but are not limited to:
28	(1) a terminal;	
29	(2) a fuel storage fac	cility that is not a terminal;
30	(3) a retail fuel facil	lity; or
31	(4) a designated ins	spection site (defined as any state highway
32	inspection station, v	veigh station, agricultural inspection station,
33	mobile station, or otl	ner location designated by the commissioner).
34	(b) Inspections to de	etermine violations under this chapter and
35	enforcement of this chap	pter may be conducted by the state police
36	department, agents of the	department, Indiana state police motor carrier
37	inspectors (in addition to	o their duties defined under IC 10-1-1-25),
38	IC 10-11-2-26), and ar	ny other law enforcement officer through
39	procedures established by	y the department. Agents of the department
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(c) The department may determine and approve all equipment used

have the same power and authority provided to authorized personnel



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under IC 16-44-2-11 and IC 16-44-2-12.

1	to test dyes, markers, and the chemical composition of fuel inspected
2	under this chapter.
3	SECTION 38. IC 9-18-45-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.178-1999,
4	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3. (a) The fees for a safety first license plate are
6	as follows:
7	(1) The appropriate fee under IC 9-29-5-38(a).
8	(2) An annual fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25).
9	(b) The annual fee referred to in subsection (a)(2) shall be collected
10	by the bureau.
11	(c) The annual fee described in subsection (a)(2) shall be deposited
12	in the funds established under IC 10-9-3-1. IC 10-15-3-1.
13	SECTION 39. IC 9-20-6-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. (a) The Indiana
15	department of transportation or an agency or a political subdivision
16	authorized by this article to grant permits to operate tractor-mobile
17	home rigs or permits for transporting heavy or oversize vehicles, loads,
18	or other objects not conforming to this article may issue emergency
19	permits to operate in or through Indiana without regard to IC 9-20-14-2
20	to a person during the period that the following conditions exist:
21	(1) A state of disaster emergency has been declared by the
22	governor under IC 10-4-1-7. IC 10-14-3-12.
23	(2) A state of emergency has been declared by the federal
24	government for an area outside Indiana.
25	(3) The granting of emergency permits reasonably can be
26	expected to provide relief of the conditions causing the
27	declaration of the state of emergency.
28	(b) The Indiana department of transportation, an agency, or a
29	political subdivision shall regulate movements by emergency permits
30	to avoid undue hazards.
31	SECTION 40. IC 12-10-17-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.134-2002,
32	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
33	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 12. (a) The division shall register an individual
34	who provides the following:
35	(1) A personal resume containing information concerning the
36	individual's qualifications, work experience, and any credentials
37	the individual may hold. The individual must certify that the
38	information contained in the resume is true and accurate.
39	(2) The individual's limited criminal history check from the
40	Indiana central repository for criminal history information under
41	IC 5-2-5 IC 10-13-3 or another source allowed by law.

(3) If applicable, the individual's state nurse aide registry report



1	from the state department of health. This subdivision does not
2	require an individual to be a nurse aide.
3	(4) Three (3) letters of reference.
4	(5) A registration fee. The division shall establish the amount of
5	the registration fee.
6	(6) Proof that the individual is at least eighteen (18) years of age.
7	(7) Any other information required by the division.
8	(b) A registration is valid for two (2) years. A personal services
9	attendant may renew the personal services attendant's registration by
10	updating any information in the file that has changed and by paying the
11	fee required under subsection (a)(5). The limited criminal history check
12	and report required under subsection (a)(2) and (a)(3) must be updated
13	every two (2) years.
14	(c) The division and any organization designated under section 11
15	of this chapter shall maintain a file for each personal services attendant
16	that contains:
17	(1) comments related to the provision of attendant care services
18	submitted by an individual in need of self-directed in-home care
19	who has employed the personal services attendant; and
20	(2) the items described in subsection (a)(1) through (a)(4).
21	(d) Upon request, the division shall provide to an individual in need
22	of self-directed in-home care the following:
23	(1) Without charge, a list of personal services attendants who are
24	registered with the division and available within the requested
25	geographic area.
26	(2) A copy of the information of a specified personal services
27	attendant who is on file with the division under subsection (c).
28	The division may charge a fee for shipping, handling, and copying
29	expenses.
30	SECTION 41. IC 12-17.2-2-1.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.278-2001,
31	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1.5. (a) The division shall require all child care
33	centers or child care homes to submit a report containing the names
34	and birth dates of all children who are enrolled in the child care center
35	or child care home within three (3) months from the date the child care
36	center or child care home accepts its first child, upon receiving the
37	consent of the child's parent, guardian, or custodian as required under
38	subsection (b). The division shall require all child care centers and
39	child care homes that receive written consent as described under
40	subsection (b) to submit a monthly report of the name and birth date of

each additional child who has been enrolled in or withdrawn from the child care center or child care home during the preceding thirty (30)

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1	days.
2	(b) The division shall require all child care centers or child care
3	homes to request whether the child's parent, guardian, or custodian
4	desires the center or home to include the child's name and birth date in
5	the reports described under subsection (a) before enrolling the child in
6	the center or home. No child's name or birth date may be included on
7	the report required under subsection (a) without the signed consent of
8	the child's parent, guardian, or custodian. The consent form must be in
9	the following form:
10	"I give my permission for (name of day
11	care center or home) to report the name and birth date of my child
12	or children to the division of family and children pursuant to
13	IC 12-17.2-2-1.5.
14	Name of child
15	Birth date
16	Signature of parent, guardian, or custodian
17	
18	Date"
19	(c) The division shall submit a monthly report of the information
20	provided under subsection (a) to the Indiana clearinghouse on missing
21	children established under IC 10-1-7. IC 10-13-5.
22	(d) The division shall require that a person who transports children
23	who are in the care of the child care center on a public highway (as
24	defined in IC 9-25-2-4) within or outside Indiana in a vehicle designed
25	and constructed for the accommodation of more than ten (10)
26	passengers must comply with the same requirements set forth in
27	IC 20-9.1-5-6.6 for a public elementary or secondary school or a
28	preschool operated by a school corporation.
29	SECTION 42. IC 14-9-8-28, AS AMENDED BY P.L.206-1999,
30	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 28. (a) The natural resources commission shall
32	categorize salaries of enforcement officers within each rank based upon
33	the rank held and the number of years of service in the department
34	through the tenth year. The salary ranges that the commission assigns
35	to each rank shall be divided into a base salary and ten (10) increments
36	above the base salary with:
37	(1) the base salary in the rank paid to a person with less than one
38	(1) year of service in the department; and
39	(2) the highest salary in the rank paid to a person with at least ten
40	(10) years of service in the department.
41	(b) For purposes of creating the salary matrix prescribed by this

section, the natural resources commission may not approve salary



1	ranges for any rank that are less than the salary ranges effective for that
2	rank on January 1, 1995.
3	(c) The salary matrix prescribed by this section shall be reviewed
4	and approved by the state budget agency before implementation.
5	(d) The salaries for law enforcement officers of the law enforcement
6	division of the department must be equal to the salaries of police
7	employees of the state police department under IC 10-1-1-4.5,
8	IC 10-11-2-13, based upon years of service in the department and rank
9	held.
10	(e) The money needed to fund the salaries resulting from the matrix
11	prescribed by this section shall come from the appropriation from the
12	professional and technical equity fund.
13	(f) The requirement of subsection (d) does not affect:
14	(1) any rights or liabilities accrued; or
15	(2) any proceedings begun;
16	on or before June 30, 1999. Those rights, liabilities, and proceedings
17	continue and shall be imposed and enforced under prior civil law and
18	procedure as if the requirement of subsection (d) had not been enacted.
19	SECTION 43. IC 16-18-2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.17-2002,
20	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
21	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 7. (a) "Advanced life support", for purposes of
22	IC 16-31, means care that is given:
23	(1) at the scene of:
24	(A) an accident;
25	(B) an act of terrorism (as defined in IC 35-41-1-26.5), if the
26	governor has declared a disaster emergency under IC 10-4-1-7
27	IC 10-14-3-12 in response to the act of terrorism; or
28	(C) an illness;
29	(2) during transport; or
30	(3) at a hospital;
31	by a paramedic or an advanced emergency medical technician and that
32	is more advanced than the care usually provided by an emergency
33	medical technician.
34	(b) The term may include any of the following:
35	(1) Defibrillation.
36	(2) Endotracheal intubation.
37	(3) Parenteral injections of appropriate medications, including
38	administration of epinephrine through an auto-injector.
39	(4) Electrocardiogram interpretation.
40	(5) Emergency management of trauma and illness.
41	SECTION 44. IC 16-18-2-96, AS AMENDED BY P.L.52-1999,
12	SECTION 1 IS AMENDED TO BEAD AS FOLLOWS (EFFECTIVE



JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 96. (a) "Director", for purposes of IC 16-19-13, refers to the director of the office of women's health established by IC 16-19-13. (b) "Director", for purposes of IC 16-28, IC 16-29, and IC 16-30, means the individual acting under the authority of and assigned the responsibility by the state health commissioner to implement IC 16-28, IC 16-29, and IC 16-30. (c) "Director", for purposes of IC 16-31, refers to the director of the state emergency management agency established under IC 10-8-2-1. IC 10-14-2-1. (d) "Director", for purposes of IC 16-35-2, refers to the director of the program for children with special health care needs. SECTION 45. IC 16-25-6-2, AS ADDED BY P.L.256-1999, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 2. (a) A person who owns or operates a hospice program shall apply, not more than three (3) business days after the date that an employee or a volunteer begins to provide hospice services, for a copy of the employee's or volunteer's limited criminal history from the Indiana central repository for criminal history information under IC 5-2-5. IC 10-13-3. (b) A hospice program may not employ an individual or allow a volunteer to provide hospice services for more than three (3) business	1	HH M 1 20021 G 07 () HD'
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volunteer to provide hospice services for more than three (3) business	20	information under IC 5-2-5. IC 10-13-3.
	21	(b) A hospice program may not employ an individual or allow a
22 days without applying for that individually an valuational limited	22	volunteer to provide hospice services for more than three (3) business
25 days without applying for that individuals or volunteer's limited	23	days without applying for that individual's or volunteer's limited
criminal history as required by subsection (a).	24	criminal history as required by subsection (a).
25 SECTION 46. IC 16-25-6-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.256-1999,	25	SECTION 46. IC 16-25-6-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.256-1999,
26 SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	26	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a	27	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a
person who owns or operates a hospice program may not employ an	28	person who owns or operates a hospice program may not employ an
29 individual or allow a volunteer to provide hospice services if that	29	individual or allow a volunteer to provide hospice services if that
individual's or volunteer's limited criminal history indicates that the	30	
31 individual or volunteer has:	31	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
32 (1) been convicted of rape (IC 35-42-4-1);	32	(1) been convicted of rape (IC 35-42-4-1);
33 (2) been convicted of criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2);		* * *
34 (3) been convicted of exploitation of an endangered adult		
35 (IC 35-46-1-12);		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
36 (4) had a judgment entered against the individual for failure to		
37 report battery, neglect, or exploitation of an endangered adult		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
38 (IC 35-46-1-13); or		
39 (5) been convicted of theft (IC 35-43-4), if the conviction for theft		
40 occurred less than ten (10) years before the individual's		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

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employment application date.

(b) A hospice program may not employ an individual or allow a

volunteer to provide hospice services for more than twenty-one (21)
calendar days without receipt of that individual's or volunteer's limited
criminal history required by section 2 of this chapter, unless the Indiana
central repository for criminal history information under IC 5-2-5
IC 10-13-3 is solely responsible for failing to provide the individual's
or volunteer's limited criminal history to the hospice program within
the time required under this subsection.

SECTION 47. IC 16-25-6-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.256-1999, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. (a) A person who owns or operates a hospice program is responsible for the payment of fees under IC 5-2-5-7 IC 10-13-3-30 and other fees required under section 2 of this chapter.

- (b) This subsection does not apply to a hospice program volunteer. A hospice program may require an individual who applies to the hospice program for employment to provide hospice services:
 - (1) to pay the fees described in subsection (a) to the hospice program at the time the individual submits an application for employment; or
 - (2) to reimburse the hospice program for the payment of the fees described in subsection (a).

SECTION 48. IC 16-27-2-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. (a) A person who operates a home health agency shall apply, not more than three (3) business days after the date that an employee begins to provide services in a patient's temporary or permanent residence, for a copy of the employee's limited criminal history from the Indiana central repository for criminal history information under IC 5-2-5. IC 10-13-3.

(b) A home health agency may not employ a person to provide services in a patient's or client's temporary or permanent residence for more than three (3) business days without applying for that person's limited criminal history as required by subsection (a).

SECTION 49. IC 16-27-2-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a person who operates a home health agency may not employ a person to provide services in a patient's or client's temporary or permanent residence if that person's limited criminal history indicates that the person has been convicted of any of the following:

- (1) Rape (IC 35-42-4-1).
- (2) Criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2).



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1	endangered adult (IC 35-46-1-13).
2	(5) Theft (IC 35-43-4), if the conviction for theft occurred less
3	than ten (10) years before the person's employment application
4	date.
5	(b) A home health agency may not employ a person to provide
6	services in a patient's or client's temporary or permanent residence for
7	more than twenty-one (21) calendar days without receipt of that
8	person's limited criminal history required by section 4 of this chapter,
9	unless the Indiana central repository for criminal history information
10	under IC 5-2-5 IC 10-13-3 is solely responsible for failing to provide
11	the person's limited criminal history to the home health agency within
12	the time required under this subsection.
13	SECTION 50. IC 16-27-2-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 6. (a) A person who
15	operates a home health agency is responsible for the payment of fees
16	under IC 5-2-5-7 IC 10-13-3-30 and other fees required under section
17	4 of this chapter.
18	(b) A home health agency may require a person who applies to the
19	home health agency for employment to provide services in a patient's
20	or client's temporary or permanent residence:
21	(1) to pay the cost of fees described in subsection (a) to the home
22	health agency at the time the person submits an application for
23	employment; or
24	(2) to reimburse the home health agency for the cost of fees
25	described in subsection (a).
26	SECTION 51. IC 16-28-13-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.108-1999,
27	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
28	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a
29	person who:
30	(1) operates or administers a health care facility; or
31	(2) operates an entity in the business of contracting to provide
32	nurse aides or other unlicensed employees for a health care
33	facility;
34	shall apply within three (3) business days from the date a person is
35	employed as a nurse aide or other unlicensed employee for a copy of
36	the person's state nurse aide registry report from the state department
37	and a limited criminal history from the Indiana central repository for
38	criminal history information under IC 5-2-5 IC 10-13-3 or another
39	source allowed by law.
40	(b) A health care facility is not required to apply for the state nurse
41	aide registry report and limited criminal history required by subsection

(a) if the health care facility contracts to use the services of a nurse aide

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1	or other unlicensed employee who is employed by an entity in the
2	business of contracting to provide nurse aides or other unlicensed
3	employees to health care facilities.
4	SECTION 52. IC 16-28-13-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.108-1999,
5	SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 6. (a) A person who:
7	(1) operates or administers a health care facility; or
8	(2) operates an entity in the business of contracting to provide
9	nurse aides or other unlicensed employees for a health care
10	facility;
11	is responsible for the payment of fees under IC 5-2-5-7 IC 10-13-3-30
12	and other fees required to process a state nurse aide registry report and
13	a limited criminal history under section 4 of this chapter.
14	(b) A health care facility or an entity in the business of contracting
15	to provide nurse aides or other unlicensed employees for a health care
16	facility may require a person who applies to the health care facility or
17	entity for employment as a nurse aide or other unlicensed employee:
18	(1) to pay the cost of fees described in subsection (a) to the health
19	care facility or entity at the time the person submits an application
20	for employment; or
21	(2) to reimburse the health care facility or entity for the cost of
22	fees described in subsection (a).
23	SECTION 53. IC 16-31-6-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.156-2001,
24	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. (a) This section does not apply to an act or
26	omission that was a result of gross negligence or willful or intentional
27	misconduct.
28	(b) An act or omission of a paramedic, an advanced emergency
29	medical technician, an emergency medical technician, or a person with
30	equivalent certification from another state that is performed or made
31	while providing advanced life support or basic life support to a patient
32	or trauma victim does not impose liability upon the paramedic, the
33	advanced emergency medical technician, the emergency medical
34	technician, the person with equivalent certification from another state,
35	a hospital, a provider organization, a governmental entity, or an
36	employee or other staff of a hospital, provider organization, or
37	governmental entity if the advanced life support or basic life support
38	is provided in good faith:
39	(1) in connection with a disaster emergency declared by the
40	governor under IC 10-4-1-7 IC 10-14-3-12 in response to an act
41	that the governor in good faith believes to be an act of terrorism

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(as defined in IC 35-41-1-26.5); and



1	(2) in accordance with the rules adopted by the Indiana
2	emergency medical services commission or the disaster
3	emergency declaration of the governor.
4	SECTION 54. IC 16-37-1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 2. The employee in
6	charge of the division of the state department administering the system
7	of vital statistics shall be known as the state registrar and shall do the
8	following:
9	(1) Keep the files and records pertaining to vital statistics.
10	(2) Perform the duties prescribed by the state department.
11	(3) Perform the duties required under IC 10-1-7-8. IC 10-13-5-11.
12	(4) Administer the putative father registry established by
13	IC 31-19-5-2.
14	(5) Maintain records of paternity determinations as provided by
15	IC 31-14-9.
16	SECTION 55. IC 16-37-1-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 8. (a) Except as
18	provided in subsection (c), a local health officer shall provide a
19	certification of birth, death, or stillbirth registration upon request by
20	any person only if:
21	(1) the health officer is satisfied that the applicant has a direct
22	interest in the matter;
23	(2) the health officer determines that the certificate is necessary
24	for the determination of personal or property rights or for
25	compliance with state or federal law; and
26	(3) the applicant for a birth certificate presents at least one (1)
27	form of identification.
28	However, the local health officer must issue a certificate of an
29	applicant's own birth registration.
30	(b) A local health officer's decision whether or not to issue a
31	certified copy of a birth certificate is subject to review by a court.
32	(c) A local health officer may not issue a copy of a birth certificate
33	of a missing child to which a notice has been attached under
34	IC 10-13-5-11 without the authorization of the Indiana
35	clearinghouse for information on missing children.
36	SECTION 56. IC 20-5-2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.272-2001,
37	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
38	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 7. (a) A school corporation, including a school
39	township, shall adopt a policy concerning criminal history information
40	for individuals who:
41	(1) apply for:
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(A) employment with the school corporation; or



1	(B) employment with an entity with which the school
2	corporation contracts for services;
3	(2) seek to enter into a contract to provide services to the school
4	corporation; or
5	(3) are employed by an entity that seeks to enter into a contract to
6	provide services to the school corporation;
7	if the individuals are likely to have direct, ongoing contact with
8	children within the scope of the individuals' employment.
9	(b) A school corporation, including a school township, shall
10	administer a policy adopted under this section uniformly for all
11	individuals to whom the policy applies. A policy adopted under this
12	section may require any of the following:
13	(1) The school corporation, including a school township, may
14	request limited criminal history information concerning each
15	applicant for noncertificated employment or certificated
16	employment from a local or state law enforcement agency before
17	or not later than three (3) months after the applicant's employment
18	by the school corporation.
19	(2) Each individual hired for noncertificated employment or
20	certificated employment may be required to provide a written
21	consent for the school corporation to request under IC 5-2-5
22	IC 10-13-3 limited criminal history information or a national
23	criminal history background check concerning the individual
24	before or not later than three (3) months after the individual's
25	employment by the school corporation. The school corporation
26	may require the individual to provide a set of fingerprints and pay
27	any fees required for a national criminal history background
28	check.
29	(3) Each individual hired for noncertificated employment may be
30	required at the time the individual is hired to submit a certified
31	copy of the individual's limited criminal history (as defined in
32	$\frac{1C}{5-2-5-1(1)}$ IC 10-13-3-11) to the school corporation.
33	(4) Each individual hired for noncertificated employment may be
34	required at the time the individual is hired to:
35	(A) submit a request to the Indiana central repository for
36	limited criminal history information under IC 5-2-5;
37	IC 10-13-3;
38	(B) obtain a copy of the individual's limited criminal history;
39	and
40	(C) submit to the school corporation the individual's limited
41	criminal history and a document verifying a disposition (as
42	defined in $\frac{1C}{5-2-5-1(6)}$ IC 10-13-3-7) that does not appear



1	on the limited criminal history.
2	(5) Each applicant for noncertificated employment or certificated
3	employment may be required at the time the individual applies to
4	answer questions concerning the individual's limited criminal
5	history. The failure to answer honestly questions asked under this
6	subdivision is grounds for termination of the employee's
7	employment.
8	(6) Each individual that:
9	(A) seeks to enter into a contract to provide services to a
10	school corporation; or
11	(B) is employed by an entity that seeks to enter into a contract
12	with a school corporation;
13	may be required at the time the contract is formed to comply with
14	the procedures described in subdivision (4)(A) and (4)(B). The
15	school corporation either may require that the individual or the
16	contractor comply with the procedures described in subdivision
17	(4)(C) or (5). Failure to comply with subdivisions (4) and (5), as
18	required by the school corporation, is grounds for termination of
19	the contract.
20	(c) If an individual is required to obtain a limited criminal history
21	under this section, the individual is responsible for all costs associated
22	with obtaining the limited criminal history.
23	(d) Information obtained under this section must be used in
24	accordance with IC 5-2-5-6. IC 10-13-3-29.
25	SECTION 57. IC 20-6.1-3-7.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 7.1. (a) As used in this
27	section, "applicant" refers to an applicant for:
28	(1) a new license;
29	(2) a renewal license; or
30	(3) a substitute teacher certificate;
31	issued by the board.
32	(b) As used in this section, "limited criminal history" has the
33	meaning set forth in IC 5-2-5-1(1). IC 10-13-3-11.
34	(c) As used in this section, "disposition" has the meaning set forth
35	in IC 5-2-5-1(6). IC 10-13-3-7.
36	(d) An applicant must do the following:
37	(1) Submit a request to the Indiana central repository for limited
38	criminal history information under IC 5-2-5. IC 10-13-3.
39	(2) Obtain a copy of the limited criminal history for the applicant
40	from the repository's records.
41	(3) Submit to the board the limited criminal history for the
42	applicant.



(4) Submit to the board a document verifying a disposition that
does not appear on the limited criminal history for the applicant.
(e) The board may deny the issuance of a license or certificate to an
applicant who is convicted of an offense for which the individual's
license may be revoked or suspended under this chapter.
(f) The board must use the information obtained under this section
in accordance with IC 5-2-5-6. IC 10-13-3-29.
(g) An applicant is responsible for all costs associated with meeting
the requirements of this section.
SECTION 58. IC 20-8.1-3-17.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 17.1. (a) Each public
school shall and each private school may require a student who initially
enrolls in the school after July 1, 1988, to provide:
(1) the name and address of the school the student last attended,
if any; and
(2) a certified copy of the student's birth certificate or other
reliable proof of the student's date of birth.
(b) If the document described in subsection (a)(2):
(1) is not provided to the school within thirty (30) days of the
student's enrollment; or
(2) appears to be inaccurate or fraudulent;
the school shall notify the Indiana clearinghouse for information on
missing children under IC 10-1-7 IC 10-13-5 and determine if the child
has been reported missing.
(c) If a student initially enrolls in a school after July 1, 1988, the
school shall, within fourteen (14) days of enrollment, request the
student's records from the last school the student attended, if any.
(d) A school in Indiana receiving a request for records shall
promptly send the records to the requesting school. However, if a
request is received for records to which a notice has been attached
under IC 31-36-1-5 (or IC 31-6-13-6 before its repeal), the school:
(1) shall immediately notify the Indiana clearinghouse for
information on missing children;
(2) may not send the school records without the authorization of
the clearinghouse; and
(3) may not inform the requesting school that a notice under
IC 31-36-1-5 (or IC 31-6-13-6 before its repeal) has been attached
to the records.
SECTION 59. IC 20-10.1-22.4-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.254-2001,
SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3. (a) As used in this section, "juvenile justice
agency" has the meaning set forth in IC 5-2-5.1-6. IC 10-13-4-5.



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(b) A school corporation or other entity to which the education records privacy provisions of the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (20 U.S.C. 1232g) apply may disclose or report on the education records of a child, including personally identifiable information contained in the education records, without the consent of the child's parent, guardian, or custodian, under the following conditions:
(1) The disclosure or reporting of education records is to a state
or local juvenile justice agency.
(2) The disclosure or reporting relates to the ability of the juvenile
justice system to serve, before adjudication, the student whose records are being released.
(3) The juvenile justice agency receiving the information certifies, in writing, to the entity providing the information that the agency or individual receiving the information has agreed not to disclose it to a third party, other than another juvenile justice agency,
without the consent of the child's parent, guardian, or custodian.
(c) For purposes of subsection (b)(2), a disclosure or reporting of

(c) For purposes of subsection (b)(2), a disclosure or reporting of education records concerning a child who has been adjudicated as a delinquent child shall be treated as related to the ability of the juvenile justice system to serve the child before adjudication if the juvenile justice agency seeking the information provides sufficient information to enable the keeper of the education records to determine that the juvenile justice agency seeks the information in order to identify and intervene with the child as a juvenile at risk of delinquency rather than to obtain information solely related to supervision of the child as an adjudicated delinquent child.

SECTION 60. IC 20-10.1-30-1, AS ADDED BY P.L.127-2002, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "department of veterans' affairs" refers to the Indiana department of veterans' affairs established by IC 10-5-1-3. **IC 10-17-1-2.**

SECTION 61. IC 22-15-5-13, AS ADDED BY P.L.119-2002, SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 13. (a) A temporary elevator mechanic license may be issued by the department upon receipt of the following:

- (1) A certification by a licensed elevator contractor that the contractor is unable to secure, despite the contractor's best efforts, licensed elevator mechanics to perform construction, maintenance, or service and repair of elevators.
- (2) An application on the form that the department provides.
- (3) A certification by the licensed elevator contractor that the





1	individual to receive the temporary license possesses sufficient
2	documented experience and education to perform elevator
3	construction, maintenance, or service and repair.
4	(4) A temporary mechanic license fee established under
5	IC 22-12-6-6. The license fee is nonrefundable and must be paid
6	each time an applicant submits an application.
7	(5) An affirmation under penalty of perjury made by both the
8	individual who would receive the temporary license and the
9	licensed elevator contractor that all information provided to the
10	department is true to the best of their knowledge and belief.
11	(b) A temporary elevator mechanic license is valid for sixty (60)
12	days after the date of issuance and is valid only for work performed for
13	the licensed elevator contractor that has made the certifications under
14	subsection (a).
15	(c) A temporary elevator mechanic license issued under this section
16	may be renewed for two (2) subsequent sixty (60) day periods. To
17	renew the license, the license holder must submit the following:
18	(1) A certification by a licensed elevator contractor that the
19	contractor is unable to secure, despite the contractor's best efforts,
20	licensed elevator mechanics to perform construction,
21	maintenance, or service and repair of elevators.
22	(2) An application on the form that the department provides.
23	(3) A temporary mechanic license renewal fee established under
24	IC 22-12-6-6. The license fee is nonrefundable and must be paid
25	each time an applicant submits an application.
26	(4) An affirmation by both the individual that would receive the
27	temporary license and the licensed elevator contractor under
28	penalty for perjury that all information provided to the department
29	is true to the best of their knowledge and belief.
30	(d) An emergency elevator mechanic license may be issued by the
31	department upon receipt of the following:
32	(1) A certification by a licensed elevator contractor that the
33	contractor is unable to secure, despite the contractor's best efforts,
34	licensed elevator mechanics to perform construction,
35	maintenance, or service and repair of elevators due to a disaster
36	(as defined in IC 10-4-1-3). IC 10-14-3-1).
37	(2) An application on the form that the department provides.
38	(3) A certification by the licensed elevator contractor that the
39	individual to receive the temporary license possesses sufficient
40	documented experience and education to perform elevator
41	construction, maintenance, or service and repair.
42	(4) An emergency mechanic license fee established under



1	IC 22-12-6-6. The license fee is nonrefundable and must be paid
2	each time an applicant submits an application.
3	(5) An affirmation by both the individual that would receive the
4	temporary license and the licensed elevator contractor under
5	penalty for perjury that all information provided to the department
6	is true to the best of their knowledge and belief.
7	(e) An emergency elevator mechanic license is valid for sixty (60)
8	days after the date of issuance and is valid only for work performed for
9	the licensed elevator contractor that has made the certifications under
10	subsection (d).
11	(f) An emergency elevator mechanic license issued under this
12	section may be renewed for two (2) subsequent sixty (60) day periods.
13	To renew the license, the license holder must submit the following:
14	(1) A certification by a licensed elevator contractor that the
15	contractor is unable to secure, despite the contractor's best efforts,
16	licensed elevator mechanics to perform construction,
17	maintenance, or service and repair of elevators.
18	(2) An application on the form that the department provides.
19	(3) An emergency mechanic license renewal fee established under
20	IC 22-12-6-6. The license fee is nonrefundable and must be paid
21	each time an applicant submits an application.
22	(4) An affirmation by both the individual who would receive the
23	emergency license and the licensed elevator contractor under
24	penalty for perjury that all information provided to the department
25	is true to the best of their knowledge and belief.
26	SECTION 62. IC 23-2-1-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
27	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 15. (a) This chapter
28	shall be administered by a division of the office of the secretary of
29	state. The secretary of state shall appoint a securities commissioner
30	who shall be responsible for the direction and supervision of the
31	division and the administration of this chapter under the direction and
32	control of the secretary of state. The salary of the securities
33	commissioner shall be paid out of the funds appropriated for the
34	administration of this chapter. The commissioner shall serve at the will
35	of the secretary of state.
36	(b) The secretary of state:
37	(1) shall employ a chief deputy, a senior investigator, a senior
38	accountant, and other deputies, investigators, accountants, clerks,
39	stenographers, and other employees necessary for the
40	administration of this chapter; and
41	(2) shall fix their compensation with the approval of the budget



agency.

The chief deputy, other deputies, the senior investigator, and the senior accountant, once employed under this chapter, may be dismissed only for cause by the secretary of state upon ten (10) days notice in writing stating the reasons for dismissal. Within fifteen (15) days after dismissal, the chief deputy, other deputies, the senior investigator, and the senior accountant may appeal to the state personnel board. The state personnel board shall hold a hearing, and if it finds that the appealing party was dismissed for a political, social, religious, or racial reason, the appealing party shall be reinstated to the appealing party's position without loss of pay. In all other cases, if the decision is favorable to the appealing party, the secretary of state shall follow the findings and recommendations of the board, which may include reinstatement and payment of salary or wages lost. The hearing and any subsequent proceedings or appeals shall be governed by the provisions of IC 4-15-2 and IC 4-21.5.

(c) Fees and funds of whatever character accruing from the administration of this chapter shall be accounted for by the secretary of state and shall be deposited with the treasurer of state to be deposited by the treasurer of state in the general fund of the state. Expenses incurred in the administration of this chapter shall be paid from the general fund upon appropriation being made for the expenses in the manner provided by law for the making of those appropriations. However, costs of investigations recovered under sections 16(d) and 17.1(c) of this chapter shall be deposited with the treasurer of state to be deposited by the treasurer of state in a separate account to be known as the securities division enforcement account. The funds in the account shall be available, with the approval of the budget agency, to augment and supplement the funds appropriated for the administration of this chapter. The funds in the account do not revert to the general fund at the end of any fiscal year.

(d) In connection with the administration and enforcement of the provisions of this chapter, the attorney general shall render all necessary assistance to the securities commissioner upon the commissioner's request, and to that end, the attorney general shall employ legal and other professional services as are necessary to adequately and fully perform the service under the direction of the securities commissioner as the demands of the securities division shall require. Expenses incurred by the attorney general for the purposes stated in this subsection shall be chargeable against and paid out of funds appropriated to the attorney general for the administration of the attorney general's office.

(e) Neither the secretary of state, the securities commissioner, nor



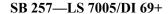


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an employee of the securities division shall be liable in their individual capacity, except to the state, for an act done or omitted in connection with the performance of their respective duties under this chapter. (f) The commissioner, subject to the approval of the secretary of state, may adopt rules, orders, and forms necessary to carry out this chapter, including rules and forms concerning registration statements, applications, reports, and the definitions of any terms if the definitions are consistent with this chapter. The commissioner may by rule or order
allow for exemptions from registration requirements under sections 3 and 8 of this chapter if the exemptions are consistent with the public
interest and this chapter.
(g) The provisions of this chapter delegating and granting power to the secretary of state, the securities division, and the securities commissioner shall be liberally construed to the end that:
(1) the practice or commission of fraud may be prohibited and prevented;

- and
- (2) disclosure of sufficient and reliable information in order to afford reasonable opportunity for the exercise of independent judgment of the persons involved may be assured; and
- (3) the qualifications may be prescribed to assure availability of reliable broker-dealers, investment advisers, and agents engaged in and in connection with the issuance, barter, sale, purchase, transfer, or disposition of securities in this state.

It is the intent and purpose of this chapter to delegate and grant to and vest in the secretary of state, the securities division, and the securities commissioner full and complete power to carry into effect and accomplish the purpose of this chapter and to charge them with full and complete responsibility for its effective administration.

- (h) It is the duty of a prosecuting attorney, as well as of the attorney general, to assist the securities commissioner upon the commissioner's request in the prosecution to final judgment of a violation of the penal provisions of this chapter and in a civil proceeding or action arising under this chapter. If evidence concerning violations of this chapter or a rule or order under this chapter is referred to a prosecuting attorney, the prosecuting attorney shall within ninety (90) days file with the securities commissioner a written statement concerning an action taken or, if no action has been taken, the reasons no action has been taken.
- (i) The securities commissioner shall take, prescribe, and file the oath of office prescribed by law. The securities commissioner, senior investigator, and each deputy are police officers of the state and shall have all the powers and duties of police officers in making arrests for violations of this chapter, or in serving any process, notice, or order





connected with the enforcement of this chapter by whatever officer or
authority or court issued. The securities commissioner, the deputy
commissioners for enforcement, and the investigators comprise the
enforcement department of the division and are considered a crimina
justice agency for purposes of IC 5-2-4 and IC 5-2-5. IC 10-13-3.

- (j) The securities commissioner and each employee of the securities division shall be reimbursed for necessary hotel and travel expenses when required to travel on official duty. Hotel and travel reimbursements shall be paid in accordance with the travel regulations prescribed by the budget agency.
- (k) It is unlawful for the secretary of state, the securities commissioner, or the securities division's employees to use for personal benefit information that is filed with or obtained by the securities division and that is not made public. No provision of this chapter authorizes the secretary of state, the securities commissioner, or the employees of the securities division to disclose information except among themselves, or when necessary or appropriate, in a proceeding or investigation under this chapter. No provision of this chapter either creates or derogates from a privilege that exists at common law or otherwise when documentary or other evidence is sought under a subpoena directed to the secretary of state, the securities commissioner, or the securities division or its employees.
- (l) The commissioner may honor requests from interested persons for interpretative opinions and from interested persons for determinations that the commissioner will not institute enforcement proceedings against specified persons for specified activities. A determination not to institute enforcement proceedings must be consistent with this chapter. The commissioner shall charge a fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) for an interpretative opinion or determination.

SECTION 63. IC 24-5-14-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 12. A caller may not use an automatic dialing-announcing device to make a telephone call to the following:

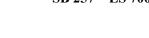
- (1) A hospital (as defined in IC 16-18-2-179(b)).
- (2) An ambulatory outpatient surgical center (as defined in IC 16-18-2-14).
- (3) A health facility (as defined in IC 16-18-2-167).
- (4) An emergency medical services facility (as defined in IC 16-18-2-111).
- (5) A business providing emergency ambulance services (as defined in IC 16-18-2-107).

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1	(6) A state institution (as defined in IC 12-7-2-184).
2	(7) A private mental health institution licensed under IC 12-25.
3	(8) A residential facility (as defined in IC 12-7-2-165).
4	(9) A law enforcement agency (as defined in IC 5-2-5-1).
5	IC 10-13-3-10).
6	(10) A fire department (as defined in IC 36-8-17-2).
7	SECTION 64. IC 25-1-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.162-2002,
8	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
9	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "board" means any of
10	the following:
11	(1) Indiana board of accountancy (IC 25-2.1-2-1).
12	(2) Board of registration for architects and landscape architects
13	(IC 25-4-1-2).
14	(3) Indiana auctioneer commission (IC 25-6.1-2-1).
15	(4) State board of barber examiners (IC 25-7-5-1).
16	(5) State boxing commission (IC 25-9-1).
17	(6) Board of chiropractic examiners (IC 25-10-1).
18	(7) State board of cosmetology examiners (IC 25-8-3-1).
19	(8) State board of dentistry (IC 25-14-1).
20	(9) State board of funeral and cemetery service (IC 25-15).
21	(10) State board of registration for professional engineers
22	(IC 25-31-1-3).
23	(11) Indiana state board of health facility administrators
24	(IC 25-19-1).
25	(12) Medical licensing board of Indiana (IC 25-22.5-2).
26	(13) Mining board (IC 22-10-1.5-2).
27	(14) Indiana state board of nursing (IC 25-23-1).
28	(15) Indiana optometry board (IC 25-24).
29	(16) Indiana board of pharmacy (IC 25-26).
30	(17) Indiana plumbing commission (IC 25-28.5-1-3).
31	(18) Board of environmental health specialists (IC 25-32-1).
32	(19) State psychology board (IC 25-33).
33	(20) Speech-language pathology and audiology board
34	(IC 25-35.6-2).
35	(21) Indiana real estate commission (IC 25-34.1-2-1).
36	(22) Indiana board of veterinary medical examiners
37	(IC 15-5-1.1-3).
38	(23) Department of insurance (IC 27-1).
39	(24) State police department (IC 10-1-1-1), (IC 10-11-2-4) for
40	purposes of certifying polygraph examiners under IC 25-30-2.
41	(25) Department of natural resources for purposes of licensing
42	water well drillers under IC 25-39-3



1	(20) Princeto detections linearing bound (IC 25 20 1 5 1)
1 2	(26) Private detectives licensing board (IC 25-30-1-5.1).(27) Occupational therapy committee (IC 25-23.5-2-1).
3	(28) Social worker, marriage and family therapist, and mental
<i>3</i>	health counselor board (IC 25-23.6-2-1).
5	
6	(29) Real estate appraiser licensure and certification board (IC 25-34.1-8).
7	(30) State board of registration for land surveyors
8	(IC 25-21.5-2-1).
9	(31) Physician assistant committee (IC 25-27.5).
10	(32) Indiana athletic trainers board (IC 25-5.1-2-1).
11	(32) Indiana attrictic trainers obtain (IC 25-27-12-1).
12	(34) Indiana dietitians certification board (IC 25-14.5-2-1).
13	(35) Indiana physical therapy committee (IC 25-27).
14	(36) Manufactured home installer licensing board (IC 25-23.7).
15	(37) Any other occupational or professional agency created after
16	June 30, 1981.
17	SECTION 65. IC 25-22.5-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.255-2001,
18	SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 2. (a) This article, as it relates to the unlawful or
20	unauthorized practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine, does not
21	apply to any of the following:
22	(1) A student in training in a medical school approved by the
23	board, or while performing duties as an intern or a resident in a
24	hospital under the supervision of the hospital's staff or in a
25	program approved by the medical school.
26	(2) A person who renders service in case of emergency where no
27	fee or other consideration is contemplated, charged, or received.
28	(3) A paramedic (as defined in IC 16-18-2-266), an advanced
29	emergency medical technician (as defined in IC 16-18-2-6), an
30	emergency medical technician (as defined in IC 16-18-2-112), or
31	a person with equivalent certification from another state who
32	renders advanced life support (as defined in IC 16-18-2-7) or
33	basic life support (as defined in IC 16-18-2-33.5):
34	(A) during a disaster emergency declared by the governor
35	under IC 10-4-1-7 IC 10-14-3-12 in response to an act that the
36	governor in good faith believes to be an act of terrorism (as
37	defined in IC 35-41-1-26.5); and
38	(B) in accordance with the rules adopted by the Indiana
39	emergency medical services commission or the disaster
40	emergency declaration of the governor.
41	(4) Commissioned medical officers or medical service officers of
42	the armed forces of the United States, the United States Public



1	Health Service, and medical officers of the United States
2	Department of Veterans Affairs in the discharge of their official
3	duties in Indiana.
4	(5) An individual who is not a licensee who resides in another
5	state or country and is authorized to practice medicine or
6	osteopathic medicine there, who is called in for consultation by an
7	individual licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine
8	in Indiana.
9	(6) A person administering a domestic or family remedy to a
10	member of the person's family.
11	(7) A member of a church practicing the religious tenets of the
12	church if the member does not make a medical diagnosis,
13	prescribe or administer drugs or medicines, perform surgical or
14	physical operations, or assume the title of or profess to be a
15	physician.
16	(8) A school corporation and a school employee who acts under
17	IC 34-30-14 (or IC 34-4-16.5-3.5 before its repeal).
18	(9) A chiropractor practicing the chiropractor's profession under
19	IC 25-10 or to an employee of a chiropractor acting under the
20	direction and supervision of the chiropractor under IC 25-10-1-13.
21	(10) A dental hygienist practicing the dental hygienist's profession
22	under IC 25-13.
23	(11) A dentist practicing the dentist's profession under IC 25-14.
24	(12) A hearing aid dealer practicing the hearing aid dealer's
25	profession under IC 25-20.
26	(13) A nurse practicing the nurse's profession under IC 25-23.
27	However, a registered nurse may administer anesthesia if the
28	registered nurse acts under the direction of and in the immediate
29	presence of a physician and holds a certificate of completion of a
30	course in anesthesia approved by the American Association of
31	Nurse Anesthetists or a course approved by the board.
32	(14) An optometrist practicing the optometrist's profession under
33	IC 25-24.
34	(15) A pharmacist practicing the pharmacist's profession under
35	IC 25-26.
36	(16) A physical therapist practicing the physical therapist's
37	profession under IC 25-27.
38	(17) A podiatrist practicing the podiatrist's profession under
39	IC 25-29.
40	(18) A psychologist practicing the psychologist's profession under
41	IC 25-33.

(19) A speech-language pathologist or audiologist practicing the



1	pathologist's or audiologist's profession under IC 25-35.6.
2	(20) An employee of a physician or group of physicians who
3	performs an act, a duty, or a function that is customarily within
4	the specific area of practice of the employing physician or group
5	of physicians, if the act, duty, or function is performed under the
6	direction and supervision of the employing physician or a
7	physician of the employing group within whose area of practice
8	the act, duty, or function falls. An employee may not make a
9	diagnosis or prescribe a treatment and must report the results of
10	an examination of a patient conducted by the employee to the
11	employing physician or the physician of the employing group
12	under whose supervision the employee is working. An employee
13	may not administer medication without the specific order of the
14	employing physician or a physician of the employing group.
15	Unless an employee is licensed or registered to independently
16	practice in a profession described in subdivisions (9) through
17	(18), nothing in this subsection grants the employee independent
18	practitioner status or the authority to perform patient services in
19	an independent practice in a profession.
20	(21) A hospital licensed under IC 16-21 or IC 12-25.
21	(22) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or
22	partners are individuals, partnerships, corporations, facilities, or
23	institutions licensed or legally authorized by this state to provide
24	health care or professional services as:
25	(A) a physician;
26	(B) a psychiatric hospital;
27	(C) a hospital;
28	(D) a health maintenance organization or limited service
29	health maintenance organization;
30	(E) a health facility;
31	(F) a dentist;
32	(G) a registered or licensed practical nurse;
33	(H) a midwife;
34	(I) an optometrist;
35	(J) a podiatrist;
36	(K) a chiropractor;
37	(L) a physical therapist; or
38	(M) a psychologist.
39	(23) A physician assistant practicing the physician assistant's
40	profession under IC 25-27.5.
41	(24) A physician providing medical treatment under
42	IC 25-22.5-1-2.1.



1	(25) An attendant who provides care services as defined in
2	IC 16-27-1-0.5.
3	(26) A personal services attendant providing authorized attendant
4	care services under IC 12-10-17.
5	(b) A person described in subsection (a)(9) through (a)(18) is not
6	excluded from the application of this article if:
7	(1) the person performs an act that an Indiana statute does not
8	authorize the person to perform; and
9	(2) the act qualifies in whole or in part as the practice of medicine
10	or osteopathic medicine.
11	(c) An employment or other contractual relationship between an
12	entity described in subsection (a)(21) through (a)(22) and a licensed
13	physician does not constitute the unlawful practice of medicine under
14	this article if the entity does not direct or control independent medical
15	acts, decisions, or judgment of the licensed physician. However, if the
16	direction or control is done by the entity under IC 34-30-15 (or
17	IC 34-4-12.6 before its repeal), the entity is excluded from the
18	application of this article as it relates to the unlawful practice of
19	medicine or osteopathic medicine.
20	(d) This subsection does not apply to a prescription or drug order for
21	a legend drug that is filled or refilled in a pharmacy owned or operated
22	by a hospital licensed under IC 16-21. A physician licensed in Indiana
23	who permits or authorizes a person to fill or refill a prescription or drug
24	order for a legend drug except as authorized in IC 16-42-19-11 through
25	IC 16-42-19-19 is subject to disciplinary action under IC 25-1-9. A
26	person who violates this subsection commits the unlawful practice of
27	medicine under this chapter.
28	(e) A person described in subsection (a)(8) shall not be authorized
29	to dispense contraceptives or birth control devices.
30	SECTION 66. IC 25-25-2-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. (a) This section
32	applies to:
33	(1) any veteran described in IC 10-5-12-1 IC 10-17-5-2 or
34	IC 10-5-13-1; IC 10-17-5-1; or
35	(2) any other veteran to whom this chapter applies because of the
36	provisions of any other statute;
37	who holds an honorable discharge from such service issued by the
38	proper authorities. Such a person shall be entitled to a license to vend,
39	hawk, and peddle goods, wares, fruits, and merchandise in any county,
40	city, or town within this state in Indiana without the payment of any
41	fee therefor. for the license. Upon the presentation of his the person's

certificate and papers of discharge, properly executed, to the auditor of



any county in this state, and proving his the person's identity as the
person named in his the person's certificate of honorable discharge,
the auditor shall issue to such ex-soldier the former soldier or sailor
a free license to vend, hawk, and peddle goods, wares, fruits, and
merchandise within in the county and in all cities and towns therein
situate, which license shall be free, and no in the county. A fee shall
may not be charged to the holder of such the license by such the
auditor, nor by the authorities of any city or town in such the county,
nor or by any other officer. but such The license shall be full and
complete authority to vend, hawk, and peddle as aforesaid, without the
payment of any sum of money.

(b) A person who acquires a license under this section is subject to all county, city, or town regulations and ordinances concerning vendors, hawkers, or peddlers, except for those provisions requiring payment of money for obtaining a license.

SECTION 67. IC 25-30-2-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter:

"Department" means the state police department established under IC 10-1-1-1. **IC 10-11-2-4.**

"Polygraph examiner" means a person who is solely or partly engaged in the business of establishing the truth or falsity of any statement or representation, by means of a polygraph instrument.

"Polygraph instrument" means a device that permanently and simultaneously records, at a minimum, an individual's cardiovascular and respiratory patterns and galvanic skin responses in order to determine truthfulness.

SECTION 68. IC 25-36.5-1-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 18. (a) The definitions set forth in IC 5-2-5-1 **IC 10-13-3** apply throughout this section.

- (b) The department shall under IC 5-2-5-5(b) **IC** 10-13-3-27(b) request and obtain the release of a limited criminal history from the state police department on each person who applies to the department under this chapter for the issuance of either of the following:
 - (1) A timber buyer registration certificate.
 - (2) A timber buyer agent's license.

SECTION 69. IC 27-8-3-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 6. Any incorporation, association or society organized to insure lives, which provides for the payment of policy claims, or the accumulation of reserve or emergency funds, and the expenses of the management and prosecution of the business by payments to be made either at periods named in the

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contract or upon assessments as required, by persons holding similar contracts, and wherein the insured's liability to contribute to the payment of policy claims accrued or to accrue is not limited to a fixed sum, shall be deemed to be engaged in the business of life insurance upon the assessment plan, and shall be subject only to the provisions of this chapter. However, nothing contained in this chapter shall be construed as applicable to any association of religious or secret societies, or to any class of mechanics, express, telegraph or railroad employees, or veterans described in IC 10-5-12-1 or IC 10-5-13-1, IC 10-17-5-2 or IC 10-17-5-1 formed for the mutual benefit of the members thereof and their families exclusively, or to any secret or fraternal societies, lodges or councils that may be organized, or that are now organized and doing business in this state, which conduct their business and secure members on the lodge system exclusively, having ritualistic work and ceremonies in their societies, lodges or councils, and which are under the supervision of the grand or supreme body, nor to any association organized solely for benevolent purposes and not for profit.

SECTION 70. IC 27-8-3-26 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 26. Nothing contained in sections one through twenty-five of this chapter shall be construed to apply to secret or fraternal societies, lodges or councils that are now organized, or that may hereafter be organized, which conduct their business and secure members on the lodge system, exclusively, having ritualistic work and ceremonies in their societies, lodges or councils, and which are under the supervision of a grand or supreme body, nor to any association organized solely for benevolent purposes and not for profit; nor to any association of religious or secret societies, nor to any class of mechanics, express, telegraph or railroad employees or veterans described in IC 10-5-12-1 or IC 10-17-5-1 IC 10-17-5-2 or IC 10-17-5-1 or any existing societies now doing business and formed for the mutual benefit of the members thereof and their families exclusively.

SECTION 71. IC 31-14-14-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. A noncustodial parent who misses visitation as the result of participation in an activity of:

- (1) the Indiana National Guard; or
- (2) a reserve component of the armed forces of the United States; may make up the lost visitation as provided in $\frac{10}{10-2-4-23}$. **IC 10-16-7-22.**
 - SECTION 72. IC 31-17-4-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS

1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 10. A noncustodial
2	parent who misses visitation as the result of participation in an activity
3	of:
4	(1) the Indiana National Guard; or
5	(2) a reserve component of the armed forces of the United States;
6	may make up the lost visitation as provided in $\frac{10-2-4-23}{10-16-7-22}$.
7 8	SECTION 73. IC 31-34-1-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 8. A child is a child in
.0	need of services if before the child becomes eighteen (18) years of age:
.1	(1) the child is a missing child (as defined in IC 10-1-7-2);
2	IC 10-13-5-4); and
.3	(2) the child needs care, treatment, or rehabilitation that:
4	(A) the child is not receiving; and
.5	(B) is unlikely to be provided or accepted without the coercive
.6	intervention of the court.
.7	SECTION 74. IC 31-34-2-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
. 8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. A child may be taken
9	into custody by:
20	(1) a law enforcement officer;
21	(2) a probation officer; or
22	(3) a caseworker;
23	acting with probable cause to believe the child is a child in need of
24	services because the child is a missing child (as defined in
25	IC 10-1-7-2). IC 10-13-5-4).
26	SECTION 75. IC 31-34-2-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
27	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 5. If a child in need of
28	services is a missing child and is taken into custody under a court
29	order, the person taking the child into custody shall do the following:
30	(1) Take the child to a place designated in the order.
31	(2) Give notice to the following that the child has been taken into
32	custody:
33	(A) The child's legal custodian.
34	(B) The clearinghouse for information on missing children
35	established by IC 10-1-7. IC 10-13-5.
36	SECTION 76. IC 31-34-2.5-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.217-2001,
37	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
88	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 2. (a) Immediately after an emergency medical
39	services provider takes custody of a child under section 1 of this
10	chapter, the provider shall notify the local child protection service that
11	the provider has taken custody of the child.
12	(b) The local child protection service shall:

1	(1) assume the care, control, and custody of the child immediately
2	after receiving notice under subsection (a); and
3	(2) not later than forty-eight (48) hours after the local child
4	protection service has taken custody of the child, contact the
5	Indiana clearinghouse for information on missing children
6	established by IC 10-1-7-3 IC 10-13-5-5 to determine if the child
7	has been reported missing.
8	SECTION 77. IC 31-36-1-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3. Upon completion of
10	the report required by section 1 of this chapter, the law enforcement
11	agency shall immediately forward the contents of the report to:
12	(1) all law enforcement agencies that have jurisdiction of the
13	location in which the missing child lives and all law enforcement
14	agencies that have jurisdiction of the location in which the
15	missing child was last seen;
16	(2) all law enforcement agencies to which the person who
17	provided notification requests the report be sent, if the law
18	enforcement agency determines that the request is reasonable in
19	light of the information contained in the report;
20	(3) all law enforcement agencies that request a copy of the report;
21	(4) the Indiana clearinghouse for information on missing children
22	established by IC 10-1-7; IC 10-13-5;
23	(5) the Indiana data and communication system (IDACS); and
24	(6) the National Crime Information Center's Missing Person File.
25	SECTION 78. IC 31-36-2-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. (a) A state or local
27	governmental agency or a public or private organization maintaining
28	a record of the fingerprints of a child shall release a copy of that record
29	to a law enforcement agency if:
30	(1) the child is a missing child (as defined in IC 10-1-7-2);
31	IC 10-13-5-4);
32	(2) a parent or guardian of the child provides written consent for
33	the release of the record; and
34	(3) the law enforcement agency requests a copy of the record.
35	(b) Except as provided in IC 31-39-5, a record of the fingerprints of
36	a child taken and retained by a state or local governmental agency shall
37	be destroyed when the child becomes eighteen (18) years of age.
38	SECTION 79. IC 33-4-5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 7. (a) A person shall be
40	excused from acting as a juror if the person:
41	(1) is over sixty-five (65) years of age;
42	(2) is a member in active service of the armed forces of the United



1	States;
2	(3) is an elected or appointed official of the executive, legislative,
3	or judicial branches of government of:
4	(A) the United States;
5	(B) Indiana; or
6	(C) a unit of local government;
7	who is actively engaged in the performance of the person's official
8	duties;
9	(4) is a member of the general assembly who makes the request
10	to be excused before being sworn as a juror;
11	(5) is an honorary military staff officer appointed by the governor
12	under IC 10-2-1-5; IC 10-16-2-5 ;
13	(6) is an officer or enlisted person of the guard reserve forces
14	authorized by the governor under IC 10-2-8; IC 10-16-8;
15	(7) is a veterinarian licensed under IC 15-5-1.1;
16	(8) is serving as a member of the board of school commissioners
17	of the city of Indianapolis under IC 20-3-11-2;
18	(9) is a dentist licensed under IC 25-14-1;
19	(10) is a member of a police or fire department or company under
20	IC 36-8-3 or IC 36-8-12; or
21	(11) would serve as a juror during a criminal trial and the person
22	is:
23	(A) an employee of the department of correction whose duties
24	require contact with inmates confined in a department of
25	correction facility; or
26	(B) the spouse or child of a person described in clause (A);
27	and desires to be excused for that reason.
28	(b) A prospective juror is disqualified to serve on a jury if any of the
29	following conditions exist:
30	(1) The person is not a citizen of the United States, at least
31	eighteen (18) years of age, and a resident of the county.
32	(2) The person is unable to read, speak, and understand the
33	English language with a degree of proficiency sufficient to fill out
34	satisfactorily a juror qualification form.
35	(3) The person is incapable of rendering satisfactory jury service
36	due to physical or mental disability. However, a person claiming
37	this disqualification may be required to submit a physician's or
38	authorized Christian Science practitioner's certificate confirming
39	the disability, and the certifying physician or practitioner is then
40	subject to inquiry by the court at the court's discretion.
41	(4) The person is under a sentence imposed for an offense.
42	(5) A guardian has been appointed for the person under IC 29-3



1	because the person has a mental incapacity.
2	(6) The person has had rights revoked by reason of a felony
3	conviction and the rights have not been restored.
4	(c) A person may not serve as a petit juror in any county if the
5	person served as a petit juror in the same county within the previous
6	three hundred sixty-five (365) days. The fact that a person's selection
7	as a juror would violate this subsection is sufficient cause for
8	challenge.
9	(d) A grand jury, a petit jury, or an individual juror drawn for
.0	service in one (1) court may serve in another court of the county, in
.1	accordance with orders entered on the record in each of the courts.
.2	(e) The same petit jurors may be used in civil cases and in criminal
.3	cases.
4	(f) A person may not be excluded from jury service on account of
.5	race, color, religion, sex, national origin, or economic status.
.6	SECTION 80. IC 33-19-9-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.183-2001,
.7	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
.8	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. (a) The treasurer of state shall semiannually
.9	distribute one million two hundred eighty-eight thousand dollars
20	(\$1,288,000) of the amounts transferred to the state fund under section
21	3 of this chapter as follows:
22	(1) Fourteen and ninety-eight hundredths percent (14.98%) shall
23	be deposited into the alcohol and drug countermeasures fund
24	established under IC 9-27-2-11.
25	(2) Eight and forty-two hundredths percent (8.42%) shall be
26	deposited into the drug interdiction fund established under
27	IC 10-1-8-2. IC 10-11-7.
28	(3) Four and sixty-eight hundredths percent (4.68%) shall be
29	deposited into the drug prosecution fund established under
30	IC 33-14-8-5.
31	(4) Five and sixty-two hundredths percent (5.62%) shall be
32	deposited into the corrections drug abuse fund established under
33	IC 11-8-2-11.
34	(5) Twenty-two and forty-seven hundredths percent (22.47%)
35	shall be deposited into the state drug free communities fund
36	established by IC 5-2-10-2.
37	(6) Seven and ninety-eight hundredths percent (7.98%) shall be
38	distributed to the Indiana department of transportation for use
39	under IC 8-23-2-15.
10	(7) Twenty and thirty-two hundredths percent (20.32%) shall be
1	deposited in the family violence and victim assistance fund
12	established by IC 12-18-5-2.



1	(8) Fifteen and fifty-three hundredths percent (15.53%) shall be
2	deposited in the Indiana safe schools fund established by
3	IC 5-2-10.1.
4	(b) The treasurer of state shall semiannually distribute the amount
5	remaining after the distributions in subsection (a) to the judicial
6	technology and automation project fund established by IC 33-2.1-7-10.
7	SECTION 81. IC 34-6-2-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 11. "Armory", for
9	purposes of IC 34-30-8, means an armory constructed and operated
10	under IC 10-2-2. IC 10-16-3 or IC 10-16-4.
11	SECTION 82. IC 34-29-1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 2. Statutes outside
13	IC 34 providing immunity from civil arrest include the following:
14	(1) IC 10-2-4-5 IC 10-16-7-8 (Members of the national guard not
15	subject to arrest on civil process while on duty).
16	(2) IC 35-37-5 (Uniform Act to Secure the Attendance of
17	Witnesses from Without a State in Criminal Proceedings).
18	SECTION 83. IC 34-30-2-35 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 35. IC 10-1-2.5-4
20	IC 10-13-2-6 (Concerning officials who furnish reports, information,
21	or statistics to the criminal justice data division).
22	SECTION 84. IC 34-30-2-36 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 36. IC 10-2-4-4
24	IC 10-16-7-7 (Concerning members of the national guard).
25	SECTION 85. IC 34-30-2-37 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 37. IC 10-4-1-8
27	IC 10-14-3-15 (Concerning the state, political subdivisions, and
28	emergency management workers for injury, death, or property damage).
29	SECTION 86. IC 34-30-2-37.2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 37.2. IC 10-4-1-11
31	IC 10-14-3-18 (Concerning employees of a political subdivision
32	rendering aid in another political subdivision or out of state).
33	SECTION 87. IC 34-30-2-38 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
34	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 38. IC 10-4-1-18(c)
35	IC 10-14-3-25(e) (Concerning persons owning or controlling real
36	estate or other premises used to shelter persons during an attack,
37	emergency, disaster, or drill).
38	SECTION 88. IC 34-30-2-38.3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 38.3. IC 10-4-3-1
40	IC 10-14-7-1 (Concerning officers and employees of a state that is a
41	party to the interstate earthquake emergency compact, and persons



rendering aid under the compact).

1	SECTION 89. IC 34-30-2-39 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 39. IC 10-7-2-1
3	IC 10-18-1-1 (Concerning members of the Indiana war memorials
4	commission).
5	SECTION 90. IC 34-30-8-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. If a person or entity,
7	other than a person or entity listed in subdivisions (1) through (10),
8	enters into a written agreement to use space in an armory for a function,
9	the following persons and entities are not liable for civil damages for
10	any property damage or bodily injury resulting from the serving of food
11	or beverages at the function held at the armory:
12	(1) The state.
13	(2) The Indiana army national guard.
14	(3) The Indiana air national guard.
15	(4) The army national guard of the United States.
16	(5) The air national guard of the United States.
17	(6) The adjutant general appointed under IC 10-2-2-4.
18	IC 10-16-2-6.
19	(7) The assistant adjutants general appointed under IC 10-2-2-5.
20	IC 10-16-2-7.
21	(8) The officers and enlisted members of the Indiana army
22	national guard and the Indiana air national guard.
23	(9) The state armory board appointed under IC 10-2-2-9
24	IC 10-10-16-3-1 and the members of that board.
25	(10) The local armory board appointed under IC 10-2-2-24
26	IC 10-16-4-1 for the armory and the members of that board.
27	SECTION 91. IC 35-38-2-2.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.76-2002,
28	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 2.3. (a) As a condition of probation, the court may
30	require a person to do a combination of the following:
31	(1) Work faithfully at suitable employment or faithfully pursue a
32	course of study or vocational training that will equip the person
33	for suitable employment.
34	(2) Undergo available medical or psychiatric treatment and
35	remain in a specified institution if required for that purpose.
36	(3) Attend or reside in a facility established for the instruction,
37	recreation, or residence of persons on probation.
38	(4) Support the person's dependents and meet other family
39	responsibilities.
40	(5) Make restitution or reparation to the victim of the crime for
41	damage or injury that was sustained by the victim. When

restitution or reparation is a condition of probation, the court shall



1	fix the amount, which may not exceed an amount the person can
2	or will be able to pay, and shall fix the manner of performance.
3	(6) Execute a repayment agreement with the appropriate
4	governmental entity to repay the full amount of public relief or
5	assistance wrongfully received, and make repayments according
6	to a repayment schedule set out in the agreement.
7	(7) Pay a fine authorized by IC 35-50.
8	(8) Refrain from possessing a firearm or other deadly weapon
9	unless granted written permission by the court or the person's
10	probation officer.
11	(9) Report to a probation officer at reasonable times as directed
12	by the court or the probation officer.
13	(10) Permit the person's probation officer to visit the person at
14	reasonable times at the person's home or elsewhere.
15	(11) Remain within the jurisdiction of the court, unless granted
16	permission to leave by the court or by the person's probation
17	officer.
18	(12) Answer all reasonable inquiries by the court or the person's
19	probation officer and promptly notify the court or probation
20	officer of any change in address or employment.
21	(13) Perform uncompensated work that benefits the community.
22	(14) Satisfy other conditions reasonably related to the person's
23	rehabilitation.
24	(15) Undergo home detention under IC 35-38-2.5.
25	(16) Undergo a laboratory test or series of tests approved by the
26	state department of health to detect and confirm the presence of
27	the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) antigen or antibodies
28	to the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), if:
29	(A) the person had been convicted of a sex crime listed in
30	IC 35-38-1-7.1(e) and the crime created an epidemiologically
31	demonstrated risk of transmission of the human
32	immunodeficiency virus (HIV) as described in
33	IC 35-38-1-7.1(b)(8); or
34	(B) the person had been convicted of an offense related to a
35	controlled substance listed in IC 35-38-1-7.1(f) and the offense
36	involved the conditions described in IC 35-38-1-7.1(b)(9)(A).
37	(17) Refrain from any direct or indirect contact with an
38	individual.
39	(18) Execute a repayment agreement with the appropriate
40	governmental entity or with a person for reasonable costs incurred
41	because of the taking, detention, or return of a missing child (as
42	defined in IC 10-1-7-2). IC 10-13-5-4).



1	(19) Periodically undergo a laboratory chemical test (as defined
2	in IC 14-15-8-1) or series of chemical tests as specified by the
3	court to detect and confirm the presence of a controlled substance
4	(as defined in IC 35-48-1-9). The person on probation is
5	responsible for any charges resulting from a test and shall have
6	the results of any test under this subdivision reported to the
7	person's probation officer by the laboratory.
8	(20) If the person was confined in a penal facility, execute a
9	reimbursement plan as directed by the court and make repayments
10	under the plan to the authority that operates the penal facility for
11	all or part of the costs of the person's confinement in the penal
12	facility. The court shall fix an amount that:
13	(A) may not exceed an amount the person can or will be able
14	to pay;
15	(B) does not harm the person's ability to reasonably be self
16	supporting or to reasonably support any dependent of the
17	person; and
18	(C) takes into consideration and gives priority to any other
19	restitution, reparation, repayment, or fine the person is
20	required to pay under this section.
21	(21) Refrain from owning, harboring, or training an animal.
22	(b) When a person is placed on probation, the person shall be given
23	a written statement specifying:
24	(1) the conditions of probation; and
25	(2) that if the person violates a condition of probation during the
26	probationary period, a petition to revoke probation may be filed
27	before the earlier of the following:
28	(A) One (1) year after the termination of probation.
29	(B) Forty-five (45) days after the state receives notice of the
30	violation.
31	(c) As a condition of probation, the court may require that the
32	person serve a term of imprisonment in an appropriate facility at the
33	time or intervals (consecutive or intermittent) within the period of
34	probation the court determines.
35	(d) Intermittent service may be required only for a term of not more
36	than sixty (60) days and must be served in the county or local penal
37	facility. The intermittent term is computed on the basis of the actual
38	days spent in confinement and shall be completed within one (1) year.
39	A person does not earn credit time while serving an intermittent term
40	of imprisonment under this subsection. When the court orders
41	intermittent service, the court shall state:





(1) the term of imprisonment;



1	(2) the days or parts of days during which a person is to be
2	confined; and
3	(3) the conditions.
4	(e) Supervision of a person may be transferred from the court that
5	placed the person on probation to a court of another jurisdiction, with
6	the concurrence of both courts. Retransfers of supervision may occur
7	in the same manner. This subsection does not apply to transfers made
8	under IC 11-13-4 or IC 11-13-5.
9	(f) When a court imposes a condition of probation described in
10	subsection (a)(17):
11	(1) the clerk of the court shall comply with IC 5-2-9; and
12	(2) the prosecuting attorney shall file a confidential form
13	prescribed or approved by the division of state court
14	administration with the clerk.
15	SECTION 92. IC 35-38-5-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.10-1999,
16	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 5. (a) This section does not apply to a request to
18	a law enforcement agency for the release or inspection of a limited
19	criminal history to a noncriminal justice organization or individual
20	whenever the subject of the request is described in $\frac{1C}{5-2-5-5(a)(8)}$ or
21	$\frac{1C}{5-2-5-5(a)(12)}$. IC 10-13-3-27(a)(8) or IC 10-13-3-27(a)(12).
22	(b) A person may petition the state police department to limit access
23	to his the person's limited criminal history to criminal justice agencies
24	if more than fifteen (15) years have elapsed since the date the person
25	was discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole (whichever is
26	later) for the last conviction for a crime.
27	(c) When a petition is filed under subsection (b), the state police
28	department shall not release limited criminal history to noncriminal
29	justice agencies under IC 5-2-5-5. IC 10-13-5-27.
30	SECTION 93. IC 35-38-7-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.49-2001,
31	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 5. A person who was convicted of and sentenced
33	for an offense may file a written petition with the court that sentenced
34	the petitioner for the offense to require the forensic DNA testing and
35	analysis of any evidence that:
36	(1) is:
37	(A) in the possession or control of a court or the state; or
38	(B) otherwise contained in the Indiana DNA data base
39	established under IC 10-1-9; IC 10-13-6 ;
40	(2) is related to the investigation or prosecution that resulted in
41	the person's conviction; and
42	(3) may contain biological evidence.



1 2	SECTION 94. IC 35-38-7-12, AS ADDED BY P.L.49-2001, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 12. If the court orders DNA testing and analysis
4	under this chapter, the court shall select a laboratory that meets the
5	quality assurance and proficiency testing standards applicable to
6	laboratories conducting forensic DNA analysis under IC 10-1-9.
7	IC 10-13-6.
8	SECTION 95. IC 35-38-7-18, AS ADDED BY P.L.49-2001,
9	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
.0	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 18. If the results of the postconviction DNA
.1	testing and analysis are not favorable to the person who was convicted
2	of the offense, the court:
.3	(1) shall dismiss the person's petition; and
4	(2) may make any further orders that the court determines to be
.5	appropriate, including any of the following:
.6	(A) An order providing for notification of the parole board or
.7	a probation department.
.8	(B) An order requesting that the petitioner's sample be added
9	to the Indiana data base established under IC 10-1-9.
20	IC 10-13-6.
21	SECTION 96. IC 35-44-2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.123-2002,
22	SECTION 39, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 2. (a) As used in this section, "consumer product"
24	has the meaning set forth in IC 35-45-8-1.
25	(b) A person who reports, by telephone, telegraph, mail, or other
26	written or oral communication, that:
27	(1) the person or another person has placed or intends to place an
28	explosive, a destructive device, or other destructive substance in
29	a building or transportation facility;
30	(2) there has been or there will be tampering with a consumer
31	product introduced into commerce; or
32	(3) there has been or will be placed or introduced a weapon of
33	mass destruction in a building or a place of assembly;
34	knowing the report to be false commits false reporting, a Class D
35	felony.
36	(c) A person who:
37	(1) gives a false report of the commission of a crime or gives false
88	information in the official investigation of the commission of a
39	crime, knowing the report or information to be false;
10	(2) gives a false alarm of fire to the fire department of a
1	governmental entity, knowing the alarm to be false;

(3) makes a false request for ambulance service to an ambulance



1	service provider, knowing the request to be false; or
2	(4) gives a false report concerning a missing child (as defined in
3	$\frac{1C}{10-1-7-2}$ IC 10-13-5-4) or gives false information in the
4	official investigation of a missing child knowing the report or
5	information to be false;
6	commits false informing, a Class B misdemeanor. However, the offense
7	is a Class A misdemeanor if it substantially hinders any law
8	enforcement process or if it results in harm to an innocent person.
9	SECTION 97. IC 35-47-2.5-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 9. If a buyer or
11	transferee is denied the right to purchase a handgun under this chapter
12	because of erroneous criminal history information, the buyer or
13	transferee may exercise the right of access to and review and correction
14	of criminal history information under IC 5-2-5-8. IC 10-13-3-31.
15	SECTION 98. IC 35-47-11-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3. The legislative body
17	of a unit may adopt an emergency ordinance under this chapter if:
18	(1) a disaster (as defined in IC 10-4-1-3) IC 10-14-3-1) has
19	occurred or is likely to occur in the unit; and
20	(2) a local disaster emergency has been declared in the unit under
21	IC 10-4-1-23. IC 10-14-3-29.
22	SECTION 99. IC 36-1-7-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3. (a) An agreement
24	under this section must provide for the following:
25	(1) Its duration.
26	(2) Its purpose.
27	(3) The manner of financing, staffing, and supplying the joint
28	undertaking and of establishing and maintaining a budget
29	therefor.
30	(4) The methods that may be employed in accomplishing the
31	partial or complete termination of the agreement and for disposing
32	of property upon partial or complete termination.
33	(5) Administration through:
34	(A) a separate legal entity, the nature, organization,
35	composition, and powers of which must be provided; or
36	(B) a joint board composed of representatives of the entities
37	that are parties to the agreement, and on which all parties to
38	the agreement must be represented.
39	(6) The manner of acquiring, holding, and disposing of real and
40	personal property used in the joint undertaking, whenever a joint
41	board is created under subdivision (5)(B).
42	In addition, such an agreement may provide for any other appropriate



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1	matters.
2	(b) A separate legal entity or joint board established by an
3	agreement under this section has only the powers delegated to it by the
4	agreement. The agreement may not provide for members, directors, or
5	trustees of the separate legal entity or joint board to make appointments
6	(either individually or jointly) to fill vacancies on the separate legal
7	entity or joint board.
8	(c) Subsection (a)(6) does not apply to an emergency management
9	assistance compact under IC 10-4-2.5. IC 10-14-5.
10	SECTION 100. IC 36-1-7-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-1999,
11	SECTION 80, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 7. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), if an
13	agreement under section 3 of this chapter concerns the provision of law
14	enforcement or firefighting services, the following provisions apply:
15	(1) Visiting law enforcement officers or firefighters have the same
16	powers and duties as corresponding personnel of the entities they
17	visit, but only for the period they are engaged in activities
18	authorized by the entity they are visiting, and are subject to all
19	provisions of law as if they were providing services within their
20	own jurisdiction.
21	(2) An entity providing visiting personnel remains responsible for
22	the conduct of its personnel, for their medical expenses, for
23	worker's compensation, and if the entity is a volunteer fire
24	department, for all benefits provided by IC 36-8-12.
25	(b) A law enforcement or fire service agency of a unit or of the state
26	may request the assistance of a law enforcement or fire service agency
27	of another unit, even if no agreement for such assistance is in effect. In
28	such a case, subsection (a)(1) and (a)(2) apply, the agency requesting
29	assistance shall pay all travel expenses, and all visiting personnel shall
30	be supervised by the agency requesting assistance.
31	(c) This subsection applies to a law enforcement officer that visits
32	another state after a request for assistance from another state under the
33	emergency management compact is made under IC 10-4-2.5.
34	IC 10-14-5. A law enforcement officer that visits another state does not
35	have the power of arrest unless the law enforcement officer is
36	specifically authorized to exercise the power by the receiving state.
37	SECTION 101. IC 36-2-7-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2002,
38	SECTION 107, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
39	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 10. (a) The county recorder shall

tax and collect the fees prescribed by this section for recording, filing, copying, and other services the recorder renders, and shall pay them

into the county treasury at the end of each calendar month. The fees



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1	prescribed and collected under this section supersede all other
2	recording fees required by law to be charged for services rendered by
3	the county recorder.
4	(b) The county recorder shall charge the following:
5	(1) Six dollars (\$6) for the first page and two dollars (\$2) for each
6	additional page of any document the recorder records if the pages
7	are not larger than eight and one-half (8 ½) inches by fourteen
8	(14) inches.
9	(2) Fifteen dollars (\$15) for the first page and five dollars (\$5) for
10	each additional page of any document the recorder records, if the
11	pages are larger than eight and one-half (8 ½) inches by fourteen
12	(14) inches.
13	(3) For attesting to the release, partial release, or assignment of
14	any mortgage, judgment, lien, or oil and gas lease contained on a
15	multiple transaction document, the fee for each transaction after
16	the first is the amount provided in subdivision (1) plus the amount
17	provided in subdivision (4) and one dollar (\$1) for marginal
18	mortgage assignments or marginal mortgage releases.
19	(4) One dollar (\$1) for each cross-reference of a recorded
20	document.
21	(5) One dollar (\$1) per page not larger than eight and one-half (8
22	½) inches by fourteen (14) inches for furnishing copies of records
23	produced by a photographic process, and two dollars (\$2) per
24	page that is larger than eight and one-half (8 ½) inches by
25	fourteen (14) inches.
26	(6) Five dollars (\$5) for acknowledging or certifying to a
27	document.
28	(7) Five dollars (\$5) for each deed the recorder records, in
29	addition to other fees for deeds, for the county surveyor's corner
30	perpetuation fund for use as provided in IC 32-19-4-3 or
31	IC 36-2-12-11(e).
32	(8) A fee in an amount authorized under IC 5-14-3-8 for
33	transmitting a copy of a document by facsimile machine.
34	(9) A fee in an amount authorized by an ordinance adopted by the
35	county legislative body for duplicating a computer tape, a
36	computer disk, an optical disk, microfilm, or similar media. This
37	fee may not cover making a handwritten copy or a photocopy or
38	using xerography or a duplicating machine.
39	(10) A supplemental fee of three dollars (\$3) for recording a
40	document that is paid at the time of recording. The fee under this
41	subdivision is in addition to other fees provided by law for



recording a document.

1	(c) The county treasurer shall establish a recorder's records	
2	perpetuation fund. All revenue received under subsection (b)(5), (b)(8),	
3	(b)(9), and (b)(10) shall be deposited in this fund. The county recorder	
4	may use any money in this fund without appropriation for the	
5	preservation of records and the improvement of record keeping systems	
6	and equipment.	
7	(d) As used in this section, "record" or "recording" includes the	
8	functions of recording, filing, and filing for record.	
9	(e) The county recorder shall post the fees set forth in subsection (b)	
.0	in a prominent place within the county recorder's office where the fee	
.1	schedule will be readily accessible to the public.	
2	(f) The county recorder may not tax or collect any fee for:	
.3	(1) recording an official bond of a public officer, a deputy, an	
4	appointee, or an employee; or	
.5	(2) performing any service under any of the following:	
.6	(A) IC 6-1.1-22-2(c).	
7	(B) IC 8-23-7.	
8	(C) IC 8-23-23.	
9	(D) IC 10-5-4-3. IC 10-17-2-3.	
20	(E) IC 10-5-7-1(a). IC 10-17-3-2.	
21	(F) IC 12-14-13.	
22	(G) IC 12-14-16.	
23	(g) The state and its agencies and instrumentalities are required to	
24	pay the recording fees and charges that this section prescribes.	
25	SECTION 102. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED	
26	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: IC 5-2-5; IC 5-2-5.1; IC 10-1; IC 10-2;	
27	IC 10-3; IC 10-4; IC 10-5; IC 10-6; IC 10-7; IC 10-8; IC 10-9.	
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SENATE MOTION

Mr. President: I move that Senator Bowser be added as second author and Senator Landske be added as coauthor of Senate Bill 257.

KENLEY

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COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. President: The Senate Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 257, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill DO PASS.

(Reference is made to Senate Bill 257 as introduced.)

BRAY, Chairperson

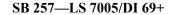
Committee Vote: Yeas 10, Nays 0.





SENATE MOTION

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Mr. President: I move that Senate Bill 257 be amended to read as
follows:
   Page 16, line 14, delete ",".
   Page 41, line 10, delete ",".
   Page 57, line 30, delete "toll-free" and insert "toll free".
   Page 61, line 33, delete ",".
   Page 62, line 11, delete ",".
   Page 62, line 19, delete ",".
   Page 62, line 21, delete ",".
   Page 63, line 20, delete ",".
   Page 65, line 34, delete "IC 10-8-2-2." and insert "IC 10-14-2-2.".
   Page 69, line 36, delete "fire fighting" and insert "firefighting".
   Page 71, line 23, after "in" insert "the".
   Page 73, line 7, after "entered" insert "into".
   Page 73, line 35, after "gas mains," insert "and".
   Page 73, line 36, delete ",".
   Page 75, line 41, delete "of any".
   Page 92, line 18, after "chapter" insert ".".
   Page 100, line 41, delete ",".
   Page 102, line 17, delete "affect" and insert "affects".
   Page 130, line 7, after "(A)" insert "the".
   Page 130, line 7, after "federal," insert "the".
   Page 130, line 7, after "or" insert "a".
   Page 133, line 21, after "furnished" insert "to".
   Page 139, line 3, delete "accounted for".
   Page 139, line 6, after "organization" delete ",".
   Page 139, line 6, after "causes" delete ",".
   Page 140, line 17, delete ",".
   Page 140, line 38, after "otherwise," insert "and".
   Page 142, line 2, after "and" insert "an".
   Page 142, line 2, after "or" insert "a".
   Page 150, line 25, delete ",".
   Page 150, line 33, after "part" insert "of".
   Page 150, line 37, after "unit" insert ",".
   Page 151, line 42, delete "group" and insert "groups".
   Page 152, line 3, delete "who" and insert "if the person".
   Page 152, line 4, delete "who" and insert "if the person".
   Page 153, line 2, delete "by".
   Page 153, line 36, delete ",".
   Page 154, line 32, after "receipt" insert "of the certified copy".
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Page 155, line 24, after "or" insert "the".

Page 157, line 35, after "of" insert "the".

Page 159, line 36, after "process" insert ",".

Page 162, line 8, after "damaged" insert "the property".

Page 162, line 10, delete "has".

Page 164, line 25, after "examination" insert ",".

Page 171, line 33, delete "and use".

Page 172, line 9, delete "from".

Page 177, line 7, after "or" insert "an".

Page 195, line 1, delete "such" and insert "bond".

Page 207, line 16, after "deed" insert ",".

Page 244, line 37, after "IC 10-18-4."" insert ".".

Page 244, line 41, delete "a" and insert "one (1)".

Page 250, line 24, after "trustees" delete ",".

Page 260, line 27, delete "this".

Page 261, delete lines 16 through 17, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"(b) As used in IC 5-26-6, "user agency" means a state public safety agency that uses the system.".

Page 270, line 20, after "FOLLOWS" insert "[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]".

(Reference is to SB 257 as printed January 24, 2003.)

KENLEY

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